

Dover Oct.  
Confidential. July 27, 1850

Dear Sir

You say to day duly and my reply  
to the subject-matter, must be pretty much  
the same with my answer to a letter I  
rec'd from Mr. Ellington, soon  
after the adjournment of the Baltimore  
convention.

I am disgusted with politics & abhor-  
ingly tired with them, and wish to have no-  
thing to do with them.

But the very men and things which  
so disgust me, prevent me from being  
indifferent to passing events.

Mr. Andrew Johnson was my first  
choice. He is out of the question and  
now, Mr. Douglass is my first choice.  
I am utterly opposed to any compre-  
hensive whatever, and I believe I had  
rather compromise <sup>with</sup> any of the other  
interests than with the Brecken-  
ridge.

Whilst there I am opposed to any

compromise, and if it depended upon me there would be none, with the Breckinridge men, for I would never agree to it; nevertheless, I think there will be some sort of vote taken up on the 8<sup>th</sup> of next month, and there may be a possible condition of things, such as I may acquiesce in such compromise.

For instance - If the compromise should be effected by the Kent and Sussex Delegates, over the Newcastle Bay and, Whitley and Customs House faction, and if that faction should recede immediately from the convention (as many believe will be the case and some hope) and make open war upon that convention, its action and its nominees, then in that case, repugnant as compromise is to my feelings, I might consent to support at least the actions of the convention so far as to aid

in putting down that faction in  
this state. But to swallow com-  
promise with Breckinridge, reprob-  
ate deservious, and the Boyard  
Customhouse faction and all,  
is utterly out of the question.  
I would sooner not vote at all.

Hoping as strong of the Douglass men  
as here that there will be a bust up  
in the convention of the 8th inst, they generally  
say that the Boyard men will be  
driven from it. The Douglass men are  
generally approve of Douglass's  
pulling off the meeting of the  
convention as he has done.

We could were to try, elect Douglass  
delegates entirely both in East and  
West Dover decided to-morrow. But  
most of us - indeed I think I may  
say all whom have recently seen  
have determined not to meddle - to  
take no part in their proceedings  
to-morrow. I do not, myself, expect  
to attend the meeting.

I do not wish to be bound, nolens vo-  
lens, to support the action of that  
convention, or to cede. They would  
like us very much to put ourselves

in that situation. They would like to make us subject to the same species of cession with themselves, or to compel us to support them any how. They will catch some that way, but some they will not.

As for the meeting on the 9th, it is deemed impracticable. One of the objections to the call put out by Mr. Montgomery was that it did not allow time enough before the meeting of the Convention. This objection has greater force now. The lower counties now a time is needed there in New Castle. Especially as we have but one paper, and that of a limited circulation in Kent & Sussex.

It is expected that the delegation from your county will come down solid of the uncompromising Free-thinker faction, and that they will be stiffly overruled, and that they will consequently recede. This many think, to the Democratic party will be a happy ridance. I repeat such a condition of things could do more than any thing toward causing me to acquiesce in the action of that convention even with a compromise. And in that case perhaps I should acquire <sup>and</sup> keep the compromise should be too obnoxious.

Very Respectfully S. G. Laws

Dover Sept. 19<sup>th</sup> 1860  
Samuel Townsend Esqr

My dear Sir

Your letter came to hand and I hasten to reply. I have no doubt that until the whole matter is explained you will think strange of some things which transpired at our County meeting. One thing certain & believe Douglas is stronger in our County to-day than he was two weeks ago.

Matters were so far advanced toward the Convocation before we held our State Convention that we could not arrest them to any good result.

More than half of the County ticket is made of the best Douglas men in our County - the City Court Branch has five Douglas men - the Legislature three. More tickets will be polled for Douglas and myself under the present arrangement than could possibly be polled otherwise now.

