

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 49,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, fourteen votes.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 49,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot,

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

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Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

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Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

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Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

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Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

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Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, fourteen votes.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 49,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

On motion the Senate took a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M.

Same Day—3 o'clock, P. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate bill:

Senate Bill No. 5, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Perpetual Savings and Loan Association, of Wilmington, Delaware.”

Mr. Sheppard also informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in House Bill No. 8, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 478, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, being ‘An act in relation to the confirmation of the report of commissioners appointed to lay out a ditch near Blackiston’s Cross Roads, Kent County, Delaware.’”

Also House Bill No. 16, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 39, Revised Statutes, concerning religious societies,”

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Abbott, from the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported as duly and correctly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President of the Senate, the following resolution:

“Senate joint resolution No. 9, entitled

“Joint resolution urging the Congress of the United States to provide a channel of the depth of thirty feet in the Delaware river.”

Mr. Pennewill gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 25, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 438, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware, being an act to amend the act entitled ‘An act providing for the appointment of a State chemist,’ by fixing the fee to the State chemist for making an analysis of any fertilizer composed of one or several ingredients, at the sum of one dollar.”

Mr. Moore gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 26, entitled

“An act authorizing the Orphans’ Court of Sussex County to invest money, under its control, at a rate of interest of not less than five per cent. per annum.”

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the bill,

House Bill No. 19, entitled

“An act fixing the compensation of persons appointed by the Court of General Sessions to lay out and vacate roads,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Lewis offered a communication in reference to ballot reform from T. B. Coursey,

Which, on motion,

Was read as follows:

BALLOT REFORM.

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES ASSEMBLED AT DOVER.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

According to provision in the new Constitution your session will be short, being limited to sixty days. I therefore deem it advisable to thus early call your attention to what I consider a needed change in the present Ballot Law. I would have been pleased to address you in person, and would do so if I resided in Dover, but in consequence of age and sensitiveness to change of weather it seems advisable to remain indoors most of the time during winter. I therefore respectfully ask your permission to address you by letter and request your consideration of a few suggestions relative to a change in the Ballot Law for this State.

I had the honor of a hearing before the Legislature a few years ago, and was permitted to exhibit my voting screen, and express my views relative to the best mode of suppressing bribery, or at least reducing it at the polls. The screen was to cover the window where the votes were received, with a door at one end for entrance and one at the other end for exit, making an absolutely secret ballot. I at the same time advocated booths placed about a hundred feet from the poll-room, one of the booths to be occupied by a ticket distributor whose duty should be to give tickets of all parties to every voter that called for them, who, after receiving them retired to one of the booths and selected the ticket he wished to vote, leaving all others in a receptacle placed there to receive them, take his place in the line, pass through the screen and vote as fast as the clerks could record the names; guards selected by each party should guard the booths and see that but one person occupied any one of the booths. This may seem hard on the illiterate voter, but that is his misfortune (if you open the door to admit any one to change his ticket you open the door to bribery.) Had the last Legis-

lature embodied these above provisions in their bill I think the Governor would have signed it.

The blanket ballot should be abolished. It is complicated, confusing, cumbersome and expensive. It has been a source of trouble to the election officers, and in some cases a cause of contest and perhaps injustice to some of the candidates at the last election; and something worse at the previous election, being injustice by wholesale, and is very expensive.

In order to make the voting more simplified, less confusing and greater certainty of the voter voting intelligently for those he may wish to vote for, and removing all the trouble from the election officers caused by the blanket ballot, and make it much less difficult to make up correct returns, and greatly reduce the expense, I would respectfully suggest to your honorable body, that you have drafted and pass a bill requiring the Clerk of the Peace or some other officer to provide paper in at least three colors sufficient for tickets for the entire State. Say yellow for the Democratic tickets, red or brown for Republican, blue for Prohibitionist, with an ample supply of the cheapest kind of envelopes so as to allow one to each voter, which will be necessary to make his ballot secret. This would be much cheaper than the blanket ballot. Having the voters pass through the polling room is a substitute for the screen and answers the purpose all right, if there are doors for entrance to and exit from the room, the booths inside are all right for the blanket ballot, and may answer just as well for separate tickets.

It should be the duty of the Clerk of the Peace for each county to have the tickets printed in sufficient quantities for the respective counties, and it should be the duty of the Inspectors to have tickets of all parties having candidates to be voted for put in packages and placed in the booths. By this arrangement an illiterate voter having been instructed in the colors can select the ticket representing the party with which he affiliates, and need not place a blot on it, or stamp it in the wrong place so as to have his vote thrown out, as has been done with the blanket ballot. All that the voter has to do is to select his ballot, place it in an envelope and hand it to the Inspector, and if all voted

straight tickets they could be voted faster than the clerks could record them. By this arrangement the man that could not read his ticket would be compelled to vote it straight, that is his misfortune and cannot be remedied without opening the door to bribery. Each candidate should be required to provide stickers for his friends who wish to vote for him, even the man that cannot read might be instructed to vote for his friend by counting the names down, say to John Smith and sticking John Brown's name over it, John Smith and John Brown being opposing candidates. The above system would be plain, cheap, expeditious and as free from bribery as it can be made, and at much less cost than with the blanket ballot.

