

# The Delaware & Eastern-Shore Advertiser.

PRICE SIX CENTS.]

MONDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1799.

[NUMB. 571]

## TO BE LET,

And Immediate Possession Given,  
THE Dwelling-house, with a small Store, lately occupied by the subscriber.

For Sale,

The fast-sailing Packet-boat



**POLLY,**

With all her Tackling and Apparel. For terms apply to

**JOHN FOUFRAY,** at Capt. Bray's.  
Wilmington, Nov. 16. 65-1f

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends that he intends to leave this part of the country for the Northward, and wishes those who have any demands against him to call for payment; and those who stand indebted to him are requested to settle the same, on or before the 10th of December next.

**MOSES P. P. LANGASTER.**  
Newcastle, Nov. 14. 66-

## WAS LOST,

ON the 2d day of July last, near the Borough of Wilmington, (Del.) a Draught drawn by Samuel Heald, in favor of Daniel Lamborn, and endorsed by him on Isaac Hendrickson, and accepted, about the 23d or 24th of June, at ten days, for 250 dollars. This is to caution all persons from taking an assignment on said draught, as payment is stopped.

**GEORGE HARRISON, jun.**  
Wilmington, Oct. 19. 60-3w

## Forty Dollars Reward.

RANA WAY about the middle of July last from Little-creek Landing, near Dover, Kent county State of Delaware, a Negro Man, by name **GEORGE MILLER**, who is called some times **Refugee George**, a Cooper by trade, about 5 feet 10 inches high, 35 years of age, stout made, a down look, and fond of drink. It is supposed he embarked on board the brig Eagle, at Newcastle, about the last of July, tho' not certain:—If he is not on board the Eagle, it is expected that he is in or about Wilmington. If the above runaway is apprehended, and secured in any goal, so that the subscriber may get him again, the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, shall be paid, by

**JAMES LAFFERTY.**  
Little-creek Landing,  
November 10. 66-3w

## LOST,

A DRAUGHT of Samuel Heald, on Isaac Hendrickson, drawn in favor of Daniel Lamborn for Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars, and accepted May 28, 1799, payable at ten days. As payment of said draught is stopped, and can be of no use to any but the subscribers, they will be thankful to any person who may have found it, to leave it with Joseph Bringham in Wilmington.

**BENJAMIN & JACOB JOHNSON.**  
Philadelphia, 21mo. 1st. 63 6t

## JOHN PRYOR,

Manufactures, and has for Sale,  
At the corner of King and Third Streets, near S. and J. Adams' Printing-Office,

Cut Nails and Flooring Brads,

Which he will sell by the cask at the following prices:

20d. 12d. and 10d. Nails at 9 1-2 per lb.
8d. — 10d.
6d. — 11d.
4d. — 12d.
3d. — 14d.
12d. and 10d. Brads at 9d.
8d. — 9 1-2

Those wanting Nails or Brads are invited to view them—their superior quality and moderate prices he presumes will induce them to purchase.  
Wilmington, 5 mo. 11. —13 1Y

## TO BE SOLD,

TWO Black Wenchers; one about 16 and the other about 12 years of age. Offered for sale for want of employment. They can be well recommended. For further particulars enquire of the Printers.  
October 26. 61-3t

## FARMS TO BE LET.

TO be Rented, a Valuable Farm, in Salisbury Neck, Cecil county, Maryland, 3 miles below Warwick, containing 500 acres; the soil equal, if not superior, to any in the neighborhood. It has been occupied for some years past by Mr. Frisby Lloyd. Also, one other Farm adjoining the aforesaid, containing upwards of 200 acres: For the last 2 years in the tenure of Mr. Isaac Gooding. For terms apply to Sarah Frisby, near Middletown, Delaware.

N. B. The farms may be entered on between the 1st and 10th day of January.  
Oct. 19. 60-1f Jan.

## TAVERN.

The Public are respectfully informed, that the Subscriber has removed to that Noted Tavern, the Sign of THE QUEEN OF OTAREITE, in the Borough of Wilmington, lately occupied by Captain Wells:

AND having provided himself with Good Liquors, and every necessary article of entertainment, he flatters himself to give satisfaction to all Persons who may favor him with their custom. He is provided at all times with good hay and grain, with careful hostlers, for the accommodation of travellers.

He has, also, a commodious stable for keeping horses at livery, by the week, month or year. The Philadelphia, Dover, Norfolk and Chester-Town Stage Office is kept at his house—which renders it a special conveyance to way travellers. A stage book will also be kept open at Mr. Crampton's, at the lower end of Market-street, and the stage will call there regularly, to accommodate persons at the lower end of the town.

From these circumstances, with unremitting attention to the accommodation of the public, the subscriber hopes to obtain a liberal share of public patronage.

**JOSHUA JACKSON.**  
Sept. 21. 51-1f

## FOR SALE,

THAT handsome and convenient Two-story HOUSE and LOT, situate on Front between Walnut and French Streets, the property of, and lately occupied by, Benjamin Reynolds. The house will be let until the 25th of March next. For terms apply to

**JOEL ZANE, or THOMAS MENDENHALL.**  
Wilmington, Nov. 8. 65-4f

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN SPURRIER, late of this city, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to render their accounts, properly attested, to the subscriber, for immediate settlement.

**ELEANOR SPURRIER, Adm'x.**  
In Sixth-street, 3 doors from Chesnut-street Philadelphia, Dec. 14. 71-1f

## Six Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the first day of November, last, a bound Girl, by the name of **RACHEL DERRICK**. Had on a calico short gown, and a lincey petticoat. Took with her sundry other wearing apparel. Whoever will apprehend said runaway, shall have the above reward, and no charges paid.

**JOHN FOUFRAY.**  
Wilmington, Nov. 2. 63-3w

## One Hundred Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on Friday night last, the 11th inst, a Negro Woman named **CLOE**, about thirty-five or forty years of age, and took with her, her two daughters, **MILLEY**, aged about twelve years, and **ROSETTA**, aged about nine. Cloe had on when she went away a blue and white striped linen woolsey petticoat, country made; a kersey jacket twilled, striped with white and black yarn; ozanburg shift; took with her one other jacket and petticoat, twilled, lincey woolsey, striped with blue, black, and a kind of red colored yarn; three other shifts of ozanburg, or tow linen, and petticoats half worn of the same, with two flannel petticoats; also, took with her three stamped cotton gowns, one of them a dark ground, with a large white flower in it, the other two of a dark clouded ground, one of them very much faded, and I believe when sew had a green sprig on it; the other had formerly a dark sprig on it; one black stuff gown of Joans spinning; one short gown and petticoat of fleecing mullin; one short gown of striped cotton, blue and white; one check red mullin apron; and one man's hat; with sundry other cloths of her mistress, unknown to me at this time. She is a bright mulatto, of a morpheved complexion, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, stout and well made, black eyes, her upper teeth are very much decayed. She has a mark on one of her cheeks owing to a pin in her jaw, which broke through the flesh, and left a scar on the out side, which as well as recollected, is on the right, though it may be on the left. She has as well as I recollect a small scar on the forehead which appears like a burn; she has a large suit of wool, long and black when combed back, has also a sharp look and brazen face, when spoken to. Her husband, passes in this country for a freeman, he was sold out of goal in Dorchester county, taken up as a runaway, and sold for his prison fees, some years ago; by the sheriff of said county, who bought him, and after serving him several years had his time given up to him; he calls himself **James Greeg**, has a pass from Dr. James Sullivan, and Robert Sullivan, sons of the deceased, living at New-Market, in said county, to work for himself: (the pass is only to labour in said county. He is forty years of age, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, stout and well made, his wearing apparel unknown to me, he can read and write tolerably well.

**CLOE's** eldest Daughter **MILLEY**, is of a dark complexion, her father being black; she has a mark on one of her cheeks, not perceivable without being closely examined, also several marks on her back from misconduct, a bad sore on her hand where she cut herself with a pen knife, between her fore fingers, some bald places on her head, owing to burns when in her infancy; a very impudent, sharp, cunning looking girl. Had on when she went away a tow shift, and green baize petticoat; other clothes to me unknown at present.