Men are different in this County from men in New Castle as you must know and having some twelve Douglas Delegates in the Convention it would be impossible to thwart the present state of things, by rebelling. I will explain more fully all when on Saturday I come up to see you. I did as you know advocate a straight out ticket but W Laws and Hill, Kidgby & Commissioners and others having friends, near friends, on the ticket will not revolt. In your County things are worked differently. You are farther advanced, and God knows you are independent men. You need not fear the ticket already out to be under the finger of any man or set of men - three or four of the men were unknown to Saulsbury or Sharp. I am of opinion when you know all you will be pleased. As to W. Biggs my friends advise me to challenge him & Fisher to a series of joint meetings which I shall do. I am satisfied that the Breckenside Central Com. did not intend any indignity to me or my friends - The Saulsburys will do nothing to hurt me - they have too much respect for my friends. Not a name in the Douglas ranks has yet been set down against me - they are all true and I believe will protect me.

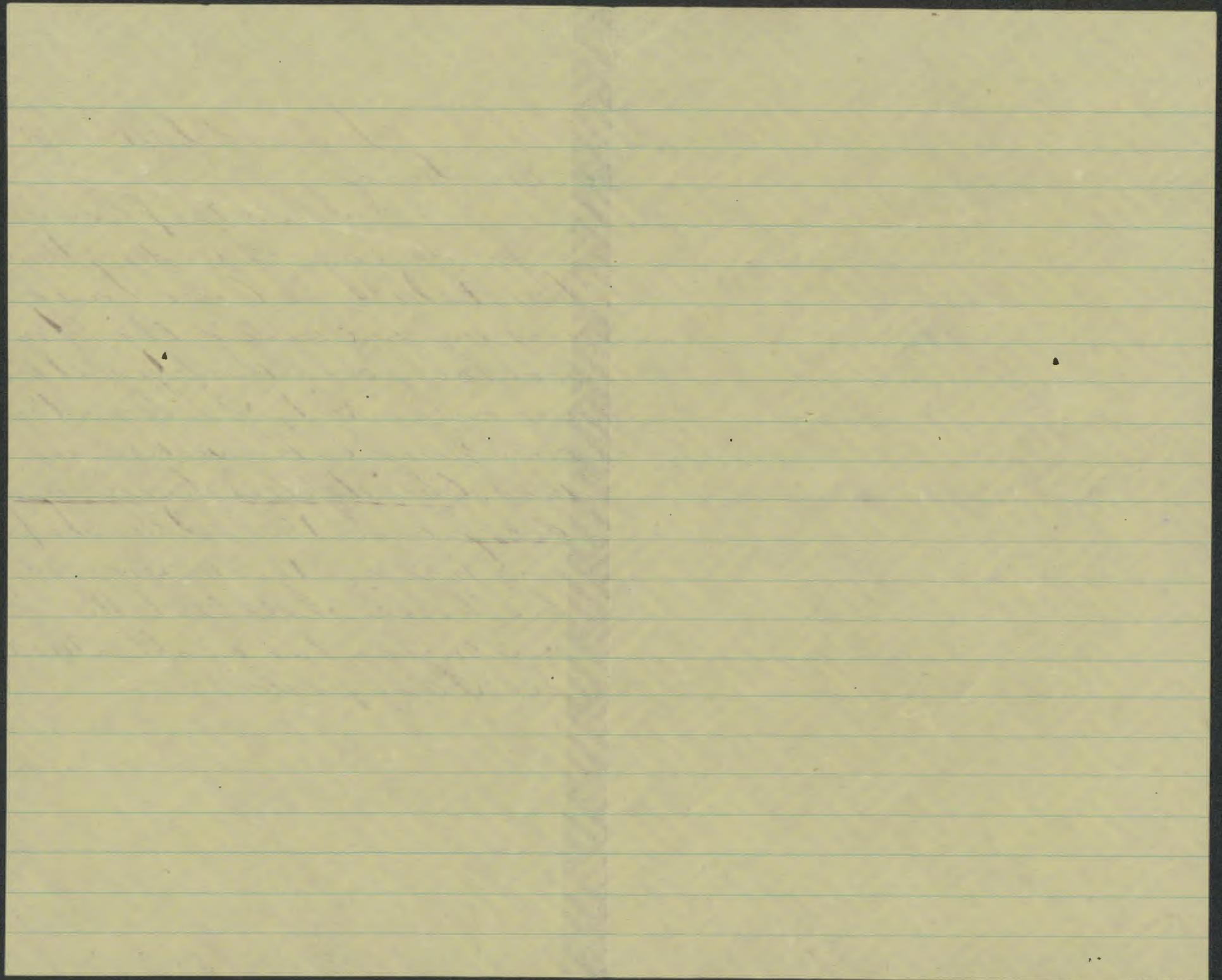
In haste yours truly  
Elias S. Reed



Toonsund Febr 10<sup>th</sup> 1861

My dear friend

I had the pleasure  
a few days ago of reading your  
letter to William Cuson and  
was very glad indeed that you  
was well and that you still  
remember Dick. I believe the  
only news in our section is  
that Christopher Corrie is  
