

The Delaware & Eastern-Shore Advertiser.

PRICE SIX CENTS.]

MONDAY, JULY 1, 1799.

[NUMB. 527]

NOTICE.

THE subscriber's hereby forwarn any person or persons from taking a Bond of CAIN ROSS, for Ninety-nine dollars, in three notes, of Nineteen dollars each, on the 22d day of June 1799.

JOHN HOUSTON.
ELIJAH LAWS.
CLEMENT LAWS.
GEORGE LAWS.

Delaware State, }
June 27, 1799. } 26—1f

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber living near Snow-Hill, Worcester county, Maryland, a Negro man named

WILL

about thirty years old, five feet ten inches high, remarkably black, with a full mouth, and thick lips, shews very large white teeth when he laughs, and has long flat feet; when he walks moves sluggishly.—Had on when he went away, a tow shirt and trousers, Virginia cloth jacket, striped with black and white, blue and mofs; and a new yellow furred hat.—Took with him a white linen shirt, and nanken overalls.—He pretends to be a good mowder and shoe maker, and will probably make towards Pennsylvania. Whoever secures the above negro, so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward, and if delivered at Snow-hill, reasonable charges paid in addition, by

ELISHA PURNELL.
June 27. 26—8c

NOTICE.

WILL be Sold in four weeks from the date hereof, if not sooner redeemed, a chest of Carpenter's tools, and a small Trunk containing a few articles, belonging to one K. Patrick, and left at James McCulloch's tavern, Newcastle, August 1798 as a pledge for boarding and lodging.

JAMES McCULLOUGH.
June 26. 26—8c

WHOLESALE.

THE subscriber now offers the following DRY GOODS for sale by the package or single piece, which he has just received by the Ship Stockport from Liverpool, viz.

Callicoes, Gintz curtains, Pocket handkerchiefs, Book muslins, Silk, Millinets, Twill, Cotton stockings, Fustians, Velvets, Bindings, Tapes, Pins, Needles, Superfine cloths, Kerfimers, Threads, &c. &c.

A few boxes of Irish linens, suitable for the West-India market or home use, which he would be glad to sell for prime Coffee if applied to immediately.—Elegant Japanese Tea-waiters, silver plated quart and pint Mugs, plated Tea-spoons, gold and Silver Watches of a superior quality.—Also 50 crates of Queen's Ware, assorted.

JOHN CROW.
Wilmington, June 19. 24—3w

ADVERTISEMENT.

TAKEN up adrift in the river Delaware, off New-castle, on Friday the 14th inst a ship's yawl, broken gunnels, high stern, and has the appearance of a Spanish built boat, and full of water.—The owner is requested to come and prove property, on charges, and to get a way.

FRANCIS DUNLAP.
New-Castle, June 20. 24 4t

GEORGE BOOTH, CONVEYANCER.

RESIDING in the town of New-Castle, respectfully informs the Public, that he draws DEEDS, STATES and ADJUSTS ACCOUNTS, and writes MEMORIALS, PETITIONS, and LETTERS for such persons as are pleased to favor him with their applications.

June 17. 23—1f

PUBLIC NOTICE.

AN Adjourned and Special Session of the Board of Commissioners of the LAND OFFICE for the county of New-Castle, will be holden on Monday the first day of July next ensuing, at the Court-house in the town of New-Castle: At which time and place, all persons having any business before the Board, are hereby notified to be punctual in their attendance.

By Order of the Board,
GEORGE BOOTH,
Recorder, &c.
New-castle, June 17. 23—1d

TO BE SOLD

AT PRIVATE SALE.
A LOT of Ground, containing 5 acres situate in the village of Middletown, St. Georges hundred, and county of New-castle, in the State of Delaware, whereon are erected a small Brick House and a large frame Store House. The lot is beautifully situated, nearly in the center of the village, at the intersection of the main roads leading from Cantwell's-bridge to Warwick, and from Dock-creek cross-roads to Elkton. Its situation renders it a valuable lot, as capable of being divided into several lots for building. The lot is in good order and well fenced. A bond, with good security will only be required. Conditions of sale will be made known by applying to the subscriber in the town of New-castle.

THOMAS WITHERSPOON.
June 17. 23—1M

WILLIAM PAYNE, MARBLE MASON, and Original Inventor of the Patent SOAP STONE STOVES.

THESE much improved SOAP STONE STOVES are allowed to be an addition to the handsome drawing-room, and are allowed to save nearly one-third fuel, they will prevent Chimneys from smoking. Also may be had American or Italian Marble Chimney-pieces, Plain or Ornamented, equal to any imported.—All sorts of Stone Cutters work, such as Head and Foot Stones, Tomb stones, &c. done at the shortest notice. Likewise may be had Darbshire spare Ornaments, for Chimney-pieces—a few lines directed to No. 142 North Fourth-street, will be duly attended to.

Philadelphia, June 10. 23 4t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SPURRIER, late of this city, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to render their accounts, properly attested, to the subscriber, for immediate settlement.

ELEANOR SPURRIER, Adm'r.
In Sixth-street, 3 doors from Chestnut-street.
Philadelphia, Dec. 14. 71—1f

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Trustees of the Poor of the county of Newcastle, that a meeting of the board will be held at the Poor House of said county on the first day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at which time and place it is expected the Trustees will give punctual attendance; and all persons having any legal demands against the Trustees for articles furnished the overseer of the house, or by order of the Trustees, are desired to render their accounts, also the collectors of the poor tax, for the respective hundreds of the county of Newcastle are hereby notified that it will be expected that on or before the first day of July next they will discharge one fourth part of the Poor tax of the current year, otherwise the board will have to adopt such measures to compel payment, as will not be agreeable; the situation of the funds of the institution are such, that punctual payments must be made to enable the treasurer to discharge the demands against him.

JOHN CROW, Sec.
May 27 22 td

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 15th of August last, from Mrs. Elizabeth Ennales, near Cambridge, a young negro man, called JACOB, about 21 or 22 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, black complexion, his face rather short, has a small scar between his eye-brows, his look when spoken to is bold and saucy, and is somewhat bow-legged. Had on when he went away, a short linen jacket bound with black binding, striped nanken trousers, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any goal, or brings him home to the subscriber, at Cambridge, shall have the above reward, and reasonable travelling expenses paid, by

CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH, Jun.
Sept. 11. 54—1f

TO BE SOLD,

For want of Employment.
A NEGRO girl about Fourteen years of age, she has had the Small-pox and Measles, and is in good health. Enquire of the Printers.

June 17. 23—1f

GENESSEE COUNTRY.

To those who are inclined to make a GREAT BARGAIN,

In the Purchase of a very valuable FARM, CONTAINING three hundred and sixty-five acres of land, situated on both sides of the Conhocton river, about two and a half miles from the flourishing town of Bath, in the county of Stuben, and State of New-York; nearly three hundred acres of which is of the first quality, of rich bottom land, upwards of forty acres cleared, the greater part in meadow, and fenced into convenient fields, some of which produced three tons of hay per acre the past season. There is a convenient dwelling-house, with kitchen, stables, &c. erected thereon, and a well of good water near the door. There is likewise on this tract a valuable MILL-SEAT, adjacent to which is a large quantity of most valuable timber, and is so situated, that a dam may be erected at a trifling expence, and boards may be rafted therefrom down the river to Baltimore, to great advantage; the great road to Pennsylvania and New-Jersey passing by the door, renders it an eligible situation for public business. A great part of the purchase money may be received in most convenient to the purchaser, in Store Goods. Possession will be given when required. An indisputable title made. The terms will be uncommonly moderate. Apply to JACOB PHILLIPS, on the premises, or JOSEPH INSLEE, near Bath.

Feb. 5. 86—1f. 6mo.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living at Kouthsbrough, Queen-Ann's county, State of Maryland, on the 5th day of July 1798, a Negro wench called

MARY,

(Sometimes POLL,) about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 4 or 6 inches high, of a yellowish complexion, she was very fleshy, has a wide mouth, and a good set of teeth, with a sulky countenance, and a scar on her forehead from a burn, and walks flagging. Had on when she left this county, a linen shirt and petticoat, the latter twilled; but I am told she changed her clothes by the assistance of a negro fellow who went off with her, and called himself Dorsey (but suppose they will change their names) this fellow left his wife, and the wench her husband, and one child, with an intention of passing for man and wife, and it is supposed they made for Millin's cross-roads, in the State of Delaware. Whoever takes up secures the aforesaid Mary in any goal, or brings her home, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid, by

HENRY PRATT.
June 7. 20 3w

Philadelphia, Dover, and Norfolk MAIL STAGES.