**ROSETTA** had on and took away with her two shifts, one of ozanburg, and the other country tow linen, one new tow petticoat, one black stuff petticoat, and one new cotton jacket, striped copperas and white. She has a pleasing countenance, bushy head of wool, and had one of her fingers on her right hand cut across the joint, when a baby, by accident, the scar of which is to be seen very plain. She has three or four places bald on her head, from being burnt when young.

N. B. If the above Negroes are taken up in the county, Twenty Five Dollars, if out of the county Fifty Dollars, and if out of the State the above reward will be given, on their being confined to that I get them again, and in proportion for any part of them, paid by

**D. SMITH.**  
Dorchester county,  
(Maryland) Oct. 12. 1M

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 15th of August last, from Mrs. Elizabeth Ennales, near Cambridge, in Dorchester county, State of Maryland, a young negro man, called **JACOB**, about 21 or 22 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, black complexion, his face rather short, has a small scar between his eye-brows, his look when spoken to is bold and saucy, and is some what bow-legged. Had on when he went away, a short linen jacket bound with black binding, striped nankers trousers, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any goal, or brings him home to the subscriber, at Cambridge, shall have the above reward, and reasonable travelling expenses paid, by

**CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH, Jun.**  
Sept. 11. 51-1f

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of **SAMUEL DELAPLAIN**, late of Christiana hundred, deceased, by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment; and all those having demands against said estate, are desired to produce them, properly attested, for settlement, to

**THOMAS PHILLIPS, Adm'x.**  
Christiana-Mills, Oct. 5. 55-6w

## FOR SALE,

TWO VALUABLE FARMS, adjoining each other, situate in Little-creek hundred, Sussex county, Delaware State, about four miles from Broad-creek, containing in the whole about 500 acres, 200 of which is arable land, the residue wood-land. The situation healthy, and convenient to houses of worship of different denominations, and corn mill. There are on one of said farms a dwelling-house, 36 by 20 feet, 3 rooms on the lower floor, well finished, with two brick chimneys, a cook-house with a brick chimney, corn crib, meat-house, and stables 60 by 12 feet, with other necessary out-houses. On the other farm are erected a good frame dwelling-house, 20 by 18 feet, well finished, and a kitchen which has a brick chimney and two fire places.—There are three excellent bearing apple orchards on said premises. The farms will be sold together or separate, as may best suit those who purchase. One half of the purchase-money will be exacted on delivery of the title, and a short credit will be given for the residue. Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

**JOHN GODDARD.**  
April 25. 9f

## NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of **JOHN ELLIOTT**, Miller, late of Wilmington, deceased, are desired to exhibit their accounts immediately, with proper vouchers, for payment; and those who are indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers.

**JAMES BRIAN, & PARKER ASKEW, Adm'rs.**  
10th Mo. 3. 54-6w

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS Samuel M'Bride of Brandywine hundred, in the county of Newcastle, by certain articles of agreement, dated the 7th April, 1783, covenanted for the consideration therein mentioned, to convey to William Wood and Elizabeth his wife, their heirs and assigns, a certain tract or parcel of land, situate in the hundred and county aforesaid, containing 98 acres and 140 perches, be the same more or less, bounded as follows: Beginning at a corner stone in Joseph Day's line, being also a corner of land late of James Bratton, deceased, thence with Joseph Day's line N. 85 d. W. 89 per. & 3 quarters to a corner rock, thence by land late of Daniel M'Bride, now of George Wrighter and the heirs of Daniel Jennifer Adams, S. 30 minutes East 113 perches and 5 tenths to a post, thence N. 87 E. 61 perches and 5 tenths to a corner white oak, thence S. 24 and an half W. 69 and an half perches to a maple in the Lazarus and Richard Pearce's land, thence thence with S. 72 E. 41 perches to another post in the said line, being also a corner of land late of Wm. Smith, now of John Lenderman, thence with the same N. 31 E. 79 perches to a post, thence with another line of said Lenderman's land S. 56 E. 38 perches to a post by the side of Concord road, thence N. 23 and an half degrees West 144 perches and an half to the place of beginning. And whereas the said William Wood hath fully paid and satisfied the consideration money for the said premises; and the said Samuel M'Bride is since dead, without having executed any deed of conveyance for the land aforesaid, and the said William Wood and Elizabeth his wife therefore give notice to all persons who may suppose themselves interested in the premises, that we intend to apply to the General Assembly of the State of Delaware, at their next sessions, to be holden at Dover, for an act to vest the lands aforesaid, with their appurtenances, in us, in fee, agreeably to the intention of the before recited articles of agreement; at which time and place any persons having objections thereto are desired to attend and make them known.

**WILLIAM WOOD, ELIZABETH WOOD.**  
Brandywine Hundred,  
Sept. 26. 54-1 1 Jan.

## Notice is hereby given,

TO all persons concerned, that the subscriber intends to apply to the General Assembly of the State of Delaware, at their session in January next, for leave to erect a Mill-dam across Little Duck-Creek, on the State-road, leading from Dover to Duck-Creek cross-roads, at the place commonly called Worrell's Bridge; and also for the condemnation of half an acre of upland on the North side, and about an acre and an half of upland and lowland on the South side of said creek, for a seat for the erection of a Water-Grind-Mill, and of the said intended Mill-Dam. Those who have any objections to make, will appear at Dover at the time aforesaid, and make them known to the Legislature.

**JOSEPH NOCK.**  
11 mo. 4th. 64-3w

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS Samuel Crow of Newcastle county, fraudulently obtained a Bond of me, bearing date the 2d day of March, 1798, conditioned for the payment of £179 3s 2d—This therefore is to forward all persons from taking an assignment on said bond, as I am determined not to pay it, unless compelled thereto, by the laws of my country.

**ROBERT CROW.**  
Oct. 5. 55 6w

## Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Queen-Ann's county, Maryland, near the Redlion branch, on the night of the 7th instant, a negro man, named

## PHIL,

About 32 years of age, and about 5 feet 8 inches high well made, not very black, shews a good set of teeth when he laughs, except one or two missing on one side of his upper jaw. He has a down look if accused of a crime and guilty, otherwise is apt to be impertinent.—Had on when he went away, a white easy coat, dark do. trousers, shoes a good deal worn, it is suspected he has a blue gray broad-cloth coat, and new laced easy, of a dark dove colour, for a great coat. It is supposed he will try to get his wife with him. Whoever takes up and secures said fellow, so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if taken out of the State and brought home, Thirty Dollars, and reasonable charges paid, by

**JAMES ROSEBERRY.**  
N. B. He will perhaps say he went away to prevent being sold in Georgia; but he was never offered for sale on any terms by me.

**J. R.**  
January 10. 79

## Thirty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in King and Queen counties, on the 7th of July last, a likely man in his 20s, about 5 ft 8 in, he calls himself **BEN JOHNSTON**. He is about 32 years of age, five feet 8 or 9 inches high, very knock-kneed, wears his hair about 2 to 3 inches long behind, and generally wears a hat on when he is out, a blue tailor's jacket, striped waistcoat, knotted, check shirt, a pair of blue trousers, and a round hat.—He also carried off with him, a mixed broad cloth great-coat, with a black velvet cape, a mixed cloth coat, and a blue striped coat, a white linen shirt, a pair of striped pantaloons, and a great many other cloths not recollectred. The said fellow ran away about 18 months since, and was caught about a month ago in the town of Newcastle, State of Delaware. He attempted to pass there as a free man, but was taken up and put in goal, and was sold for expenses. A M. Alexander Harvey, purchased him, and put him on board his packet, that sailed from Newcastle to Philadelphia. It is probable he will endeavor to go to Philadelphia or New York, and get on board some vessel, as he has been brought up to the water. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver him to me in King and Queen county, or 15 dollars to secure him in any goal, and give information, so that I get him again. I forbear all matters of vessels from taking him on board, and others from harbouring or employing him.