dead and that John Sup-  
son has another woman at  
his house. I do not know  
her name but on other mat-  
ters I am posted.



Dover, Nov. 27, 1861.

Mr. Townsend:

The Legislature have just adjourned, to meet again on the <sup>second</sup> of January next, without having done anything in the shape of legislation.

The Committee on the Tax, made a report this morning, in the shape of a resolution, asking the House by a vote, to assume the payment of the direct tax, which was voted down; and the matter remains just where it did before.

Messrs. Betts, Broadway and Pickard are the Committee of investigation on the Lottery Assignment, and are authorized to employ Counsel, but not to search for persons and papers.

I have not been able to learn much <sup>the</sup> feeling of members as to whether they will legalize the

transaction between France ad  
Morris. My own mind is made  
up in regard to the matter.  
My opinion is, the drawings now  
are illegal, the grantee having  
annulled the contract by his  
failure to pay at the time speci-  
fied in the Act of Assembly;  
but whether the Legislature  
will overlook all this, and make  
good ad valid those illegal  
proceedings, rather than stand  
the chances of being asked for  
a new Grant is a question  
yet to be settled.

I shall expect to hear from  
you right away; and at the  
same time would be glad to  
have your views fully expressed  
on this subject.

In haste,

John K Jarvis.

Samuel Tamsend Esq.

Gerry Town. December 20. 1801.

My Dear Sir.