LEAVE Dover every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, at three o'clock, and arrive at Philadelphia the same evenings; leave Philadelphia every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, at three o'clock, from George Erwin's tavern, sign of the George, (where the office is kept) and arrive at Dover the same evenings, where passengers exchange seats for Philadelphia and Norfolk.

The Norfolk Stage

Leaves Dover every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, and arrive at Northampton every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday: where there are good Packet-Boats always in readiness to convey passengers, &c. to Norfolk. Returns from Northampton every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, and arrive at Dover every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

An Extra Stage

Leaves Wilmington every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at eight o'clock in the morning, and arrives at Dover the same evenings. Returns every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and arrives at Wilmington the same evenings.

The Fare of each Passenger.

	Dols.	Cents
From Philadelphia to Wilmington,	1	50
From Wilmington to Dover,	3	—
From Dover to Northampton,	3	—

One hundred and fifty pounds weight the same as a passenger—at the owner's risk.

* * * The Stage-Office is kept at the house of Joshua Jackson, Market-street, Wilmington; where those Ladies and Gentlemen who prefer travelling this route, will please to enter their names.

BRINKLE ROE & Co.
JOSHUA JACKSON & Co.

WILLIAM HEMPHILL,

Of the Borough of WILMINGTON, HAVING declined business, and in order to close all his accounts as soon as possible, requests all persons having any demands against him, of whatever kind, to present the same within three months for settlement and payment. He also requests all persons indebted to him on book account or otherwise, to call and settle their respective accounts within the above time, otherwise he will be under the necessity of taking steps for the recovery of the same, without respect to persons. At the same time, he begs leave to recommend his son JAMES to his former friends and customers, who has succeeded him in the GROCERY-BUSINESS, so long carried on in this borough, and who he hopes will be enabled to give them full satisfaction.

Wilmington, May 16. 20—1f

JAMES HEMPHILL,

At his STORE the lower end of King-street, opposite the Bird-in-Hand Tavern, in this borough, RETURNS his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the great encouragement he has met with since he has commenced business, and now begs leave to inform them he has on hand a large and general assortment of the following GOODS, (the greater part of which are just received in addition to his former supply) which he is enabled to sell at the most reduced prices, and hopes to merit a continuance of former favors. OLD MADEIRA WINE, in hogheads and quarter casks, Port, Lisbon, Sherry, Malaga, and Fyall Do. Hyfon, Young Hyfon, Hyfon-skin, Souchong and Bohea TEAS, Loaf, Lump, Muscovado, Havana, and East India Sugars, 3d and 4th proof Rum and Spirits, Country Do. Holland Gin, Peack, Apple and Rye Liquors, Hispaniola and Havana Molasses, Coffee, Cotton, Coarse and fine Salt, Madder, Alum, Copperas, Brimstone, Pepper, Allspice, Chocolate, Indigo, Spanish Segars by the box, Candles, Soap, Tobacco, Snuff, Rice, Raisins, Currants, Powder, Shot, Flints, Corn, Butter, Pork, Lamp Oil, &c. &c.

ALSO, A large assortment of Lumber, consisting of yellow and white Pine Boards, Plank, Scantling, best Indian-River Shingles, bundle Do. Plastering Laths, Rails, &c. which he will sell on very low terms, particularly for the cash.

Wilmington, Aug. 18. 47—1f

John and William Warner,

HAVE ON HAND AT THEIR Wholesale Grocery Store, On the wharf at the lower end of Market-street, WILMINGTON, A FRESH SUPPLY

Of the following articles, which they will dispose of on their usual moderate terms:

Sherry, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe WINES, Best Holland Gin, Antigua, Monferat and St. Croix Rum, Jamaica Spirits, Country Liquors, assorted, Loaf, Lump, Muscovado, East-India and Havana Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Chocolate, Hyfon, Hyfon-skin, Souchong and Bohea Teas, Rice, excellent Raisins, Peppers, Allspice, Mustard, Ginger, Inoigo, Plug Tobacco, Excellent Spanish Segars in boxes, Snuff, Coarse and fine Salt, Powder and Shot, Alum, Madder, Copperas, White and Brown Soap, Candles, Wrapping Paper, Starch, Plough-liras, Traces, Bed-cords, Bed-laces, Plaster of Paris, Virginia Stone Coal, Corn, Rye, &c. &c.

Their fast-sailing PACKET CHARLOTTE,

Richard Hancock, Master. With the best accommodations for passengers, continues to leave their wharf for Philadelphia, twice a week, as usual, viz. on Third and Sixth days.

The subscribers beg leave to return their thanks to their former customers, and from their strict attention in keeping an assortment of goods in their line, they take the liberty of requesting a continuance of their favors, and at the same time would be thankful to others who may be pleased to favor them with their custom.

Orders from country merchants will be carefully attended to.

JOHN & WILLIAM WARNER.
N. B. Country Produce taken in payment, at the market price. 47—1f

John & William Warner,

HAVE FOR SALE, At their Wholesale Grocery Store,

A QUANTITY of excellent Rhode-Island CHEESE, a few barrels good MACKAREL, pickled and dry salted HERRING, and a few barrels pickled BASS; which they will sell on reasonable terms.

Wilmington, Sept. 8. 53—

MILITIA LAW.

For Sale at the office of the Delaware & Eastern Shore Advertiser, and at the Printing-office New-Castle: A L S O, The LAWS passed at the last session of the General Assembly of Delaware.

April 23. 8

Ten Dollars Reward.

WAS LOST,

BY the subscriber, a few days past, at Wilmington, a 100 dollar note, issued from the Bank of Charleston, South-Carolina, endorsed by some person, whose name is not remembered. Whoever may find the said note, and shall return it to the subscriber at George-town, Sussex, or to Lieut. James Battell, at Newcastle, shall receive the above reward, from

PETER ROBINSON.
George-town, Sussex }
county, MAY 27. } 18—1f

JUST LANDED,

And for S A L E by the Subscribers, A few hogheads first and second quality SUGARS and MOLASSES. And out of the brig Maria, from Bourdeaux, A quantity of choice Brandy, and Claret, in hhd's. and casks.

RIDDLE & BIRD.
Newcastle, Sep. 26. 58 1f

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A MAP

OF THE

STATE OF DELAWARE,

And part of the State of Pennsylvania, together with the foundings of the river Delaware and its bay.

AS the shoals and banks in the river and bay have undergone considerable changes, the ancient charts are inaccurate, and consequently useless—It is of great importance to the merchants of Philadelphia and other places, who navigate the Delaware, that those shoals and banks should be perfectly known; on the map therefore they shall be marked with the utmost accuracy and the soundings noted in fathoms—the foundings will be verified by the chief pilots of the Delaware and their signatures affixed.

This map shall also contain the towns, villages, and the principal places of worship, the most considerable mills and manufactories, the rivers and creeks with their best anchorages and the places where canals have been proposed to be made, the hills and plains shall be distinguished, the chief roads, with the distances from town to town, noted.

As the State of Pennsylvania has some prospect of opening a canal from the Chesapeake to the Delaware, it is of great importance to know the best place for that purpose—the places where such a canal could be cut shall be traced, and an estimate of the cost of each subjoined. A part of the Sufquehanna canal in Maryland and of the Chesapeake bay, with its foundings, will be shown.

—CONDITIONS—

This map shall be printed on the finest and strongest paper, and rival in elegance of engraving to any map which has hitherto been published in the United States—the price will be Three dollars to each subscriber, paid one third to be at the time of subscribing and the two thirds remaining on the delivery of the map—those who subscribe for two copies shall have their plantations or mills marked on the map if desired, with their names—the size two by four feet—this map will be completed within one year from this date.

May 1, 1799. VARLE.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Having been acquainted for several years with Peter Charles Varle, I am fully persuaded that he is a man of integrity; and by several considerations I am induced to recommend him.

JOHN DICKENSON.
Wilmington, 5th mo. 18, 1799.

