

# The Newark Post

VOL. XXV

NEWARK, DELAWARE,

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1934

NUMBER 32

## DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN STATE SOLIDLY BEHIND CONSTRUCTIVE ISSUES DESPITE CLASHES

Wilbur L. Adams Nominated for U. S. Senate, John C. Hazzard for Congressman, in Convention at Dover, Tuesday. Party Pays Enthusiastic Tribute To Former Judge Hugh M. Morris by Attempt to Draft Him for Senate.

### MR. MORRIS REFUSES OFFICE— DELIVERS STIRRING KEYNOTE ADDRESS

#### DEMOCRATIC TICKET

United States Senator—Wilbur L. Adams, present Representative in Congress.  
Representative in Congress—John C. Hazzard, President of Wilmington City Council.  
Attorney General—Edward W. Cooch, of Newark, practicing attorney of Wilmington.  
State Treasurer—James R. Clements, Clayton business man.  
State Auditor—Scott W. Rees, New Castle business man and State Legislator.  
Insurance Commissioner—Banksom Holcomb, insurance broker at Frederica.

A convention determined to nominate former Judge Hugh M. Morris for the United States Senate on the Democratic ticket met at Dover on Tuesday and was thrown into a considerable degree of tumult by the personal clashes that resulted from Mr. Morris' firm refusal to accept the nomination. Complete personal harmony had been sought within the party by selecting former Judge Morris, as keynoter, leader and chief candidate. By this selection all factions evidently hoped to avoid the personal clashes and airing of grievances over organization and patronage questions that have marred the otherwise complete harmony behind

the party policy. Balked in this effort, the convention perforce had to endure factional strife and the airing of grievances before the final completion of the convention's work and a vote of unanimous support for nominees, and for a united campaign policy. Those nominated are: Wilbur L. Adams, for the United States Senate; John C. Hazzard, for the House of Representatives; Edward W. Cooch, for attorney general; James R. Clements, for State treasurer; Banksom T. Holcomb, for State insurance commissioner; Scott W. Rees, for State auditor.

When the convention opened in the State Armory, and following the introductory words of State Chairman John Biggs, Jr., presenting former Judge Hugh M. Morris as the keynote speaker, the audience arose as it applauded and cheered the speaker and intended candidate for the Senate. The keynote address, (given in major part at the end of this article), called for the clear-sighted and constructive support of President Roosevelt, as the great leader belonging to "that political party that holds ever sacred the inalienable right, not of some men, but of all men, to the pursuits of happiness." The accord of the convention with the keynote speech was registered in prolonged applause.

Following the roll call and retirement of committees brief talks were given by James M. Tunnel, of Georgetown, National Committeeman, Congressman Adams, Mrs. Mabel Derby, (Continued on Page 6.)

## BANQUET TOMORROW EVENING OPENS AMERICAN LEGION STATE CONVENTION AT REHOBOTH

Ball, Dance, Beach Parties, Fireworks Display, Clam Bake Will Entertain Members Between Business Sessions. Local Post Backs John R. Fader of Newark for State Commander.

The delegation from Newark of members and officers of the J. Allison O'Daniel Post who will attend the sessions of the State Department at Rehoboth tomorrow and Saturday enthusiastically champion the selection of John R. Fader, their choice for State Department Commander. Mr. Fader is past commander of the local post and has been active in its affairs since the post was started. He is now Department Vice-Commander and his friends are back of him one hundred per cent to step up to the office of Department Commander. Mr. Fader is a successful local business man and active in civic affairs. He is also a prominent member of the Newark Lions Club and other local organizations.

The Americanization and other committees will report, including the athletic committee.

The convention delegates will gather Friday evening at 7 o'clock at a banquet in the Hotel Henlopen, after which they will be entertained by a fireworks display on the beach. At 9 o'clock, in the Henlopen Casino, the American Legion Ball will be held.

Saturday morning the first session of the convention will be called at 9:30 for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, considering resolutions and transacting such other business as may come before it. Commander Afterbach, of Georgetown, will preside.

A clam bake and beach party has been arranged by the committee in charge for Saturday evening, to entertain the Legion members, auxiliary and their families.

Officers elected in the J. Allison O'Daniel Post of the American Legion are: Commander, Arthur Tomhave; vice-commander, J. Harvey Dickey; adjutant, Carroll Mumford; finance officer, J. R. Downes; historian, J. Q. Smith; chaplain, Harry Herbener; sergeant-at-arms, Walter Powell; Conrad Lewis and Lester Scotten were elected to serve on the executive committee.

The delegates who will attend the American Legion Convention in Rehoboth are: J. Harvey Dickey, Wayne Brewer, Harry Herbener and Orville Little. The alternates are Lester Scotten, Leon Case, Carroll Mumford and J. Q. Smith.

The Auxiliary officers are: President, Mrs. H. S. Gabriel; vice-president, Mrs. Elizabeth Garrett; secretary, Mrs. Lee Lewis; treasurer, Mrs. Harry Herbener; chaplain, Mrs. Wayne Brewer; historian, Mrs. Frances Lindell; sergeant-at-arms, Mrs. Newton Shaeffer.

Mrs. John Fader and Mrs. Conrad Lewis are the delegates, and Mrs. J. Harvey Dickey and Mrs. Harry Herbener the alternates who will attend the convention.

The Junior Members of the American Legion Auxiliary met on the lawn at the home of Mrs. Arthur E. Tomhave Wednesday afternoon. Election of officers was held, resulting as follows: President, Lois Mae Tomhave; vice-president, Eleanor Mumford; secretary, Miriam Lewis; sergeant-at-arms, Nancy Cooch; chaplain, Betty Mumford, historian, Doris Shaeffer. Betty Mumford is the outgoing president.

## NEWARK SCHOOLS HAVE 1306 PUPILS

School days started off Monday morning with all classes in full session including the new departments of music and physical education for boys, in the Newark Schools. The total of pupils reciting is 1306. There are 122 colored pupils in all grades, 539 pupils in the white elementary grades and 645 in the Junior and Senior High Schools.

### Few Arrests

Two arrests for reckless driving were the only cases brought into Magistrate Thompson's court this week.

## STATE D. A. R. MEETS AT BELMONT HALL SEPTEMBER 27

The fall conference of the Delaware Daughters of the American Revolution will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cummins Speakman, historic Belmont Hall, at Smyrna. A tablet at the hall erected some years ago by the Daughters, bears the following inscription:

"In honor of the sentinel who during the American Revolution was mortally wounded by a British bullet on the watch tower of Belmont Hall, Delaware, the headquarters of the patriots and the home of Governor Thomas Collins, Brigadier General of the Delaware Militia in 1777."

## NEWARK BUSINESS WOMEN CONSIDER THEIR PART IN A TOWN IMPROVEMENT PLAN

In First Meeting of the Fall, as Guests of the President, Mrs. Anna D. Justis, at Newport, Members Enthusiastically Discuss Supervised Playground for Children, Public Library, Town Park, and Other Needs.

### COMMITTEES WILL COOPERATE WITH OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

The Newark Business Women's Club, which is not yet a year old, opened its second session of meetings after a summer holiday period, on last Tuesday evening at the Newport home of the President, Mrs. Anna D. Justis, of the Delaware Tea House, Newark. In addition to an enjoyable reunion as guests of the president, whose hospitality included a specially delicious supper, the members discussed a proposed program for the year through which the club might contribute definite and practical work toward town improvement in Newark. Mrs. Justis reported local sentiment for a supervised playground for children which had been frequently and feelingly expressed this season along with general criticism by women particularly of the lack of recreation facilities for women and children in the town. After a lively reporting by members of their experience and opinions on recreation in Newark and a strong endorsement of a playground and the development of parkland for the town, the club voted to start the playground movement by appointment of a committee to investigate possibilities and report with recommendations. Meanwhile the organization adopted a proposal made by Mrs. Justis for raising a playground fund, which will be undertaken after preliminary work is reported at the next meeting.

To increase the fund for the playground and other work it was voted, also to give a benefit card party once a month, to begin in October.

The lack of public library facilities was the next special subject of discussion and interest. A committee was appointed to cooperate with the local New Century Club in activity toward a library and with all other groups in the Newark school district interested in the provision of adequate town library service. As the supper was a treat of the hostess, six dollars of supper money was turned over to the library committee. This amount was doubled by a pledge of \$6, and a gift of ten new books was promised.

Other subjects considered by the club members in general discussion were getting rid of eye-sores and in attractive spots, persuading householders to keep their premises, behind their houses as well as in front, in a tidy and attractive manner, free of all rubbish and weeds and ugly and unsanitary accumulations; tree planting, and numerous other details. There was complete accord in the view that Newark is so fine a town in its assets and possibilities that only a faithless citizenship can sit back and fail to develop these assets and possibilities.

The supper meetings will continue on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month. Completion of the special committees authorized at Tuesday night's meeting will follow preliminary reports to be made at the next meeting, September 25.

Miss Helen Clark was appointed to make up two bowling teams of club members who wish to join in that sport.

## DELAWARE'S FAME AS ANGLER'S PARADISE GROWS WITH HIGHWAY DEVELOPMENT

Fishing Ports, Streams, Lakes, Ponds, All Reached Quickly Over Smooth Pavements by Increasing Numbers of Isaac Walton's Descendants

### 1000 FISHERMEN PER DAY AT BOWERS BEACH

The good roads of Delaware, this year, have poured into the laps of the fishermen of the State approximately a million and a half dollars and almost a similar amount into the coffers of small business men of the State, to this date, with a third of the fishing season remaining for further earnings.

#### Fishing Boats

One hundred and seventy-five boats carry fishing parties into the Delaware Bay from Delaware ports, fishing parties that come from almost all States in the Union, cars having been seen from as far west as California, from Florida, from the Middle West and most remarkable of all, even from New Jersey where the fishing business has attained even greater importance than in this State; Pennsylvania, however, is the State where the large proportion of the fishermen drive from and particularly from the coal mining regions where the towns of Scranton, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Shamokin, vie with the manufacturing and agricultural surrounded towns of Columbia, Reading, Williamsport, Harrisburg, Lebanon, Allentown and Bethlehem, in sending its regular weekly quota of fishing parties and where the tides and daily catches are watched with almost equal interest as in our own section; to these, it is, that our good roads especially appeal.

Formerly these fishermen went into New Jersey, but with well paved highways into this State, and the much shorter trip to the fishing grounds, Leipsic, Little Creek, Bowers Beach, Lewes, Slaughter Beach, Broadkill and even the furthestmost port of Fenwick Island are getting the sportsmen.

#### Bowers Beach Leads

Bowers Beach leads all the other ports in having 73 registered fishing boats with Little Creek second with 38 boats and Lewes third with 23. These are all registered "for hire" boats although there are quite a few that take out parties without any particular charge, the skippers generally arranging the finances so that the members of the party pay his expenses and his wages for the day with enough added to take care of the upkeep of his boat.

#### Nearly Two Million for Boat Hire

With over 175 boats taking out regular parties, over a period of 103 fishing days so far this year and an average hire paid of \$10 a boat it can easily be figured that around \$1,804,450 was spent for boat hire alone, in addition to this, with an average load of eight fishermen to a boat it would mean at least 144,360 fishermen who have tried the waters of the Delaware Bay this year, and with an average expenditure of five dollars each for meals, rooms and other necessities they are compelled to purchase, the amount of money they leave with the business men of the State would run close to a million dollars.

The boats used for fishing run from around thirty footers to some as large as 63 feet in length with a beam of 16 foot and which carry as many as fifty passengers. Nearly all of the (Continued on Page 4.)

### NEWARK RESIDENTS SUFFER INJURIES

Mr. and Mrs. Price Jackson and their daughter Edith who were injured recently in an automobile accident near Federalsburg, Md., have not yet returned to Newark, and little news has been received of their injuries. Mr. Jackson was but slightly hurt, but the injuries to his wife and daughter were more serious. Mrs. Jackson's nose was broken and it is feared she may have received some internal injury. Miss Edith had a severe laceration of the thigh.

The Jacksons, with Wilmington friends had been visiting near Federalsburg and had started home when their car was struck by a towed car zig-zagging across the road, apparently out of control of the man at the wheel, Thomas Sishell, who was arrested.

### Monday Last Day For State Car Inspection

After Monday next, all cars not having been inspected and whose owners have not complied with the safety requirements will be subject to enforcement of the law by the State police.

## Newport Women's Club Dedicates New Building

The new club house of the Newport Women's Club, dedicated Tuesday evening of this week, was visited all that day by interested groups who admired its architecture, its well planned and attractively finished interior, and the room which is already a town library with built-in cases and space for expanding the stock of books.

A book collection selected and lent for use by the New Castle County Free Library, was already in place and emphasized in the minds of visitors this contribution to community service by the Newport Club. Metal engravings and the stained wood finish of the interior of the building produce an attractive effect especially in the large club room with its excellent proportions.

Miss Ella Johnson, founder of the Newport Club, was a gracious hostess to many unexpected visitors during the day and received fitting tribute from Delaware club women at the evening ceremony.

## Librarians Will Meet At Dover

On Friday and Saturday, the 28th and 29th of this month a Delaware Library Institute will be held in the Legislative Building at Dover. Sessions on Friday will consist of round table discussions by and for library workers in the towns throughout the State. Mrs. Margaret Ross will conduct one of the discussions on the subject of school libraries.

The Saturday morning session will be a meeting of the Delaware Library Association. Miss Marguerite Burnett will talk on Adult Education and the Library. Miss Nan H. Lang, of the Wilmington Library's juvenile department will give a talk on children's books; Mrs. Alice Steinlein will talk upon experiences in a Bookshop.