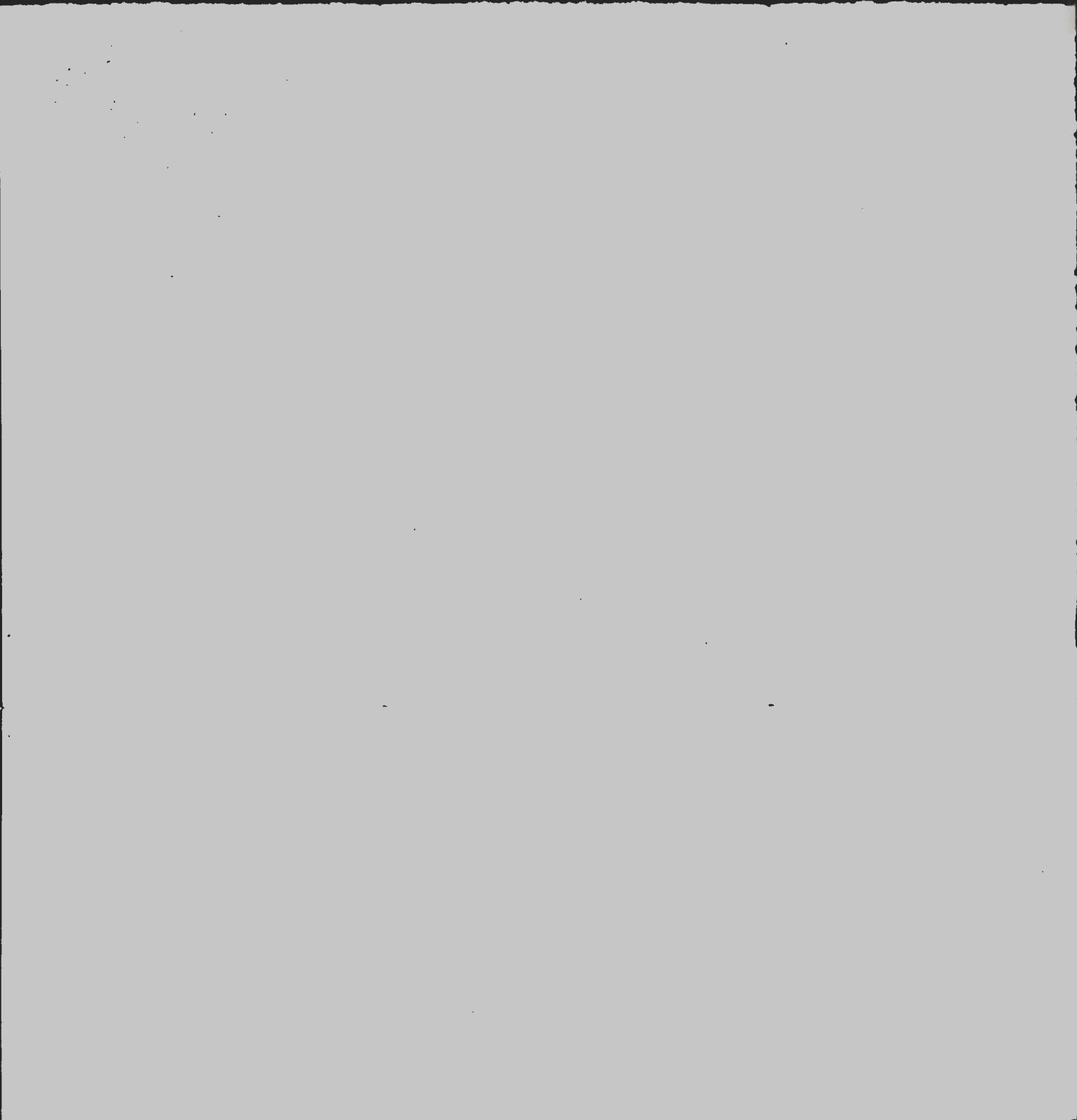
Your favor of the 14<sup>th</sup>. has<sup>n't</sup> come duly to hand.  
I have since been to Philad. & Wilmington - and should have answered it  
longer. I did hope to have seen you - and indeed looked out for you,  
at Tamsend - bot<sup>t</sup> going and coming - but was disappointed.

If I were to confess my feelings, simply, I would join in opposition  
to a funeral of France's Grant to Morris Co. But, to tell  
you, sincerely, I feel I have been sorely - and probably, justly  
punished, for your having had any thing, whatever to do with this  
famous Lottery business. Could I have foreseen, what I now  
see, I would not have touched it, for any consideration. But I did  
not then know these men - as I am known them. I now desire  
to retire from all connection with them, if any fraud, & every kind -  
and to have nothing further to do with them - or for them - against  
them. I hope, and pray for forgiveness, for ever having had any  
thing to do with them.

I regard the opinion of Bates & Bayard as unsound law.  
It's for the opinion, & conduct of Wootten - it is beneath contempt.  
So too, the high functionary, who could so far forget his high duty -  
and the great principles of morality, as to advise an attorney of Gen-  
eral's palms to be greased - it cities disgust. "A man who would  
offer a bribe - would take a bribe." And that functionary's con-  
duct is, perhaps, explained, by an application to him of this  
moral maxim.

If ever I receive what these men owe me, a any part of it -  
it will be paid - if not, it will be left also. And I hope to  
be enabled to live without it.

Very respectfully, & truly, I am Your Friend  
*Geo. Dayton.*



Received Sep 5. 1862 of Samuel Townsend Esq. Thirty one dollars,  
and ninety eight cents being six  
payments for Rachel B. Davis on  
Bond due Sep 1. 1862.  
Paid by his check on the Farmers  
Bank at New Castle del dated  
30th of August 1862.  
\$ 31.98 David Meeker

West Chester Pa  
Sep 5-1862.