The subscribers hereby inform the public, by request of Mr. Varle, that they believe him to have been regularly bred to the profession of engineer, and well qualified to execute his proposals for a map of this State, &c. He has been employed as engineer of two canals in this country; of which he has two certificates, signed by the Hon. H. Knox, late secretary of war, and Samuel Heughs, governor of the Sufquehanna canal.

He has, also, taken drafts of most of our principal towns. These testimonials, we presume, are sufficient to assure the public, that he will perform his present engagement to their satisfaction.

GUNNING BEDFORD,
JAMES TILTON,
CESAR A. RODNEY,
JOHN VAUGHAN.
Wilmington, May 31, 1799.

Maps of the Island of Hispaniola or St. Domingo, plans of Philadelphia, Baltimore and Wilmington, may be had of Mr. James Wilfon, Wilmington, or of Mr. Darragh, Newcastle.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN JAMES S. Ely, late of this borough, deceased by bond, note, or book account, are requested to make immediate payment; and all those having demands against said estate, are desired to produce them, properly attested, for settlement, to

THOMAS SMYTH, Adm'r.
Wilmington, May 1. 10 1f

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of GEORGE MILLER, late of this borough, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have demands against said estate, are requested to produce their accounts, duly attested, to

ELEANOR MILLER, Adm'r.
Wilmington, Jan. 23. 82

TO BE RENTED

For a term of years, and immediate Possession given.

A STONE GRIST MILL, with two water wheels and three pair of Burr Mill Stones, situate in the Borough of Wilmington, on the fourth east side of Brandywine creek, lately occupied by David Morton & Co. They have been considerably improved and repaired:

Also, a convenient Two Story brick Dwelling House adjacent to the Mills, with sufficient garden ground. For terms apply to

JAMES PEMBERTON } Philadelphia.
or
JOHN MORTON. }

or
CYRUS NEWLIN, Wilmington.
Philadelphia, 5th Mo. 30. 19—1w 1f

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES ERWIN, late of the borough of Wilmington, deceased, either by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have demands against said estate, are desired to produce them, properly attested, to

WILLIAM ERWIN, Adm'r.
All accounts not immediately settled, will be put into the hands of a magistrate.
May 15. 14 1f

By Authority.

Laws of the United States.

FIFTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, AT THE THIRD SESSION, Begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the state of Pennsylvania, on Monday, the third of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight,

An ACT to regulate the collection of duties on Imports and Tonnage. (Continued from our last.)

And the form of the certificate aforesaid shall be as follows:

District of
Port of

These are to certify, that there have been unladen and landed at this port, from on board the (insert the denomination and name of the vessel) whereof (insert the name) is master from (insert district and port where from) the following packages of merchandize (here detail the several packages with their respective denominations, their marks and numbers, and if any articles in bulk, the quantities delivered) for which the duties have been (paid or secured) at the aforesaid port of (insert the port.) Witness our hands and seals this day of

A. B. Collector.
C. D. Naval Officer.

And if the master, or other person having the charge or command of any such ship or vessel, shall fail by his neglect or fault to obtain the said copy of his said report, from the collector of the district from which he shall be so about to depart, or of any certificate which he ought to obtain as aforesaid, or shall neglect to produce and show the same to the collector of any other district, to which the said ship or vessel shall afterwards proceed within the time for that purpose herein before specified, he shall forfeit and pay, for every such neglect or omission, five hundred dollars.

Sec. 35. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the provisions and requirements aforesaid, it shall be the duty of each and every master, or other person having the charge or command of any ship or vessel, arriving from any foreign port or place, having on board distilled spirits, wines or teas, other than sea stores, intended to be transported from one port in the United States, to another port in the said United States, whether in the same or in different districts, previous to the departure of such ship or vessel from the port at which she shall first arrive, to apply to the surveyor or officer acting as inspector of the revenue for the particular certificate of the quantity as shall have been certified or reported to him to have been imported in such ship or vessel, and of the quantity and particulars of such spirits, wines or teas, as shall appear to have been landed out of such ship at such port; which certificate the surveyor or inspector of the revenue shall forthwith grant; and the master or person having the charge or command of such ship or vessel, shall, within twenty four hours after her arrival at the port to which she shall be bound, deliver the said certificate to the surveyor, or person acting as inspector of the revenue of such last mentioned port; and if such ship or vessel shall proceed from one port to another within the United States, with the whole or any part of the spirits, wines or teas brought in her as aforesaid, without having first obtained such certificate, or if within twenty four hours after her arrival at such other port, the said certificate shall not be delivered to the surveyor or inspector as aforesaid, the master or person having the charge or command of the said ship or vessel, shall, in either case, forfeit the sum of hundred dollars, and the spirits, wines or teas on board her shall be forfeited and may be seized.

And the form of the said certificate shall be as follows:

District of
Office of Inspection for the
Port of

I certify that the within is a true copy of the report made to me of distilled spirits, wines and teas imported in the (insert the name and denomination of the vessel) built in (here insert where built in the United States or to what foreign nation belonging) burthen (here insert the tonnage of the vessel) whereof (here insert the name of the master) from (here insert the foreign port from which the vessel last sailed) bound to (here insert the port or ports to which destined in the United States.) That no part of the said spirits, wines or teas hath been unladen or landed at this port (or as the case may require) That there have been landed at this port in pursuance of permits for that purpose, the following quantities, to wit; (here insert the marks, number, description of packages, casks, chests, kinds and quantities of all spirits, wines and teas landed at the port of inspection, agreeably to the form prescribed for the report) and no other or greater quantities than are above expressed, (or) That all the said spirits, wines and teas have been duly landed in this district, except the following, the duties whereof are to be paid or secured to be paid

in the district (insert the district of destination and enumerate the marks, numbers, description of casks, chests or other packages, kinds and quantities of all spirits, wines and teas which remain on board.)

Witness my hand the day and year aforesaid.

A. B. Inspector of the Revenue for the port of

And each and every surveyor, or officer acting as inspector of the revenue, for any port at which a ship or vessel may arrive with a certificate as aforesaid all deliveries of spirits, wines or teas made at their respective ports, which certificate shall be annexed to the certificate granted at the port of original importation.

Sec. 36. And be it further enacted, That the owner or owners, consignee or consignees of any goods, wares or merchandize, on board of any such ship or vessel, or in case of his, her or their absence or sickness, his, her or their known agent or factor, in his, her or their names, within fifteen days after the report of the master or person having the charge or command of such ship or vessel, to the collector of the district for which such goods, wares or merchandize shall be destined, shall make entry thereof in writing with the said collector, and shall in such entry specify the vessel and master's names in which, and the port or place from whence such goods, wares or merchandize were imported, the particular marks, numbers, denomination and prime cost, including charges of each particular package or parcel whereof the entry shall consist, or if in bulk, the quantity, quality and prime cost, including charges thereof, particularly specifying the species of money in which the invoices thereof are made out; and shall also produce to the said collector and shall also produce to the said collector and naval officer (if any) the original invoice or invoices of the said goods, wares or merchandize, or other documents received in lieu thereof, or concerning the same, in the same state in which they were received, with the bill or bills of lading for the same; which invoices shall be signed by the persons in the offices of the collector and naval officer, who shall have compared and examined the same; and the said entry or entries shall, as the nature of the case will admit or require, be agreeably to the form following, to wit:

Entry of merchandize imported by (insert the name of the importer or consignee) in the (insert the name and denomination of the vessel, and the master's name) from (insert the place from which arrived) (insert date of entry).

Mark	Value
Quantity per invoice of articles not subject to specific duties.	
Value of articles subject to specific duties.	
Value subject to 10 per cent. ad valorem.	
Value subject to 12 1/2 per cent. ad valorem.	
Value subject to 15 per cent. ad valorem.	
Value subject to 20 per cent. ad valorem.	
Value subject to 40 per cent. ad valorem.	
Amount of free goods.	
Charges not subject to duty.	
Total amount per invoice.	