## LEGION JUNIOR SQUAD RECEIVES HIGH PRAISE

Following the recent play-offs at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, in which Newark's Junior American Legion baseball squad took part, a letter was received by the local Legion Post containing the following comment by an officer of the Bethlehem Board of Education on whose field the games took place:

"The conduct of the players both on and off the field was exemplary. They proved themselves young gentlemen and true American sportsmen. We feel that their home towns can rightly feel proud of them and that the city of Bethlehem was privileged in being host to them for several days."

The team that went from Newark

is shown in photograph on the front page of The Post of August 16. The team consisted of Smythe, Morrison, Hill, George, Capt. Daley, Ewing, Cole, Morgan, Dunn, Manager Baker, Aiken, Gregg, Currinder, Lloyd, Doordan and Coach Herbener.

### Play School Being Organized

Mrs. Ned Allen, of W. Main Street, is planning to organize a play school for children between the ages of 2 and 4, for which a trained teacher will be provided. Rates will be moderate.



Upper—Oyster Fleet and Fishing Boats at Little Creek, Delaware. Lower—(Left) Boat Load of Shad at Bowers Beach. (Right) Oyster Vessels at Work in Delaware Bay.

Photographs by State Board of Agriculture.

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## STATE BANKERS HEAR PRAISE OF DELAWARE'S FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AT ANNUAL MEETING

The Regular Session of the Delaware Bankers Association at Rehoboth This Afternoon Was Addressed by Marshall R. Diggs, Executive Assistant To Federal Comptroller of The Currency.

A special session of representatives of trust companies in the State preceded the regular annual meeting in the Hotel Henlopen today at Rehoboth, of the Delaware Bankers' Association. The proposal to organize a trust section of the State Association was considered in discussions led by Caleb M. Sheward, president of the State Association. At the regular session, officers of the association are being chosen for the coming year.

Those attending from Newark are: Mr. J. E. Dougherty, vice-president of the Farmers Trust Co., and Mr. Robert C. Lewis, secretary and treasurer of the Newark Trust Company.

At 2 o'clock, standard time, this afternoon the annual meeting was addressed by Marshall R. Diggs, Executive Assistant to the Federal Comptroller of the Currency, J. F. T. O'Connor. The address of the government speaker is here given in full:

To be invited to address the Bankers of Delaware at their annual convention is both a privilege and a pleasure.

You extended an invitation to Hon. J. F. T. O'Connor, Comptroller of the Currency, to attend this convention. Unfortunately, he had accepted another speaking engagement and was forced to decline. However, he has asked me to express his regrets and to tell you that he would have liked to be present. My official connection is with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, but Mr. O'Connor has suggested that I tell you something of the activities of the Comptroller's Department.

As you all can testify, the general banking situation in the United States has improved tremendously in the 18 months which have passed since last year's general banking holiday. This has been due, in large measure, to the greater public confidence engendered by Federal Deposit Insurance and to the rehabilitation of banks by national and state authorities.

**Banking Picture**  
Let us look at the national banking picture:

On March 16, 1933—the first day after the termination of the general bank holiday—there were 1,417 national banks in the United States—including 10 non-member institutions in the District of Columbia which are generally considered national banks because they come directly under the jurisdiction of the Comptroller—which were not allowed to reopen. In these institutions there was "frozen" and unavailable to depositors funds amounting to \$2,207,964,000.

By the first of September—less than 18 months later—the number of unlicensed national banks in this country had been reduced to 50. Moreover, 86 per cent of these institutions, or 43 banks, had received approved reorganization plans, and can reopen just as soon as the terms of such approvals are fulfilled.

There were only seven national banks in the United States which were both unlicensed and without approved reorganization plans on September 1, 1934, and their aggregate deposits amounted to but \$3,148,000. Such a sum represents only a little more than one tenth of one per cent—to be exact, 0.14 per cent—of the \$2,207,964,000 tied up in all unlicensed national banks at the conclusion of the holiday.

**Delaware Status**  
Relatively speaking, Delaware's national banks suffered little from the bank holiday. Only 2 national institutions in your state were unlicensed on March 16, 1933, and their deposits aggregated but \$868,000. Both of them have since been reopened under their old charters—the first one on March 20, 1933; the other on February 28, 1934.

Delaware is one of the four leading states in an important and unique respect: Not a single national bank in your state is in receivership, although there are more than 1,500 national bank receiverships throughout the United States.

Reports by Delaware national banks in response to the "call" by Comptroller O'Connor for condition statements as of June 30, 1934, indicate that these institutions—while making no spectacular gains—are showing moderate improvement. Total deposits of all licensed national banks in your state were 1.3 per cent higher at the close of June than they were on December 30, 1933; investments rose 2.1 per cent during the same period, and total assets increased 0.1 per cent. While loans and discounts dropped 3.7 per cent, this was considerably less than the decrease of 5.0 per cent registered in this item by all national banks in the United States during the six months' period.

The results of the last three "call" reports for Delaware national banks follow:

No. of National Banks: 12-30-33, 15; 3-5-34, 16; 6-30-34, 16.

Loans and Discounts, 12-30-33, \$8,862,000; 3-5-34, \$8,706,000; 6-30-34, \$8,533,000.

Investments, 12-30-33, \$9,975,000; 3-5-34, \$9,134,000; 6-30-34, \$9,168,000.

Total assets, 12-30-33, \$20,830,000; 3-5-34, \$20,865,000; 6-30-34, \$20,869,000.

Total deposits, 12-30-33, \$14,235,000; 3-5-34, \$14,260,000; 6-30-34, \$14,420,000.

**Federal Deposit Insurance**

Higher bank deposit totals throughout the country reflect the beneficial influence of Federal Deposit Insurance. The public, knowing its funds to be secure in insured banks, no longer worries about failures, and, consequently, "runs" are a thing of the past. This was forcibly illustrated by a recent incident in a large mid-western city, as indicated by the following excerpt from a letter which I have just received:

**Prevents a Run**

"Considerable excitement was created in this city one day this week by the publication of a news story that the company owning the largest wholesale grocery house in this state had started a suit in District Court against the First National Bank. The suit alleged irregularities in the handling of its large trust fund, and asked for an accounting of the same. There was some fear of another 'run' on the First National; in fact, there was much loose-tongued talk of it. But, no run took place. Credit for the halting of the incipient run was given generally to the fact that the bank's deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. I heard many business men voice this opinion. In fact, one of the leading business men of this city said to the president of the First National, in my presence: 'It's a good thing your bank had its deposits insured when the story came out yesterday. It looked bad for a short time. But, when everyone remembered that the deposits were safely insured, the fear died down quickly. The power of that insurance was proven.'"

Contrast the true incident which I have just related to you with what would probably have happened in previous years. Publication of a report charging irregularities in a bank's management, before the inauguration of Federal Deposit Insurance, would probably have brought a mob of frightened, frenzied depositors to the institution, all of them clamoring for their money at the same time. The bad news would have spread like wildfire, and, in a twinkling, the bank would have been faced with a full-sized "run." Many a solvent bank, as you bankers know only too well, has been closed merely because of a "run," without regard to the institution's true financial standing.

But, under present conditions, "runs" no longer develop. For the depositors know that, even though their bank may close, they will be protected against loss by Federal Deposit Insurance.

There are more than 14,000 banks in the United States—44 of them in the State of Delaware—which are today enjoying the benefits of this insurance. Every depositor in each one of these institutions is protected up to a limit of \$5,000, which, for some 98 per cent of the individual customers, means 100 per cent protection.

**Insuring Deposits**  
During the first eight months the Insurance Fund was in operation, only five small insured banks closed, and the aggregate deposits of these institutions amounted to but \$1,478,371. The very small number of insured banks which failed during that period is even more impressive when contrasted with the record of former years. Throughout the 12 years 1921-1932, no less than 6,237 banks, with deposits of \$2,553,408,000, failed in the first eight months of such years alone. In other words, the average number of failures for the first eight months of these 12 years was 519, involving an average of \$212,784,000 in deposits.

Striking as is the reduction in the number of bank failures from an average of 519 to an actual total of 5, with an even more substantial decline in deposits, it does not tell the entire story. Even though only 5 banks failed, that would be a terrific blow, under the old order of things, to hundreds and hundreds of depositors in such institutions. But, with Federal Deposit Insurance in effect, depositors in the 5 banks which closed their doors were hardly inconvenienced.

For, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation promptly stepped in and paid off depositors up to its committed liability.

So far, I have dwelt upon the bright side of the banking picture. Unfortunately, there is another, and a darker, aspect to the situation.

**Banks Should Lend**

Some 350 years ago, the incomparable Francis Bacon wrote an essay, "Of Usury," which even today holds our interest. "The commodities of usury," he said, "are, first, that it makes fewer merchants; for were it not for this lazy trade of usury, money would not lie still, but would, in great part, be employed upon merchandising, which is the 'vena porta' of wealth in a state." On the other side the commodities of usury are, first, that, however usury in some respects hindereth merchandising, yet in some other it advanceth it; for it is certain that the greatest part of trade is driven by young merchants upon borrowing at interest; so as if the usurer either call in, or keep back

his money, there will ensue presently a great stand of trade \* \* \* \*"

Let me hasten to say that I do not intend any slight upon the banking profession when I speak of usury. In Bacon's time, I am told, the terms "usury" and "banking" were synonymous. But, for the sake of harmony, let us substitute a word, and make the Famed Essayist say: "If the banker either call in, or keep back his money, there will ensue presently a great stand of trade."

What was true 350 years ago is true today: If the banker will not lend, business cannot prosper. I am not speaking particularly of the bankers of Delaware, but the fact is well known to all of you that bankers have been unwilling to lend their surplus funds so as to promote business and recovery. Call it caution, timidity, cowardice or what you will, this development is retarding the progress of this Nation.

Speaking personally, I cannot fathom this attitude, either from the standpoint of patriotism or of cold business. If, as the pessimists charge, the country is headed for the dogs, the banks and bankers cannot escape the inevitable, and they must perish if the Nation collapses. If, on the other hand, we have seen the worst of the depression and the trend is now to be upward, there are great opportunities for profits for those institutions which pursue a constructive attitude towards the needs of industry. I am firmly convinced that we are headed in the right direction, and that by far the worst is behind us.

**Senator Townsend's Record**

I would feel remiss if, at this point, I did not pay a tribute to one of Delaware's most illustrious sons who is making a splendid record in the National Capital. Senator John G. Townsend, Jr., a member of the Senate Banking and Currency Committee, has been of inestimable value to the cause of Federal Deposit Insurance. He was one of those who took a leading part in framing the law which gives this protection to bank depositors, and, in addition, he has always been willing to lend a sympathetic ear to the problems involved in the

operation of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Insurance Corporation has been particularly fortunate, too, in having such able men to direct its affairs. Leo T. Crowley, chairman, Comptroller of the Currency J. F. T. O'Connor and E. G. Bennett have spared neither time nor effort in carrying out their duties as directors. The success of the corporation testifies to their abilities.

Americans have always been noted for their courage, and I am sure that the bankers of this Nation have inherited their share of this birth-right. The time is at hand when the possession of this virtue must be demonstrated by the banking fraternity of the country. If the bankers have but courage in themselves, courage in their country and courage in the business outlook, we cannot help but go forward.

Under the inspired leadership of that greatest and perhaps most courageous American of them all—President Franklin Delano Roosevelt—I am sure that the bankers will once again demonstrate their right to a place in the very first rank of those who are leading the victorious fight against the depression.

## Low Temperature for Seeds

Scientific experiments with the germination of seeds have brought to light a number of interesting facts. It has been found, says Nature Magazine, that many seeds have to undergo a period of low temperature, or even of freezing, before they will germinate satisfactorily. Many shrub and tree seeds have definite periods of ageing—corresponding to the gestation period in animals—before they will sprout. Others can be made to germinate only at definite temperatures. The range for annual delphinium seeds, for instance, is only about ten degrees, approximately between sixty and seventy fahrenheit. Above or below that they germinate poorly or not at all. Hardy delphiniums, on the other hand, sprout vigorously at temperatures between sixty and eighty-five degrees.

## U. OF D. NOTES

**Freshman Week at the University of Delaware Begins Next Thursday; Regular Classes Open Tuesday, the 25th.**

Early registration would indicate that the entering class at the University of Delaware will be about the same as it was last year when the joint class at Delaware College and the Women's College numbered about 200.

Officials of the University are completing the plans for the reopening of the institution for the 1934-35 year. All freshmen are to report September 20 for Freshman Week which ends September 23. This gives the new student an opportunity to get acquainted and to learn something of the general routine of college work before the actual opening of college. The upper classmen will register on Monday, September 24, and classes start on Tuesday, September 25.

About thirty candidates reported for preliminary football practice at the University last week. J. Neil Stahley, formerly assistant coach at Western Maryland College, took up his duties as head coach succeeding Charlie Rogers. Stahley in the short time that he has been in charge of the football work has made an excellent impression especially with the squad.

The football season will start on October 6 when Delaware plays St. Joe in Philadelphia. The remainder of the schedule follows: October 13, Juniata, away; October 20, Hampden-Sydney, at Newark; October 27, Lebanon Valley, at Newark; November 3, Dickinson, at Newark; November 10, P. M. C., away; November 17, Drexel, at Newark; and November 24, Washington College, at Newark.

Dr. A. S. Eastman, head of the Department of Chemistry at the University, has returned from a leave of absence of a year and will resume

his duties at the University with the opening for the new year. Dr. Eastman spent the year doing research work at University College, London, England.