After the votes are all in and the election officers are preparing for counting the votes, let the judges be placed on one side of the Inspector and the Clerks on the other. The Inspector places the box before the Judge on the extreme (right or left as the case may be) who opens the box, takes out an envelope, opens it and hands it to the Judge, who takes out the ticket and hands it to the Inspector, who sees at a glance by the color that it is a straight Democratic ticket and lays it on the table. By this time the Judges have another ready which proves to be a Republican, he lays it on the table and the Prohibition ticket likewise, if there is one one, and proceeds through the box, laying all the straight Democratic tickets in one pile, the other in their respective columns, and all the mixed tickets bearing stickers on them in a pile to themselves. When all are out the Inspector takes up the package of Democratic tickets, counts them and hands them to the nearest Judge, saying 250, the Judge counts them and says correct, and hands them to the other Judge, who counts them and says all right. The Inspector then instructs the clerks to credit 250 to the name of each candidate on that ticket. The Inspector proceeds in like manner with all the straight tickets of other parties. Then takes up the mixed tickets. The first being a Republican, with John Brown's name over John Smith's. He instructs the clerks to tally one for each name on the Republican ticket, except John Smith and tally one to John Brown and proceed until all are counted. This having been accomplished and the tickets bound in separate packages and placed in the box, the officers proceed

to make out the returns, which by this arrangement is greatly facilitated, and which could not be done with the blanket ballot, which costs more than double the amount that the colored ballots would cost, as I will show from documentary evidence in the office of the Clerk of the Peace. We will just take last fall's election. The Fourth Representative District being about an average:

COLORED BALLOT.

Inspector, all fees	\$ 14 44
One Judge, one day	3 36
One Judge, one day	2 00
Two Clerks one day	4 00
Room rent	10 00
Booths	7 00
Meals	3 00
Tickets, say	4 20
<hr/>	
Total	\$ 48 00
Forty polling places	40
<hr/>	
Grand total	\$1920 00

BLANKET BALLOT.

Inspector, all fees	\$ 14 44
One Judge two days	6 72
One Judge two days	4 00
Room rent	10 00
Booths	7 00
Two Clerks, two days	8 00
Meals	5 00
<hr/>	
Total	\$ 55 16
Sixty-four polling places	64
<hr/>	
	22064
	33096
<hr/>	
	\$3530 24

Ballots from the State	1425 00
Total Blanket Ballot	\$4955 24
Total Colored Ballot	1920 00
Difference in expense	\$3035 24

This shows a saving difference of three thousand and thirty-four dollars. This allows twenty polling places for New Castle, ten for Kent and ten for Sussex, which will be ample with the colored ballot system.

Register's fees, Sheriff's fees and some other matters will be the same under any system.

There is to my mind no system of voting that offers greater protection against bribery and greater facilities for voting and counting that has been indicated, as the Colored Ballot Law, except the voting machine. That covers all points, and after the machines are paid for would be at least ten dollars less than the Colored Ballot system. There would be no expense for booths or tickets with the voting machine, consequently the cost of each polling place would be reduced to about \$36.80. This would make a difference in the cost of an election with the blanket ballot of about three thousand, four hundred and eighty-three dollars.

Forty voting machines, at the price now asked, \$500, would amount to about \$20,000. The Government can borrow money at four per cent. (as every one else should be able to do, but we will not argue that question now), this would amount to \$800 per annum for interest. The difference in the cost of the last election and one with the voting machine would pay the interest and \$2,683 on the principal, wiping out the debt in eight elections. One of the great advantages of the voting machine is that when the votes are all in they are counted and only need to be copied, which can be done in fifteen minutes and result announced. I have not seen the present ballot machines and do not know their operation, as I did the Myers' machine, but from the testimonials from those that have used them and com-

mittees that have examined them, I would not hesitate to recommend their purchase and use. It would, however, be desirable to have one here to be examined by every member of both House and Senate. I will forward with this the report of the New York State Commissioner on voting machines, together with testimonials and numerous notices from officers and the press of Rochester, Utica and other places. All speak of it in the highest terms. As I have not seen the machine in its present form, I can only say that if it can be proved that it never fails to record the vote to those for which it is intended, I would not hesitate to advise its use at once.

If your committee on Ballot Reform will write to The Standard Voting Machine Company, 344 North Paul Street, Rochester, they will send a machine to Dover for exhibition. The members can then examine it for themselves.

The voting machine would be to house and care for from one election to another, this would cut down the amount towards payment for machine. All towns having municipal governments would care for one machine for the privilege of using it for municipal election.

The Editor of "Every Evening" makes the cost of the last election much more than my figures. He includes all expenses, registration and all others. I only aim to get the expenses of the day of election and compare these; registration and other outside expenses will have to be met under any system. The table of expenses of Kent county is taken from the books of the Clerk of the Peace, a copy of which I send with this letter.

The "Every Evening" statement of registration expenses amounts to eleven thousand and one hundred dollars, much more than the cost of the election, and much more than is necessary, one half the Registers would be sufficient. They might sit in one district one week and in the other the next.

I would like to say something in regard to some needed changes, but this is long enough for one letter. If received with favor I may have something to say later.

It may be well to say just here that I am not attorney for the Ballot Machine Company, having received no fee, or the promise or expectation of any. My aim and effort has been to devise or discover the best mode of securing a pure ballot, free from the smirch and disgrace of bribery, and at the least possible cost to the people. If I have by any means been instrumental in aiding to secure such a law I will not have lived in vain.

Very Respectfully,

THOMAS B. COURSEY.

The following letter which accompanied the communication, was also read:

December 12, 1898.

T. B. Coursey, Spring Mills, Del.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of the 9th, addressed to the American Ballot Machine Co., has reached us, and we note fully what you say in reference to the blanket ballot and the nuisance that it is. At the last election in this city 73 voting machines of the kind described in the enclosed circulars were used.

The Myers Ballot Machine, to which you refer in your letter, is a thing of the past. It was one of the first machines for voting, but it was found that it could not meet certain requirements, and the American Ballot Machine Co. has gone out of business entirely.

The machines used in this city are sold at the rate of \$500 apiece. There is no question that a great saving can be effected by the use of these machines. It has been figured out that in this city the machines will pay for themselves in less than seven years.

In case this matter is taken up by the Legislature, we would not be averse to having our machine exhibited, but just what we will do in trying to push legislative matters in favor of our machine we have not decided upon as yet. We expect, however, to come to some decision in the matter before long.

