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NEWARK POST

VOLUME III — NEWARK, DELAWARE, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1913 — NUMBER 51

SEWER COMMISSION WORKING ON BILL

ENGINEER HATTON OFFERS SUGGESTIONS

The Sewer Commission held a meeting on Monday evening and discussed the provisions to be made in the drafting of the Sewer bill. Engineer Hatton of Wilmington, who was present gave suggestions that should be brought out in discussion. No decision was reached on the several points but another meeting will be held in a few days and the bill will probably be completed. It has been decided to call a public meeting and give time for discussion of the bill before its presentation to the General Assembly.

The subjects suggested for consideration by Engineer Hatton follow:

Shall the work be done under the supervision of a Commission or the direction of Council.

Section 1. Provide for building a sewer and disposal plant either within or without the town limits but providing such construction shall not extend beyond the limits of such town limits.

Section 2. The life of the Sewer Commission is very indefinite as sewers may be built year after year indefinitely and the Sewer Commission would thus become practically continuous.

It would be better to provide for a term of say not over one year after a contract for sewers and disposal plant is built.

The naming of the Commission by the Legislature would seem impolitic. If a commission is to be appointed such appointment should be made by the Town Council and two men are sufficient.

The present Clerk of Council and the Town Treasurer should serve the Commission in like capacity. Multiplying officers only adds to the expense and complications of duties.

Section 3 All contracts to be handled by and be executed by the municipal officers authorized by charter to enter into such contracts and not by the Commission and all contracts should be ratified by Council.

Section 4 After detail plans and estimates are prepared a public meeting should be called, after proper public notices, and plans and estimates should be presented at such public meeting and explained thereat. After which such modifications may be made in said plans and estimates as the Council or Commission may consider desirable to meet the views expressed by those citizens attending such meeting.

Section 5 Even if a Commission should be appointed to take charge of the construction of the sewer system the plans should first be approved by ordinance or resolution of Council, which resolution should designate the extent to which the system should be built. This puts the legislative work upon the Council and the executive work upon the Commission.

Instead of assuming an arbitrary division of the cost of the system, this division must be based upon some principle of equity to make it legal in this State.

For instance the amount assessed against the abutting property may be an equal amount to what an 8 inch sewer would cost to reach such property and the balance of the system charged against the corporation.

Or the cost of constructing the main outlet sewer and disposal plant may be charged to the corporation and the cost of building all branches assessed against abutting property. This last scheme is an equitable and legal one, and can be well carried out in your case.

It is doubtful whether a legal assessment can be made against property outside the town limits as such property owner has no voice in approving the plans, appointment of Commission or election of members of Council. Such property can be allowed to connect with the sewers only upon payment of some amount which is assessed against property within town limits.

The assessment against property should be certified to the Town Treasurer for collection provided the side frontage shall in no case be considered more than 125 feet and that the balance of the property extending beyond the 125 feet shall be considered either as frontage or as side frontage with a frontage upon the street similar in direction to that upon which the property actually fronts, as the Commission or Council decides.

The assessments might be divided into five equal annual installments. The first to be due and payable within 30 days after certification, and without interest, the others on the first day of July in each year thereafter with 6 per cent interest. Properties should be given a permit to connect sewers upon the payment of the first installment.

Section 7 The Mayor of the Town should issue direction to the Town Treasurer to sell property for default in payment of assessments, and such deed should be issued by the Town Corporation instead of a chairman of commission.

Section 8 The Council or Commission should be given the authority to acquire and condemn land for laying of sewers and disposal plant either within the Town or within one mile outside of the Town limits.

Section 11 The Sewer Commission is here given broad Police powers which are already exercised by the local Board of Health and the division of such powers may cause a conflict and would certainly perpetuate the life of the Commission as it would have to remain in power as long as their remained any properties not connected with the sewers. I doubt whether such a power can legally be conferred upon a commission and even if it can the expediency of doing so. Better let the local Board of Health exercise its present police powers which enables it to require each property to connect by declaring a cess-pool, surface drainage or private wells a menace detrimental to the public health.

Section 12 Division of cost already mentioned above.

Section 13 All monies received should be deposited by the Town Treasurer in a separate account and should be drawn by warrant marked to that account and should be signed by the Treasurer and countersigned by the President of Council or Mayor. Because these monies will be coming in and be paid out for five years after the creation of the loan or until the assessments are paid off.