## FIELD DAY OF GAME ASSOCIATION SET FOR SEPT. 15

To further create and revive interest in "Wild Life" and to teach how its perpetual existence may be assured, in the State, the Wilmington and Newark Chapters of the Delaware Game and Fish Protective Association are sponsoring a "Field Day" on Saturday, September 15th, 2 o'clock p. m. (daylight saving time) at their club grounds located on the G. W. Townsend farm, 2 1/4 miles east of Glasgow.

The program will be in charge of Mr. W. R. Powell, Newark, and Dr. Wm. E. Harris, Wilmington, and these sportsmen invite you to attend this educational program, which is planned particularly to set forth the value of protecting wild life by providing ample food and cover.

The afternoon will be given over to a very interesting speaking program planned to give first hand information on what is being done in the nation and state to protect one of our most valuable natural resources.

The principal speakers will be Mr. Frank Earnshaw of the U. S. Biological Survey and Mr. Mort Palmer, of the American Game Association, Washington, D. C. State Forester William E. Taber will outline Delaware's program for the protection of game and fish. Mr. Lloyd Lewis, formerly with the Game Department of the DuPont Company will describe the various State programs for "Wild Life" protection with which he is familiar.

A demonstration of dogs working birds will be given by a prominent sportsman, and movies will be taken of the various proceedings.

Members of the Newark Chapter are expected to take part in the activities.

# NOW...

## Gas Rate Reduced!

**E**ffective on meter readings made after September 29, 1934, the rate for all domestic (GB) gas customers, whose monthly bills exceed the minimum, will be reduced.

This reduction means a total saving to our customers of approximately \$52,000 annually.

All gas used in excess of the first 3,000 cubic feet (up to 50,000 cubic feet) will be billed at the net rate of

## 90 CENTS A THOUSAND

At this low rate, water may be heated very economically with a gas automatic storage water heater---the heater that keeps constant supply of clean, HOT water always on tap at the turn of the faucet.

Water heaters are materially lower in cost, too. It will pay you to investigate this ideal hot water maker. Let us give you the facts. There's no obligation.

## Delaware Power & Light Company

600 MARKET STREET

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE





By ZANE GREY

THE STORY

**CHAPTER I**—Jim Wall, young cowboy from Wyoming, in the early days of the cattle industry, seeks a new field in Utah. He meets Hank Hays, who admits to being a robber, and tells Wall he is working for an Englishman named Herrick, who has located a big ranch in the mountains. Herrick has employed a small army of rustlers and gun-lighters, and Hays and others are plotting to steal their employer's cattle and money. Hays wants Wall to throw in with the rustlers.

**CHAPTER II**—At the little settlement of Green River, Hays gets into an argument with a gambler called Smoky, over a poker game. Wall saves Hank's life by bluffing the gambler out of shooting. With Hays and two other rustlers, Happy Jack and Lincoln, Jim Wall starts out for Herrick's ranch. In camp, the first night out, Jim regrets the step he has taken, but it is too late to turn back.

**CHAPTER III**—The four men arrive at the ranch. Herrick announces that his sister, Helen, is coming to the ranch. Hays confides his plan for getting possession of the 12,000 head of live stock on the Herrick ranch. He and his lieutenants ride away to drive off the first bunch of cattle. Jim remains behind to shoot it out, if necessary, with Heeseman. Hays' rival among the cattle rustlers, Jim sees a dual cloud, which he is certain denotes the arrival of Heeseman and his gang. He stands with rifle ready.

**CHAPTER IV**—Heeseman tells Wall that Hays was once his (Heeseman's) partner and double-crossed him. Herrick delegates Jim to go to Grand Junction to meet Miss Herrick. Jim gets Barnes, a young cowboy, with him, to tell her that he (Jim) is a desperado of the worst type. Barnes does so, but the girl treats the information lightly.

**CHAPTER V**—On his arrival at the ranch, with Helen, Jim is confronted by Hays, who betrays unusual interest in the coming of Miss Herrick. Jim tells Hays that Miss Herrick brought a Wells Fargo package, probably of money. Jim goes riding with the Herricks and greatly impresses Helen with his revolver shooting.

**CHAPTER VI**—The cattle drives to Grand Junction are started. Jim Wall finds himself falling in love with Helen. He coaches her in riding western style, and finally kisses her. She is angry and dismisses him, but relents and asks him not to leave the ranch. Hays' men return from the drive with the stolen cattle. The leader has sold the cattle and brought back the money. A quick getaway is imperative. Hays tells his men to go on ahead and he will join them at a certain canyon. The riders arrive at the canyon and to their amazement and Jim's dismay, Hays and a lieutenant are sighted with Helen Herrick—a captive.

**CHAPTER VII**

"Look! Riders comin'!" exclaimed Red Lincoln.

"Can't be nobody but Hank."

Jim leaped off the rock, crashing down behind the watching men, startling them. "Smoky, it's Hays. I saw him a mile off."

"Why didn't you say something, Hank?" retorted Smoky gruffly.

"I was too flabbergasted," replied Jim, coolly, as he joined them.

"It's Hank all right," said Mac.

"Where, I see him now. That's Hank."

"Jim, what flabbergasted you?" demanded Smoky.

"Three riders!" flashed Jim.

"Wal, . . . So I see. What you make of them?" ejaculated Smoky.

The three emerged clearly from behind the cedars. A blank silence ensued. Jim at last got the tigerish nerves under control. His thoughts were whirling.

"Humph. Little rider in between," commented Lincoln.

"That's Sparrowhawk behind."

"Who's the third party?"

"Hank shore is a queer duck, takin' up with strangers like he does."

"Somebody with a mask on?"

"An' a long slicker."

"Wellers," rasped out Smoky, "that's a woman with a veil!"

Jim thought the moment had come. "Then, Hank has double-crossed us. He's stolen Herrick's sister!"

Hank Hays led his two followers to within a few feet of the cluster of riders. Jim's lightning-swift glance took the three in, their dust-caked horses, and dashed back to fasten upon Miss Herrick. Her features were not visible through the veil. The linen coat showed the wear and tear of contact with brush. She had on riding boots and overalls.

"Wal, you're all here but Jeff," began Hays.

"Jeff'll be comin' by now," replied Smoky. "What you aimin' fer?"

"Reckon of the Dirty Devil."

"I hope it's you've fetched Herrick's sister."

"You're a bright boy."

"Hank Hays, after all you double-crossed us," roared Smoky. "You're a dog. You're a cheat. You think you can drag us in on a deal like this. I thought you fit on powerful queer. So it was this girl you tricked us fer?"

"You—"

Jim Wall strode forward and aside, his swift action menacingly significant.

"Hays, your fig's up. She goes back."

"Wait a minute," the robber replied, sternly. "Stick or quit. If you want, I fetched this girl for ransom. She come willin', cause if she hadn't I'd killed Herrick. He'll pay twenty-five, maybe fifty thousand for her."

CATTLE ARRIVING IN DELAWARE MUST PASS TESTS

Ralph C. Wilson, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture Gives Assurance That No Cattle With Any Disease Or Defect Will Be Put On Farms.

Through the efforts of the Relief Commission in New Castle County, two shipments, of approximately 1,200 cattle, from the drought stricken areas of the west, have arrived in Delaware. These cattle are purchased by the Federal Government and shipped east for pasture. The pasture owners are paid \$1.25 an animal per month for the use of their pasture. The cattle do not become the property of the pasture owners, but will be slaughtered at some later date at the direction of the Relief Commission.

As considerable time and money has been spent in Delaware to eradicate disease, especially tuberculosis, from the Delaware livestock, Ralph C. Wilson, secretary of the Delaware State Board of Agriculture, made arrangements with the Relief Commission that, before these cattle could be released into the State, they should pass thorough physical examinations and be tuberculin tested. This was felt essential in order to protect the health of both the human beings and the Delaware livestock. For this purpose, as the cattle were unloaded at Stanton, Del., they were given a thorough physical examination by Dr. R. M. Sarde, of the State Board of Agriculture, in charge of the work, assisted by Dr. E. A. Birmingham and Dr. J. F. Creedon, of the Delaware force. As the cattle were unloaded, they were also subjected to the tuberculin test, applied by accredited practicing veterinarians employed by the Relief Commission, under supervision of the State Board of Agriculture.

The cattle were then removed to premises where they could be held in quarantine until the results of the tuberculin test could be determined. Three days later, when the results of the tuberculin test were read, the veterinarians of the State Board of Agriculture conducted another physical examination. All animals which showed any evidence of physical disabilities or any disease transmissible either to human beings or cattle, and all reactors to the tuberculin test were condemned for immediate slaughter, under Federal supervision.

Arrangements have been made that the State Board of Agriculture shall be notified in advance of each shipment, so that these precautionary measures may be taken with all cattle destined for this State.

ERNEST SMITH WRITES FROM FORT MONMOUTH ABOUT 'MORRO CASTLE'

Young Signal Corps Students Assigned To Shore Duty In Search for Bodies

The Post has received from Ernest Smith of Kells avenue, Newark, who recently joined the U. S. Army Signal School at Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, an account of duty on the day of the burning of the steamer "Morro Castle" off the Jersey Shore. He says that the boys in training were sent to Point Pleasant to patrol the beaches for bodies from the ship. In his section he found only burned deck chairs and other furnishings of the steamer washed up by a very rough sea which swept over and wrecked the boardwalk. The shore duty lasted until 12:30 at night, when the young men left for Asbury Park to see the ship. It was still burning with the flames occasionally darting from the portholes and searchlights were being played upon it in the effort to discover if bodies were still in it. The burning ship though a beautiful sight was made terrible by such reports as that of the first engineer of the Morro Castle who told the Monmouth boys that the firelight behind the unburned portholes had at first brought out in relief the figures of the dead still clinging to the portholes. The boys stayed to see the efforts of the tugs to loosen the hulk from the bottom, efforts that were still unsuccessful at the time Ernest Smith was writing this news.

Clean-Up Day Wednesday, September 19

**Ira C. Shellender**  
Successor to E. C. WILSON

**Funeral Director**

254 W. Main Street  
Newark, Delaware

Phone 30

DELICIOUS GRAPE JELLY IN PROSPECT FROM LOCAL FRUIT

Mr. Geo. L. Baker of University Research Department Tells How to Keep Grape Jelly Free from Crystals of Cream of Tartar.

In order to make a better grade of grape jelly this season, jelly that will be free from cream of tartar crystals, the Chemistry Department of the Agricultural Experiment Station would like to offer a suggestion.

The grapes are stemmed, washed and mashed in a kettle. A cup of water for every three quarts of grapes is added to keep the fruit from burning down. The mashed grapes are heated until boiling and boiled for ten minutes. The juice is squeezed through a moistened double layer of cheesecloth and then strained through a flannel cloth which has been dipped in boiling water. This much is regular procedure.

By cooling this extracted juice and then by further chilling in the refrigerator for at least twenty-four hours crystals of cream of tartar will form in quantity. These may be removed by straining the juice cold through a flannel cloth.

From this point the jelly making is carried out according to regular methods. If the new "Jelly-Meter" method is used two tablespoonfuls of juice should be warmed to room temperature and the viscosity measured. Using the tables, add the correct amount of sugar and cook to the weight given.

Since the cream of tartar crystals were removed from the juice they will not form in the jelly. A better flavored product will be the result without gritty crystals which make you wonder if they are particles of glass.

LOCAL STORES GIVE SCHOOL LUNCH TIPS

The American Stores tell of some interesting ways to vary school lunches, this week in their Family Circle Magazine, the weekly periodical that these stores give away to their customers every week. Ida Bailey Allen, homemaking authority, is the author of this article.

With school season starting, mothers are already beginning to wonder what to pack in school lunches. Wise mothers have learned that these lunches must be as tempting and tasty as they are nourishing, and many a plain sandwich has been thrown away, after the sugar or jelly has been licked off.

This week marks the second anniversary number of the Family Circle, which is now given away by food stores to 1,300,000 people every week. Irvin S. Cobb has written a special fiction story, illustrated by Tony Sarg. Thirty famous actors, authors, and artists have sent personal messages to the editor, Harry Evans, famous movie critic, and these are re-produced.

Copies may be obtained without charge at any of the American Stores.

TREATING WHEAT SEED WITH DISINFECTANT PAYS THE GROWER

"Wheat seed treatment is crop insurance for a smut-free crop next year," states County Agent, Ed William, Jr., of Newark, in a letter being sent today to all wheat growers in New Castle County. Mr. William advises the use of the commercial dust disinfectants carried by dealers in this section.

"Treating of seed wheat by use of the recommended dust disinfectant is an easy job and it will pay the wheat grower to do it since smutty wheat usually sells for several cents per bushel less than smut-free wheat," continues the County Agent's statement.

"A survey of the wheat fields before harvest this season again showed a low prevalence of infection as was reported last year. Continued yearly treatment has practically cleared up the smut which was formerly very prevalent in the wheat growing section of New Castle County. Annual surveys conducted by Mr. William after wheat seeding time indicate that as much as one-half of the wheat seeded in former years has been treated to prevent this cereal crop disease.

"One or two smutty wheat crops in a section might soon re-infect the entire county," cautions Mr. William, since the smut spores or smut seed is carried by (1) old straw from a smutty crop, (2) on bags which have had smutty wheat in them, or (3) by the threshing machine going from a smutty crop to a clean one. For these reasons the Agent believes it advisable to continue control measures on this crop.