Provided, That the form before mentioned shall and may be varied and adapted to any alterations which may be made in the rates of duties upon goods, wares and merchandize, hereafter to be imported into the United States. And the entry or entries to be made by any importer, consignee or agent as aforesaid, shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of the person making the same, the form of which oath or affirmation shall, as the case may require, be as follows, to wit:

District of
Port of

I (here insert the name of the person making the entry) do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the entry now subscribed with my name and delivered by me to the collector of (insert the name of the district) contains a just and true account of all the goods, wares and merchandize imported for sale, or intended to be landed in this district, for me or on my account, or on account of any house of trade or partnership in which I am concerned in this district, or which actually come consigned to me, or to any house of trade or partnership in which I am concerned, or (if the entry be made by an agent) imported by, or consigned to (insert the name of the person or firm for whom entry is made) and intended for sale or to be landed in this district, in the (insert the name and denomination of the vessel) whereof (insert the name of the master) is master, from (insert the name of the port from which the vessel arrived) that the said entry contains a just and true account (insert the denomination of money in which the invoices and entry are made) of the coast thereof, including all charges; that the invoice or invoices and bill or bills of lading now produced by me, are the true, genuine and on-

ly invoices and bills of lading by me received, of the said goods, wares and merchandize, imported or consigned as aforesaid, and the only invoices by which I have been charged, or for which I am to account, and that the said invoices and bills of lading are in the actual state in which they were received by me, and that I do not state in which they were received by me, and that I do not know of any other invoices or account of the said goods, wares and merchandize, different from what is or are here produced: I do further swear (or affirm) that if I hereafter discover any other or greater quantity of goods, wares and merchandize, than is contained in the entry aforesaid, or shall receive any invoice of the whole or any part thereof, other in quantity, quality and price, than has been now exhibited, I will immediately and without delay report the same to the collector of this district; I also swear (or affirm) that nothing has been concealed or suppressed in the entry aforesaid, whereby to avoid the just payment of the duties imposed by the laws of the United States, and that all matters are justly and truly expressed therein, according to my best knowledge and belief.

So help me God.

Sworn (or affirmed) this day of before

A. B. Collector.

(To be continued.)

Foreign Advices.

By the brig Amelia arrived at Philadelphia.

LONDON, April 30.

According to accounts from Russia, the exports from Petersburg last year, amounted to 36,005,193 rubles, or about 8 millions sterling; and the imports to only 26,175,007 rubles, or somewhat less than 6 millions; leaving a balance of 2,000,000 roubles in favour of Russia.

May 2.

Major general Nixon, who came passenger in the Sphinx frigate from the Cape, has brought here an address to the king from the Company's servants at Madras, accompanied with a donations of 70,000, sterling, in part of the voluntary contributions raising in that settlement for the prosecution of the war.

The Emperor of Germany has declared, that every Austrian soldier, who, being made prisoner, shall establish himself in France, shall be treated as a deserter, and have his property confiscated.

We learn by letters from Vienna, that Prince Charles has adopted the most rigorous measures to preserve his troops in an exact state of discipline. Among the late orders which he has issued, is one which enjoins all generals and officers, to remain constantly, during the time of action, at the head of their troops.

The following is the only material news received yesterday from the Cape of Good Hope. "The Imparieuse and brave frigates had been sent from the Cape to India with troops. Commodore Blanket, on his passage out, took a French corvette of Johanna. A squadron was about a sail from the Cape to cruise off the Mauritius."

In pursuance of the agreement subsisting between the English and Spanish governments, several American vessels, having on board the produce of the Spanish Transatlantic dominions, such as sugar, cocoa, &c. have been suffered to enter into Cadiz, and other ports in Spain.

PLYMOUTH, April 30.

Last night arrived here the Dolly cutter of 8 guns, lieutenant A. Watson, with the important intelligence of the French fleet being at sea. It appears by the best accounts we can collect, that they sailed from Brest on Friday last, consisting of 17 sail of the line, besides smaller vessels, and full of troops, which places is beyond doubt that Ireland is their intended destination. The Nymph, of 30 guns, captain Frazer, was left by the Dolly, reconnoitring the enemy, of whom Lord Bridport had received certain information, and has a perfect knowledge of their situation and force; he has with him 16 sail of the line, five of which are three deckers, and was from the latest accounts of him not more than seven hours sail from the French fleet, using his utmost endeavours to cut them off from the land, and, in the event of bringing them to action, to prevent their returning to Brest.

The dispatches by the Dolly, were forwarded this morning to London; all is bustle on board the men of war in this harbour; and every ship that can possibly be put to sea, will sail this day. The following ships are already unmoored; but the wind being at South, with very light airs, they will make, it is feared, little progress:

Atlas	98	Capt. J. Jones
Formidable	98	E. Thornborough
Ramilles	74	R. Grindall
Robust	74	G. Countess
L'Uranie	44	G. A. Towry
Phoenix	36	L. W. Hallstead
Triton	32	T. Gore.

Every exertion is using to get down from Hamoaze, the Bellona, of 74 guns, captain Sir T. B. Thompson; that gallant officer

has a longing desire to share in the glory of another action, and to be revenged of the Great Nation for their capturing the Leander which he so nobly defended in the action with the Genereux, of 74 guns.

Another report is very generally circulated, and seems to gain credit, which states, that the Dolly is immediately from Lord Bridport, and left him last Sunday morning; the Nymph frigate being then in sight of both the English and French fleets, and that his Lordship had so far effected his purpose, as to be between the French and the land, and at the same time to windward, with every prospect of bringing them to action; so that hourly intelligence may be expected of something decisive. The Fowey cutter, of 14 guns, Lieut. Darby, is arrived here, and saw the French fleet on Friday last, at anchor in Bertheaume Bay, on which day they put to sea from thence.

BASLE, 26 Germinal, April 15.

Three thousand men have begun their march to-day to advance beyond the Rhine. It appears that the French are about to act again on the offensive.

We learn that Prince Charles, who is at Donetschingen, has ordered provisions to be provided for 50,000 men, at Lorrach, about five leagues from this place, and that a corps of Austrians is at Schaffhausen. The French have, in consequence of these motives, retreated to the other side of the Rhine after burning the bridge.

On the other hand the republicans are fortifying themselves in Little Basle, and constructing fortifications towards Riechen, about two miles forward on the way Lorrach.

MANHEIM, 26 Germinal, April 15.

The Austrians having appeared yesterday at a small distance from Heidelberg, the French have detached a corps of cavalry to attack them.

RASTATT, 26 Germinal, April 15.

Count Stadion, minister from Wurzburg, is, it is said, recalled by his Court.

The French ministers have received orders from the directory, not to abandon Rastadt, while the deputation of the empire remained, unless they be compelled to go away by military force.

Yesterday the French ministers asked the Baron d'Albani, if he would receive the notes which should be transmitted to him, for the deputation; M. Albani replied, that he would accept their notes, and transmit them to the deputation; but that he knew not if they could reply to them, since the Imperial minister left the Congress.

The Prussian legation, it is said, has frequent conferences with the French minister; and it is believed that a plan of general pacification is in agitation, which, according to some Paris journals, the court of Berlin has proposed to the French government.

It is said that within a few days, the French ministers will transmit a note to the deputation.

By the ship Venelia, Capt. Bates in 40 days from Dublin, arrived at Boston.

Captain John Butler, in the sloop Industry of Boston, on the 24th of April, when bound from Charleston for Martinique, and within 3 miles of port, was taken by the French privateer Sirenne, of Gaudaloupe, carried in, and vessel and cargo condemned. Left Gaudaloupe May 22, arrived at St. Kitts the 23d, went from St. Kitts to St. Bartholomews the 27th, sailed from thence the 29th; in the sloop Hope, Grant, and arrived at Salem June 19, and at Boston the 20th.

Timothy Grow, in sloop Washington, from Portland for Martinique, was taken in sight of captain Butler, by that same privateer, put into prison, kept 22 days on 6 cunes of salt fish, and half pound of bread per day—allowed nothing to cook it in or with.

The news by the Venelia, announces, that the Austrians continue successful over the French, and that it is becoming more in their to command this good fortune. We have made some extracts from the Irish papers received, which, we believe will inform our readers of the most important events which have occurred.

VIENNA, April 19.

In Italy the enemy have retreated behind Chiefs, and the Austrian advance guards extend beyond the Minico—are before Goltio, La Volto and Monzanbano. Pechiera is surrounded; a flotilla is ready to co-operate in its reduction. Mantua is invested. The port of Lago Sacro is taken. The Austrians as they advance, are received by the people with shouts of joy.

HAGUE, April 19.

Our Councils, at the instance of the directory, have resolved, that all merchant ships which may be serviceable to the marine, shall be put in requisition. Our fleet, it is said, will join the Brest fleet on an important expedition.

A conscription is about to be enforced in Holland.

PARIS, April 20.