Section 14 The giving of notes to meet the cost of constructing the sewer system is not as safe or as negotiable as to issue bonds for the entire cost. But whether the short term bonds or notes are issued they should be issued by the Council who is the legally constituted body under the Town Charter for raising funds necessary for maintaining the Town, and providing for its improvements.

Section 16 The regular meetings of Council would be the proper time and place to review assessments. If a Commission is appointed it might be directed to sit with Council and be given a vote upon all matters relating to such assessments, but my opinion is that Council cannot delegate such powers to any one.

Section 17 Is unnecessary and may prove embarassing inasmuch as the extensions shown upon any plan may not be completed within two years because they may not be urgent or necessary.

Section 19 Interest on bonds should not exceed 5 per cent and Council should have the right of determining the rate below this. In fact the Sewer Commission should have no authority in the issuance of such bonds except to designate to Council the amount necessary and it should be made mandatory upon the part of Council to issue and sell the bonds upon the request of the Commission.

Section 20 This work should be left with the Town Council.

Section 22 Instead of Council being required to levy and raise by taxation from time to time such sum or sums as shall be necessary to create a sinking fund adequate for the redemption of said bonds, the Council should be required to levy and raise by taxation annually such sum or sums etc. etc.

Section 25 Can the Legislature legally prescribe property qualifi-

(continued on page 5)

National Bank Elects Directors

Daniel Thompson New Member of Board

Daniel O. Thompson was elected as a new member of the Board of Directors of the National Bank of Newark at its annual meeting of the stockholders, held yesterday morning at the banking offices.

The old Board was re-elected as follows:

J. W. Cooch, president;
Alfred A. Curtis, vice-president;
J. H. Hossinger, secretary;
S. M. Donnell;
N. M. Motherall;
Ernest Frazer;
Crawford Rankin;
Eben B. Frazer;

and Daniel Thompson, the newly elected member.

H. E. Vinsinger was re-elected cashier, J. D. Jaquette, assistant cashier, and G. W. Murray, clerk.

NEW CENTURY CLUB

The study of Oxford and Cambridge was the program for Monday at the New Century Club. A very able paper was read by Mrs. J. T. Eastburn, describing the city and universities at Oxford.

It was decided to pospone Mrs. Dayett's paper on Cambridge to next week's meeting, when Mrs. E. W. Dawson will also give "Reminiscences of England."

An invitation was read from the New Century Club of Wilmington to attend two lectures to be given in their club room; one on Friday, February 7th, at 3.30 p. m., to hear Dr. Lightner Witmer, professor of Psychology of the University of Pennsylvania; and the other on Friday, February 14th, at 3 p. m., when Mrs. I. J. Bowker, president of the Woman's Municipal League of Boston, will talk on "What One Woman's Club Has Done."

During the past week, Mrs. Wm. H. Evans represented the Newark New Century Club at a meeting held in Dover by the Conservation Committee of the Federation. It was there decided to invite Mrs. Lydia Adams Williams, chairman of Waterways of the Forestry Bureau, to lecture before the different clubs of the state. Mrs. Williams is a charming woman of delightful personality, and presents her subject very forcefully. She is very much interested in clubs and club work and all her talks are worth while. She will be in Newark on Saturday evening, February 1st, and will give an illustrated talk in the College Oratory, on Conservation of Waterways.

The public is cordially invited.

New Clerk In Post Office

Beginning Thursday, January 16, an additional clerk will go on duty in the Newark postoffice. For some time past the quantity of mail has been increasing, especially since the parcels post system has gone into operation. Postmaster Brown recently communicated with the officials at Washington relative to the necessity of an increase in the office force. He has received notice to select one of the several eligibles who recently took the competive examination for clerkship. The appointment at noon to-day had not been made.

Great Sachem In Newark

The Great Sachem and his staff will pay a visit to Minnehaha Tribe No. 23, Imp. O. R. M. on Tuesday, January 28th, 1913, in the lodge room. Minnehaha Band will render selections and it is desired that as many members be present as possible. Refreshments will be served on this occasion.

Illustrated Lecture In Oratory

The series of lectures by members of the College Faculty proved so successful last year that the plan will be repeated this season. The first lecture will be delivered next Friday, January 17th, at 8 p. m., in the College Oratory.