"While several methods of treating seed wheat to prevent this disease are known, the easiest, the less costly and the one giving the greatest efficiency is the dust disinfectant method. Several of these disinfectant dusts are on the market and are being handled by local dealers. 'Copper Carb' or Ceresan are two efficient commercial disinfectants available in dust form for treating seed wheat and they should be used according to directions on the container.

Clean-Up Day Wednesday, September 19

**AMERICAN STORES CO.**

**New Customer Week**

**BIG 19c and 29c Sale**

We are celebrating New Customer Week with a Big 19c and 29c Sale. This is your opportunity to get acquainted with our Quality Foods and Economical Prices.

**Cheese** 23c Rich Full Cream lb **19c**

XXXX or Powdered Sugar More Big Values  
9c ASCO Egg Noodles  
Morton's Fine Salt  
8c Gold Seal Oats **4 pkgs 29c** Assorted as you wish.

**Hindu Belle Salad Dressing** pt. **15c** jar 17c  
Hom-de-Lite Mayonnaise

**ASCO Bread Crumbs** Every day Needs  
Gold Seal Spaghetti  
8c ASCO Elbow Macaroni **3 for 19c**  
ASCO Pure Spices  
Campbell's Tomato Juice Assorted as you wish

**Desserts** 6c ASCO Gelatine **4 pkgs 19c**

**Bread** Supreme Victor Sliced Cracked Wheat **9c** large loaf **7c** big loaf **9c** large loaf

**Butter Prices Again Reduced**  
**Lozella Butter** lb carton **33c**  
The Finest Sweet Cream Butter, from tuberculin tested herds.  
**Richland Butter** lb **31c**  
**Eggs** Gold Seal Selected carton of twelve **37c** doz **31c**

**Jell-O** 2 pkgs **13c**  
**Ovaltine** 6-oz can **30c** 14-oz can **55c**

**Hellmann's Blue Ribbon Mayonnaise** 8-oz jar **15c** 16-oz jar **25c**

**ASCO Coffee** lb **21c**  
Rich full flavor—decidedly different. The choice of Millions.

**Pabst-ett** 2 17c pkgs **29c**  
**Cooked Corned Beef** 2 12-oz cans **29c**

**Flake White** Vegetable Shortening lb **11c** 2 lbs **21c**

**La France Powder** pkgs 9c | **Fleischmann's Yeast** cake 3c

**15c Rainbow Liquid Cleaning Fluid** 2 qt. bots **19c**

**Chase & Sanborn Dated Coffee** lb can **31c**  
Booklet entitled "400 Important Dates in History" given with each can purchased.

**Get Acquainted with ASCO Quality Meats**  
**Finest Quality BEEF**

**Steak** Round lb **34c** Rump lb **38c**

**Ground Fresh Beef** lb **18c**

**Home Dressed Country Milkfed VEAL**

**Boneless Rolled Roast** lb **19c**

**Cutlets** lb **35c**  
**Loin Chops** lb **30c**  
**Rib Chops** lb **25c**  
**Rump Roast** lb **16c**  
**Lean Breast** lb **10c**

**Shoulder Veal Roast** lb **15c**

**Store Sliced Dried Beef** 1/4 lb **10c**  
**Store Sliced Lebanon Bologna** 1/4 lb **5c**

**Fruits and Vegetables—GARDEN FRESH**

**Luscious Tokay Grapes** 3 lbs **19c**  
Celery Hearts bunch **10c**  
String Beans lb **5c**  
Honey Dew Melons ea **25c**

**Western Telephone Fresh Peas** lb **10c**  
Cooking Apples 3 lbs **14c**  
Calif. Oranges doz **25c**  
Solid Tomatoes lb **5c**

**Fresh Pulled Beets or Carrots** 2 bunches **5c**

**Crisp Iceberg Lettuce** head **10c**

We invite you to visit our store nearest to your home. Come in and get acquainted. Let us show you how it pays to shop Where Quality Counts.

These Prices Effective in Our Stores and Meat Markets in Newark and Vicinity



# The Newark Post

Founded January 26, 1910, by the late Everett C. Johnson

Issued Every Thursday at the Shop Called Kells  
Newark, Delaware  
By The Post Publishing Company.

INDEPENDENT

JEANNETTE ECKMAN, Editor

The policy of the Editorial Columns is determined by the editor, who is free to conduct the paper for the best interest of the community.

HARRY H. CLEAVES, BUSINESS MANAGER  
MRS. EDNA CHALMERS DICKEY, CIRCULATION MANAGER

Entered as second-class matter at Newark, Delaware,  
under Act of March 3, 1879.  
Make all checks to The Newark Post.  
Telephones, 92 and 93.

The Subscription price of this paper is \$1.50 per year in advance.  
Single copies 4 cents.

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**"Good Roads, Flowers, Parks, Better Schools, Trees  
Fresh Air, Sunshine, and Work for Everybody."**  
—OUR MOTTO

SEPTEMBER 13, 1934

## LOOKING FORWARD TO THINGS AS THEY OUGHT TO BE

However opponents may regard the fact, there was surely no wishful mooning on the theme of "backward, turn backward, O Time in your flight," at the Democratic State Convention in Dover on Tuesday. If there was any concern that President Roosevelt would violate either letter or spirit of the constitutional guarantees of everyman's liberty, it was not apparent. The heartening absence of any fear psychology and the evident determination to back up the President in his efforts to work out a program of permanent economic and social advance and security in America set a wholesome tone to the convention from the beginning of the Keynoter's address to the end of the platform adopted. We are not even sure the personal clashes are to be regretted. They should have cleared the air.

The test of the convention's work and program will come in the campaign. The opportunity of the Democratic party in the State to enlist the independent vote for their candidates depends upon whether the party lives up to its own ideals and principles as expressed in the convention, or whether it lets selfish personal concerns cloud its clear-cut stand behind issues, and hamper its candidates in making that same stand.

## INSPECTION OF FISHING BOATS

We publish today the State Highway Department's story of the fine seasons at Delaware's fishing ports which have followed the good roads. This is a great asset for the State, and gives pleasure and interest in Delaware's attractive shore and streams a chance to spread as it should.

We have heard recently complaints that should be taken as a valuable warning against a danger which might, by serious accident, spoil for years our pleasure and pride in the whole life of the river and the ports. Fishing parties have noted unsafe boats sent out for deep-water fishing and boat captains who cannot read a compass and know that their life-saving equipment is so old that it has become useless.

We do not know the provisions for inspection of boats for hire by fishing parties, but we are convinced that those in charge and those who own or operate the boats should take no chances with the lives for which they are responsible. That an easy conscience about inadequate safety equipment and unsafe boats is criminal is vividly proved by many tragic accidents, and one irresponsible person can bring harm to the whole group of scrupulously careful boatmen at his port.

## LINCOLN PREFERRED CHANGING THE CONSTITUTION BY CONVENTION METHOD

During the controversy in the Repeal of Prohibition Campaign over whether Abraham Lincoln had or had not said things attributed to him concerning methods by which temperance was more harmed than served, we learned more of Lincoln than either formal or self-education had previously taught us. We missed, however, the most appropriate quotation upon the method of changing the Constitution. This we have found now while looking up Lincoln's views on capital and labor (excerpt printed in another column), and give it here because of its interest in relation to one part of the constitution. It is from the First Inaugural address:

"This country, with its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it. Whenever they shall grow weary of the existing Government they can exercise their constitutional right of amending it, or their revolutionary right to dismember or overthrow it. I cannot be ignorant of the fact that many worthy and patriotic citizens are desirous of having the National Constitution amended. While I make no recommendation of amendments, I fully recognize the rightful authority of the people over the whole subject, to be exercised in either of the modes prescribed in the instrument itself; and I should, under existing circumstances, favor rather than oppose a fair opportunity being afforded the people to act upon it. I will venture to add, that to me the convention mode seems preferable, in that it allows amendments to originate with the people themselves, instead of only permitting them to take or reject propositions originated by others, not especially chosen for the purpose, and which might not be precisely such as they would wish to either accept or refuse."

## Themes of the Thoughtful

When one has heard the message of the Rose,  
For what faint other calling shall he care?

—Helen Hay Whitney.

A person with the real grand manner may be relied upon always, for a sense of duty and freedom-from-self-seeking are foundations of it.

—Alexander Williams.

The appreciation of art should not be considered as merely a pleasurable pastime. To apprehend beauty is to work for it.

—Robert Henri.

There are books in which the footnotes or the comments scrawled by some reader's hand in the margin, are more interesting than the text.

—George Santayana.

The man who never forgets to put himself in the other person's place cannot go far wrong.

—Mary Margaret McBride.

We do not condemn men for an economic motive. We judge them by the other interests they sacrifice to it.

—Everett Dean Martin.

All reformers, good or bad, know that they must overcome previous association of ideas before a new thought will take seed and grow.

—Dr. Morris M. Brill.

Where education prevails, people learn to behave themselves as a matter of wisdom and good taste.

—Everett Dean Martin.

The peace of the great prairies be for you,  
Listen among windplayers in cornfields,  
The wind learning over its oldest music.

The peace of great seas be for you,  
Wait on a hook of land, a rock footing  
For you, wait in the salt marsh.

The peace of great mountains be for you,  
The sleep and the eyesight of eagles,  
Sheet mist shadows and the long look across.

—Carl Sandburg.

## THIS YEAR'S FEDERAL AID TO COLLEGE STUDENTS CONTRASTED WITH ANCIENT MEANS TO SCHOLARSHIP

An Editorial In The New York Times

The Federal Government is to continue its experiment of last year in helping to make it possible for young men and young women of exceptional promise but without resources to "get an education." The estimate is that this aid will enable 100,000 to enter upon or continue their college or university work—approximately 10 percent of the million in prospective attendance. It is left to the college to find work for the student without impairing his studies.

This is a far cry from the earliest days of the university, as in France, when great was the number of those who, destitute of all resources, "joyfully braved privation, poverty and the irksomeness of menial service" in order that they might penetrate at last "into the sanctuary of knowledge." In the early days of the American college much the same conditions existed, and many students still continue to eke out an existence while getting an education. Often the strain is too great or the end sought in higher education is defeated. What is attempted through Federal aid is to find "socially desirable work" that will if possible be related to the main purpose. In some cases, as reported in an article in The Boston Transcript, the "jobs" have included research.

In the Massachusetts Institute of Technology such opportunities have been found in a dozen fields. The students so aided will be the Government's academic sons and daughters. As such they may think of themselves as having a special obligation to the nation.

In the universities of Scotland at an early period the students were sons of nobles, lairds, ministers, farmers and mechanics, and yet the economics to which some were compelled seemed not to disturb democratic relationships. The following is offered by a reliable historian as a picture of the typical Scottish university student of the early eighteenth century:

The Scottish lad in his hard struggle supported life at the university from the sack of oatmeal leaning against the wall of the garret where he lodged in the town. In the holiday fixed for the purpose the rustic student tramped home with the empty sack and returned with it refilled from the harvest of his father's "infield."

To be one of America's 100,000 is to be supplied not with the sack of oatmeal but with the chance to earn it, and so to get the best that America has to offer to any student.

## Delaware's Fame As Angler's Paradise Grows With Highway Development

(Continued from Page 1.)

boats are now equipped with cabins and the majority carry from eight to ten fishermen, the remainder carrying from twenty to thirty fishermen to a trip. Most of the boats rent for ten dollars a trip regardless of how many fishermen go along but the larger ones are chartered for as much as twenty-five to thirty dollars; these are the week day prices, on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays the rates are higher. However, the captains of the boats well earn the prices they charge, their boats must be kept clean and in the best possible running condition, bait and lines must be furnished, and more important they must be familiar with the best fishing grounds, where the fish can be found at certain tides and in certain kinds of weather.

### Rod and Reel

Fifteen years ago most of the fishermen used hand lines but today nearly 90 per cent use the rod and reel and only a few old timers use the throw out line and "dipsey." In fishing, most boats go to the section or "grounds" until luck is found, then the boat is anchored until the sport is over when another spot is chosen. This year the fish have been very plentiful in most any location and the fishing season which began about the fifteenth of May and will continue until the last of October has been a plentiful one.

### Credit to Good Roads

Captains of the boats give full credit to the good roads for bringing the fishermen here and declare that the increase in boat charters has been almost double that of former years before the building of the dual highway and the opening of the roads into Pennsylvania from so many points.

The fishing season began very auspiciously this year with large catches of channel bass in May, running from 40 to as high as 65 pounds in weight and has been followed by good runs of croakers and sea trout, sometimes called weakfish. These have run from 2 to 9 pounds and the average catch of boats have been around 300 fish to a party.

### All Ports Fare Well

All of our fishing ports have fared very well this year and have been favored over very many of the New Jersey ports because of their proximity to the fishing grounds. Lines can generally be cast in a very few minutes after the start as they have no long creeks or streams to travel but arrive where the fish are biting in a very short time. Bowers Beach fishermen, perhaps the favorite spot for visitors, declare that from 80 to 100 boats are operating out of their village and that most of them make two trips a day, an early morning trip, and a late afternoon trip. As high as 1000 fishermen have been taken out in one day with four schooners operating, which carry from 35 to 50 in a party although the smaller boats carrying from eight to ten are in great demand.

### Ready for Next Season

Not only are the boat owners pleased with this season but they are even expecting a better season next year and are already planning a series of daily bulletins to be advertised in the papers regarding the amount of fish being caught, the size and the tides. This advertising will be done by a co-operative association and will be used in Delaware and Pennsylvania papers properly located. They are asking for several things from the State and Federal Government to help them do more business and point to the amount of money brought into the State as a reason for some of this work to be done. One of their requests is that illuminated signs be placed on the duPont Highway directing the traveler to the fishing ports. They declare that many of their customers travel at night to be ready for the early morning fishing and that with the present lack of lighted signs, many of them now become lost and drive a considerable distance past the turns to the fishing ports, in many instances arriving too late to take up their charters and to find that after waiting an hour or so, their boat has gone out with another party.