Moreau is appointed to command in Swit-

zerland, vice Massena, who succeeds Jourdan.

Letters from Buonaparte to Feb. 25, state that six French frigates at the mouth of the Red Sea, had taken English vessels valued at 20 millions; and that general Desaix has defeated Murat Bey's army, and killed their chief in the engagement.

FLORENCE, March 14.

The French adjutant general Chipault, who was robbed on the public walk, has been pleased to accept from the Grand Duke, by the hands of the Marquis of Manfredi, a gold watch enriched with diamonds, and a cavalry dress of Green velvet embroidered with gold, which our sovereign made use of on the day of solemn entrance into Florence. These two presents have been given to the French officer to indemnify the loss he experienced of his watch and purse in the tumult.

The same citizen Chipault repaired to the Chartreuse on the 19th inst. to inform the Pope of the positive order for him to leave Tuscany. The poor old man, sitting on his bed, and a pray to all the infirmities of age, was silent, but the attendants remarked to the French adjutant general, how utterly impossible it was for his holiness, in his present state of weakness to obey the order. The evening of the same day a consultation of several physicians was held. They confirmed the impossibility of his undertaking to long a journey. Citizen Chipault is to transmit these details to his government, and support them by his own testimony.

Our government has just paid the French commissioner, an additional sum of 300,000 Tuscan livres, on account of the second million it engaged to furnish the French republic.

In the course of Floreal the communes of the Tuscan state, must have remitted the sum 200,000 crowns, part of forced loan.

LONDON, May 3.

Ministers believe the Brest fleet bound to the Texel.

Gen. Hotze is reported to have defeated the French in the Swiss territory, and to have taken 13 pieces of cannon.

Some apprehensions are entertained at the Cape of Good Hope of a visit from the French; but every thing is in preparation for their repulse.

May 4.

It is confidently said the king of Prussia is about joining the coalition. He has interdicted the exportation of oats. It is said, because he wants a large supply for his cavalry.

A Russian and Turkish fleet have been seen from the heights of Ancona. They are to land troops to assist in expelling the French from Italy.

Six hundred Hanoverians are ordered to Cuxhaven, as a measure of security.

The Hamburg agent was ordered to depart from Russia; but was suffered to remain as agent for Lubec and Bremen.

Several vessels have failed to join Lord Bridport's fleet.

A captain from Morlaix says, the Brest fleet sailed April 24, consisted of 25 sail of the line, and was avowedly bound to Cadiz.

May 5.

We have news from Hamburg to the 30th ult. April 21, the Imperial head quarters were at Stockach. It is said a body of Austrian troops crossed the Rhine April 18, between Zurich and Schaffhausen, in pursuit of the French. In the Bergenz country, on the 19th, Gen. Hotze was engaged with the French. The result is not known. The French are about to abandon the environs of Manheim.

Insurrection in Belgium and Switzerland becomes daily more important. The Helvetic legislature refuse to declare war against the emperor, which they have been commanded to.

The Austrian army in Italy receives continual reinforcements. April 15, the whole Imperial army was on Cis-Alpine ground.

The French are collecting their forces at Milan, drawing them from Rome, Naples, and Tuscany. The Neapolitan royalists are consequently in great spirits.

A Russian army is forming on the frontiers of Poland, consisting of 80,000 men.

Gen. Suwarrow, with the first division of his army, arrived at Verona April 13. He is to commence the siege of Mantua, where the French have but 10,000 men; and of Palschierra, where they had 5000.

The British government are to take into pay, 25,000 Turks, to be employed in the Mediterranean.

The plague continues to rage in Egypt. Admiral King'smill on the Irish station received early information of the sailing of the Brest fleet—and put to sea to join Lord Bridport—who had not fallen in with that fleet when he wrote the letter which was received on the 4th inst.

The Neapolitans disturb the French in their country as much as possible. In consequence "fire and sword" are freely exercised by the fanfalottes. Trieste, Castell Forte, and several other places are reduced to cinders. The French write, "should this state of things last long, the whole face of the country will wear the marks of wretchedness and destruction."

The French deputies at Raftadt are ordered to remain as long as the Emperor's deputies.

Moreau succeeds Sherer, as French general in chief in Italy.

Joubert has declined the command to which he was appointed.

The directory have ordered several officers to be arrested and tried for their conduct in late actions.

Accusations have been brought against Neuchateau, ci devant director.

Prussia has an army of 80,000 men in Silesia.

Latest from Europe.

By the British packet Mary, arrived at New York, in 42 days from Falmouth, Eng.

LONDON, May 9.

The French plenipotentiaries have quitted Raftadt because the Austrian commander in the neighbourhood would not consider Raftadt as privileged, since the Imperial envoy has withdrawn, and refused to be absolutely responsible for what might happen to the deputies in the present state of affairs. Before leaving Raftadt they protested against this proceeding, as contrary to the law of nations, the previous declarations of the emperor, and the independence of the Germanic body, they are to remain at Strasburg, to receive and discuss such offers as may be made to them.

While the arms of the republic have encountered such disasters in Europe, success appears full to have followed the Standard of Buonaparte. The Vienna court gazette states, that he had penetrated into Syria, and defeated part of the forces of the Pacha, who was employed to conduct the war against him. The accounts from Constantinople of the 3d state, that the Pacha of Acre is afraid to venture from his capital, and that the French are in possession of almost all Syria. The French papers had stated that Buonaparte had taken Acre, and these accounts, if true, give great confidence to the report. Buonaparte has likewise succeeded in tranquilizing Egypt, and has greatly strengthened his forces by incorporating a number of those whom he had gained over. This intelligence, however, differs much from that lately communicated to government by Commodore Trowbridge.

May 7.

A letter from Falmouth states, that an American captain whose name is Lightfoot had arrived there, who, on Wednesday last, had passed through Lord Bridport's fleet. He was boarded by the Caesar one of the squadron. The information received from the people of the Caesar was, that they had seen the French fleet, but had lost sight of it in a fog. The enemy were steering N. W.

April 29.

Gen. Jourdan is appointed inspector of the army of England.

Buonaparte has taken the city of Acre, the residence of that Pacha, who promised the grand seignior to annihilate our army in Egypt. This news was brought to Toulon, by a vessel which came in 25 days from Alexandria.

May 11.

Yesterday information was received at Lloyd's coffee-house, that the French fleet had been seen by a Dane, steering directly towards the coast of Spain, and that he had the day before passed through a Squadron of Six Spanish Men of War, cruising off Ferrol, as if waiting to be joined by the French fleet. This intelligence was in part confirmed by one of our own frigates, which reconnoitred the Spanish ships, but the admiralty have no regular advice of the fact. It was, however, very generally credited, and gave a strong countenance to the supposition that the combined fleet is bound for the Mediterranean, in hopes again to possess the dominion of that sea.

The intelligence of the Brest fleet being at sea, and the supposition that it may be destined for Ireland, has excited considerable agitation in Dublin. All the departments of government have been put in motion by the news. Every measure of military preparation has been taken as if the enemy were actually landed, and the vigilance of the administration, it is said, is adopting every precaution to guard against the co-operation of the disaffected by the new arrivals. Two regiments of English militia which were on their return to this country, have been disembarked, and the troops are kept on the alert. It is supposed that if the enemy really entertain any designs of invasion, the North is the point against which the attack is meditated, and to this quarter the attention of government is directed. It is said that symptoms have been discovered which indicated an expectation on the part of the rebels that something would be attempted by the enemy in their favor. It is not improbable, however, that many of those suspicions are the effect of immediate anxiety and alarm.

Plymouth, May 8.

A very hot press took place this morning; and many able seamen added to his majesty's navy.

WILMINGTON, July 1.

Lyceum of Delaware.

A STATED MEETING of the LYCEUM of DELAWARE, will be held at the Academy on Monday evening next, at 5 o'clock, when the following question will be discussed:

"Are the virtues of Uncultivated States greater and their vices less, than those which prevail in polished life?"

The determination of the question discussed at the last Meeting of the Society, was that "the professors of Divinity, has the greatest tendency to benefit Mankind?"

FR. MACMULLAN, Sec'y.