We shall be glad to hear from you again on this subject, and remain,
Yours very truly,

THE STANDARD VOTING MACHINE CO.

Mr. Coursey also sent to the Senate another communication on ballot reform.

The communication follows:

“Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the Senate—Your petitioner would respectfully represent, that in his opinion a change in the registry might be made greatly to the benefit of the taxable voters, and at the same time greatly reduce the cost of registry with no loss to the state or county.

“As the same now is, it imposes an unnecessary burden upon the taxable voters, especially those in the rural districts, residing some five miles or more from the office of registry on farms where they have lived all their life, yet have to drive every election year to meet the registrar and tell him how old he is and how long he has lived in the state, county and district. This would be unnecessary more than once, by the registrar being supplied with certificates for such class of voters. The taxable voters who have property assessed to them; and the nontaxables who have no abiding place or home in the district, and may be in one district one year and some other the next—for him it will be necessary to register before each election.

“The taxable’s certificate should be printed on paper of some bright color, so that it may be easily discovered among other papers. The untaxable’s should be different so that the inspector might readily see which class he represents, as their certificates will be taken in with their votes by the inspector and destroyed, this will make repeating impossible.

“The certificates of the taxables might be something like this:

“This may certify that John Blank has proved his residence and that he is on the assessment list and pays tax on property

and is otherwise a qualified voter for district No. — so long as he resides in said district and continues on the assessment list Signed by the registrar.

“The certificate should have printed or stamped on one end a large figure—1, 2, 3, or whatever is the number of his district, so that the inspector may see at a glance that he is a qualified voter for the district represented. After voting he may return the certificate to his pocket-book, which will be just as good at all future elections so long as he remains in that district.

“The above arrangement would save lots of time and trouble to voters residing distant from the place of registry and relieve the registrar of more than half his work, consequently half the number could do the work and save state and taxpayers \$5,000 each election year, which would pay for five voting machines (if the Legislature decides to use them), paying for the whole number required for the state with the saving of four elections.

“If revenue is the object of registry the taxable voter may have the amount of his registration fee with 10 per cent. added for collection to his assessment and pay it with his other taxes. Thus the county would lose nothing by the change.

“This change would not be of so much benefit to the voters residing in the city, but even then the business man would sooner pay his registration fee with 10 per cent. added to the collection with his other taxes than leave his business and go to the office of registry, each election year, and perhaps have to remain one or two hours for his turn to come to be registered.

“The registration fee might be changed to 50 cents, the amount named by the committee on elections in the constitutional convention, who say in their second report, page 5: Voters shall be registered upon personal application only, and each voter shall, at the term of registration, pay a fee of 50 cents.

“This or any other law that you may pass can be of little benefit to me, but it may benefit others. The chances of my

seeing another election are largely against me, but should your honorable body, in convention with the House of Representatives, pass any law on this line you will have the thanks of your petitioner and thousands of others.

“Respectfully,

T. B. COURSEY.”

Further on motion of Mr. Lewis, the communication was referred to the Committee on Elections.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock, A. M., tomorrow morning.

Thursday, January 26, 1899—11 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

The Hon. James H. Hughes, Secretary of State, being admitted, presented for the consideration of the Senate the following communication from the Governor:

THE STATE OF DELAWARE,

Executive Department.

Dover, January 26, 1899.

To the Honorable, the Senate of Delaware:

Gentlemen: In conformity with the Constitution and laws I have the honor hereby to nominate and appoint for the consent and confirmation of the Senate, Albert T. Williamson, to be a Justice of the Peace in and for New Castle County, resident at Hockessin, for the term of four years from the twenty-sixth day of January, A. D., 1899.

EBE W. TUNNELL,
Governor.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, returned to the Senate the following duly and correctly enrolled Senate joint resolution, the same having been signed by the Speakers of both Houses:

“Senate joint resolution urging the Congress of the United States to provide a channel of the depth of thirty feet in the Delaware river.”

The hour of 12 o'clock, M. having arrived,

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a U. S. Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled

“An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress,” passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals were read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. Dupont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Conoway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, twelve votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Dr. Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 48,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, eleven votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Dr. Joseph H. Chandler, three votes.

Total number of votes cast, 48,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot,

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for William C. Spruance.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, was absent.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, nine votes.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

For Dr. Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

Total number of votes cast, 46,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, eleven votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Dr. Joseph H. Chandler, three votes.

Total number of votes cast, 48,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

Mr. Farlow, from the Committee on Finance, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 10, entitled

“An act authorizing the State Treasurer to pay over to the school commissioners of United Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, consolidated under the title of Selbyville public schools, for use of the districts certain moneys to which said districts are entitled under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly, entitled ‘An act to consolidate School Districts Nos. 32 and 108 in Sussex County under the title of the Selbyville public schools,’ ”

Reported the same with amendments.

On motion of Mr. Brasure the amendments just reported

Were taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion,

On the question “Shall this amendment pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Shakespeare, Mr. President pro tem—14.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the amendment having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Adopted.

On the question "Shall this bill as amended pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Shakespeare, Mr. President pro tem—14.

Nays—Messrs. Lewis and Slaughter—2.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

On motion the Senate took a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M.

Same Day—3 o'clock, P. M.

Senate met at expiration of recess.

Mr. Abbott, on behalf of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported as duly and correctly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President pro tem, the following Senate bills:

Senate Bill No. 5, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Perpetual Savings and Loan Association, of Wilmington, Delaware.”

Senate Bill No. 6, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Pusey & Jones Company.”

Senate Bill No. 7, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the General Steamship Company.”

Senate Bill No. 8, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 478, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, in relation to report of commissioners appointed to lay out a ditch near Blackiston’s Cross Roads, Kent County, Delaware.”

Senate Bill No. 16, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 39, Revised Statutes, concerning religious societies.”