**WILLIAMS HASKINS.**  
King and Queen county,  
Virginia, Aug. 9. 39-3M

## That noted Fast-sailing Packet,

**HANNAH,**

(formerly belonging to Messrs. McComb and Tilton.)

**THOMAS TAYLOR, Master,**

WITH her usual good accommodations for passengers, starts from the subscriber's wharf, at the lower end of King-Street, every Tuesday and Friday, for Philadelphia. Goods, intended to be sent by her, stored free of expense to the owners.

He has on Hand, as usual, a

Large and General Assortment of Groceries on the lowest terms for Cash, or a short credit. Also a constant supply of the best French Superfine Flour by the barrel, suitable for bakers and private families, and a few barrels of excellent pickled Shad.

**JAMES HEMPHILL.**  
Wilmington, Aug. 1. 58-1f

## NOTICE.

ALL persons are hereby forewarned from taking an assignment on a Bond given by Benjamin Flintham and Richard Flintham, for the sum of Three Hundred and Twelve Pounds, Ten Shillings, to Charles Heath of Newcastle county, and State of Delaware, being the last payment for land which I purchased of the said Heath; which bond does not become payable till after the decease of Rachel Heath, widow of James Heath. And as the said Charles Heath obligated himself to make me a good sufficient title to the said land, which I have good reason to suspect is not in his power, I am therefore determined not to pay the same until compelled by law.

**BENJAMIN FLINTHAM.**  
Oct. 12. 57-3w 1 1/2

## NOTICE.

THE subscriber, according to the directions of an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Delaware, passed at Dover, January 29, 1799, intitled, "An Act for supplying the Lots of Records in particular cases," intends to apply to the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State of Delaware, on the Monday of the second week of next Term of the Supreme Court, in Newcastle county, being the 4th day of November next, requesting them to confirm and establish a certain instrument of Writing, purporting to be a copy of the will of Daniel Corbit, deceased, formerly of Appoquinimink hundred, in the county of Newcastle, bearing date 12th Mo. 20th, 1755.

I therefore thus give notice to all persons whom it may concern, to appear before the Judges aforesaid, at the town of Newcastle, in the county of Newcastle, and State of Delaware, on the said 4th day of November next, and then and there to make their objections, if any they have, why the said instrument of writing should not be confirmed and established, agreeable to the true intent and meaning of the aforesaid act of the General Assembly.

**JOSEPH CORBIT.**  
9 Mo. 9th 1799. 48 6w 1aw

## WAR DEPARTMENT.

TRENTON, Sept 2, 1799.  
ALL officers of the first regiment of Artillerists and Engineers, and of the first, second, third and fourth regiments of Infantry, in the service of the United States, who are, from whatever cause, absent from their commands, are requested, with all possible expedition, to report themselves by letter, to Major General Alexander Hamilton. The officers thus called upon, will be held accountable for any avoidable delay in reporting themselves, and those who do not report in four months from the date of this notification, will be presumed to have resigned their commissions.

**JAMES M'HENRY.**  
48-1 1st Jan.

## Wholesale Dry Good Store.

THE subscriber has just received by the ship Swanwick, from Liverpool, a variety of DRY GOODS, suitable for the season, which are offered for Sale on reasonable terms, consisting of—  
Superfine Cloths, Check Linen, White do.  
Second ditto, Elegant Shawls,  
Kerseys, Meres, Durans, Calimancoes,  
Swanfdown, Moteens, Taboreens,  
Coatings, Programs & Joans,  
Blue Plains, Fine Moflin,  
Red, white & yellow, Chirz's,  
Flannels, Thread,  
Baize, Worsted Hofs, Tape,  
Velvets, Silk and Twist,  
Tabycords, & Velvets, Bindings, &c.  
Also a few crates of Quenware.

**JOLN CROW.**  
Wilmington, Oct. 18. 59 3w

Foreign Intelligence.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 16.

Letters from Wetzlar state, that the whole Prussian army destined to defend the line of neutrality, has been in motion for several days; on the 12th a part of the army arrived at Rees, which is to encamp on the banks of the Rhine; it will be composed of several battalions and squadrons, a company of artillery and two batteries.

All these troops form a total of 15,000 men. Their assembling upon the frontiers of Holland is alarming as a time when a body of Dutch emigrants is about to penetrate into Guelderland, and when the hereditary prince of Orange only waits a favourable opportunity of advancing into the province of Over-Yssel.

LONDON, Sept. 24.

This forenoon an express arrived at Mr. Dundas's office from his Royal Highness the Duke of York, with the account of a battle having taken place in Holland on Thursday last, near the village of Bergen, a little way to the northward of Alkmaer. The Russians had volunteered storming the F. lines, which service they marched forward to execute on Thursday morning. The battle was long and bloody, but the result was favorable to the allied arms, 4000 French and Dutch are stated to have been taken prisoners, and a great number of both killed and wounded. Our loss was chiefly with the Russians, and the Russian general in chief is stated to have lost an arm, and to have remained a prisoner with the enemy.

The whole loss of the enemy is reported to be above 10,000.

These dispatches were bro't to Yarmouth by the Revolution logger, which left the Texel on Sunday morning.

Action in Holland.

The following is the copy of a Bulletin sent by the French minister at the Hague, to the administration of the commune of Dunkirk, on the occasion of the action on Thursday last.

It was brought to England by a cartel which reached Dover from Dunkirk last night.

BULLETIN.

Addressed to the administration of the commune of Dunkirk, by the Minister of the French republic at the Hague.

"On the 19th Sept. the Russians attacked the French and Batavian army. An action took place near the town of Bergen. The Russians left 2000 dead on the field of battle, and 2000 of them were prisoners, with 20 pieces of cannon. The Batavian divisions rivalled us in courage, and did wonders. The national guards were ambitious to take a part in the action, and the volunteers of Rotterdam and of Delft have particularly distinguished themselves.

"Hague, 19th Sept. '99—11. in the evening.

(Signed)

"FLORENT GUIOT, Minister of the French republic."

(Signed)

"MARYENS, Secretary."

Sept. 26. Yesterday a dispatch reached Mr. Dundas's office from Sir Sidney Smith, brought with the East India company's overland express from Constantinople. This dispatch contains a very long detail of another and most decisive victory obtained in the field by Sir Sidney Smith over Buonaparte. Almost all the French officers of rank were made prisoners, and Buonaparte himself very narrowly escaped.

Sept. 27.

The situation of the army of Italy may be collected from the following articles, which appear in the papers of the latest date:

"Citizen Beauport, chief of brigade, commanding at Genoa, writes as follows under date of the 27th Sept. 'I am much afraid that Genoa will become a second Verona for me. A civil war will sooner or later break out within our walls.—The patriotic and aristocratic parties have already more than once come to blows among us.

"I have not half a sufficient number of soldiers to preserve the tranquility of the city.

"We yesterday received accounts from General Championet. His advanced guard is proceeding towards Coni. The day before yesterday we expected to see the enemy before the gates of Genoa; but the approach of Championet has caused them to retreat. The victory of Massena in Helvetia will probably force the Austro-Russians to evacuate Piedmont."

They write from Gavi, under date of Sept. 7: "This morning the Austrians precipitately abandoned the positions of

Carofio, Elbrisco, Parodi, &c. carrying with them all their artillery. They retired in two columns, one of which has taken the road towards Seravalle, and the other has directed its march towards St. Christopher. Thus our communication with Genoa is re-established.

"Moreau is marching against Novi. This unexpected movement is in consequence, it is said, of Championet's advancing with great expedition into the Milanese. It is to prevent the junction of these three corps that Suwarrow has retreated."

Sept. 28.

It is worthy of observation, that the generals of the two hostile armies in Italy have each dethroned a king—Championet, the king of Naples; Suwarrow, the king of Poland.

The town of Perouse has surrendered to the allies in Italy.

London Gazette extraordinary.

Downing-Street, Sept. 24.