### Jetties Needed

At Bowers Beach and at Little Creek, the fishermen are all unanimous in asking that the Federal Government construct jetties at the mouth of the harbors to prevent the storms from filling it with sand and to keep the beaches from washing away. They are especially unanimous in opposing a rumor that a fifty cent tax is to be charged every fisherman from other states who drive here for the salt water fishing. They point out that should a tax be imposed, their customers would turn to New Jersey and Maryland where such a tax is not levied, and insist that the amount of gasoline taxes paid by these fishermen filling the tanks before leaving for home amounts to a tidy sum for the State without additional taxes.

Those who visit these fishing villages along our Bay line will find their inhabitants hospitable, reasonable in the prices they charge and able in the manner in which they handle their boats and in the knowledge they have of the fish habitat but if the visitor wants to be met with a very cool reception if not more open hostility, he has only to mention that he favors a special tax on visiting fishermen and he will find open antagonism and the strong argument advanced that considering the amount of money these fishing boats are indirectly bringing into the State, an amount which is bound to be distributed over almost the entire area of the State and among a large group of business men, then their point of view can be understood.

Time is like an enterprising manager always bent on staging some new and surprising production, without knowing very well what it does.—George Santayana.

## WHOSE LIBERTY?

How Shall the Liberty of Men to Work and Earn and Acquire a Competence for Decent Living Be Preserved Unless by Their Votes They Insure Such Reasonable Regulation of Private Property Interests As Shall Prevent Exploitation of Their Opportunity for Livelihood by the Seekers After Great Wealth?

## LINCOLN UPON LABOR AND CAPITAL

The foregoing question is being asked not only by the unemployed and by the wage earner generally, but by everyone who has the least feeling of responsibility for the common good in the solution of present economic evils. It is being asked even by many of those who resent all government restriction upon their industrial exploitation of the means of production and of the labor of those whom they employ. These latter inquirers answer the question by their belief, that if they are given a free hand to pursue the profits they desire, the industrial and business activity thereby created will provide at least subsistence jobs to most workers and a higher standard to the skilled and trained workers, and that the large remainder (whom the honest ones admit can not again be absorbed by an unrestricted profit system in the era of the machine) can be fed and clothed by the methods of taxation or assessment least painful to employers.

The answer of labor to the question so far as it has been heard is divided. There are "labor leaders" who, with a minimum of reservations as to working conditions give their support to the cause of capital as here cited. There are others who regard the right to work as "property" just as surely in the sense of the Constitution as is the power plant or the right to operate mines, and who believe that willingness and ability to work should entitle every worker to a job in the properly ordered society which they believe the Constitution intends. As to the exact methods of fulfilling these ends those who believe in them among labor are not more united than are the rest of us.

A truth that is becoming clearer to all sides daily, however, is that the unrestricted liberty claimed by those in control of wealth-producing property is in conflict with the liberty claimed by those whose property is individual energy and ability and the right to use it for livelihood and the common good; that is, the conflict exists so long as the selfish as well as the unselfish flourish in pursuit of profit and power.

How far the conditions of both liberties have changed in the lifetime since Lincoln's Annual Message to Congress, December 3, 1861, can be realized by reading it in the light of present conditions, and it is immensely interesting to note Lincoln's awareness of the conflict:

"It is not needed nor fitting here that a general argument should be made in favor of popular institutions; but there is one point, with its connections, not so hackneyed as most others, to which I ask a brief attention. It is the effort to place capital on an equal footing with, if not above, labor, in the structure of government. It is assumed that labor is available only in connection with capital; that nobody labors, unless somebody else, owning capital, somehow, by the use of it, induces him to labor. This assumed, it is next considered whether it is best that capital shall hire laborers, and thus induce them to work by their own consent, or buy them and drive them to it without their consent. Having presumed thus far, it is naturally concluded that all laborers are either hired laborers, or what we call slaves. And further, it is assumed that whoever is once a hired laborer is fixed in that condition for life.

"Now, there is no such relation between capital and labor as assumed, nor is there any such thing as a free man being fixed for life in the condition of a hired laborer. Both these assumptions are false, and all inferences from them are groundless.

"Labor is prior to and independent of capital. Capital is only the fruit of labor, and could never have existed if labor had not first existed. Labor is the superior of capital, and deserves much the higher consideration. Capital has its rights, which are as worthy of protection as any other rights. Nor is it denied that there is, and probably always will be a relation between labor and capital, producing mutual benefits. The error is in assuming that the whole labor of the community exists within that relation. A few men own capital, and that few avoid labor themselves, and with their capital hire or buy another few, to labor for them. A large majority belong to neither class—neither work for others, nor have others working for them. In most of the Southern States, a majority of the whole people, of all colors, are neither slaves nor masters; while in the Northern, a majority are neither hired nor hire. Men with their families—wives, sons, and daughters—work for themselves, on their farms, in their houses, and in their shops, taking the whole product to themselves, and asking no favors of capital on the one hand, nor of hired laborers or slaves on the other. It is not forgotten that a considerable number of persons mingle their own labor with capital—that is, they labor with their own hands, and also buy or hire others to labor for them; but this is only a mixed and not a distinct class. No principle stated is disturbed by the existence of this mixed class.

"Again, as has already been said, there is not of necessity any such thing as the free, hired laborer being fixed to that condition for life. Many independent men, everywhere in these States, a few years back in their lives were hired laborers. The prudent, penniless beginner in the world labors for wages a while, saves a surplus with which to buy tools or land for himself, then labors on his own account another while, and at length hires another new beginner to help him. This is the just and generous and prosperous system which opens the way to all, gives hope to all, and consequent energy and progress and improvement of condition to all. No men living are more worthy to be trusted than those who toil up from poverty, none less inclined to take or touch ought which they have not honestly earned. Let them beware of surrendering a political power which they already possess, and which, if surrendered, will surely be used to close the door of advancement against such as they, and to fix new disabilities and burdens upon them till all of liberty shall be lost."

## SAFETY COUNCIL INVITES PUBLIC TO HEAR DR. JORDAN

Annual Meeting and Banquet Will Be Held September 24.

Dr. Virgil Jordan, president of the National Industrial Conference Board, Inc., New York, will make the principal address at the 15th annual meeting and banquet of the Delaware Safety Council to be held Monday evening, September 24, in the Gold Ball Room of the Hotel DuPont.

Previous to his election to the presidency of the National Industrial Conference Board, Dr. Jordan served as economist for the McGraw-Hill Publishing Company and was a frequent contributor to the many business and engineering publications. He is acknowledged as one of the world's foremost economists and a public speaker of wide repute.

Dr. Jordan is a graduate of the College of the City of New York and has done post-graduate work in economics at the University of Wisconsin, Columbia University and foreign universities. In 1928 he organized and was first chairman of the Conference of Statisticians in Industry. He is a member of the American Economic Association and a fellow of the Royal Economics Society of London.

The public is invited to attend the meeting and reservations may be secured by communicating with Dean Robert L. Spencer.

## TEXTILE STRIKE CONTINUES

The strike of cotton textile workers which began the Saturday preceding Labor Day has gradually spread to involve wool, worsted, rayon and silk industries throughout the country. It now affects more than a million work-

ers and is still growing. So far the cotton textile mill owners whose refusal to discuss under federal auspices at Washington, the Union conditions and collective bargaining, precipitated the strike, still refuse all proposals of the federal boards endeavoring to settle the strike. The chief union demands are:

A five-day, thirty-hour work, with no reduction in the present weekly wages for the forty-hour week.

A limit of the speed-up or stretch-out system under which union leaders say individual workers are now required to work as many as fifty-six looms, whereas they say only twenty looms were required per employee in 1929.

Recognition of the union and reinstatement of all workers discharged because of union activity.

Creation of an arbitration board with power to make binding decisions in which Labor would be satisfactorily represented.

## Mr. Rogers Gets a Shock On His Tour of Europe

To the Editor of The New York Times:

BUCHAREST, Rumania, Sept. 12.—Say, this Rumania is a cool place. This is a beautiful city of 500,000. The King is in the mountains and Queen Marie is at the seaside.

This is a corn country, the only civilized country in Europe that knows what a roasting ear is. They raise lots of hogs and everybody can talk English.

Here is some political scandal. I saw Senator Joe Robinson at the opera in Vienna last night. Democrats are going bushwa.

Yours,  
WILL ROGERS.



**Expert Shoe Repairing**  
*Work Done While You Wait*  
*All Work Guaranteed*  
**FIORE NARDO**  
22 Academy St., Newark



## PLATFORM ADOPTED BY STATE DEMOCRATS IN CONVENTION AT DOVER, SEPTEMBER 11, 1934

### COMPLETE TEXT

To the Almighty God we pray for divine guidance in all our work and undertakings and results according to His Divine Will.

#### Supports New Deal

The Democratic Party of the State of Delaware endorses and supports without reservation the Roosevelt Administration and its policies and the New Deal for the benefit of all the people of our beloved country, rich and poor, labor and capital, the sick and aged, and the unemployed. To President Roosevelt and the New Deal we pledge our united support and plead for the assistance and support of all free thinking, honest, independent people of our beloved State of Delaware.

The Democratic Party of the State of Delaware points with pride to the able record of our Democratic Congressman, the Honorable Wilbur L. Adams who, by his votes in the National House of Representatives supported the Roosevelt Administration and thereby aided the New Deal and the Roosevelt National Recovery Program.

#### Relief For Farmers

We advocate re-organization of the State Agricultural Department to the end that it afford greater assistance and relief in cooperation with the Federal government for our Delaware farmers.

Recognizing that the prosperity of the farmer is essential to the welfare of the State we pledge our support in the use of the facilities of the State in the re-forestation of lands not suited to crop growing purposes, and to the proper drainage of tillable land and to all efforts tending toward the betterment of agriculture.

#### Favors State Labor Department

We advocate the creation of a State Department of Labor and all phases of employment thereof, with the right to arbitrate between employer and employee in cases of disputes, and enforce all laws in relation to labor including the Workmen's Compensation Act.

#### Active Cooperation for Industrial Development

We advocate the setting up of an Industrial Development Bureau which shall be State wide in its scope and which shall be composed of five members. The said members shall be the Chairman of the State Department of Labor, the Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce of Delaware, the Attorney General, the President of the State Banking Association, and the Chairman of the Department of Agriculture. It shall be the duty of the Bureau to make every effort to develop Delaware industrially and to bring new industries to our State, and to provide employment for skilled and unskilled labor and to increase the populations of our Cities and Towns and thereby provide a larger market for our farmers.

#### Civil Service Commission

We advocate the creation of a non-partisan Civil Service Commission consisting of five members to set up a State Police and Detective Department and to select all salaried employees thereof and for State Highway Department under such rules as shall be promulgated.

#### Old Age Pensions and Unemployment Insurance

We advocate the immediate passage of an Act by the General Assembly providing for the creation of an adequate fund for old age pensions and unemployment insurance and that the same shall be equitably administered.

#### Equal Justice for Women

The Democratic Party of the State of Delaware believing in the Jeffersonian principle of equal rights for all, feels that the time has come to do full justice to the women of the State and to definitely abandon by proper legislation all those discriminations against women which still exist in the laws of this State, and

furthermore, endorse the Equal Rights Amendment now pending before Congress reading: "Men and Women shall have equal rights throughout the United States and every place subject to its jurisdiction."

#### Public Utility Commission

We advocate the creation of a State-wide Public Utility Commission.

#### Popular Election of School Boards

We believe the people should have the right to elect their own school boards and that the appointment of school commissioners by the Judiciary is wrong.

#### Election Laws

We believe in the complete reform of all election laws so drastically written and enforced that the buying of votes will be eliminated.

We favor an election law which will require all electors when registering to qualify for voting in any primary or general election to state his or her party affiliation, and which will forbid any elector from voting in any except his stated party's primary election.

#### City Charter

We believe that the City of Wilmington is entitled to an up-to-date charter, under which it can be governed efficiently and economically.

#### School Fund Must Not Be Diverted

We view with alarm the careless talk by some of our state officials about school funds being diverted for purposes other than education. We are convinced that one important means of bettering the condition of the masses of the people lies in the education and training of the children. We might better economize in any other state expenditures rather than jeopardize the education of children. We believe that the present and future surpluses in the school fund should be impounded, so that it will not be necessary to levy a tax on land for the support of our schools.

#### State Highway Policy

We believe that the highway fund should assume both the interest and maturity payments of the county aid road bonds. This is a policy inaugurated and sponsored by the Democratic party. It is a policy that has saved the taxpayers a great deal of money. We propose to make it a permanent policy.

#### State Government Costs

The high cost of our State Government is a burden upon the people. The Democratic Party believes that this can be materially reduced by more efficient and modern methods and are opposed to the creation of needless political jobs and commissions.

#### Care for Unfortunates

We favor the adoption of the necessary social legislation to adequately care for the welfare of our unfortunate fellow citizens, to the end that the poor, the indigent, the tubercular, the mentally ill and the feeble-minded shall not be the footfalls of the politicians.

We condemn the existing practices of State Officials in seeking political furtherment from those whose physical and economic condition prevent them from exercising their right of franchise in accordance with their dictates.

#### War Veterans

We favor the adoption of legislation which will recognize the sacrifices of our veterans of wars in which our country has engaged.