Mr. Lewis asked to be read a request signed by a majority of all the elected members from Kent County to the General Assembly, petitioning the Senate to make provision for the submission of the question, whether the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage shall be licensed or prohibited in, to the qualified voters of said district of Kent County, at the next general election,

Which, on motion of Mr. Pyle,

Was referred to the Committee on Elections.

Mr. Farlow gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 28, entitled

“An act authorizing the Governor to appoint three notaries public for the Sussex Trust, Title and Safe Deposit Company.”

Mr. Maull gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 27, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 24, Revised Statutes, in relation to Sheriff’s bond.”

Mr. Maull gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 29, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 583, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, in relation to the settlement of personal estates.”

On motion the Senate adjourned until 10.30 o’clock, A. M., to-morrow.

Friday, January 27, 1899—10.30 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

Mr. Slaughter offered a Senate joint resolution,

Senate Joint Resolution No. 11, entitled

“Joint resolution appointing directors for the Farmers’ Bank of the State of Delaware,”

Which, on his motion,

Was read.

On the further motion of Mr. Slaughter,

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—16.

Nays—Mr. Allee—1.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the resolution having received the required constitutional majority,

Was Adopted.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate joint resolution:

Senate Joint Resolution No. 10, entitled

“Senate joint resolution in reference to polygamy.”

Mr. McFarlin gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to change the name of the New Castle County almshouse to ‘The New Castle County Hospital.’”

Mr. Shakespeare moved that the Senate go into executive session at 11 o'clock, A. M., Saturday, Jan. 28, for the consideration of an appointment made by his Excellency, the Governor.

Which motion Prevailed.

Mr. Knox moved that there be printed 250 copies of Senate Bill No. 29,

Which motion Prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Moore, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 26, entitled

"An act authorizing the Orphans' Court of Sussex County to invest money under its control at a rate of interest of not less than five per cent. per annum,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Pennewill, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 25, entitled

"An act to amend Chapter 438, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware, being an act to amend the act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of a State chemist,' by fixing the fee to the State chemist for making an analysis of any fertilizer composed of one or several ingredients, at a sum of one dollar,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 27, entitled

"An act to amend Chapter 24, Revised Statutes, in relation to Sheriff's bond,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 29, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 583, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, in relation to the settlement of personal estates,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

Mr. Hart, from the Committee on Fish, Oysters and Game, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 20, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 556, Volume 18, Laws of Delaware, entitled ‘An act for the protection of fish in Indian river, Rehoboth bay and tributaries thereof,’”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Hart, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, McFarlin, Meredith, Pennewill—8.

Nays—Messrs. Abbott, Knox, Lewis, Maull, Moore, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—9.

So the question was decided in the negative,

And the bill not having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Defeated.

The hour of 12 o'clock, M. having arrived;

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem, and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a United States Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled

"An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress," passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President, pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. Dupont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, ten votes.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 47,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Moore, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

Mr. Brasure offered a request signed by a majority of all the members elect to the General Assembly from Sussex County, petitioning for the submission of the question whether the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes shall be licensed or prohibited to the qualified voters of said district of Sussex County.

On motion of Mr. Pyle, the petition

Was referred to the Committee on Elections.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 10.30 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

Saturday, January 28, 1899—10.30 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived,

The Senate proceeded to resolve itself into Executive Session,

For the consideration of appointments submitted by his Excellency, the Governor.

Senate of Delaware

Being convened in Executive Session, pursuant to the resolution adopted by the Senate, January 28, 1899,

The communication from the Governor was read.

On the question "Does the Senate consent to and confirm the appointment of Albert T. Williamson?"

Mr. Shakespeare offered the following resolution:

SENATE CHAMBER.

Dover, Del., Jan. 28, 1899.

In Executive Session, Senate of Delaware.

Resolved, That the Senate consent to and confirm the appointment of Albert T. Williamson to be a Justice of the Peace in and for New Castle County, resident at Hockessin, for the term of four years from the twenty-sixth day of January, 1899.

Which resolution was read.

And, on the question, "Does the Senate consent to and confirm the appointment of Albert T. Williamson?"

The yeas and nays were taken,

And the question was decided in the affirmative,

And Mr. Williamson's appointment

Was

Confirmed.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 20, entitled

"An act in relation to the taxing of costs in case of writ of prohibition or writ of mandamus,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, returned to the Senate the following duly and correctly enrolled Senate bills, the same having been signed by the Speakers of both Houses:

Senate Bill No. 5, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Perpetual Savings and Loan Association, of Wilmington, Delaware.”

Senate Bill No. 16, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 39, Revised Statutes, concerning religious societies.”

Also Senate Bill No. 8, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 478, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, being an act in relation to the confirmation of the report of commissioners appointed to lay out a ditch near Blackiston's Cross Roads, Kent County, Delaware.”

Also Senate Bill No. 7, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the General Steamship Company.”

Also Senate Bill No. 6, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Pusey & Jones Company.”

Mr. Abbott, on behalf of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported as duly and correctly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President pro tem, the following resolution:

Senate Joint Resolution No. 10, entitled

“Senate joint resolution in reference to polygamy.”

On motion of Mr. Abbott, House Bill No. 20 was reconsidered,

And on his further motion, the bill just reconsidered

Was Recommended.

Mr. Knox gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Betts Machine Company.”

Mr. Abbott moved that there be printed 500 copies of the new Constitution,

Which motion Prevailed.

On motion of Mr. Lewis, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 24, entitled

“An act in relation to the practice of medicine and surgery in the State of Delaware,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 21, entitled

"An act providing for special sessions of the Supreme Court in cases of writs of prohibition and mandamus, issued under paragraph 5, Section 12, of Article 4 of the Constitution,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bills:

House Bill No. 22, entitled

"An act appropriating money to aid the Historical Society of Delaware for certain purposes of interest to this State."