The following dispatch has this day been received from the Duke of York by the Right hon. Henry Dundas:

Head-quarters, Shagen Brug, Sept. 20. Sir,

In my dispatch of the 16th inst. I acquainted you with my intention of making an attack upon the whole of the enemy's position, the moment that the reinforcements joined.—Upon the 19th, every necessary arrangement being made, the army moved forward in four principal columns.

The object of the first column was, to drive the enemy from the heights of Camper Duyn, the villages under these heights and finally to take possession of Bergen; the second was to force the enemy's position at Walmenhuysen and Schoreldam, and to co-operate with the column under Lieut. Gen. D'Harman; and the third, to take possession of Ouds Carpsel, at the head of the Lange Dyke, a great road leading to Alkmaer.

It is necessary to observe that the country in which we had to act presented, in every direction, the most formidable obstacles. The enemy upon their left occupied to great advantage the high sand hills, which extend from the sea in front of Petten to the town of Bergen, and was entrenched in three intermediate villages. The country over which the columns under Lieut. Gens. Dundas and Sir James Pulteney had to move for the attack of the fortified ports of Walmenhuysen, Schoreldam and the Lange Dyke, is a plane intersected every three or four hundred yards by broad deep wet ditches and canals. The bridges across the only two or three roads which led to these places were destroyed; and abatis were laid at different distances.

Lieut. Gen. D'Hermann's column commenced its attack, which was conducted with the greatest spirit and gallantry, at half past three o'clock in the morning, and by 8 had succeeded in so great a degree as to be in possession of Bergen. In the wooded country which surrounds this village the principal force of the enemy was placed, and the Russian troops advancing with an intrepidity which overlooked the formidable resistance with which they were to meet, had not retained that order which was necessary to preserve the advantages they had gained; and they were, in consequence after a most vigorous resistance, obliged to retire from Bergen, [where I am much concerned to state, Lieut. Gens. D'Herman and Tcherischekoff were made prisoners, the latter dangerously wounded] and fell back upon Schoreldam, which village they were also forced to abandon, but which was immediately retaken by Major Gen. Manner's brigade, notwithstanding the very heavy fire of the enemy. Here this brigade was immediately reinforced by two battalions of Russians, which had co-operated with Lieut. Gen. Dundas, in the attack, of Walmenhuysen, by Maj. Gen. D'Oyley's brigade of guards, and by the 35th regiment under the command of his Highness Prince William. The action was renewed by these troops for a considerable time with success; but the entire want of ammunition on the part of the Russians, and the exhausted state of the whole corps engaged in that particular situation, obliged them to retire, which they did in good order, upon Petten and the Zuyper Sluys.

As soon as it was sufficiently light, the attack upon the village of Walmenhuysen where the enemy was strongly posted with cannon, was made by Lieut. General Dundas. Three battalions of Russians, who formed a separate corps, destined to co-operate from Krabbendam in this attack, commanded by Maj. Gen. Sedmoratazky, very gallantly stormed the village on its left flank, while at the same time it was entered on the right by the 1st regiment of guards. The grenadier battalion of the guards, had been previously detached to march upon Schoreldam, on the left of Lieut. Gen. D'Hermann's columns, as was the 3d regi-

ment of guards, and the 2d battalion of 5th regiment, to keep up the communication with that of Lieut. Sir James Pulteney. The remainder of Lieut. Gen. Dundas's column, which after taking possession of Walmenhuysen, had been joined by the 1st battalion of the 5th regiment, marched against Schoreldam, which place they maintained, under a very heavy and galling fire, until the troops engaged on their right had retired at the conclusion of the action.

The column under Lieut. Gen. Sir James Pulteney proceeded to its object of attack at the time appointed, and after overcoming the greatest difficulties and the most determined opposition, carried by storm the principal post of Ouds Carpsel at the head of the Lange Dyke; Upon which occasion the 40th regiment under the command of Col. Spencer, embraced a favorable opportunity which presented itself of highly distinguishing themselves.

This point was defended by the chief force of the Batavian army under the command of Gen. Daendels. The circumstances, however, which occurred on the right, rendered it impossible to profit by this brilliant exploit, which will ever reflect the highest credit on the general officers and troops engaged in it; and made it necessary to withdraw Lieut. Gen. Sir James Pulteney's column from the position which he had taken within a short distance of Alkmaer. The same circumstances led to the necessity of recalling the corps under Lieut. Gen. Sir Ralph Abercromby, who had proceeded without interruption to Hoorne, of which city he had taken possession, together with the garrison. The whole of the army has therefore re-occupied its former position.

The well grounded hopes I had entertained of complete success in this operation, and which were fully justified by the result of the three, and by the first successes of the fourth attack upon the right, add to the great disappointment I must naturally feel on this occasion: but the circumstances which have occurred I should have considered of very little great importance, had I not to lament the loss of many brave officers and soldiers, both of his majesty's and the Russian troops, who have fallen.

The gallantry displayed by the troops engaged, the spirit with which they overcome every obstacle which nature and art opposed to them, and the cheerfulness with which they maintained the fatigues of an action which lasted without intermission from half past 3 o'clock in the morning until 5 in the afternoon, are beyond my powers to describe or extol. Their exertions fully entitle them to the admiration and gratitude of their king and country.

Having thus faithfully detailed the events of this attack, and paid the tribute of regret due to the distinguished merit of those who fell, I have much consolation in being able to state, that the efforts which have been made, although not crowned with immediate success, so far from militating against the general object of the campaign; promise to be highly useful to our future operations. The capture of 60 officers, and upwards of 3000 men, with the destruction of 26 pieces of cannon, with large supplies of ammunition, which the interdicted nature of the country did not admit of being withdrawn, are convincing proofs that the loss of the enemy in the field has been superior to our own; and in addition to this, it is material to state, that nearly 15,000 of the allied troops had unavoidably no share in this action.

I transmit herewith returns of the killed, wounded and missing.

I am, Sir, your's &c.

FREDERICK.

P. S. Not having yet received returns of the Russian troops, I can only observe, that I understand their loss in killed, wounded, and missing amounts to near 1500 men.

Defultory Paragraphs.

The fleet at Brett are provisioned for 3 months.

Hesse Cassel, of the German Empire, has determined on neutrality in the present war.

L' Ami de Loix (Paris paper) of Sept. 8, states, that letters at Switzerland were received, with news, that the armies in that country were engaged, and that victory appeared inclined to favour the French.

A third division of the expedition destined for Holland, was said to be preparing to sail for Holland, with troops to be commanded by his royal highness the Duke of Cumberland.

Lavoter has escaped from the clutches of the French. He did not like their physiognomy.

British Parliament.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, Sept. 30.

Col. Galeone brought up 4 petitions from the merchants of Liverpool, praying

relief for the West India Merchants; the object a mere temporary loan to meet the present exigency, arising from the great quantity of West India produce on hand. Half a million was the sum asked for, and 2 millions and a half of produce was now lying dead in the single port of Liverpool. There was now 19,000 hogheads of sugar on hand, and yet trifling demand. He concluded with moving leave to lay said petition on the table.

To a question from the Speaker, Col. Galeone said the merchants would give ample security, that no eventual loss should fall on the public.

Mr. Pitt thought the difficulty a serious one, and the case one of those few in which the House ought to grant relief.

The bill to enable his majesty to avail himself of the further service of the militia went through a committee. On the question for going into the above committee, Mr. Jones conceived it would be a species of twaddling to keep the Dutch Fleet if we did not succeed in restoring the Stadtholder.

Mr. Firney thought also, that the getting the Fleet, as we did, bound us to pursue the plan for the restoration of the Stadtholder, notwithstanding what difficulties should arise.

Mr. Pitt said there was no such engagement, though, in honour, we were bound to use every exertion for that effect. At the same time he took that opportunity of declaring, that nothing had happened to lessen our assurance of success for that, since the short time this subject was last discussed advice had been received from our fleets, that they had been received in more than 5 or two towns as Deliverers and that the standard of the ancient Government was re-erected.

The report of the militia bill was then brought up, and ordered to be received to-morrow.

On the motion of Mr. Pitt, the House then resolved itself into a committee of supply, on which the following resolutions were moved and agreed to.