#### Efficient Control of Welfare Funds

In view of the tremendous increase of State funds devoted to welfare work, to charities, to correctional institutions, and to hospitals, there should be one board or commission in control of them all.

#### Invites Independent Vote

We invite all citizens, regardless of previous political affiliation, to join with us in bringing clearer and more efficient government to Delaware and in the effort which is being made by our National Administration to insure prosperity and happiness to all of our citizens.

## Democratic Party In State Solidly Behind Constructive Issues Despite Clashes

(Continued from Page 1.)

of Woodside, Ivan Culbertson, of Wilmington, former Judge William H. Boyce, of Dover; Mayor J. Wallace Woodford, of Dover; Mr. Biggs and Stewart Lynch, of Wilmington.

Mr. Tunnel in praising the keynote address spoke of the evidence abroad in the land that people are doing their own thinking and departing from rock-ribbed partisan allegiance in order to give their votes in support of the Administration program. He said that never in his experience had there been such a spirit prevailing among the people, of desire for a new day.

Chairman Morris called Congressman Adams to the platform for a speech. Mr. Adams said the enthusiasm of the convention bespeaks a Democratic victory at the polls in November and that the Democrats have a chance to show the administration the people of Delaware are behind it. He said there is in the White House one of the greatest friends humanity has ever known and the people are well satisfied with what he is accomplishing. He claimed the woes of the Hoover administration cannot be corrected in a day or a year but that the nation is on the right road.

All of the speakers urged hard and active work without factional bias behind the ticket which was to be nominated and in support of the campaign. The platform presented by Stewart Lynch, chairman of the resolutions committee was unanimously adopted. It is given in full in another column of the Post. Like the keynote speech it represented Delaware Democracy strongly in favor of constructive and

forward looking support of the New Deal.

Although Mr. Morris had previously made emphatically clear to the leaders that he would under no circumstance accept the nomination to the Senate, his name was proposed following the placing of the names of Congressman Adams and James M. Tunnel in nomination. Both the latter withdrew in favor of Mr. Morris. The stampede for Mr. Morris, his repeated refusals, the recesses for discussion, all made a strenuous and high-tensioned procedure until the nomination for Senator was determined by the choice of the present congressman. On a roll-call the vote for Mr. Adams was 139 out of 210. As this was more than enough to nominate him, his nomination was immediately declared. It was not till the end of the session, however, that die-hards permitted the nomination to be made unanimous. The names of Judge Richard S. Rodney and Ivan Culbertson had been added to those formally proposed during the discussion over Mr. Morris' refusal.

In a calmer atmosphere the remainder of the ticket was nominated without a hitch:

John C. Hazard for Congress, Edward W. Cooch for Attorney-General, James R. Clement for State Treasurer; Scott W. Rees for State Auditor; and Bankston T. Holcomb for Insurance Commissioner.

A resolution was adopted advocating the permanent opening of the Indian River Inlet. A second resolution fixed the plough as the party emblem and authorized the State Committee to fill vacancies on the State Committee.

## Keynote Address of Former Judge Hugh M. Morris Urges Delaware Democracy To Take Its Place In Councils of the Nation and In Effort Towards the Restoration of Plenty In the Homes of the Land.

Mr. Morris said in major part:

"I deem it a very great honor to be selected to fill the office of temporary chairman of this convention of the Democrats of Delaware. The privilege that goes with that office, of expressing my views with respect to the issue of this campaign of 1934 is one of a high order.

"Yet we all know that every one knows that there is this year before the voters of Delaware and of the nation but one dominant and controlling issue. That issue is Franklin D. Roosevelt. Great leaders of the people appear but seldom, nor is it surprising that, when they do appear, they are members of that political party that holds ever sacred the inalienable right, not of some men, but of all men, to the pursuit of happiness.

"When I look back to the dark days at the beginning of 1933 when Mr. Roosevelt took office and compare the conditions then with the conditions now, I stand in silent awe at the accomplishments under his leadership.

"When I remember that during the few years before Mr. Roosevelt took office more than 14,000 of America's banks failed and that at the end of the Hoover administration not a bank in America remained open and when I compare that record with the failure of only three or four banks since Mr. Roosevelt took office and the confidence, fully justified, of America's people today in the soundness of America's banks, I know that the helm of the ship of state is that of a statesman and of a man in whom America's people should and do believe.

"When I compare the balance sheets of industry at the conclusion of Mr. Hoover's tenure of office with the financial columns of the papers of today, I can do no other than con-

clude that Mr. Roosevelt is furnishing to industry a solution for its woes while the captains of industry and the chieftains of finance have sat silent for want of a practical solution.

#### Unemployed Have Friend At Capital

"No longer are men who go to Washington to petition the government under the Constitution for redress of grievances and to implore it to point the way to save millions upon millions of America's people from the pangs of hunger driven from

the seat of government by the weapons of war.

"When I read now from day to day of the millions of men that have been drawn under Mr. Roosevelt's administration from Mr. Hoover's great army of unemployed and given employment, one wonders how faith in America can ever wane.

"The task of safeguarding and protecting America and America's people is not, however, placed by the Constitution upon one man alone, however great he may be. The Government is divided by the Constitution into three departments, the legislative and judicial as well as the executive. The members of the Congress are the members of the Government upon whom the President is entitled to rely for advice and constructive assistance, to share with him conscientiously the responsibility for holding in proper balance and equisite the human rights and the property rights of America's people.

#### Praises Adams

"Fortunately, Delaware has had in the House of Representatives in Congress during the past two years one who has been sympathetic with the aims and purposes of the President to make of America that which it has been under all Democratic administrations, a land of opportunity for all of America's people.

"How can they (Delaware's present U. S. Senators) longer retain or ask the confidence of Delaware and its people? In the place of one of them Delaware must this year send \* \* \* one who can and will, as the Nation continues to move, under the leadership of the President, from the brink of disaster make constructive suggestions as to laws that may be enacted to effectuate the carrying into execution of the President's plans in all their purity of purpose. He must realize that the rights of labor must never be shaken; that the institution of private property must not be jeopardized; that labor and capital are not natural enemies but are two powerful forces neither of which can succeed or survive without the other.

Having such a representative in the Senate and in the House of Representatives, Delaware will once again take its proper place in the councils of the Nation and make its proper contribution towards the restoration of plenty in all the homes of the land.

"But what of our State? Delaware needs more than anything else a restoration of a government by its people for its people. The use of Delaware as a field to be harvested by the Republicans for political purposes must end. The voice of the people must be

heard to the end that Delaware shall not again witness the spectacle of a relief being denied to the people of Delaware in their hour of need at the direction of Republican leaders the purpose of party gain. Delawareans will not and should not be lulled by the promise of a party in power in the State for partisan purposes.

#### Determination Toward Goal Honestly Won

"In the selection of the candidates to be voted for at the next election we are today at liberty to support with unflinching will those persons whom we severally desire to represent the nominations at the hands of the convention. Some disappointments must inevitably follow, but whether our friends win or whether they lose, we must leave the outcome to the election, gird our loins and march to victory against the common foe. We must do more; we must make to ourselves a solemn vow that the election of 1934 shall not be fought.

"Members of this Convention, the Democratic Party is no longer a party of opposition. It is today the party that has a constructive program for the solution of the evils which by us from the last Republican administration. The welfare of the whole people makes it necessary for us to be militant and determined.

"The Nation expects Delaware to do its part. With the President's battle cry and a settled determination that Democrats will not let Republicans shall not buy the election of 1934, we cannot fail."

#### Con Tempo Entertainers Begin Season's Activities

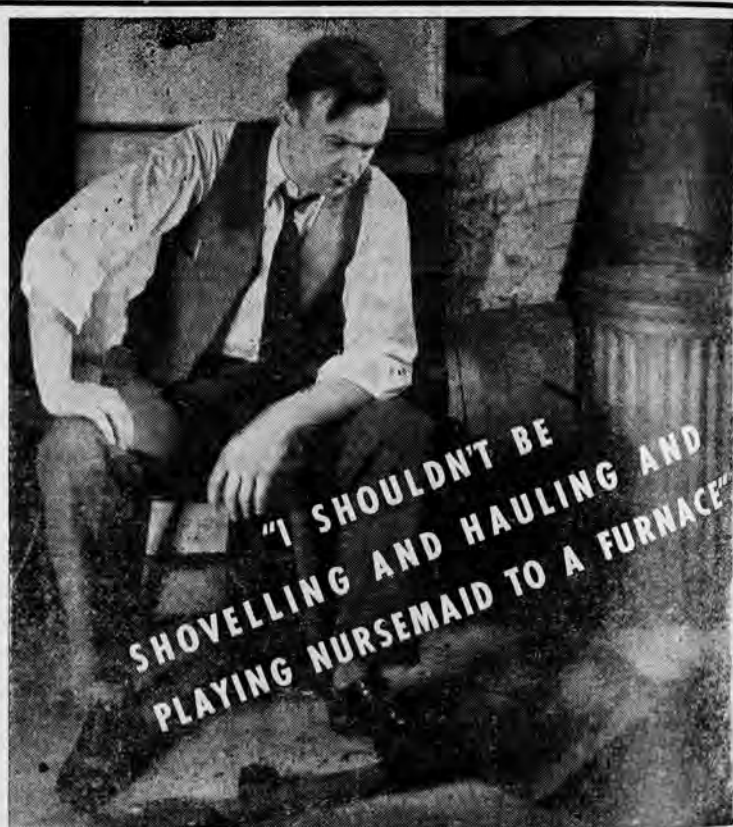
The C. T. E's, Newark's group of versatile entertainers, under the direction of Prof. Chas. T. Edwards, met for the season's first rehearsal on Monday evening, Sept. 10.

During the summer months Prof. Edwards arranged an entire musical novelty this group of young musicians will produce this Fall in addition to their scheduled concert.

The club has arranged for two rehearsals each week and are looking forward to a busy and pleasant season.

#### Machine Operators! Wear safe work-clothes.

Wrong garb: long sleeves, rolled up with cuffs projecting—Boating tie. Right garb: short sleeves, tucked above elbow—close bow tie or neck.



"I SHOULDN'T BE SHOVELLING AND HAULING AND PLAYING NURSEMAID TO A FURNACE"

"It's plenty hard enough on a man but it's actual slavery for a woman to be forced to be stoker to a furnace. And so useless . . . 200 hours a year of needless labor! • Modern conversion gas burners transform an old-style hand-fired furnace into a CLEAN AND COMPLETE AUTOMATIC GAS-HEATING PLANT in a few hours. • Perhaps you have the impression that gas-heating is too expensive for you. You will be pleasantly surprised if you let us figure your house. Simply let us know you are interested and our representative will call and make an exact and dependable estimate.

BRYANT CONVERSION GAS BURNER

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## APPLETON

The Misses Ida and Evelyn Kimble motored home from Durham, North Carolina, last week. Miss Evelyn Kimble attended the summer session at Duke University.

Miss Marie Racine of Blue Ball has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. Ellis Brown.

Miss Lillian K. Brown has returned home from a visit to Delmar, Md., and Ocean City, Md.

The Flint Hill Sunday School held their annual picnic at Lenape Park. Mrs. Krauss has been spending some time at Princess Anne, Md.

Miss Lillian K. Brown has resumed her duties as second grade teacher at the Richardson Park School.

The P.-T. A. of the Union School held its September meeting Thursday, September 6. Mr. Stewart Pryor presided.

Mr. S. T. Kimble recently spent a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Conrow, of Rancoas, N. J.

Miss Edith E. Zebley went to Atlantic City a short time ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Seruch T. Kimble and family visited Mr. and Mrs. Harry Covington, of Chester, Pa., and

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sydnor, of Media, Pa.

A Democratic political meeting was held recently in Macklin's Hall. Miss Nora Finley is enjoying a cruise to Nova Scotia.

William R. L. Conrow and A. E. Conrow, Jr., spent the past week at the home of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Zebley.

Mrs. George Auther and daughter Jay, of Washington, and Henry Davidson, Jr., of Wilmington, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Seruch T. Kimble.

Robert McCloskey who recently underwent an operation for the removal of tonsils, has returned to work.

A successful covered dish supper was held at Lofland's Hall in Cowentown, Wednesday, September 5.

The Willing Workers of the Head of Christiana Church held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mary Ottey.

#### HIGH UPKEEP

Jim Jackson (prospective purchaser)—"Bout what am de expense con'ected wid keepin' a mawl like dat?" Abe Jimson—"Dollah a week fo' feed an' sebenty-five cents a mont' fo' youah axident pol'ey!"



It Pays FOR ITSELF!

A telephone in the home saves so much that instead of costing money it actually pays to have one!

It pays when it saves a trip to town . . . it pays when it helps you buy a bargain . . . it pays every time it saves time or trouble, or brings valuable news or profitable contacts . . . savings like these are worth dollars and cents. A single call may save the telephone's cost for a year.

YOU CAN HAVE A TELEPHONE IN YOUR HOME FOR LESS THAN A DIME A DAY!

THE DIAMOND STATE TELEPHONE COMPANY



# IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

Lesson for September 16

## SAIAH CONTRASTS FALSE AND TRUE WORSHIP

**LEWIS, TEXT—Isaiah 1:1-20.**  
**GOLDEN TEXT—Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord? or who shall stand in his holy place? He that is clean, and of pure heart; who hath his hands from lying, and his soul loveth truth; who shall bless him, and shall not be cursed.**  
**PRIMER VERSE—Telling God We're Proud.**  
**PRIMER VERSE—When God's People Praise Him.**  
**INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—What is True Worship?**  
**FOURTH GRADE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Significance of True Worship.**

Isaiah's vision presents the redemption of the people of God through the cleansing of the heart. The first verse is the title. The book is divided into two parts. Chapter 1, from verse 1 to 20, contains the vision of the people of God. Chapter 2, from verse 21 to 40, contains the vision of the people of God.