House Bill No. 34, entitled

"An act to incorporate the town of Dagsboro."

House Bill No. 24, entitled

"An act to repeal Chapter 447, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, being an act in relation to the confirmation of the report of commissioners appointed to lay out ditches,"

And presented the same to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 28, entitled

"An act authorizing the Governor to appoint three notaries public for Sussex Trust, Title and Safe Deposit Company,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 19, entitled

“An act providing of what judges the Supreme Court shall consist when acting under paragraph 5 of Section 12 of the Constitution,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The hour of 12 o'clock, M. having arrived;

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives; for the purpose of voting for a U. S. Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled

“An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress,” passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals were read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for William C. Spruance.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, was absent.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Hiram R. Burton.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Hiram R. Burton.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Hiram R. Burton.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For Anthony Higgins, two votes.

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, four votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Hiram R. Burton, three votes.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 45,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

Mr. Farlow moved that the two houses do now separate.

Mr. Knox moved to amend the motion to separate by inserting after the word "separate," the words "after one more ballot."

Mr. Knox's motion to amend Prevailed.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for William C. Spruance.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, was absent.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, seven votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

For Anthony Higgins, two votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 45,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person

having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

Mr. President pro tem thereupon declared in pursuance of previous notice,

The two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock, A. M., Monday.

Monday, January 30, 1899—11 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter and Mr. President pro tem.

Mr. Knox gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 31, entitled

“An act in relation to reinsurance and the transaction of business of fire insurance companies or associations otherwise than through resident agents.”

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Betts Machine Company.”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following Senate joint resolution entitled

“Senate joint resolution in reference to polygamy.”

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the bill,

House Bill No. 24, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 447, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, being an act in relation to the confirmation of the report of commissioners appointed to lay out ditches,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Pyle, the bill,

House Bill No. 22, entitled

“An act appropriating money to aid the Historical Society of Delaware for certain purposes of interest to this State,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 22, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 6, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware, as amended by Chapter 5, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, and published as amended as Chapter 6, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, and to authorize the purchase of law books by the State Librarian under the direction of Supreme Court,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

The hour of 12 o'clock, M., having arrived,

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a U. S. Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress entitled:

“An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress,” passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals of both houses read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, was absent.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for William C. Spruance.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Levi C. Bird.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, was absent.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, five votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, one vote.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

For Levi C. Bird, one vote.

For Anthony Higgins, two votes.

For Jonathan S. Willis, one vote.

Total number of votes cast, 44,

The President pro tem, of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, was absent.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Daniel M. Wilson.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, was absent.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, one vote.

For William C. Spruance, one vote.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

For Anthony Higgins, two votes.

For Daniel M. Wilson, one vote.

For Jonathan S. Willis, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 44,

The President pro tem, of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, moved that the two houses separate,

Which motion was

Lost.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, was absent.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for William C. Spruance.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph L. Topham.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, was absent.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fourteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, one vote.

For Joseph L. Topham, one vote.

For Anthony Higgins, three votes.

For Jonathan S. Willis, two votes.

For L. Irving Handy, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 44,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

On motion the Senate took a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M.

Same Day—3 o'clock, P. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Farlow, from the Committee on Finance, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 19, entitled

“An act fixing the compensation of persons appointed by the Court of General Session to lay out and vacate roads,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, McFarlin, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—9.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bills:

House Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to change the name of Joseph F. Zinciwicz to Joseph F. Emory.”

House Bill No. 41, entitled

“An act to appropriate the sum of fourteen hundred and fifty-four dollars and sixty-one cents (\$1,454.61) to Robert C. White, Attorney General, to reimburse him for money expended by him in the prosecution of Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mary E. Dunning.”

House Bill No. 48, entitled

“An act to change the name of Rosalie B. Addicks to Rosalie Butcher,”

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate bill:

Senate Bill No. 10, entitled

“An act authorizing the State Treasurer to pay over to the school commissioners of United Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, consolidated under the title of ‘the Selbyville public schools,’ for the use of the districts certain moneys to which said districts are entitled under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly, entitled ‘An act to consolidate School Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County under the title of ‘the Selbyville public schools,’ ”

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 33, entitled

“An act prescribing the manner in which flour and other grain meals shall be offered and exposed for sale in bags, packages, parcels or boxes, to consumers.”

Mr. Lewis gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 34, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 542, Volume 16, Laws of Delaware, in relation to attachment of wages.”

On motion of Mr. McFarlin, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 32, entitled

“An act to change the name of New Castle County Almshouse to ‘The New Castle County Hospital,’ ”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 23, entitled

“An act to exempt from execution process and attachment process and from distress for rent, pianos, organs and other musical instruments,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

Mr. President pro tem gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 35, entitled

“An act to transfer the real estate of Sarah Rook from School District No. 58 to School District No. 74, New Castle County.”

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock, A. M. to-morrow.

Tuesday, January 31, 1899—11 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

Mr. Farlow gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 36, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 694, Volume 18, Laws of Delaware, in relation to corporate suretyship and foreign surety companies.”

Mr. Maull moved that there be two hundred copies of Senate Bill No. 31, printed for the use of the Senate.

Which motion

Prevailed.