That 120,000 seamen, including 22,699 marines, be granted to his majesty for the service of two lunar months, commencing the first January 1800—A sum of 444,000l. for wages for the same, at the rate of 11. 17s. per man, for the above period—A sum of 456,000l. for maintenance at the rate of 11. 18s. per man—A sum of 720,000 for ware and tear of ships, at the rate of 31. a man per month—A sum of 60,000l. for ordnance, at the rate of 5s. per month—That a sum of 3,000,000l. be granted to his majesty to pay off the exchequer bills issued, in consequence of the exchequer loan bill of last session, and payable on the first day of the session.

The report was then brought up and ordered to be received to-morrow, and the committee of Supply deferred till Wednesday.

Adjourned.

Mr. Pitt, in addition to what he had already said relative to the intelligence from Holland, mentioned, that the advice from our fleets stated that at every place where the people of the country could show their real dispositions, they were languine in favour of the Stadtholder, and manifested the greatest joy and exultation.

Sept. 28.

Suwarrow has removed his headquarters to Turin for the purpose of securing the Piedmontese frontiers, of covering any attack from the Valais, and of keeping open a communication with Switzerland.

The most important intelligence, at least to this country, brought by the mail, relates to the commercial state of Hamburg. Our readers are acquainted with the numerous failures which have lately taken place in that city, occasioned in a great measure by numerous speculation. Six houses failed between the 18th and 20th, one of them a very large house, which had considerable dealings with England, Holland, America, Spain, Denmark, Russia, Naples and France. This calamity has roused the attention of all the Hamburg merchants, who have had several meetings. It was first proposed to follow the plan adopted a few years ago in this country: viz. the issue of commercial bills, but this proposal met with opposition. It was at length determined to form a commercial fund of relief, to which some of the most respectable houses in Hamburg have subscribed one million and a half of marks. It is hoped that this remedy will be effectual.

Lieut. Harris, wounded and since dead in Holland, is a son of the conqueror of Seringapatam.

Gen. Moreau was still with the army of Italy on the 21st Fructider (Sept. 7.) He published a declaration that day, that the city of Genoa was in a state of siege.

The town of Perouse has surrendered to the Allies in Italy.

PARIS, Sept. 22.

Letters from the Hague of the 12th inst state that great dissatisfaction has shown itself among the Dutch troops, which was the cause of the failure of the French attack on the enemy's lines in Holland on the tenth inst. The Dutch ran away in such numbers towards Haerlem, that it was found necessary to shut the gates against them.

Tho' our army left the field of battle at Novi, that action must ever cause the most dreadful sensations to our enemies. Moreau brought back our troops with complete success to their former posts, and they were to little dispirited by what they suffered, that eight days after, the enemy thinking to surprise one of our divisions was surprized himself, and we took 5,000 prisoners. This intelligence is authentic. Our soldiers have less suffered from the swords of the Russians than from the want of subsistence.—They are in want of provisions and cloths, and if not furnished with them, every thing is lost. Desertion has already commenced among them, and upwards of 3000 of them have deserted to the enemy, almost famished and naked.

The Directory have decreed that there shall be formed between Mactricht and Brussels a new army, to be called "The Army of the North."

There was in the night of the 24th Fructidor a meeting of a number of the members of the two councils at the department of Barras, composed of the leaders and the men of the greatest influence of different sentiments. This conference had for its end mutual explanations, and to reconcile all parties.

Success to the Batavian army are pouring in from all quarters. 6000 French have been detached from Belgium; and the 15,000 men who were encamped at Liege, have also orders to march thither.

Bernadotte, the minister at war, has been dismissed. The directory say they except his resignation, which he denies having given in.—A number of Jacobins, who were in different employments resigned on his dismissal. He is succeeded by Dohois Crance.

Groups of people continue to form about the Palace of the Council of 509, but the armed force disperses them.

The Dutch gen. Daendels, on the 8th instant issued an order, that every place displaying the Orange flag should be set on fire, and that the Batavian troops should fire on every person wearing a cockade of that description.

The Emperor of Russia is on his way to Vienna. That monarch was expected at Limberg on the 10th inst. He travels under the title of the Count of Mucow. The Empress, the young Grand Duke, and a young Princess, will accompany him to Vienna.

Massena writes to the Directory from the head quarters at Lentzbourg, dated the 14th September—

"Citizen Directors,

"The latest accounts which have been transmitted me by gens. Molitor and Mortier, inform me that the loss of the enemy in the affair of Glaris and Wollishoffen, is infinitely more considerable than we learn by former accounts, and that an Austrian gen. has been killed.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 15.

The main forces under prince Charles, are said to have made a powerful diversion, and to have penetrated across the Rhine into Alsace. The last precise accounts from that army left the head quarters at Donaueschingen.

A violent cannonading has been heard all last night, coming from the Mayence direction. The particulars of the action, as it is suggested one must have taken place, are not yet arrived.

MILAN, Sept. 3.

On the 30th of Aug. a dreadful accident happened in the citadel of Alessandria. The magazine of bombs caught fire, and was blown up into the air with a most tremendous explosion. About 100 men lost their lives on this occasion, and several wounded. All the windows in Alessandria were shattered, and many of the houses suffered considerable damage.

HAERLEM, Sept. 21.

The Directory has asked for full powers from the legislative body, to reward or punish such officers of the Batavian army, as, upon the representation of gen. Brune, may appear to deserve rewards or punishments.

Several French troops have been sent to Helvoetsluys and Goree.

Adjutant general d'Ardenne has written to our war minister as follows:

"I announce to you that about 12,500 French soldiers are coming to us, and are marching from Rotte-dam to Haerlem. Of these, 3500 are intended to complete the different corps. They march with a de-

tachment of cannoneers, 6 pieces of cannon, 7 ammunition waggons, and 35,000 cartridges.—There are five hundred cavalry with them.

PALERMO, Sept. 8.

This day the King of Naples, accompanied by an English squadron, arrived here, amidst the acclamations of the people. Before his majesty left Naples, he distributed rewards to several persons. The brother of Cardinal Ruffo was appointed a colonel, with a pension of 3000 ducats. The bishops of Capaccio and Policastro commanded the advanced guard of the cardinal in his march to Naples, and the other had collected a body of 12,000 men in the province of Palermo, and defended this province against three attacks of the French. A number of officers who had distinguished themselves, were rewarded in various ways by the King. On the other hand, the Archbishop of Naples, Zurlo Capcece, on account of his irregular conduct, during the presence of the French, was sentenced to confinement for life in a cloister; and the bishop of Capaccio has been put in his place.

DUBLIN, Sept. 17.

The surrender of Napper Tandy by the government of Hamburg, as stated some time ago in the Times and other prints, is now positively contradicted by some of the London papers.

The French were distracted by the British mode of sending their troops to Holland. They failed in divisions. When one had made a descent on Holland—and the French were preparing to march to the assistance of their sister Republic, lo, another fleet appeared ready to leave England; which occasioned them to fear for parts of their own coast, and to countermand their orders. This has facilitated the operations against Holland.

LONDON, Sept. 27.

The Secretary at war has issued the following notice to volunteers from the militia, who have not joined the regular corps:—

"Whereas several men discharged from the militia for the purpose of enlisting into the regular forces, may have been prevented, by sickness or other unavoidable causes, from repairing to the places to which they had been ordered, and may now be at a loss how to proceed, they are informed that the said volunteers are immediately to repair to Chatham barracks, from whence they will be forwarded to the particular regular regiments in which they had voluntarily declared their intention of enlisting."

The lords of the admiralty have expressed their thanks to the boatmen of Deal, for their prompt, zealous and disinterested services in the embarkation of the troops.—They would accept of no reward whatever, though five guineas for every boat load was offered them, they refused it, saying, "that they had volunteered the service and would perform it without a fee."

The Emperor of Russia has created captain Popham a Knight of Malta, which has the agreeable appendage of a salary of 600l. sterling a year.

Sept. 20.