The speaker, Prof. C. A. Short, will discuss the "Development of Water Supply Systems," in a popular way, illustrating the subject with lantern slides.

The lectures are free and a cordial invitation is extended to the public.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY GETS DOWN TO BUSINESS

COMMITTEES NAMED

The following committees were appointed by President pro tem Marshall and Speaker Holcomb on Monday morning, and the session began work at once.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

The standing committees of the Senate are as follows:

Accounts—Ellison, Hazell, Pierce, Gormley, Pooks.

Agriculture—David, Harris, Hazel, Anderson, Carter.

Charities—Marshall, Hazell, Anderson, Williams, Pooks.

Claims—Harris, Walker, Ewing, Walls, Pooks.

Corporations—Marshall, Ellison, Pierce, David, Blackstone.

Corporations, Municipal—Reinhardt, Hazell, Pierce, Gormley, Walls.

Education—Walls, Walker, Ewing, Ellison, Furniss.

Elections—Anderson, Hazell, Harris, Carter, Pooks.

Enrolled Bills—Blackstone, Walker, Harris, Anderson, Furniss.

Executive—Ewing, Reinhardt, Walls.

Finance—Hazell, Ellison, Pierce, Draper, Williams.

Fish, Oysters and Game—Hazell, Reinhardt, Pierce, Carter, Furniss.

Insurance and Banking—Gormley, Walker, Marshall, Williams.

Judiciary—Reinhardt, Harris, Anderson, Carter, Furniss.

Labor—Walker, Reinhardt, Ewing, Gormley, Walls.

Military—Ewing, Reinhardt, Marshall, Gormley, Williams.

Misc.—Ellison, Marshall, Pierce, David, Blackstone.

Public Lands—Anderson, Walker, Gormley, David, Williams.

Public Health—Pooks, Ellison, Harris, Carter, Furniss.

Public Buildings and Highways—Pierce, Ellison, Marshall, Walls, Blackstone.

Printing and Supplies—Harris, Reinhardt, Pierce, Carter, Blackstone.

Revised Statutes—Pierce, Ellison, Marshall, David, Blackstone.

Rules—Ewing, Reinhardt, Walls.

Temperance—Walker, Ewing, Hazell, Williams, Pooks.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

These are the standing committees for the House:

Accounts—Wagamon, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Mooney, D.; Owens, D.; Brantleigh, R.; Hoffecker, R.; Smith, R.

Agriculture and Forestry—Schneider, D., chairman; Jester, D.; Stoeckle, D.; Wagamon, D.; Barnard, R.; McCormick, R.; Smith, R.

Appropriations—Reynolds, D., chairman; Hammond, D.; Hirsch, D.; Lynch, D.; Barnard, R.; Cook, R.; Smith, R.

Charities and Elemosynary Institutions—Layton, D., chairman; Arthurs, D.; Phillips, D.; Schneider, D.; Derrickson, R.; Lingo, R.; McCormick, R.

Claims—Allen, D., chairman; Hirsch, D.; Jester, D.; Schneider, D.; Grantland, R.; Lingo, R.; McDonald, R.

Crimes and Punishment—Swan, D., chairman; Allen, D.; Cummins, D.; Layton, D.; Bennett, R.; Cook, R.; Lattomus, R.

Corporation, Private—Owens, D., chairman; Hammond, D.; Records, D.; Taylor, D.; Barnard, R.; Pool, R.; Smith, R.

Corporation, Municipal—Mooney, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Hirsch, D.; Owens, D.; Bennett, R.; Grantland, R.; King, R.

Education—Cooper, D., chairman; Allen, D.; Jester, D.; Taylor, D.; Bradford, R.; Derrickson, R.; Hoffecker, R.

Elections—Cooper, D., chairman; Hammon, D.; Hirsch, D.; Records, D.; Bradford, R.; King, R.; Smith, R.

Enrolled Bills—Taylor, D., chairman; Houston, D.; Mooney, D.; Phillips, D.; Lingo, R.; McCormick, R.; Pool, R.

Federal Relations—Stoeckel, D., chairman; Lynch, D.; Schneider, D.; Taylor, D.; Cook, R.; Derrickson, R.; McDonald, R.

Fish, Oysters and Game—Cummins, D., chairman; Houston, D.; Owens, D.; Swan, D.; Barnard, R.; Bradford, R.; Pool, R.