Mr. Meredith, from the Committee on Corporations, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Betts Machine Company,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Meredith, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 25, entitled

"An act to amend Chapter 438, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware, being an act to amend the act entitled 'An act providing for the appointment of a State Chemist,' by fixing the fee to the State chemist for making an analysis of any fertilizer composed of one or several ingredients, at the sum of one dollar,"

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time, by paragraphs, in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—14.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. McFarlin, the bill,

House Bill No. 30, entitled

"An act to change the name of Joseph F. Zinciwicz to Joseph F. Emory,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 33, entitled

“An act prescribing the manner in which flour and other grain meals shall be offered and exposed for sale, in bags, packages, parcels or boxes,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill,

House Bill No. 41, entitled

“An act to appropriate the sum of fourteen hundred and fifty-four dollars and sixty-one cents (\$1,454.61) to Robert C. White, Attorney General, to reimburse him for money expended by him in the prosecution of Cordelia Botkin, for the murder of Mary E. Dunning,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Accounts.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 31, entitled

"An act in relation to reinsurance and the transaction of business of fire insurance companies or associations otherwise than through resident agents,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by its title, and

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Maull offered and asked for the reading of Senate Joint Resolution No. 12, entitled

"Senate joint resolution requesting Congress to complete the Assawoman canal and to make Lewes a port of entry."

Mr. Maull moved the adoption of the resolution,

Which motion

Prevailed.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, returned to the Senate the following duly and correctly enrolled Senate joint resolution, the same having been signed by the Speakers of both Houses:

Senate Joint Resolution No. 10, entitled

"Senate joint resolution in reference to polygamy."

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bill:

House Bill No. 47, entitled

"An act to change the name of Burton Willey to Robert Burton, of Georgetown Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware."
The hour of 12 o'clock, M., having arrived,

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a United States Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled:

"An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress," passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals were read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for J. Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, five votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

For Anthony Higgins, one vote.

For Jonathan S. Willis, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 46,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for J. Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, five votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

For Anthony Higgins, one vote.

For Jonathan S. Willis, five votes

Total number of votes cast, 46,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for L. Irving Handy.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for J. Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Anthony Higgins.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, five votes.

For L. Irving Handy, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, one vote.

For Anthony Higgins, two votes.

For Jonathan S. Willis, five votes.

Total number of votes cast, 46,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

On motion the Senate took a recess until 3 o'clock, P. M.

Same Day—3 o'clock, P. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. Hart gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 37, entitled

“An act authorizing and empowering the Superior Court within any of the counties of this States to change the names of the wife and children in divorce cases.”

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 38, entitled

“An act providing that actions ex delicto may be commenced by foreign attachment process.”

Mr. Maull gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 39, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 449, Volume 16, Laws of Delaware, entitled, ‘An act regulating pilots and pilotage of and in the bay and river Delaware,’ as the same has been amended, regulating the license of pilots and changing the same for pilotage.”

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bills:

House Bill No. 32, entitled

“An act to amend an act in relation to the admission of insane persons to the State Hospital at Farnhurst.”

Also House Bill No. 42, entitled

“An act providing a salary for the clerk of the school commissioners in each school district in this State.”

Also House Bill No. 46, entitled

“An act appropriating one hundred and ten dollars to the Insurance Commissioner with which to purchase a typewriting machine and supplies,”

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Brasure gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 40, entitled

“An act to incorporate the town of Selbyville, Sussex County, Delaware.”

Mr. Knox, from the Committee on Judiciary, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 21, entitled

“An act providing for special sessions of the Supreme Court in cases of writs of prohibition and mandamus, issued under paragraph 5, Section 12 of Article 4 of the Constitution,”

Reported the same with amendment.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the amendment

Was read and

Adopted.

On further motion of Mr. Knox, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Knox, from the Committee on Judiciary, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 19, entitled

"An act providing of what judges the Supreme Court shall consist when acting under paragraph 5 of Section 12 of Article 4 of the Constitution of this State,"

Reported the same with amendment.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the amendment

Was read and

Adopted.

On further motion of Mr. Knox, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 20, entitled

"An act in relation to the taxing of cost in case of writs of prohibition or writs of mandamus,"

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

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The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered the House for concurrence.

Mr. Pyle offered a Senate resolution entitled

“Senate resolution authorizing the President pro tem of the Senate to appoint a committee of five members on appropriations,”

Which was read,

And on the further motion of Mr. Pyle,

Was Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Brasure, the bill,

House Bill No. 34, entitled

“An act to incorporate the town of Dagsboro,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Cities and Towns.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock, A. M., tomorrow.

Wednesday, February 1, 1899—11 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

The President pro tem in compliance to Senate resolution authorizing him to appoint a committee of five on appropriations,

Announced the committee as follows:

Messrs. Farlow, Abbott, Pyle, Brasure, Meredith.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 38, entitled

“An act providing that actions ex-delicto may be commenced by foreign attachment process,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Hart, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 37, entitled

“An act authorizing and empowering the Superior Court within any of the counties of this State to change the names of the wife and children in divorce cases,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. McFarlin, the bill,

House Bill No. 47, entitled

“An act to change the name of Burton Willey to Robert Burton, of Georgetown Hundred, Sussex County, Delaware,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Blakely, the bill,

House Bill No. 42, entitled

“An act providing a salary for the clerk of the school commissioners in each school district in this State,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time, by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 24, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 447, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, being an act in relation to the confirmation of the report of commissioners appointed to lay out ditches,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which on being taken were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakspeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 32, entitled

“An act to change the name of New Castle County Almshouse to the New Castle County Hospital,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 27, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 24, Revised Statutes, in relation to Sheriff’s bond,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported,

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 48, entitled

“An act to change the name of Rosalie B. Addicks to the name of Rosalie Butcher,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakspeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 28, entitled

“An act authorizing the Governor to appoint three Notaries Public for the Sussex Trust, Title and Safe Deposit Company,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time, by paragraphs, in order to pass the Senate.

On the question, “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—14.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to change the name of Joseph F. ZinciwicZ to Joseph F. Emory,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

Mr. Hart, from the Committee on Accounts, to whom had been referred the bill;

House Bill No. 41, entitled

“An act to appropriate the sum of fourteen hundred and fifty-four dollars and sixty-one cents (\$1,454.61) to Robert C. White,

Attorney General, to reimburse him for money expended by him in the prosecution of Cordelia Botkin for the murder of Mary E. Dunning,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

Mr. Farlow, from the Committee on Finance, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 22, entitled

"An act appropriating money to aid the Historical Society of Delaware for certain purposes of interest to this State,"

Reported the same as amended.