Sir Ralph Abercrombie and vice admiral Mitchell, were elected Burgesses of Southampton on the 13th inst. as a mark of respect for the eminent services they have rendered to their country.

By an estimate of the total loss of men of the allied and French armies during the present campaign, taken from a French publication, the amount is 116,400 men.

Domestic Intelligence.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.

Arrived last evening, the schooner Sea Flower, Capt. Mann, from Porto Cavallo. Capt. Mann informs, that on the 25th of October, in the morning, on his passage from La Guira to Porto Cavallo, he was brought to by the British frigate Surprise, captain Hamilton. The Surprise had then in her possession the Spanish frigate Hermoine, formerly a British frigate, commanded by Pi-gott, in the murder of whom the famous Danbury Irishman, Thomas Nash, alias Jonathan Robbins was concerned.

The Surprise had the night before, sent 6 boats, manned with 80 men, and boarded the Hermoine then lying in Porto Cavallo. The Englishmen knocked down the centinels, upon deck, and dispatched the Spaniards as fast as they attempted to come up, until the ship was surrendered. It is this gallant enterprise, capt. Hamilton informed capt. M. that he had lost but 3 men. 60 of the Spaniards were killed.

The Hermoine was completely fitted, provisioned for six months. And manned with 350 men. The whole of the crew were stowed on board the schooner Sea Flower, by which the were carried back to Porto Cavallo.

A Baltimore account lays, that the Hermoine had on board, when taken, in specie

and cargo, upwards of two millions of dollars.

Nov. 30.

The Launch,

Frigate City of Philadelphia.

At half past two o'clock yesterday afternoon this elegant ship was safely launched into the Delaware, accompanied by the acclamations of thousands of spectators, who lined the shore. As soon as she was afloat, salutes were fired from the Augusta and Richmond armed brig, lying at anchor in the cove.

The tide serving at an earlier hour than was expected (owing to a strong wind from the south east) the launch took place sooner than was intended; by which a great number of people, who promised themselves the pleasure of viewing this beautiful operation, were disappointed, but who were, however much gratified by afterwards seeing one of the finest ships ever built in this country, safely moored.

The City of Philadelphia, is an evidence of the patriotism of the merchants of the city after which she is named, being built by their subscriptions—will carry 44 heavy guns, and be commanded by captain Decatur formerly of the Delaware sloop of war.

NORFOLK, Nov. 21

We are authorized to state, that the U. S. frigate Chesapeake, building at Gosport, will be launched on Saturday the 30th inst. between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock in the forenoon.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Martinique to his friend in this town, dated the last of October, received by the brig Peggy, arrived yesterday.

"I here has been an embargo at Guadaloupe since the seventh. General Desborneaux is under arrest there, and two French frigates have arrived there from France."

WILMINGTON, Dec. 2.

Lyceum of Delaware.

A STATED MEETING of the LYCEUM of DELAWARE, will be held at my School-room on Monday evening next, when the following question will be discussed:

"Is the habitual use of spirituous liquors, consistent with health, and morals?"

It was determined at the last Meeting of the Society, that "genius is more dependant on education, than on nature."

DANIEL COLEMAN, Sec'y.

Nov. 29.

The foreign intelligence in this paper will be found highly interesting.

Benjamin Ogle, Esq. has been re appointed Governor of Maryland.

Capt. Baker, of the Delaware sloop of war, has captured the Ocean, French privateer of 16 guns, after a chase of about six hours.

Earl St. Vincent has not resigned the command of the Mediterranean fleet.—He was absent on leave, and has returned.

The following Members of Congress arrived in Philadelphia on Thursday evening last from New York:

Of the Senate: Mr. Tracy, from Connecticut.

Of the House of Representatives: Mr. Rutledge, of south Carolina; and Messrs. Wadsworth and Williams, of Massachusetts.

On the score of Jonathan Robbins, Democracy is awed into silence; and all the changes which it had wrung on that flowing subject, are laid aside neglected for denunciations of forged letters and dead men. Truth will still hold her course, whatever discomfitures she may produce to the minions of calumny and slander.

[OFFICIAL]

FRENCH ARMED VESSELS,

Captured by the Armed Vessels of the United States.

Privateer Ich'r Le Croyable, Martin, 14 guns, 54 men—by capt. Decatur.

Privateer Ich'r Sans Pareil, Tonin, 16 guns, 87 men—by captains Barry and Decatur.

Brig Les Amis, Mitchel, 6 guns, 18 men by capt. Murray.

Privateer Ich'r L'Amour de Patrie, 6 guns, 60 men, by capt. Barry.

Privateer Ich'r Syren, —, 4 guns, 36 men, by capt. Barron.

Privateer Ich'r Tartouffe, Philéon, 8 guns 60 men, by capt. Barry.

Privateer Ich'r Marfomin, Hermand, 11 guns 70 men, by capt. Decatur.

Letter of Marque Ich'r Union, 6 guns, 32 men, by capt. Murray.

Privateer Ich'r Vanquier, 8 guns.

A privateer Ich'r by lieutenant Speake.

A privateer Ich'r by capt. Truxton.

Privateer Ich'r Diligent by captain Truxton.

National frigate L'Insurgent, Bureau, 40 guns, 407 men, by capt. Truxton.

National Ich'r Magicienne, Legeaux, 14 guns, 36 men, by capt. Brown.

Privateer Ich'r Bon Pere, Boudir, by lieutenant Cambell.

Letter of Marque Ich'r Buonaparte, by capt. Brown.

VESSELS.

Recaptured by the Armed Vessels of the United States.

A large English ship, coal and goods, by capt. Nicholson.

American Ich'r Neutrality, by do.

English packet Carteret, by do.

American brig Harmony, dry goods, by capt. Brown.

American sloop Vermont, by capt. Barry.

English Ich'r Maria, by do.

English Ich'r Clero, dry goods, do.

American ship Nancy do. by lieutenant Cambell.

American brig Mehtable, do. by do.

American ship Cygnet, do. by captain Murray.

American ship Eliza, do. by capt. Tingey.

English ship Brothers, do. by capt. Truxton.

American ship Francis, do. by captain Fletcher.

American brig Fair American, dry goods capt. Murray.

English Indianan ship Amelia, cargo said to be valued at 250,000 dollars, dry goods, by capt. Talbot.

An English Letter of Marque, valued at 100,000 dollars, sugar, by lieutenant Hilyer.

A number of captures and recaptures, lately made, are not included in the above.

The George Washington, Capt. Fletcher it is said, goes to bring home the Envoys; when they have finished their mission.

Capt. Lewis arrived at New York, from St. Kitts, informs, that previous to his sailing the United States sloop of war Delaware captured and sent in there a French Bermudian built privateer, of 14 guns, masts and rig, and 150 men—while chasing her the privateer carried away her topmast.

About one o'clock on Sunday morning the 24th ult, the citizens of Philadelphia were alarmed by the cry of fire. It proceeded from a stable belonging to Mr. Jonathan Penrose, sheriff. Owing to the great alacrity of the citizens in extinguishing the fire, a number of surrounding wooden buildings were perverted. It is supposed the building was purposely set on fire by some unknown villain.

The Insurgente frigate, capt. Murray, was cruising off Teneriffe, on the 13th of October.

Duelling seems, in New York, to be a matter of sport. We read of three, four, and in one instance of eight brace of pistols discharged by this bloody race of duellists, without effect. There is hardly any thing more disgusting, than to see two cubs, after rattling away half a dozen bullets a piece at each other's brains, disappoint the expectations and the hopes of murder mongers, and return back both alive and well. Gaz. U. S.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.

Capt. Lewis, arrived yesterday in 16 days from Nevis, informs, that the United States brig Pickering had brought in a brig belonging to Charleston, which she recaptured from the French; and the Baltimore U. S. sloop of war had sent a French privateer into St. Bartholomews.

PROVIDENCE, November 14.

Thursday last arrived at Newport, a Ich'r from one of Rigauds ports in the West-Indies, bound to Portland, with a valuable cargo—She was sent in by the Gen. Greene, capt. Perry for adjudication.