1. The Moral State of the People (vv. 1-20). The vision is a condemnation of the people of God. The people are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion.

2. Their Consequent Miseries (vv. 21-40). The vision is a condemnation of the people of God. The people are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion.

3. The Moral State of the People (vv. 1-20). The vision is a condemnation of the people of God. The people are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion.

4. Their Consequent Miseries (vv. 21-40). The vision is a condemnation of the people of God. The people are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion.

5. The Moral State of the People (vv. 1-20). The vision is a condemnation of the people of God. The people are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion. They are shown to be in a state of sin and rebellion.

# NEWARK SPORTS EVENTS

By PAUL GRIFFITH



## New Castle Downs All-Stars

On Sunday, New Castle nosed out the Del-Mar All-Stars 3-2. Up until the seventh inning the game was a scoreless tie and had quite a few feature plays. The All-Stars took a 2-0 lead in the seventh only to have New Castle tie it up in the eighth and win out in the ninth. "Reg" Rose pitched a fine game for the All-Stars and was beaten on errors. However, Percy Hall must be given all due credit for allowing only five scattered hits. "Dick" Roberts and "Jim" Gormley represented Newark in the line-up. Only Five Points failed to have a member in the line-up. Ed Weatherlow, Hillcrest representative, featured the game with a booming double and several well catches. Score.

## ALL STARS

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Marcus, ss	4	0	1	1	4	1
Roberts, c	4	0	1	5	0	0
Gormley, cf	4	0	1	0	0	0
Weatherlow, lf	4	1	1	4	0	0
Knotts, 3b	4	1	2	1	3	1
Cunningham, 1b	4	0	0	10	1	0
Ford, rf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Peters, 2b	3	0	0	2	4	0
Rose, p	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	2	6	25	12	2

\* One out when winning run scored.

## NEW CASTLE

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Bridgewater, 2b	5	1	2	3	2	0
Crockett, rf	2	0	1	2	0	0
Cain, cf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Newell, 1b	5	1	1	8	0	0
F. Kern, ss	2	1	1	3	1	0
W. Kern, 3b	2	0	1	2	1	0
Givens, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Wolhar, c	4	0	0	6	2	0
Hall, p	3	0	0	0	1	1
Burke, c	0	0	0	1	0	0
Salters, c	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	3	7	27	8	2

\* Ran for Wolhar in eighth.

## Score by Innings

All Stars	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—
New Castle	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—
Earned runs, All Stars	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Castle, 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Two base hits, Weatherlow, W. Kern.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Struck out by Rose 5, Hall 7.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Double plays, Marcus to Peters to Cunningham.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Left on bases, All Stars 4, New Castle 12.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Stolen bases, Bridgewater.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Sacrifice hits, Cain, W. Kern 2.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Sacrifice flies, Givens.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Base on balls off Rose 6.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Wild pitch, Hall 1.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—
Umpire, Nowell. Time of game 2 hours.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—

## Bowling Well Under Way At A. L. Alleys

Bowling which proved so popular in Newark last winter, is again getting under full swing at the American Legion Alleys on Cleveland Avenue. It's so warm at the present time that quite a few bowlers are staying out for soft ball or some other out of doors sport.

## K. of P. and All-Star Ramblers Tie 2-2

K. of P. won two games for two points, while All Star Ramblers won one game and had total pin fall for two points in a match on Tuesday night.

## K. of P.

Durnall	201	165	171	—	537
Eisner	128	200	119	—	447
Davis	127	137	97	—	361
J. Hopkins	182	185	158	—	525
Herdman	144	184	185	—	513
Totals	782	871	730	—	2383

## ALL STAR RAMBLERS

C. Hopkins	140	158	176	—	474
Cornog	132	160	197	—	489
B. Gregg	144	160	199	—	503
Adams	176	171	168	—	515
Bergan	136	170	194	—	500
Totals	728	819	934	—	2481

## Leagues Forming

This year the manager, Jack Bergan and his aid, Adams, plan to run five leagues. Each league will be made up of six teams. The games will start at 7 o'clock and bowl one shift. That is, all teams will bowl together, using three alleys instead of having the teams meet either at 7 or 9 as they did last year.

## Announce U. of D. Soccer Schedule

Ed. C. Bardo, instructor of Physical Education and coach of soccer and swimming, has announced the schedule for the University of Delaware soccer team. It is:  
Oct. 10—W. C. T. C., home.  
Oct. 19—Rider College, home.  
Oct. 27—Stevens, away.  
Oct. 31—Temple, home.  
Nov. 3—Dickinson, home.  
Nov. 7—F. and M., away.  
Nov. 14—E. S. T. College, away.  
Nov. 17—Bucknell, home.  
James Prettyman will captain this year's team.

## Newark High Has Large Turn-Out

About 50 candidates reported to Coach Gillespie for football practice this week. With a wealth of old material and some promising new men the High School should turn out another good team. The members are being drilled in blocking, tackling and fundamentals. Some of the candidates are: Back, Eric Mayer, Joe Maxwell, Edwin Knauss, Ott Widdoes, John Applegate, Ernest George, Ray Smith, Rennard George, Willard Carter, John Doordan, Robert Stewart, Samuel Heiser, Howard Leverage and Curtis Smith.

## Ends—Captain Jack Daly, Ross Hutchinson, Harold Tiffany, Neal Smythe, Guy Wharton, Drexel Harrington, Howard Dunn, William Frazier, Harvey Bounds.

Tackles—Alex Cobb, Paul Skillman, Robert Egnor, Robert Ewing, William Douglass, William Dawson, Howard Zebley and Reid Sterns.

## Guards—Arthur Huston, Howard Cagle, Cecil Hudson, George Anderson, Ray Gregg and N. Robinson.

Centers—Orville Richardson, Howard Porter, Kinsey Reynolds, Wilber Butts, Roberts Jones and Huck Morrison.

## Delaware Issues "Heavies"

The University of Delaware grid-ers have put away their shorts for regular football equipment. The coaches are putting the boys through vigorous tackling and blocking practice as well as long drills on signals and execution of plays.

## Soft Ball League Held Up On Account Of Rain

Rain and wet grounds has checked the progress of the soft ball league. Main Street, leaders of the league at the present time, play their final game on Thursday with the Presbyterians. A win for the Streeters will assure them of a possible tie for first place.

## All Star Teams

I'd like some of you followers of the local league to think out an all-star team of the Twilight-League and Soft Ball League. In the Twilight-League, I think it best if two separate teams be submitted. One team that included Del-Mar League players and one team that had no Del-Mar League players on it. If any of you want to do this I'll be glad to receive your teams and publish them. If you do pick a team give it some careful consideration and don't just play your friends. Thanks.

# UNIVERSITY FOOTBALL TEAM DRILLING HARD UNDER NEW COACHING STAFF

Six Former Newark High School Stars on Squad; Forty Candidates Drill Twice Daily.

## FIVE GAMES ON FRAZER FIELD

By Blue Hen Fan

With only one week of practice the University of Delaware football team is already beginning to show signs of more fight and finesse than was exhibited in some of last year's games. Coach Neil Stahley is determined there will be no slipshod tackling or blocking that so often caused Delaware rooters to groan last year. The way the boys are hitting the dummy in practice gives evidence that no matter whom the Blue Hens play, they will not be under the delusion they are attending a pink tea party.

## Local Boys On Squad

Six former Newark High School players are on the squad. Frankie

Mayer, a hard-hitting back, Wilson Worrall, who played a fine game at tackle as a freshman last year, Charles Schwartz, a big guard, and Todd, a tackle of two years ago, are again fighting for berths this year. Dick Roberts, who was a halfback at Beacom's last year, and Fletcher, an end, are at the University for the first time.

## Two Score Candidates

To date, forty aspirants have been outfitted and are practicing twice a day under Stahley and his assistant, Loyal Clark. Clark is line coach. He is a graduate of Western Maryland, where he played under Dick Harlow, and has coached at his alma mater and at V. P. I.

The men who are back from last year are Herckness, O'Connell, Zavada, Kirschner, Records, Seannell, Thompson, Stanton, Glover, Mayer, Hodgson, Worrall, O'Connor, Hudson, Schwartz, Toild, Manberger, Carey, Crocker,

# Armour Fertilizers Are A Good Investment - - - They Lower Growing Costs!



Low costs per bushel are important in growing wheat--and other crops, too--because profits depend so largely on costs. Small yields per acre are expensive.

Plan now to increase your yields per acre, improve the quality and hasten maturity of your crops by using Armour's BIG CROP Fertilizers this fall.

Made of the right materials to supply the plant food your crops need, Armour's BIG CROP Fertilizers will help you make every acre produce a profit-making yield at a lower cost per bushel.

See your local Armour Agent this week. Let him supply Armour's BIG CROP Fertilizers for your crops.



Armour Fertilizer Works, BALTIMORE, MD.

Gouert, Jamison, Crowe, Nigels, Chesler and Donaldson.

The new men include Elliott from Wilmington High, Dunlop from Allegheny, Shugrue from Washington, Drozdov from Ocean City, Fenton Carey, a halfback from Ocean City, brother of John Carey, Payne, an end, Sheesley of William Penn High in Harrisburg, and Kane from Valley Forge Military Academy.

## New Pass Defense

Coach Stahley has installed a new pass defense system in which he is instructing the men daily which should keep down the number of passes completed against the Blue Hens. It is a territorial rather than a man for man system.

## Dummy In Use

Since heavy uniforms have been issued Coaches Stahley and Clark have made extensive use of the tackling dummy. Twice a day each candidate works at blocking and tackling the dummy until the coaches are satisfied.

## New Offense

Single and double shifts will be used by this year's team when in possession of the ball. The system is new to the players and much time is being devoted to securing snap and precision in its execution.

Until scrimmage starts it will be hard to tell who will be in the starting lineup. At present the line looks to be more of a problem than the backfield. Stahley should have two good sets of backs, but there is a lack of capable substitute linemen.

## Five Home Games

Five games will be played at Frazer Field this year and three away. The opening game is October 6 with St. Joseph's in Philadelphia. The biggest game will be that with P. M. C. at night in Atlantic City on November 10. Other games are October 13, Juniata at Huntingdon; October 20, Hampden-Sidney at home; October 27, Lebanon Valley at home; November 3, Dickinson at home; November 17, Drexel at home; and November 24, Washington College at home.

## Pie and Potts Appointed Cadet Lieuts. In R. O. T. C.

Among the new Cadet officers appointed for the coming year at the University of Delaware in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are Charles St. C. Pie, and Robert Curtis Potts, of Newark. Mr. Pie is a first lieutenant and Mr. Potts a second lieutenant.

## Suppose Every Nation Should Refuse Cooperation With Others!

Nationalism always overlooks the longer consequences of its acts. In nothing is it more blind than in its refusal to think of what will happen if foreigners pay it the ultimate compliment of imitation.—N. Y. Times.

## Christiana School News

Assembly programs are being enjoyed more each day now that students are planning and carrying to completion their own programs. Gloria Bonnette and Clara Novak have been in charge of assembly this week. Each day has brought a new type of entertainment. A group of camp songs, as rendered by Gloria and Rita Bonnette, were enjoyed on Tuesday morning.

## Junior Safety Council

Christiana upper room has organized a Junior Safety Council with Louise Moore as president. Gloria Bonnette, as vice-president, will assist Louise in carrying out the duties of her office. Lawrence Lee will act as secretary.

## I-H Club

Mr. George Worrlow, of the Extension Department of the University of Delaware, is meeting with the upper grades this afternoon at 3:30 to organize club work for both boys and girls.

## FIREMEN TO HOLD COUNTY DANCE AT PORT DEPOSIT

Royal Aces Will Play Tomorrow Evening At Tome Cage For Water Witch Fire Company Celebration.

Firemen of Port Deposit have secured for their evening of dancing tomorrow, Vernon Savage, and the Royal Aces, a unique six-piece orchestra from Baltimore, and are sending broadcast an invitation to all who like a good dancing floor, good music, and popular prices, to come to Tome Cage from nine until 1 o'clock.

## NOTICE

No trespassing or gunning for squirrels. 9,13,2t. WM. B. DEAN.

## Wanted

WORK—Caring for children, daytime or evening. Apply K, 9,13,1t. Newark Post.

ANTIQUES—Anything old-fashioned. Furniture, pictures, silver, stamps, old papers, glass, books, etc. FRANK S. SCHWARTZ, 1219 Boardwalk, 9,6,4t. Atlantic City, N. J.

## For Sale or Rent

FARM—20 acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, truck. Implements; 1 horse; or exchange for chickens. J. F. DISLEY, New London Road, Mechanicsville, 9,6,3t. Delaware.

## For Sale

SIX Jersey and Guernsey Cows, fresh and close springers. Some of above are blood-tested. ANDREW CANN, McClellandville, Del. 9,13,1t.

## For Rent

GARAGE—Opposite Mitchell Hall. Apply MRS. ED. STEEL, S. College Ave., Phone 304 J. 9,13,2t.

HOUSE, 155 S. Chapel street, 9 rooms, with all conveniences. Apply MRS. G. W. KRAPP, 16 Prospect Ave. 8,23,1t.

HOUSE—On Prospect avenue, six rooms and bath, all conveniences. Apply 16 Prospect Ave., Newark, Del. 8,9,1t.