The Annual Oration will be delivered at the Academy on Thursday the Fourth of July at 12 o'clock by Caesar A. Rodney, Esq. June 27. 26

Extract of a letter (received at Boston) from a gentleman, super-cargo of an American vessel at Lisbon, to his owners in this town received by the sch'r Sally, Capt. Knowls, who arrived yesterday at Gloucester, 28 days passage. "A French fleet of 19 sail appeared off Cadiz, supposed to join the Spaniards.—The English Endeavored to bring them to battle for 2 days, but without effect; the boats from 6 sail were off Lisbon to day on their way to join the English fleet; there is also 16 sail in pursuit of them,—who went first to Ireland but there received accounts of their going towards the Straights."

The frigate United States, commodore Barry, was to drop down to New-castle on Friday last.

A letter from Portsmouth, Eng. of May 3, says, "It is reported the French fleet are put into L'Orient, and that the Caesar was the only British ship that came near them, and has been severely handled." [Boston Con.

The United States' sloop of war Herald, captain Russell, sailed from Charleston the 14th inst. on a cruise, and on the following morning the brig Pinckney, capt. Heyward, and cutter brig South-Carolina, also sailed on a cruise.

It is now certain that the various accounts which have been received of the restoration of the money captured in the ship Pigou, are totally false: the crew of that ship, with the exception of the surgeon and second mate, are confined in goal, and treated with the utmost barbarity.

Letters from Portugal to the 9th May announce that

The French Directory have declared themselves permanent during the war!

General Suwarrow has issued a manifesto, wherein he declares, that he means not to give, and wishes not to receive quarter.

The Cisalpine republic has revolted, and have also the whole of the Swiss Cantons.

The Black flag was flying at Paris, a signal of bad news.

From the New-York Mercantile Advertiser, June 26.

It is, the opinion of many, that the object of the Brest fleet is to give the necessary succours to Buonaparte (who according to our last advices had tranquilized Egypt, and was penetrating into Syria); and this opinion is rendered extremely probable from the circumstance of its having been seen entering the Mediterranean. We give this last intelligence on the authority of letters received yesterday by a respectable merchant in this city, from his correspondent in Europe.

DEATH OF THE POPE.

The Roman Pontiff after experiencing one of those severe reveries of fortune which the present revolutionary times have rendered common, died in the citadel of Turin, in the mountains of Dauphine, the latter end of April, a victim to grief, fatigue, and the infirmities of age.

No event of consequence has taken place in the armies of either of the contending powers; neither do we find in the papers before us any account of the capture of Verona (as translated for the Mercantile Advertiser from Le Pont du Jour a few days ago) or the least allusion to such an occurrence.

On the affairs of Ireland the London editors preserve the most profound silence; and we find it impossible to discover the present actual situation of that country through the thick mist in which it is enveloped.

The principal part of our foreign news this day from "THE SUN," a ministerial print; and from the General Evening Post, a paper of considerable credit, not remarkable for its attachment to one party or the other.

INDIAN NEWS.

Cincinnati, June 4.

Last Tuesday afternoon arrived in this town, capt. John Warrior, a white man, adopted among the Shawanese nation, with furs. By him we learn, that a number of the tribes are to assemble in council at Sandusky on the 7th inst. to consult on matters relative to their own national concerns; he informs that they have not the least idea of any thing hostile against the frontiers, or the people of the United States: on the contrary, they wish to live in amity with the white people; he mentions, that a number of Frenchmen and Spaniards have been among them, endeavoring to stir them up to war against the people of this country, but could not prevail; he says "Indian, very sick of war"—he confirms the account published in the Journal of last week, under the Lexington head of May 21, of some northern tribes going to war against the Kaskaskies Indians—he likewise informs that the Shawanese, Delawares and Wyandots, wish to unite and become as one nation, which is the chief purport for which this council is convened.

Captain Warrior is an active intelligent man, about forty years of age, was taken when an infant, and has remained among the Indians the whole of his life; he has travelled through several of the states in hopes to find his parents or relations but never could.

June 11.

By a gentleman who arrived in town on Wednesday last, we are informed that, on the 29th or 30th ult. as two men were hunting horses on Floyd's Fork near the town of Shelby, [Kentucky] they were surprized by a party of Indians, who appeared by their dress hostile.—In a short time these appearances were realized, for no sooner had they

approached within gun-shot, than the Indian fired—killed one—and put a bullet thro' the cloaths of the other, who made his escape without receiving any other damage.—On his return home, he spread the alarm thro' the neighborhood, in consequence of which the inhabitants immediately stationed and put themselves in a state of defence.—The Indians are supposed to be Shawanese or Delaware. This information may be relied on, as our informant was knowing to the circumstance.

Information has been received in town last week, that the Indians killed a white man, [a trader] on the waters of Indian Kentucky, about 80 miles below this place. The man killed was a Frenchman; it is supposed the Indians were drunk.

We have it from undoubted authority, that general Wilkinson has received orders to repair immediately to Philadelphia—and that all officers or rank had received similar orders.

A gentleman who arrived in town last Saturday evening, from Hamilton, informs, that the Indians have warned captain John Hamilton, (a gentleman who has been a long time a trader among them—and who now lives at the Big Spring, five miles the other side of Hamilton) to move within this present moon, into the town, else, he might expect, that he and his family would be killed, as there were a party collecting to come against the frontiers.

Nothing can equal the ravages which the Canker worm is making this spring, among the Farmers of this County.—The fields of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Indian Corn and grass (swarm with them—the two latter, are entirely laid waste by them.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

French privateers swarm about the freights of Gibraltar. In the Spanish ports continual threats of vengeance are exchanged between the French and Americans.

In a few weeks we hope to hear of an American Squadron cruising in the European seas. Our commerce there requires protection both from French rapacity and Spanish piracy.

THE LION.

Easton, Penn. June 23.

"Monday last a stranger stopped here a short time, on his way from Kentucky to Vermont, who was soon discovered to be the puissant and ever memorable Knight of the Wooden Sword; but he looked so much more like a Thief than a Lion, that even the Democrats [shameless as they are] generally avoided his company.—His "Inexpensibles" otherwise called "Leather Organs" shone like a newly polished mahogany table, and upon the whole he made a very graceful appearance."

NEW-YORK, June 27.

Extract of a letter from a Mercantile House of respectability in London, dated May 4.

"Tobacco yet remains perfectly unsalable, but our political horizon brightens amazingly: and beyond all expectation, which will no doubt give a spur to this and every other article.—The powers in Europe have at last risen, and will soon curb that of the Great Nation. Russians, Prussians, and Turks have joined the brave Austrians; and no less than 25,000 Frenchmen have fallen since the 5th ult. The archduke Charles, is now in Switzerland, and will soon be down the Rhine, into the low countries."

BALTIMORE, June 22.

On Thursday morning about 1 o'clock, the frame shop of Mr. Guy, dyer, in Fish street, near the German Lutheran church, was discovered wrapped in flames. 2 dwelling houses and three stores were instantly destroyed; and nothing but the calmness of the air preserved whole range along Gay street to the falls, from destruction.

TO BE SOLD

A Two Story Brick House and Kitchen, with a large Lot of Ground thereto belonging, situate on Delaware and Pearl Streets, in the town of Newcastle, in the state of Delaware, Now occupied by the subscriber.

THE House is fifty one feet front, and about twenty feet deep; has three large rooms and an entry on the first floor, and six chambers on the second. On the Lot are also erected convenient stables and carriage house, with spacious hay-lofts over them. The garden is large and will admit of very handsome improvement. This property was lately occupied with much success as a Tavern, is now in good order—and its situation, in the center of the town—on the most public street, and near to the Court-house, gives it superior advantages for any species of business. The terms of sale will be made to accommodate the purchaser. If not sold before December next, it will then be rented.

NICHOLAS VANDYKE.

New-castle, June 27. 27—1M

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Society of the CINCINNATI, in the State of Delaware, will be on Thursday the 4th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the house of Mr. David Brinton in the Borough of Wilmington.

A punctual attendance of the Members, is requested in order to take measures to secure the location of their Land warrants, agreeably to the Law of the United States.

By order of the Society, EDWARD ROCHE, Sec'y.

July 1.

LONDON.

The instance of the Hair Dresser of the Proterpine decking himself in the Captain's epaulets when the ship was expected to founder, it was a striking display of vanity as Pope's Narcissa, painting her cheeks in her last moment. The poor hair dresser expected that if his body should have been found, he would have been taken for an officer.