Mr. Abbott offered Senate amendment as follows:

"Strike out 'three' wherever it occurs and insert 'five.' "

On motion of Mr. Abbott, the amendment just reported
Was taken up for consideration.

On the question "Shall this amendment pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Brasure, Knox, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Mr. President pro tem—9.

Nays—Messrs. Blakely, Farlow, Hart, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Slaughter—8.

So the question was decided in the negative,

And the amendment having failed to receive the required constitutional majority.

Was Defeated.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill just reported
Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—17.

Nays—None.

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

The hour of 12 o'clock, M., having arrived,

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a United States Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled:

“An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress,” passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals were read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Shakespeare of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, seven votes.

For Anthony Higgins, one vote.

For Jonathan S. Willis, four votes.

For John R. Nicholson, four votes.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

Total number of votes cast, 47,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Shakespeare of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker, of the House, voted for Levi C. Bird.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, six votes.

For Anthony Higgins, one vote.

For Jonathan S. Willis, four votes.

For Levi C. Bird, one vote.

For Joseph H. Chandler, two votes.

For John R. Nicholson, four votes.

Total number of votes cast, 47,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

The joint meeting proceeded to another ballot,

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for L. H. Ball.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for L. H. Ball.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Shakespeare of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Conaway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for L. H. Ball.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Tharp, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Wagamon, of the House, was absent.

Mr. West, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Speaker of the House, voted for Levi C. Bird.

The vote as above ascertained having been announced as follows:

For John Edward Addicks, fourteen votes.

For George Gray, fifteen votes.

For Henry A. DuPont, six votes.

For Jonathan S. Willis, four votes.

For John R. Nicholson, four votes.

For L. H. Ball, three votes.

For Levi C. Bird, one vote.

Total number of votes cast, 47,

The President pro tem of the Senate declared that no person having received a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator,

There was no election to said office.

On motion of Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, the two houses separated,

And the members of the Senate returned to their chamber.

On motion the Senate took a recess until 2.30 o'clock, P. M.

• Same Day—2.30 o'clock, P. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Mr. President pro tem gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 41, entitled

“An act to amend an act entitled ‘An act to provide for the idiotic children of the State of Delaware,’ passed at Dover, February 22, 1861, as the same has been amended by increasing the number of children to be provided for, removing the restriction as to counties and increasing the appropriation therefor.”

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate bill:

Senate Bill No. 12, entitled

"An act to enable the Governor to appoint an additional Notary Public for New Castle County, for Appoquinimink Hundred."

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bills:

House Bill No. 38, entitled

"Providing for the auditing of the books and accounts of certain county officers of New Castle County."

Also, House Bill No. 39, entitled

"An act providing for the publication of the report of the committee appointed by the resident associate judge of New Castle County to examine all the books, vouchers and accounts of certain county officers of New Castle County."

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Pyle gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 42, entitled

"An act fixing the rates or prices at which the Board of Water Commissioners of the city of Wilmington shall hereafter supply water to persons using the same in said city of Wilmington."

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 29, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 583, Volume 20, Laws of Delaware, in relation to the settlement of personal estates,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill was laid on the table until to-morrow.

Mr. Maull gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 43, entitled

“An act to extend the provisions of an act passed at Dover the 20th day of April, 1887, entitled ‘An act in relation to recognizances in the Orphans’ Court,’ to Sussex County.”

Mr. Hart, from the Committee on Fish, Oysters and Game, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 20, entitled

“An act to repeal Chapter 556, Volume 18, Laws of Delaware, entitled ‘An act for the protection of fish in Indian river, Rehoboth bay and the tributaries thereof,’ ”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Knox, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Lewis, McFarlin, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—10.

Nays—Messrs. Maull, Meredith, Moore—3.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill,

House Bill No. 46, entitled

"An act appropriating one hundred and ten dollars to the Insurance Commissioner with which to purchase a typewriting machine and supplies,"

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title and

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

On motion of Mr. Farlow, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 36, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 694, Volume 18, Laws of Delaware, in relation to corporate suretyship and foreign surety companies,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title and

Referred to the Committee on Revised Statutes.

Mr. Pyle, from the Committee on Cities and Towns, to whom had been referred the bill,

House Bill No. 34, entitled

“An act to incorporate the town of Dagsboro,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Pyle, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And, on his further motion, was read a third time, by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Hart, Knox,

Lewis, Maull, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter—14.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Was

Concurred in.

Ordered that the House be informed thereof and the bill returned to that body.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, the bill,

House Bill No. 38, entitled

“An act providing for the auditing of the books and accounts of certain county officers of New Castle County,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Accounts.

On motion of Mr. Blakely, the bill,

House Bill No. 39, entitled

“An act providing for the publication of the report of the committee appointed by the resident associate judge of New Castle County, to examine all the books, vouchers and accounts of certain county officers of New Castle County,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Accounts.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, the bill,

House Bill No. 32, entitled

“An act to amend an act in relation to the admission of insane persons to the Delaware State Hospital at Farnhurst,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title, and

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate bill:

Senate Bill No. 10, entitled

“An act authorizing the State Treasurer to pay over to the school commissioners of United Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, consolidated under the title of ‘The Selbyville public schools,’ for the use of the district certain moneys to which said district is entitled under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly, entitled ‘An act to consolidate School Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, under the title of the Selbyville public schools.’”

With the following amendments:

To add to committee amendments the following:

“Strike out the words ‘and six hundred and five dollars and seven cents’ wherever they appear in said act and insert in lieu thereof the following: ‘Five hundred and fifty-eight dollars and sixty-two cents.’”

Passed in the House.