APARTMENT, 3rd floor, all conveniences. MRS. FLORENCE STRAHORN, 8,2,1t. Phone 209-W. Amstel Ave.

## Estate of Annie M. Cooch, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of Annie M. Cooch, late of White Clay Creek Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Equitable Trust Company on the Ninth day of August, A. D. 1934, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payments to the Executor without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Executor on or before the Ninth day of August, A. D. 1935, or abide by the law in this behalf.

Address Equitable Trust Company, 9th and Market Streets, Wilmington, Del.

EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY, 8,16,10t. Executor.

## Estate of Lydia R. W. Wilson, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of Lydia R. W. Wilson, late of White Clay Creek Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Frank M. Durnall on the Fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1934, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payments to the Administrator without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Administrator on or before the Fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1935, or abide by the law in this behalf.

Address David J. Reinhardt, Jr., Attorney-at-Law, Equitable Building, Wilmington, Delaware, FRANK M. DURNALL, 8,23,10t. Administrator.



# Home Improvements

## Local Supplies and Services for Home Remodeling, Rebuilding and New Construction.

### ADS PROVE AID IN MODERNIZING WORK

#### Newspapers Cooperating in Publicizing New Developments in Building

Prospective property modernizers will turn readily to newspaper advertising for aid in developing plans for improving their properties under the country-wide program of housing rehabilitation fostered by the Federal Housing Administration.

Throughout the modernizing and building sections of periodicals all over the United States, the story of how and where to improve homes and commercial

properties will be told. It will be presented in vivid style, with graphic portrayals of the revolutionary advances recorded by industry in the fields of building material and equipment during the last several years.

Many newspapers, including this publication, are planning definite pages or sections containing advertising from dealers and manufacturers. They deal in building material and other dur-

by Paul T. Haagen, A.I.A.

### MODERNIZE NOW!



#### DORMERS

IF YOU need to get that extra room in the attic, the dormer is one way of adding light and ventilation and more head room to the converted space.

But don't just go ahead blindly. A dormer may mar the outside appearance of your house if you make it too large or too bulky. Better a series of small dormers in scale with the rest of the house than one large dormer that completely dominates the exterior.

Here are three dormers that might fit on to your house. Keep them small and simple and try to have them harmonize with the roof and the rest of the house.

#### Re-Roofing Your Home

If you need a new roof on your home, be sure to find out if it is necessary to remove the old roofing, and if the roof boards are solid, be sure to choose a roofing material that will harmonize with the architecture of your house.

Don't select queer, gaudy and freakish roofing patterns, in an effort to be original.

Award the contract to a reliable roofing concern that will guarantee the material and workmanship.

At the same time look to the metal work, gutters, flashing, valleys and downspouts. They will probably need replacing.

(Copyright.)—WNU Service.

The Federal Government has provided the means and is setting up the machinery through which loans may be secured for the modernization and reconditioning of homes and other structures. Watch this page weekly for ideas for improving your home.

able goods used in the repair, improvement or modernization of homes, stores and other types of buildings too long neglected.

Many manufacturers and dealers see a revival in their business as a result of the Housing act. Included are makers and distributors of such equipment as: Stair rails and banisters, step treads.

Built-in appliances such as tops, range hoods, ironing boards, shelving, and special permanent accessories. Wallpaper, electrical equipment, brick and heating appliances. All forms of plumbing including: sinks, drains, valves, shower stalls, tubs, including interior and exterior finish and trim, window and screen frames. Wall board and plaster, cement, lime, gypsum, metal lath, floor bracing, corner beads and steel casements. Hardware and paint stores are preparing for a flow of new business, also, as many fields not directly affected by construction, but always indirectly benefiting by activity in this highly important industry.

Let Me Estimate On Your Painting and Decorating For your Home Improvements  
**LEONARD WALDRIDGE**  
Newark, Delaware

## Hardware, Paints and Other Supplies

for your

## Home Improvements

## JACKSON'S HARDWARE STORE

Newark, Delaware

Complete line of  
**Seasoned Lumber**  
for your  
**DORMERS**  
IMPROVE YOUR HOME NOW  
**NEWARK LUMBER CO.**  
Newark, Delaware  
Hardware - Paints - Oils

### PENNA. HAS NEARLY 2 1/2 MILLION ACRES OF STATE FOREST

Privately Owned Woodlands Are More Than 10 Million Acres. Total Forest and Woodland 13,053,682 Acres.

Lewes E. Staley, secretary of the Pennsylvania department of forests gives the exact area of all the woodlands in Pennsylvania as 13,053,682 acres.

Figures about the forests of Pennsylvania recently have been compiled and verified by the Forest Research Institute at Mont Alto of which Dr. E. A. Ziegler is director.

Governmentally owned woodlands in the State total nearly two and one-half million acres and include State Forests, State Game Lands, National Forests, and municipal forests.

Privately owned woodlands total 10,740,000 acres, of which farm woodlots comprise 3,363,000 acres.

Four counties each contain in excess of a half-million acres of forests. Clearfield county leads with 550,000 acres. The others are Centre, Potter and Lycoming counties.

Philadelphia county, commonly thought of as wholly a metropolitan area, has 2776 acres of woodland. This is the lowest forest acreage of Pennsylvania's 67 counties.

According to the research foresters there are 1,200,000 acres of idle cleared land outside of occupied farms. This land is in urgent need of reforestation because in its present condition it is unproductive and is reverting to the counties for the unpaid taxes. Already some 140,000 acres have been sold by the commissioners of various counties.

#### PAINT UNDER PORCH

The underside of a porch floor should be included in every exterior painting job. Moisture and dampness will then be prevented from coming through and blistering the paint on the top. Boards can be painted before laying in the case of new houses.

### SAFEGUARDING NEXT YEAR'S PEACH CROP IS IMPORTANT

#### How To Control Peach Tree Borers

Peach tree borers were not destroyed by the sub-zero temperatures last winter and, therefore, their control should not be neglected this fall, declares Ed Willim, Jr., New Castle County Agricultural Agent of Newark. Paradi-chlorobenzene treatments, he says, still constitute the most effective means of controlling this destructive insect.

"This material, commonly referred to as (P. D. B.) is a white crystalline solid that is insoluble in water, but which vaporizes slowly at ordinary temperatures," Mr. Willim explains. "The gas is heavier than air and injurious to the tender roots and growing tissue of many plants. It is a relatively inexpensive and very effective material for killing the peach borer and, although the vapor is very toxic to many insects, it is non-poisonous to animals."

"The amount of P. D. B. recommended for the control of peach borers is from 1/4 to 1 ounce per tree six years old or older. It is not generally recommended for younger trees, although smaller amounts ranging from 1/8 to 1/4 of an ounce per tree have been used successfully. When used on trees less than four years old, the material should not be allowed to remain near the tree for more than 2 or 3 weeks."

"After removing all weeds, grass, leaves, stones and other trash from an area 12 to 15 inches wide around each tree, the desired amount of P. D. B. should be distributed in a continuous narrow ring around and about 1 1/2 to 2 inches from the trunk. This ring should then be covered by a compact mound of soil free from sticks and stones and about 6 to 8 inches high."

"The P. D. B. treatment should be made in the fall after all of the peach borer eggs have hatched, and before the soil temperature becomes too low. During a normal season in Delaware this means between September 15 and October 15. The soil temperature should be above 55° F. for the most

### effective use of this material."

#### County Agent Willim cautions apple growers not to use this treatment for killing apple tree borers.

### COW TESTERS HERDS GIVE LARGE YIELD

Fifty-four cows gave over 1,000 pounds of milk and 17 cows produced over 50 pounds of butterfat each during August, according to the monthly summary of the New Castle County Cow Testing Association just issued from the office of County Agent, Ed Willim, Jr., of Newark. The average milk production of the 417 cows in the herds of the 18 members of the association was 621 pounds, while the average fat production was 25.9 pounds of butterfat.

The Mitchell-Samendinger herd of Hockessin contained the highest fat and milk producer for the month—a registered Holstein which made 79.0 pounds of fat and 2195 pounds of milk.

In fact these 10 herds were leaders: (1) F. B. Martens, Elkton, Holstein, 35.0 pounds average per cow; (2) Mitchell-Samendinger, Hockessin, Holstein, 31.9; (3) W. L. Phipps, Wilmington, Mixed, 30.5; (4) Geo. B. Pierson, Hockessin, Jersey, 30.3; (5) H. Wilson Price, Bear, Jersey, 29.8; (6) J. H. Mitchell & Sons, Hockessin, Jersey, 29.2; (7) John C. Reed, Hockessin, Jersey, 28.4; (8) Holly Hall Farm, Elkton, Guernsey, 28.0; (9) Peter Zeitler, Elkton, Guernsey, 27.0; and (10) Wilson T. Pierson, Hockessin, Guernsey, 27.0 pounds.

The 10 highest herds in milk production were: (1) F. B. Martens, Elkton, Holstein, 1022 pounds average per cow; (2) Mitchell-Samendinger, Hockessin, Holstein, 987; (3) W. L. Phipps, Wilmington, Mixed, 862; (4) St. Joseph's School, Townsend, Holstein, 707; (5) Logue Brothers, Wilmington, Mixed, 668; (6) Peter Zeitler, Elkton, Guernsey, 658; (7) George B. Pierson, Hockessin, Jersey, 651; (8) Holly Hall Farm, Elkton, Guernsey, 645; (9) H. Wilson Price, Bear, Jersey, 638; and (10) Wilson T. Pierson, Hockessin, Guernsey, 621 pounds.

#### Clean-Up Day

Wednesday, September 19

### MILK COSTS FOR DAIRYMEN CAN BE DEALT WITH NOW

Delaware dairymen are facing a winter of high feed costs and must, therefore, keep accurate records and cull closely, declares Ed Willim, Jr., County Agricultural Agent for New Castle County. Although many dairymen have been saved from bankruptcy by increased prices of milk during the past year, they must not forget to watch costs, he warns.

"The prices of all dairy feeds have risen far more than the price of milk, and farmers are warned not to overlook any possibility of reducing costs," Mr. Willim asserts. "A poor producer has no place on a New Castle County dairy farm at any time, but with higher feed costs a boarder cow is a greater liability than ever. Get rid of her now and save on the winter feed bill."

"The only practical way to be efficient in the dairy business is to keep accurate records of production and costs. This may be done through the semi-official herd test or the cow testing association, or the farmer may keep the record himself if he can find the time and has the inclination. Regardless of which method is adopted, a yearly record of production and costs is good business policy."

### Pennsylvania's Motor Car Crashes Increase

An increase of more than 40 per cent in the number of accidents investigated by the Highway Patrol, in Pennsylvania is shown by reports covering the first seven months of the year. During that time, patrolmen conducted inquiries into 7429 accidents, as compared with 5404 during the same period last year.

### Packing Industry Shows Gain

Based on the Department of Labor's index, which sets the average for 1923-25 as 100, employment in the packing industry in this country in July of this year stood at 103.5, a gain of 2.1 per cent over June and an advance of 21.5 per cent over July 1933.

### MORRO CASTLE FIRE GREAT DISASTER

The fire that broke out in the library of the luxurious Ward Line Cruiser, Morro Castle, before 3 o'clock in the morning of last Saturday, resulted in the loss of 137 or more lives, about 67 of them passengers. Returning from a cruise to Havana the boat was approaching New York. At six miles off the Jersey shore opposite Asbury Park, during a lashing storm, the fire destroyed the interior of the vessel while passengers and crew were being rescued from the water or were trapped in the ship. Nineteen hours later the ship was driven onto the beach where the interior still smolders as New Jersey firemen seek to save the strongboxes of valuables. The ship had 318 passengers and a crew of 240.

Federal investigation is bringing to light many peculiar circumstances connected with the handling of fire menace and saving of the crew. The captain, Robert R. Wilmette, had died the night before. The acting captain with 13 of his men stayed with the ship until he had to be taken off, the last to leave, but an accounting of the acts and efficiency of all the ship's crew must be made before final judgment can be made for any of them.

### NATIONAL HOUSING CONFERENCE WANTS PERMANENT PROGRAM

The New York membership of the National Housing Conference has recently recommended to President Roosevelt the establishing of a permanent national housing program, to be administered by a Federal housing division. The proposal is that all the advantages of a nation-wide outlook and study of rehousing as well as of federal loans on easy terms be maintained, in cooperation with local housing authorities and as a stimulus rather than a drawback to local initiative.

Professor Edouard C. Lindeman, of the New York School for Social Work, who presided at the luncheon meeting at which the memorandum to the President was drawn up, emphasized the importance of local initiative in many low-cost housing fields co-operating with the federal government on financing and use of research findings.

### R. T. Jones Funeral Director

Upholstering and Repair Work of All Kinds by Experienced Mechanics All Work Guaranteed  
122 West Main Street  
Newark, Delaware  
Phone 22

### KITCHEN CONGRESS WILL PRESENT MODERN METHODS

At Newark, N. J., beginning tomorrow, a three-day Kitchen Congress is being held to demonstrate modern methods of preparing food. A preliminary item of interest all the sons known to be 100 years of age over in the Eastern states was given to for their opinions as to the period of cooking produced the most appetizing food, the "old-time" or present. The replies published about equally divided between the old and one contention made the distinction not on methods but on attention to the appetizing service. He said the reason the cooking of the good old times was generally superior was because greater attention was given to the delectable, whereas at present not food is often the object.

Several hundred clubwomen, professional tasteful and dietitians attending the congress, which offer a comprehensive presentation of modern methods. Yesterday Mitchell, for twenty-two years United States Government tea-caster, on development of the sense of

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