Last night, one of the long chain of hills, called Hambleton in the North Riding of the County of York, fell into the plain below, and spread over a considerable quantity of ground. Falling in the night fortunately no person was injured. It was called Brockell-scar, situate near the village of Kirby Knowle, and contained on the surface about three quarters of an acre of ground, with much wood growing on it, probably the weight of snow, and that thawed, filtering through the fissures of the earth, may have loosened this hill from that to which it was joined, and occasioned its fall.

By the sinking of the pavement nearly opposite the front gate of the royal Exchange, a very large deep well of great antiquity has been discovered.—The water is of excellent quality, and the Ward of Cornhill purpose erecting a pump near the place.—Upon examining Stow's History of London, it appears to have been covered over more than 600 years, for he notices as standing there a conduit and a watch house, together with a place of confinement for disorderly persons, at the top of which was placed a pillory for their punishment; all which, he says, were removed in the year 1380. What is remarkable, the top of well was not secured by either arch or brick work but only covered with planks.

The French colours which have been hoisted at Ehrenbreitstein are 60 yards long.

Upwards of 400 deserters from the garrison of Ehrenbreitstein have been apprehended at Coblenz by the French.

General Kohler, with six English officers, has set out from Vienna for Constantinople, in order to organize the Turkish army.

In Wallachia they obtained a strong escort to protect them.

At the time that Mr. Thomas Grenville was believed to have perished, several of the papers brought forward, to prove that that he was lost, a legend that Mr. Grenville had always entertained a terror of the watery element as a kind presage of his fate. The Ambassador, however, has escaped, the story is something like that of the Duke of Suffolk, who as Shakespeare informs us, was afraid of being drowned, because it had been foretold that he should die by WATER, and accordingly he was killed by a person of the name of WATER!

Yesterday a curious piece of light artillery, the invention of a Military officer of rank, in the East India company's service, was brought to the India house for the inspection of the Directors. The carriage is so compact, that the whole can be taken to pieces, and the gun dismounted in three minutes, which renders it perfectly useless to an enemy. This is designed for Bengal, and is prin-

cially adapted for an expedition.

So extremely scarce has been the article of fuel at the island of St. Helena, that the East India company intend to consign thither by the ships of this season, five hundred chaldrons of coals. This great calamity is attributed to the white fly, which has nearly destroyed all the gum-wood trees and furze on the island.

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.

Mr. M. a gentleman of great property in the West Indies, about 6 months ago, sent his wife to England, with instructions to fund and lay out 80,000l. to purchase a house, furnish it, &c. and make every preparation for his reception, saying, he would follow in a few weeks in a particular ship, but, from illness, was landed in another island. The ship was lost—the lady waited; uneasy, she wrote to the West-Indies, and finding that he had failed in the vessel which went to the bottom, she concluded he was dead. The Lady had obeyed all her husband's commands; but her affections were engaged in this country, and 5 months after she left her husband she was married. In the mean time the husband had received her letters, and was informed of the house she had taken. Last Wednesday he walked into it. The astonishment of the parties may easily be conceived.

Sir Henry Wotton used to say, That critics were like brushers of noblemen's clothes.

Cotton-Mill Lottery. By Legislative Authority. SCHEME.

1 prize of 2000 dollars, is	Dollars.
2 ditto of 1000 dollars each, to be paid to the possessors of the two numbers first out of the wheel on the last day's drawing, at which time there shall not be less than four hundred numbers undrawn, are	2,000
2 do. of 500, are	1,000
3 do. of 400,	1,200
5 do. of 200,	1,000
10 do. of 100,	1,000
12 do. of 50,	600
14 do. of 45,	630
16 do. of 40,	640
18 do. of 35,	630
20 do. of 30,	600
25 do. of 25,	625
30 do. of 20,	600
35 do. of 15,	525
47 do. of 10,	470
4270 do. of 5,	21,280
4500 Tickets, at 8 dollars each,	dols. 36,000
Four dollars for each ticket will only be demanded at the time of sale.	

WE, the subscribers, the Commissioners appointed by the Governor of the State of Delaware, to superintend the drawing of the Cotton-Mill Lottery, do hereby give Notice, that the drawing will positively commence on the 6th day of July next.

All prizes shall be paid forty days after the drawing is finished (of which public notice shall be given) upon the demand of the possessor of a ticket, subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. provided such demand shall be made within twelve months.

THE subscriber requests the favor of those gentlemen who have tickets on hand, to use diligence in the sale of them; and to return to him such as may be unsold by or before the day appointed for drawing. He returns his thanks to all those who have been pleased to patronize the Lottery; and having given full assurance that it will be drawn under the direction of commissioners in whom the public will repose entire confidence, he presumes to solicit their further patronage, the better to enable him to re-establish a Manufactory, which has met with universal approbation, diffusing its benefits to the neighbouring citizens, as well as being of public utility.

JACOB BROOM. 81 if

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA PEDRECK, late of this borough, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those of this estate who have demands, to bring in their accounts properly attested, to Stephen Hayes for settlement.

ISAAC PEDRECK, GIDEON SCULL, STEPHEN HAYES, } Exe'ts. Wilmington, Feb. 9. 87 if

To the Electors of Sussex County.

THE subscriber offers himself as a candidate for Sheriff's Office; and solicits the votes and patronage of his fellow-citizens to place him on the return at their next General Election—which will be gratefully acknowledged by the Public's most humble and devoted servant, SAMUEL WILLIAMS. Broad creek, Feb. 12. 89 *31 c10G.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 28th of April last, from the subscriber living in Cecil county, North Satequehannah hundred, a young negro man named BEN, a thick well-set fellow, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has large flat feet, smooth faced, with scar on his forehead, and one on the back of the middle finger of his right hand. His clothing was a sailor-jacket made of country cloth, tow linsy waistcoat and trousers, filled with black yarn, and two tow linen shirts; his other clothing unknown. Any person securing him in any goal, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

GREENBURY RAWLINGS. May 9. 18-1f

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Saturday the 23d of June, from the subscriber, living in Appoquinimink hundred, Newcastle county, state of Delaware, a negro man, named SAM,

a black fellow, 31 years of age, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high, rather slender made, moves slow, and has very little to say. He professes to belong to the Methodist Society. Had on when he went away a homespun [kind of lead-colour] cloth coat, tow trousers and shirt, both nearly new, coarse shoes; but as he has with him a variety of other clothes, it is uncertain in what dress he will make his appearance. He has with him a long blue cloth coat, lined with pale blue; and also took with him a loaded whip, which has been mended with a long piece of brass on one end. It is supposed he is on his way to Philadelphia or the Jerseys.

Whoever takes up and secures the said negro, in any goal, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM ALLFREE. July 2. 33-3*-1aw 1f

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Sunday the 12th instant, August, from the subscriber, living in Dorchester county, state of Maryland, a negro man, named LEVEN, 25 years of age, or upwards, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, straight, well made, and handsomely faced, his forehead round, high and prominent, with a scar on the upper part of it—also a scar on his right or left hand, running about half way down the fore-finger, and perhaps part of the second, occasioned by fire; his feet are remarkably long, and his tongue smooth, and glid. He took with him sundry clothes, among which were a dark colored mixed cloth coat, two pair of blue striped cotton trousers, two pair breeches, one nankeen, the other brown check, two fine shirts, and a very good hat. It is supposed he is on his way to Philadelphia, or the Jerseys, and has a pass with the county seal to it, as some of his manumitted relations have lately obtained passes from the office, and have not left the county.

Whoever takes up and secures said negro in any goal, so that I get him, and shall receive the above reward; and if brought home, all reasonable charges, paid by JOHN CRAIG. N. B. Masters of vessels, and others, are strictly forbidden transporting or harboring the aforesaid runaway. Aug. 25. 49-

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living at Hole in the Wall, Talbot county, on Monday the 13th inst. a negro man named HARRY, a blacksmith by trade. He is of a yellowish complexion, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, well made, obliging in his manners, has a number of scars on his back, which he received when a boy, has holes in his ears, and perhaps bobs or rings in them. He took with him a greenish mixed coloured cloth coat, a pair of yellow callimere breeches, a ruffled shirt, and an old darkish coloured coat, without pocket-flaps; his other clothing unknown. He plays on the fiddle.