Samuel Townsend Esq  
Townsend P.O.  
Delaware.

Dear Sir  
Yours of the 4th instant I have  
just received. I looked amongst  
some unanswered letters but found  
yours of the 30th with your check  
enclosed to pay interest above I  
send you my receipt we have so

much war, excitement, and politeness of  
late, that I suppose I forgot to answer  
you at the time of its receipt. I hope  
you will excuse me and I will do  
better for the future. - The Basket of  
Peaches I received yesterday by Adams  
Express. They are very fine for which  
I tender you my sincere thanks -  
We have a war meeting here this  
afternoon for the purpose of arming  
our people under the Governor's  
Proclamation. We must meet the

Cisis. We are promised a provost  
Marshal by the War Department  
and are looking for his commission  
every day. Our enemies are getting  
very quiet apparently. Had you better  
not make a move in that direction  
for Delaware.

Your brother Major Townsend  
told me a day or two ago, that  
the City of Wilmington has elected  
a Union Mayor by a majority  
of 650 votes. That is good. Why  
don't you have it published in  
the Rep. Don't we think you  
ought to have a Provost Marshal  
for your state to keep the sympathies  
in order. for I understand you have  
a great many. Delaware. I think  
is loyal & Union and I think  
you ought to redeem her this fall and  
elect a U. S. Senator of a different  
stripe of the one whose term expires on  
the 4th of March next.

Yours friend very truly

David W. Cooley

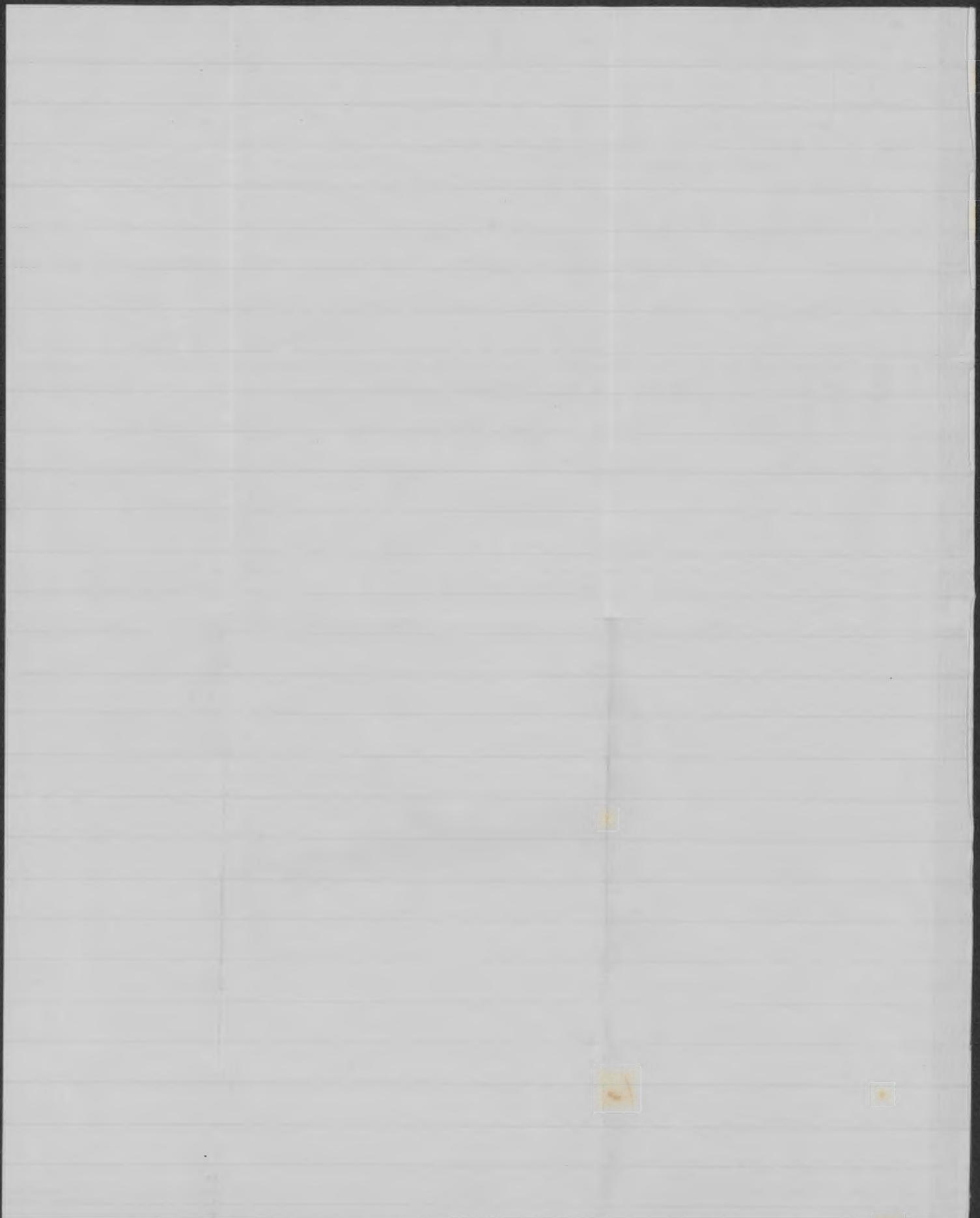
and worked on it until  
marked up to Johnson  
and it had been with  
him ever since. It has  
the original paper  
which is covered in  
ink.