Notice is hereby given,

TO the Trustees of the Poor of Newcastle county, that a meeting of the board will be held at the Poor-House in the township of Newcastle, on the first Wednesday of January next, at ten o'clock A. M. at which time and place the Collectors of the poor-tax are requested to stand prepared to settle their respective balances with the Treasurer of the Board: all those delinquents after that day, must expect their bonds will be placed in the hands of an attorney, and a report of those delinquent Collectors will be made to the Levy Court. The several Constables in the county of Newcastle who may have received fines under the laws of this State, for the use of the Poor, are requested to settle the same with the treasurer of the board: Also, the Rangers of the hundred of Newcastle county are requested to settle the balance for the sale of Arays in their hands, with the treasurer aforesaid.

JOHN CROW.

Nov. 26.

71—id

*A Curious Sermon.*

By the Rev. Mr. HYBERDIN, which he made at the request of certain Thieves that robbed him on a Hill, near Hartly Row in Hampshire, in their presence, and at that instant.

"I greatly marvel that any man will dispraise thieving, and think the doers thereof worthy of death, considering it a thing that cometh near unto virtue, being used in all countries, and commanded by God himself: which thing I cannot compendiously shew unto you at so short a warning, and on so sharp an occasion. I must desire yon gentle audience of thieves, to take in good part what at this time cometh into my mind; not doubting but that you, through your good knowledge, are able to add much more unto it than this which I shall now offer unto you.

"First, fortitude and stoutness of courage, and boldness of mind, is commended by some men to be a virtue; which being granted, who is there then that will not judge thieves to be virtuous? for not only you that are here present but also many others in divers places, both men, women and children, rich and poor, are daily of the faculty, as the hangman testify; and that it is allowed by God himself, is evident from scripture; for if you examine the whole course of the Bible, you will find that thieves have been beloved of God; for Jacob when he came out of Mesopotamia did steal his uncle Laban's kids. The same Jacob also stole his brother Esau's blessing; and yet God said, 'I have chosen Jacob and refused Esau.' The children of Israel when they came out of Egypt, did steal the Egyptians jewels of silver and jewels of gold, as God commanded them to do,

"David, in the days of Abiathar the high priest, came into the temple, and stole the hallowed bread! and yet God said David is a man after my own heart. Christ himself, when he was here on earth, did take an ass and a colt that was none of his; and yet God said, 'this is my beloved son, in whom I am well pleased.' Thus you see God delighted in thieves.

"But most of all, I marvel that men can dispraise you thieves whereas in many points you be like unto Christ himself; for Christ had no dwelling place, no more have you; Christ went from town to town and so do you, Christ at length was caught and so will you; he went down to hell and so will you. In this you differ from him; for he arode, and went into heaven; so you'll never do without God's great mercy; which God grant you. To whom with the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost, be all honour & glory, for ever and ever. Amen."

The sermon being ended, struck with remorse, they returned the money. N. B. The above was extracted from the Catonian Library, before the fire which happened at Ashburnham House, October 23, 1731.

ANECDOTES.

A gentleman in the country was reading in a late Federal paper the statement of votes for Governor in Pennsylvania, which gave a vast majority for Judge M'Kean. He observed to his neighbor (who was standing by) — "What can the printer mean by this observation, 'Taint pis.' He means, says his neighbor, that the success of the "French Democrats" has given him the gravel, and that he can't p—s.

It was said of a woman of the town, by a rake who knew her and law her in a prison, that she had now teen the four ages; the golden one, when her favours would procure her a guinea; the silver one, when they came down to half a crown; the brazen one when she was not beneath accepting a copper; and at length the iron one, now she was reduced to look through a prison window.

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT I intend making application at the next session of the Legislature of the State of Delaware, to replace a title deed, from Margaret Watson to Samuel M'Clintock, for a tract of land in Brandywine hundred, bounded by lands of Joseph Day, John Kenedy, Wm. Talley, and Wm. Wood, containing 220 acres; which deed was lodged in the loan-office of Newcastle county when the mortgage was executed, and there lost or taken away by the British troops in the year 1777.

SAMUEL M'CLINTOCK.

O. G. 3. 55. \*12 Jan.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having demands against STEPHEN COOK, jun. late of Longstone Township, Chester county, are desired to meet at the house of Robert Miller, in the Township aforesaid, known by the name of the Half-way-house, on Second-day the second of the Twelfth Month next, with their accounts properly authenticated, in order that the trustees may know the amount of his debts, so as to enable them to make a dividend of his estate, according to law.

JOHN PHILLIPS, } Trustees.  
EVAN MORRIS, }

Chester county, the 20th of 10th Mo. 1799. 61. \*1M

COMB MANUFACTORY.

EDWARD DEHAVEN,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he carries on the Comb-Manufactory as extensive as usual, and has on hand a large assortment of every kind of Combs, equal to any made in this country, or imported, which he will sell low for cash. Country storekeepers may be supplied at the shortest notice, by applying to his Manufactory, opposite the Methodist Meeting-house, Walnut-street, Wilmington. A Journeyman and Apprentice wanted to said business.

Sept. 28. 53—  
Fifteen Hundred Dollars.

WAS delivered to the Postmaster here, in the Post-Office, on the evening of Tuesday the 27th ult. a letter directed to Mr. John Mills, merchant, Baltimore, containing two Alexandria Bank Notes—No. 4320, in favor of William Taylor, and dated 30th April, 1798, for One Thousand Dollars, and No. 4511, in favor of John P. Pleasants, and dated the 10th of December, 1798, for Five Hundred Dollars; which letter has been suppressed in a post-office, and the bank notes taken out, as the public mail was not stopped, molested nor robbed.

Bankers and merchants are particularly requested to watch the circulation of said notes and stop them; and any person giving such information as will lead us to our money, shall have FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS reward.

WILSON & SWANN.

Fredericksburg, (Virg.) }  
Sept. 9, 1799. } 53—

Wanted Immediately,

As an APPRENTICE, A youth of an age between the years of 12 and 18, who can write a tolerably legible hand, to be employed in the business of the offices of Recorder of Deeds and Clerk of the Orphans Court. During the time for which such person may engage, every attention shall be given in order to afford him information as to these offices, and likewise to learn him Conveyancing.

GEORGE BOOTH.

New-Castle, Nov. 9. 65—1f

TO BE RENTED

For a term of years, and immediate Possession given.

A STONE GRIST MILL, with two water wheels and three pair of Burr Mill Stones, situated in the Borough of Wilmington, on the fourth east side of Brandywine creek, lately occupied by David Morton & Co. They have been considerably improved and repaired.

Also, a convenient Two Story brick Dwelling House adjacent to the Mills, with sufficient garden ground. For terms apply to

JAMES PEMBERTON } Philadelphia.  
JOHN MORTON. }  
CYRUS NEWLIN, Wilmington. } Philadelphia, 5th Mo. 30. 19—1w 1f

PROPOSALS FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,

A M A P

OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE,

And part of the State of Pennsylvania, together with the frontiers of the river Delaware and its bay.

As the shoals and banks in the river and bay have undergone considerable changes, the ancient charts are inaccurate, and consequently useless—It is of great importance to the pilots of Pennsylvania and other pilots, who navigate the Delaware, that these shoals and banks should be perfectly known; on the map therefore they shall be marked with the utmost accuracy and the soundings noted in fathoms—the soundings will be verified by the chart pilots of the Delaware and their signatures affixed.

This map shall also contain the towns, villages, and the principal places of worship, the most considerable mills and manufactories, the rivers and creeks with their best anchorages, and the places where canals have been proposed to be made, the hills and plains shall be distinguished, the chief roads, with the distances from town to town, noted.

As the State of Pennsylvania has some prospect of opening a canal from the Chesapeake to the Delaware, it is of great importance to know the best place for that purpose—the places where such a canal could be cut shall be traced, and an estimate of the cost of each submitted. A part of the Susquehanna canal in Maryland and of the Chesapeake bay, with its soundings, will be shewn.

CONDITIONS.