Extract from Journal.

Jan. 31, 1899.

Benjamin F. Sheppard, Clerk.

And returned the same to the Senate.

Mr. Abbott, on behalf of the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported as duly and correctly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President pro tem, the following bill:

Senate Bill No. 10, entitled

“An act authorizing the State Treasurer to pay over to the school commissioners of United Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, consolidated under the title of the Selbyville public schools, for the use of the district certain moneys to which said district is entitled under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly, entitled ‘An act to consolidate School Districts Nos. 32 and 108, in Sussex County, under the title of the Selbyville public schools.’”

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock, A. M., tomorrow.

Thursday, February 2, 1899—11 o'clock, A. M.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Chaplain.

Roll called. Members present—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, and Mr. President pro tem.

Journal read and approved.

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 44, entitled

“An act to repeal the act entitled ‘An act for the eradication of infectious and contagious diseases among the lower animals,’ passed at Dover, May 4, 1893.

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 45, entitled

“An act to repeal an act entitled ‘An act to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle of this State,’ published as Chapter 630, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware.”

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 46, entitled

“An act to repeal an act entitled ‘An act to prevent the spread of contagious or infectious pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle of this State,’ ” passed at Dover, March 29, 1881.

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had passed and requested the concurrence of the Senate in the following bill:

House Bill No. 26, entitled

“An act to allow the commissioners of the town of Laurel to issue bonds for certain purposes.”

Mr. Sheppard, Clerk of the House, being admitted, informed the Senate that the House had concurred in the following Senate bill:

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

“An act to renew the charter of the Betts Machine Company,”

And presented the same to the Senate.

Mr. Shakespeare gave notice that on to-morrow or some future day he would ask leave to introduce a bill,

Senate Bill No. 47, entitled

“An act to repeal an act entitled ‘An act to amend Chapter 379 of Volume 16 of the Laws of Delaware,’ ” passed at Dover, January 22, 1885.

Mr. Abbott, from the Committee on Enrolled Bills, reported

as duly and correctly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President of the Senate, the following Senate bills:

Senate Bill No. 30, entitled

"An act to renew the charter of the Betts Machine Company."

Senate Bill No. 12, entitled

"An act to enable the Governor to appoint an additional Notary Public for New Castle County, for Appoquinimink Hundred."

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 33, entitled

"An act prescribing the manner in which flour and other grain meals shall be offered and exposed for sale in bags, packages, parcels or boxes,"

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration.

And, on his further motion, was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question "Shall this bill pass the Senate?"

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken, were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Farlow, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Meredith, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—17.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Pyle, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 42, entitled

“An act fixing the rates or prices at which the Board of Water Commissioners of the city of Wilmington shall hereafter supply water to persons using the same in the said city of Wilmington,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title and

Referred to the Committee on Cities and Towns.

On motion of Mr. Shakespeare, the bill,

Senate Bill No. 18, entitled

“An act to provide and establish a State Board of Agriculture and to prescribe its powers and duties,”

Was taken up and read a first time.

And on his further motion Rule 14 was suspended as to this bill,

And the bill was read a second time by title and

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Maull, from the Committee on Revised Statutes, to whom had been referred the bill,

Senate Bill No. 22, entitled

“An act to amend Chapter 6, Volume 17, Laws of Delaware, as amended by Chapter 5, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, and published as amended as Chapter 6, Volume 21, Laws of Delaware, and to authorize the purchase of law books by the State Librarian under the direction of the Supreme Court,”

Reported the same with favorable recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Maull, the bill just reported

Was taken up for consideration,

And on his further motion was read a third time by paragraphs in order to pass the Senate.

On the question “Shall this bill pass the Senate?”

The yeas and nays were ordered, which, on being taken were as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Allee, Blakely, Brasure, Hart, Knox, Lewis, Maull, McFarlin, Moore, Pennewill, Pyle, Shakespeare, Slaughter, Mr. President pro tem—15.

Nays—None.

So the question was decided in the affirmative,

And the bill having received the required constitutional majority,

Passed the Senate.

Ordered to the House for concurrence.

The hour of 12 o'clock, M. having arrived,

The Senate, preceded by the President pro tem and attended by the Clerks and Sergeant-at-Arms, proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, for the purpose of voting for a U. S. Senator, in obedience to the act of Congress, entitled

“An act to regulate the time and manner of holding elections for Senators in Congress,” passed July 25th, 1866.

JOINT SESSION.

Roll of the two houses called.

The Journals were read and approved.

The Clerks were directed to call the rolls of the respective houses, and the members, as their names were called,

Responded by viva voce vote, as follows, viz:

Mr. Abbott, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Allee, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Blakely, of the Senate, voted for Dr. Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Brasure, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Farlow, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Hart, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Knox, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Lewis, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Maull, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. McFarlin, of the Senate, voted for Anthony Higgins.

Mr. Meredith, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Moore, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pennewill, of the Senate, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Pyle, of the Senate, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Shakespeare, of the Senate, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Slaughter, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. President pro tem, of the Senate, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Buell, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Burns, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Clark of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. Conoway, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Cottingham, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Davis, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Dennison, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Donahoe, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Donovan, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Ewing, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Faries, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frazier, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Frizzell, of the House, voted for Joseph H. Chandler.

Mr. Hazzard, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hering, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hitchen, of the House, voted for Jonathan S. Willis.

Mr. Hunter, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Hushebeck, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jenkins, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Jester, of the House, voted for John R. Nicholson.

Mr. King, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Lattomus, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. McNulty, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. O'Day, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Pilling, of the House, was absent.

Mr. Robertson, of the House, voted for Henry A. DuPont.

Mr. Rose, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Satterfield, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Shallcross, of the House, voted for George Gray.

Mr. Short, of the House, voted for John Edward Addicks.

Mr. Taylor, of the House, voted for George Gray.