Johnson's wife is in the  
process of getting it  
ready to go to  
Johnson's son in  
Chicago. It is not  
possible to get  
it back now  
as it is in  
the hands of  
a widow  
and her son  
and it is  
not likely  
that they  
will give  
it up.

My dear Friend

My self - You are the trump of banjo  
I cannot get him satisfied to give it up  
that he has to abandon the idea - now if my  
partner say they would join in a minute of  
Mooris was out of the way, but that is ~~now~~ <sup>the</sup>  
next to a large expense to get a Grant that  
Mooris would still go on with his group &  
not pay a Dollar - You see that he is  
now built in it - I shall be compelled to  
abandon the idea personally, but should we  
Mooris be put out of the State to try <sup>a</sup>  
stopper from drawing I can show you a  
country that will take hold quick <sup>the</sup>  
fact is that we are went to go to the Apenni  
of a Grant while Mooris is allowed to do  
as he does with the present one, and go off again  
to all else - Possibly that a few will not  
be popular w<sup>t</sup> Mooris - if that is done & you  
can get it done, then we can have a chance -  
You are a Genius, and if you can get a few  
bits w<sup>t</sup> Mooris and break him in, it will  
be the means of something turning up -  
My respects to your Brother & success to  
him yourself - Don't wait try  
Sat Aug 11 63