This map shall be printed on the finest and strongest paper, and shall be engraved and printed in any map which has hitherto been published in the United States—the price will be Three dollars to each subscriber, one third to be paid at the time of subscribing and the two thirds remaining on the delivery of the map—those who subscribe for two copies shall have their publications at a mill marked out on the map if desired, with their names—the size two by four feet—this map will be completed within one year from this date.

VARLE.

May 1, 1799.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Having been acquainted for several years with Peter Charles Varle, I am fully persuaded that he is a man of integrity; and by several considerations I am induced to believe, that he is well qualified for making a valuable map of this State.

JOHN DICKENSON.

Wilmington, 5th mo. 18, 1799.

The subscribers hereby inform the public, by request of Mr. Varle, that they believe him to have been regularly bred to the profession of engineers, and well qualified to execute his proposals for a map of this State, &c. He has been employed as engineer of two canals in this country; of which he has two certificates, signed by the Hon. H. K. Fox, late secretary of war, and Samuel Heughs, governor of the Susquehanna canal.

He has, also, taken drafts of most of our principal towns. These testimonials, we presume, are sufficient to shure the public, that he will perform his present engagement to their satisfaction.

GUNNING BEDFORD,  
JAMES TILTON,  
JESAR A. RODNEY,  
JOHN VAUGHAN.

Wilmington, May 31, 1799.

Maps of the Island of Hispaniola or St. Domingo, plans of Philadelphia, Baltimore and Wilmington, may be had of Mr. James Wilson, Wilmington, or of Mr. Darrah, Newcastle.

TO THE

Enterprising Young Men of the State of Delaware.

SEVERAL Rendezvous are opened in this State for the purpose of Recruiting for the Old Regiments on the Western Frontiers, viz one at George-Town in the county of Sussex, under the superintendance of Lieut. Peter Robinson; and at Dover, superintended by Lieut. Eli B. Clifton; and one at this place, by Lieut. Charles Smith; by which an opportunity now presents itself to any Enterprising Young Man to explore that Garden of the world, free of expence, and enable him to make choice of a spot on which, after the expiration of his time of service, he may with a moderate share of industry spend the remainder of his life, with more ease and competency than on any other spot in the globe. This is the decided opinion of the subscribers, after exploring the greater part of the western territory.

To the advantage of the productive nature of the soil, the low price at which land may at this time be obtained, you are to add that of being among the first to settle a new State, where virtue is to meet its reward, and property to increase as population encreaseth.

The bounty offered by government is liberal he pay handsome, the rations wholesome and abundant, the annual allowance of clothing ample, in case of sickness, medical assistance furnished gratis; and their pay 50 cts. Should any have the honor of receiving a wound, a pension for life, with the privilege of being exempt, while serving as soldiers, from all personal debts, for debt or contract. For further particulars apply to either of the gentlemen above named, or to the subscriber at this place.

J. CASS, Major 3d Regt. Infantry, Superintending the Recruiting Service in the State of Delaware.

Borough of Wilmington, }  
October 30. } 62—1f

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 25th of April last, from the subscriber living in Cecil county, North Susquehanna hundred, a young negro man named

B E N,

a thick well-set fellow, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has large feet, smooth faced, with hair on his forehead, and one on the back of the middle finger of his right hand. His clothing was a pair of blue and brown, filled with black yarn, and two row linen shirt; his other clothing unknown. Any person securing him in any goal, so that the owner may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home.

GREENBURY RAWLINGS.

May 9. 18—1f

Notice is hereby given,

To all persons having any demands against the estate of SARAH JANVIER, late of Newcastle, deceased, to produce them for settlement; and all those indebted to said estate, are requested to make payment, to

JOHN STOCKTON, Executor. Wilmington, Sept. 5. 46 2M

Treasury Department.

March 11th, 1799.

Public Notice is hereby Given,

Pursuant to the Act of Congress, passed on the 17th day of June, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, entitled, "An Act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military services, and for the better regulation of United States land for propagating the gospel among the Heathen;" and the Act supplementary to the said revised Act, passed on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine—  
to wit:

THAT the tract of land hereinafter described, namely, "beginning at the North West corner of the seven ranges of townships, and running thence five miles due South, along the western boundary of the said ranges—thence due West to the Main Branch of the Schuylkill river; thence up the said Branch of the said river to the place where the Indian boundary line crosses the same;—thence along the said boundary line to the Tuscaroras branch of the Muncy river at the crossing place above Port Lawrence; thence down the said river, to the point where a line run due West from the place of beginning, will intersect the said river; thence along the line to run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townships of five miles square, and fractional parts of townships; and that plans and surveys of the said townships and fractional parts of townships are deposited in the office of the Register of the Treasury and Surveyor General, for the inspection of all persons concerned.

The holders of such warrants as have been or shall be granted for military services, performed during the late war, are requested to present the same to the Register of the Treasury, at some day prior to the twentieth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred, for the purpose of being registered: No registry will however be made of any less quantity than a quarter township, or four thousand acres.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be presented and registered in manner aforesaid, prior to the twentieth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred, will immediately after the said day, be determined by lot, in the mode prescribed by the act first recited.

IV.

The holders of registered warrants, shall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred, in the order in which the priority of location shall be determined by lot as aforesaid, personally or by their agents, designate in writing at the office of the Register of the Treasury, the particular quarter townships elected by them respectively, and such of the said holders as shall not designate their locations on the said days shall be postponed in locating facts warrants to all other holders of registered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military services sufficient to cover one or more quarter townships or tracts of four thousand acres each, shall at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, one thousand eight hundred, and prior to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and two, be allowed to register the said warrants in manner aforesaid, and forthwith to make locations thereon on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military services, which shall not be registered and located before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and two, are by the supplementary act of Congress hereinafter recited, null and void on the second day of March, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above expressed,

Oiver Wolcott,  
Secretary of the Treasury.

April 17.

Philadelphia, Dover, and Norfolk MAIL STAGES,

LEAVE Dover every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, at three o'clock, and arrive at Philadelphia the same evenings; leave Philadelphia every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, at three o'clock, from John Brown's tavern, sign of the Coburg, (where the office is kept) and arrive at Dover the same evenings, where passengers exchange seats for Philadelphia and Norfolk.

The Norfolk Stage

Leaves Dover every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, and arrive at Northampton every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday; where there are good Packet-Boats always in readiness to convey passengers, &c. to Norfolk. Returns from Northampton every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, and arrive at Dover every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

An Extra Stage

Leaves Wilmington every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at eight o'clock in the morning, and arrives at Dover the same evenings. Returns every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and arrives at Wilmington the same evenings.

The Fare of each Passenger.

From Philadelphia to Wilmington, } Dols. Cents  
From Wilmington to Dover, } 1 50  
From Dover to Northampton, } 3 —  
One hundred and fifty pounds weight the same as a passenger—at the owner's risk.

The Stage-Office is kept at the house of Joshua Jackson, Market-street, Wilmington; where those Ladies and Gentlemen who prefer travelling this route, will please to enter their names.

BRINKLE ROE & Co.  
JOSHUA JACKSON & Co.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Saturday the 23d of June, from the subscriber, living in Appropriation hundred, Newcastle county, state of Delaware, a negro man, named

S A M,

a black fellow, 31 years of age, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high, rather slender made, moves slow, and has very little to say. He professes to belong to the Methodist Society. Had on when he went away a homespun [kind of lead-colour] cloth coat, row trowsers and shirt, both newly new, coarse shoes; but as he has with him a variety of other clothes, it is uncertain in what dress he will make his appearance. He has with him a long blue cloth coat, lined with pale blue; and also took with him a loaded whip, which has been mended with a long piece of brags on one end. It is supposed he is on his way to Philadelphia or the Jerseys.

Whoever takes up and secures the said negro, in any goal, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges, paid by

WILLIAM ALLFREE.

July 2 33—3f—1w 1f.

WILMINGTON: Printed on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, by SAMUEL & JOHN ADAMS, Printers of the Laws of the United States; for the DISTRICT OF DELAWARE—CORNER of KING & HIGH STREETS,