Ran away at the same time, a negro woman by the name of BETT, a sister to the above mentioned Harry, and nearly of the same complexion. She is low and well made, and also has holes in her ears, and may have bobs or rings in them. She took with her a red stuff petticoat and striped cotton gown, her other clothes not remembered. She has lost her upper fore teeth; has thick lips, and of a very lively brisk turn—also went with her, a negro man belonging to Greenbury Goldborough, who took with him a blue coat with large buttons, a ruffled shirt, a pair of nankeen breeches, and jacket; other clothes unknown. He has a cant in one eye, slow of speech, and appears somewhat like an idiot when alarmed or surprised—Likewise went with them, a bright Mulatto free wench, by the name of ALICE SHORT, and perhaps may pass for a wife to the above mentioned Harry; but she is not. The subscriber was informed they have a pass, which is a forged one. Any person taking up and securing said three slaves, so that the owner may get them again, shall receive the above reward, paid by SAMUEL SHERWOOD. May 20. 17-6w

JOHN PRYOR,

Manufactures, and has for Sale, At the corner of King and Third Streets, near S. and J. Adams' Printing-Office, Cut Nails and Flooring Brads, Which he will sell by the case at the following prices:

20d. 12d. and 10d. Nails at 9 1-2 per lb.
8d. — 10d.
6d. — 11d.
4d. — 12d.
3d. — 13d.
12d. and 10d. Brads at 9d.
8d. — 9 1-2d

Those wanting Nails or Brads are invited to view them—their superior quality and moderate prices he presumes will induce them to purchase. Wilmington, 5 mo. 11. —13 1Y

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Queen-Ann's county, Maryland, near the Redlion branch, on the night of the 7th instant, a negro man, named PHIL,

About 32 years of age, and about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, not very black, shews a good set of teeth when he laughs, except one or two missing on one side of his upper jaw. He has a down look if accused of a crime and guilty, otherwise is apt to be impertinent.—Had on when he went away, a white casey coat, dark do. trousers, shoes a good deal worn, it is suspected he has a blue gray broad-cloth coat, and new full casey, of a dark dove colour, for a great coat. It is supposed he will try to get his wife with him. Whoever takes up and secures said fellow, so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if taken out of the state and brought home, Thirty Dollars, and reasonable charges paid, by JAMES ROSEBERRY. N. B. He will perhaps say he went away to prevent being sold in Georgia; but he was never offered for sale on any terms by me. J. R. January 10. 79

COVERING HORSES.

THE ELEGANT HIGH-BRED IMPORTED HORSE

YOUNG FLORIZEL,

WILL cover mares this season at the subscriber's stables, near the Trap, in St. George's hundred, Newcastle county, Delaware state, at TWELVE DOLLARS the season; which will end the 20th of August; Seven Dollars the single leap; Twenty Dollars a sure colt; and Five Shillings to the Groom.

FLORIZEL was bred in England, by the Duke of Bedford, and lately imported by Mr. Hellen, at the Federal City. He is remarkable for strength, figure and activity; 16 hands high, is a beautiful dappled bay, 7 years old this spring, and his stock are equal, if not superior, to any horse in England, for their racing powers. FLORIZEL was got by the noted Florizel, out of a brown mare, by Alfred; his dam Fairy-Queen, by Young Cade; grand-dam, Routh's Black-Eyes, by Crab, out of Warlock Galloway, by Snake.

It is thought unnecessary to say more about this horse, as he will show for himself. A more particular account may be had by applying to the subscriber. WILLIAM FRAZER. N. B. Red clover pasturage for mares from a distance at 25. 6d. per week; great care taken of them, but cannot be accountable for accidents. Any person having heretofore put mares to any of the subscriber's horses, and had no colts, by sending back again, shall have them at half price. April 10. 04 if

THE YOUNG HORSE

AMBASSADOUR,

WILL stand at the stable of the subscriber, about three miles below Newcastle, on the plantation formerly of Thomas Moore, deceased, and will be let to mares the ensuing season from the first of April to the first of August next, at SEVEN DOLLARS for each mare, the season, and One-fourth of a Dollar to the Groom; Four Dollars the single leap, and Twelve Dollars a sure colt.

AMBASSADOUR is a beautiful bright bay, with a star and snip, remarkably strong and active, carriage lofty and moves well.

He was got by Mr. Briston's noted covering horse CUB, whose pedigree and character as a foal-getter is so well known, that it is unnecessary here to enumerate them; his dam was got by the imported hunting horse Ambassadors; his grand-dam by Northumberland, and his great grand-dam by Paoclet.

Good pasture will be provided for mares that may come from a distance, and all necessary care and attention given; but will not be liable for accidents or escapes. WILLIAM DUSHANE. 500 1st Aug. March 26.

CONQUEROR,

Imported, August last, from ENGLAND

WILL COVER at my Stables, in Wilmington,

At Twelve Dollars the Season,

and One Dollar to the Groom.

THIS fine large beautiful bay horse is 16 1-2 hands high, finely marked with star, snip, and white hind foot. He was got by Eagle, of a hunting mare, the property of the late Lord Sondes, whose dam was Hubbard's Old Pagan, and grand-dam by Jenkin's horse, Useful Cub. Eagle was bred by Sir John Skelly, whose sire was the famous Eclipse. If figure, colour, marks, beauty, gait, temper, and size, are the great objects of a breeder of horses, this valuable horse has all these qualifications in great perfection, and no doubt will be a valuable improvement to our present breed of this useful animal.

Good pasturage provided for mares, and a discount will be made for the cash; but is expected that the owners of mares, to whom it is not convenient to pay cash, will give their notes, payable in four months from the date of covering. The subscriber cannot be liable for accidents or escapes. DAVID BRINTON. 87 if Feb. 9.

THE LATE IMPORTED HIGH-BRED HORSE

PUNCH,

WILL COVER MARES this season, at William Powel's, Crane-hook, near Wilmington, state of Delaware, at TWENTY DOLLARS each, and One Dollar to the Groom.

PUNCH was bred by Lord Sherburne, and got by King Herod, which was the sire of the Prince of Wales's Roccingham, and Mr. Tatte's Highflyer; his dam by Old Mark. Mark was the sire of the noted horse Eclipse, and the imported horse Shark, Pretender, and many others of the best runners in England; so that the blood of Eclipse and Highflyer is central in Punch; which horses were never beat—his grand-dam by Lord Cullen's Arabian; great grand-dam by Regulus, out of Ruth's Black-Eyes. Black-Eyes was got by Crab, out of the Warlock Galloway. He was purchased by Sir John Lud when rising four years old, for one thousand guineas, who named him Punch. When three years old he ran in the name of Lord Sherburne's chestnut colt, which may be seen in the racing calendar.

In 1784, when four years old, Punch won a match at Newmarket of 300 guineas, each, beating a colt of Lord Harrington's, and giving 3lb. He won the plate at Lambourn, and another at Gloucester; and afterwards won two matches at Newmarket.

In 1785, he won the plate at Oxford, beating Colonel O'Kelly's General, who won the gold cup that year, and Mr. Tom's Tetrach. He won the plate at Burford, beating Wilbreham, Mountebank, and General; and the plate at Lambourn, on five heats, beating Copperbottom, and three others.

In 1786, he won a sweepstake of 50 guineas each, at Winchester, beating Fortunio Egham, and several others; and a sweepstake of 50 guineas each, at Stockbridge, beating Sergeant, Miss Kingland, and several others.

N. B. Good grass for mares, and every proper attention paid them, but not liable for accidents or escapes; and every attention will be paid to prevent either. Feb. 9. 87 if

FOR SALE,

TWO VALUABLE FARMS, adjoining each other, situate in Little-creek hundred, Sussex county, Delaware state, about four miles from Broad-creek, containing in the whole about 500 acres, 200 of which arable land, the residue wood-land. The situation healthy, and convenient to houses of worship of different denominations, and corn grist mills. There are on one of said farms a dwelling-house, 36 by 20 feet, 3 rooms on the lower floor, well finished, with two brick chimneys, a cook-house with a brick chimney, corn cribs, meat-house, and stables 60 by 12 feet, with other necessary out-houses. On the other farm are erected a good frame dwelling-house, 20 by 18 feet, well finished, and a kitchen which has a brick chimney and two fire places.—There are three excellent bearing apple orchards on said premises. The farms will be sold together or separate, as may best suit those who purchase. One half of the purchase-money will be exacted on delivery of the title, and a short credit will be given for the residue. Apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN GODDARD. April 26. 9 if

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