A. Broadway



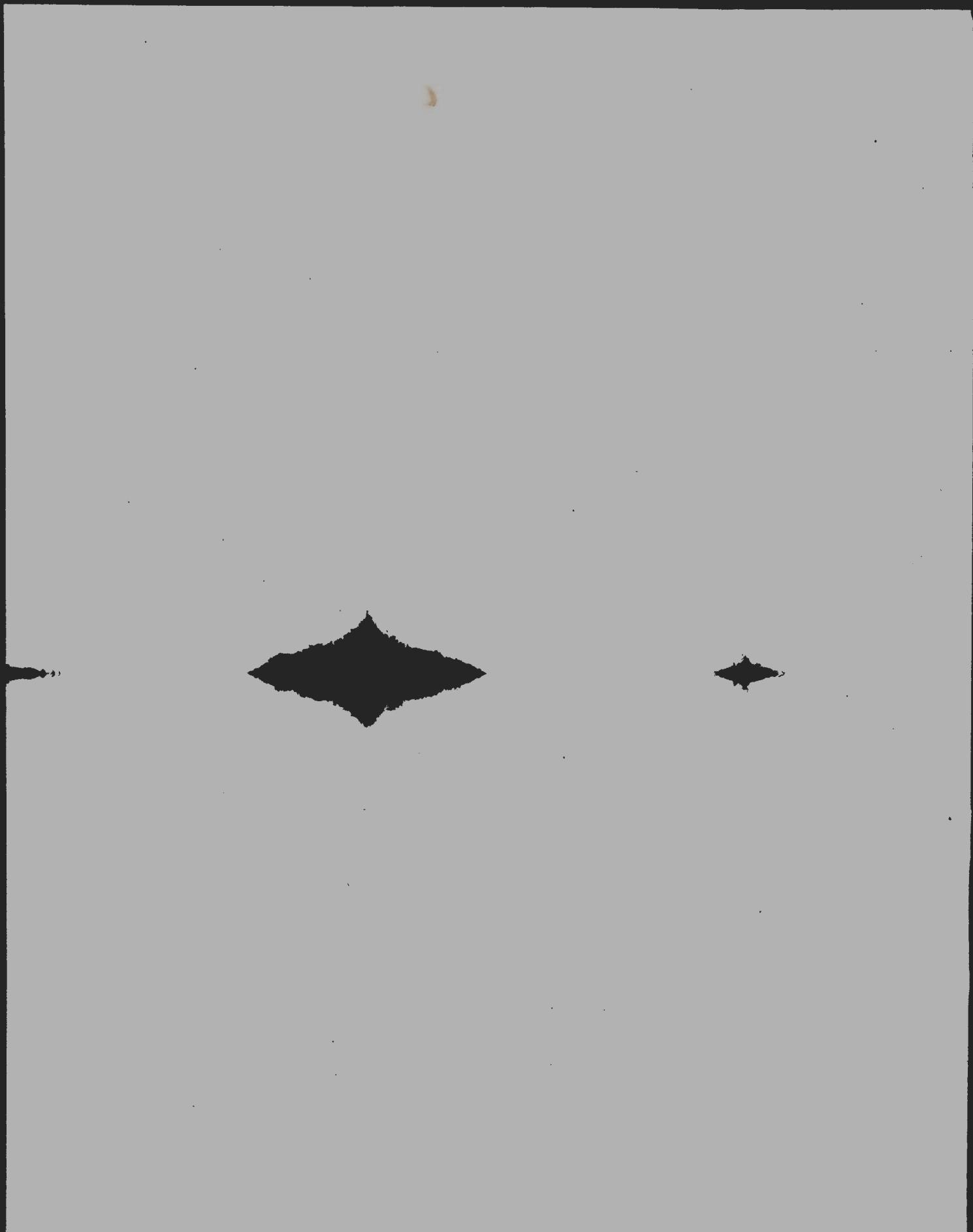
Dear Sir

Wilmington Del Feb 19<sup>th</sup> 1863

I have just <sup>seen</sup> Jeffries and he told me Bill Frances Grant also Wood & Eddys grant have been repealed by the legislature of Kentucky since I saw Samuel Swanson one of the firm of Wood and Eddy and he tells me that Morris Grant has also been repealed so all the grants in Kentucky are now repealed. This will make a grant ~~here~~ <sup>of</sup> worth more, now is the time Jeffries also told me the legislature in this state would do nothing with their grant at this session

J. S. Hammett

Morris is gone to Kentucky



Hance Representations

Gover March 3<sup>rd</sup> 63

Mr. Vanuxem Towns and

Esteemed Sir yours

receiving and Content proted in reply  
I will say to you that the legislature  
in a body are going down to Devils  
Berg by Rail Road tomorrow noon  
and a return on Thursday Evening  
Consequently you had better Come  
down on Thursday Evening instead  
of tomorrow noon. Game at the  
head of the Black Republican members  
of the legislature have this day introduced  
a bill in the house this morning to amend  
the road law of Appomattox & St  
Georges & Newcastle hundreds without  
any petitions for the amendment wanting  
as the Glory themselves & attorney is  
with them hard pressed

Yours &  
Jno. H. Brewley

23 - 1900  
Baptized  
in the name  
of the Lord Jesus  
on the 2nd day  
of April 1900  
by Rev. Wm. H.  
McGinnis  
and confirmed  
the same day  
by Rev. Wm. H.  
McGinnis  
and received  
into the church  
of Christ  
and given  
the gift of the  
Holy Ghost

George Don June 30. 1863.  
Sacramento, Calif.

My dear Sir,

Our letter of yesterday came to hand last night. It is necessary for me to enter into a controversy on politics. I like Mr. Pease very well & I think you are my friend. I would add that it is a very thing to offend, a simple man, willingly - but there is no said likely to arise out of a political discussion. You call yourself a Democrat. You have got hold of a few Paul, Cato, Heng pheaser, about Democracy & Whiggery & Black Republicans & Abolitionism - & all that. but, my friend, when we do say to you, in due frankness, I do not understand the questions at issue & the several crimes which the Democratic party

has inflicted on the Country - and  
Country, therefore disapp't the question.  
without venturing to allow any catch  
words - only wisely designing Politici-  
-cians to receive, & impose upon the  
credulous - & the ignorant. I am  
not one of that Class. I know what  
I am about - I understand the  
issues - & the whole Course & history  
of Democracy in this Country - And  
understanding them as I do - I con-  
-demn them. Democracy is a  
very pretty word to catch voters -  
and if the leaders now teach the  
Democratic Principle which is  
incorporated in our Republican,  
Representation form of Government,  
and in concert with such teaching -  
there would be no dispute. We  
should all agree upon that prin-  
-ciple - but the doctrines they have  
taught - & the acts they have committed

are subject to falsehood - many tricks.  
I don't know where that foolish ex-  
tract from DeWitt - came from -  
what paper is responsible for it - a  
what has brains & tell me who it is:  
but whoever wrote it - is either an  
ignorant fool - or is not ignorant;  
he is a knave - and a liar - and  
is guilty of trying to deceive the  
people, by calling other men what  
he is, a scoundrel, by his names.  
I have never seen a more silly ar-  
ticle - one somebody is writing, or  
much ignorance - & recklessness.

Who fought for the Independence  
we can enjoy? Whigs. Who framed  
the Federal Constitution? Federalists.  
Who had been during the Revolution  
an Iron-Whig. Who oppose the  
Federal Constitution? & its adoption?  
The Anti-Federalists - with Jefferson  
at their head - who afterwards called

themselves Democrats - Who de-  
stroy the Federal Army & Demos-  
crats - Mr. Jefferson - but why  
Continue this investigation? And  
I can assure you we have come to an  
end of all these speculations fully -  
you will think fast and so do.  
But let us cease these no-  
political discussions. They can do no  
good - we let our friends.

I used to think I was right in  
the view I took, when I said I  
had them thousands of dollars  
in my pocket. I did it, as a friend,  
at the Hotel Lawrence before at  
Dover - and yet I'm holding a  
Confidential letter to my enemies.

I know it was a truthful letter  
as you say "a true letter" - it was  
written on a terrible suspicion - of you -  
pertaining to me the conspiracy - I did  
not tell Mr. Lincoln : but I suppose  
his administration against the opening  
Democrats party - although giving aid  
and comfort to the Secessionists. I am truly mis-

C. L. Payton

State of Delaware,  
Office of Secretary of State,

Dover, Del. Aug. 3<sup>rd</sup> 1863

Samuel Townsend Esq.  
Dear Sir

Your favour of yesterday inviting  
me to be present at a meet-  
ing of the Democracy of your  
hundred to be held to day  
has been received.

It would afford me great  
pleasure to be at the meeting  
and to accept your kind  
invitation to dine with you  
if it were at all possible.  
The illness of my wife and enga-  
gements to see other patients

rendering it impossible for  
me to leave town. hoping  
your meeting may be a  
success I remain —

With Great Respect  
Yours &c &c  
George Sanderson