Immigration—Layton, D., chairman; Schneider, D.; Swan, D.; Wagamon, D.; Bennett, R.; McDonald, R.; Pool, R.

Insurance and Banking—Jester, D., chairman; Layton, D.; Lynch, D.; Reynolds, D.; Bennett, R.; Hoffecker, R.; King, R.

Judiciary—Stoeckel, D., chairman; Arthurs, D.; Houston, D.; Layton, D.; Cook, R.; McCormick, R.; McDonald, R.

Labor—Hirsch, D., chairman; Arthurs, D.; Mooney, D.; Phillips, D.; Cook, R.; McCormick, R.; McDonald, R.

Manufacturers and Commerce—Owens, D., chairman; Cummins, D.; Lynch, D.; Mooney, D.; Derrickson, R.; Hoffecker, R.; McDonald, R.

Military Affairs—Bradford, R., chairman; Hirsch, D.; Holcomb, D.; Houston, D.; Wagamon, D.; Hoffecker, R.; King, R.

Miscellaneous—Mooney, D., chairman; Cummins, D.; Arthurs, D.; Phillips, D.; Lattomus, R.; Lingo, R.; McDonald, R.

Printing—Houston, D., chairman; Swan, D.; Taylor, D.; Wagamon, D.; Bennett, R.; Hoffecker, R.; Lattomus, R.

Public Health—Hammond, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Cummins, D.; Lynch, D.; Grantland, R.; Hoffecker, R.; McCormick, R.

Public Buildings—Arthurs, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Hammond, D.; Wagamon, D.; Cook, R.; Grantland, R.; Pool, R.

Public Highways—Phillips, D., chairman; Records, D.; Reynolds, D.; Stoeckel, D.; Barnard, R.; Derrickson, R.; Smith, R.

Revenue and Taxation—Records, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Reynolds, D.; Bradford, R.; King, R.; Lingo, R.

Revised Statutes—Hammond, D., chairman; Cooper, D.; Holcomb, D.; Owens, D.; Barnard, R.; Bradford, R.; Grantland, R.

Rules—Holcomb, D., chairman; Arthurs, D.; Records, D.; Bradford, R.; Grantland, R.

Stationery and Supplies—Swan, D., chairman; Allen, D.; Jester, D.; Schneider, D.; Bennett, R.; McCormick, R.; McDonald, R.

Temperance—Allen, D., chairman; Records, D.; Reynolds, D.; Barnard, R.; Bradford, R.; Derrickson, R.

Prof. Roberts Consulting Engineer For Edison Co.

It became known to-day that Professor Thomas M. Roberts, who recently resigned the professorship of Electrical Engineering at Delaware College, has been appointed consulting engineer with the Edison Electric Storage Battery Co., at Orange, New Jersey. This position enables Professor Roberts to put into practice his wide experience as an electrical engineer, and offers a substantial increase in salary. Professor Roberts will leave in a short time to take up the duties of his new position.

Concert In College Oratory

Arrangements have been completed for a concert to be given in the College Oratory on Friday evening, February 4th, for the benefit of the College Athletic Association. The excellent program represents both local and foreign talent.

Schools Fumigated

Owing to several cases of Scarlet Fever the primary school has been closed this week in order that the building might be fumigated and all precautions taken to prevent the spreading of the disease.

New Manager At Delaware Duckerie

Mrs. M. J. Murray announces that Mr. Charles Simmons, Jr. of Wilmington, assumed management of the Delaware Duckerie to-day, January 15th. He has brought with him his well-known strain of white Wyandottes.

Mr. Simmons will breed white Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds and Leghorns.

Pekin Ducks from the Duckerie, exhibited at the recent show, Madison Square Garden, New York, captured the blue ribbon. The same birds exhibited at West Chester last week won three blues and two specials.

Benefit Show For High School

A Benefit will be given by the Newark High School Athletic Association in the moving picture theatre, Centre Hall, next Saturday evening, January 18th. The proceeds will go toward purchasing an outfit for the proposed new gymnasium.

Admission, ten cents.

Mrs. Isaac Moore entertained the members of a "Five Hundred" Club at her home on Delaware ave. last evening.

Suffragists Plan Walking Trip

Newark Included in Their Itinerary—Will Hold Meeting

Miss Rosalie Gardiner Jones, the young woman who led the suffragist army on the recent walk from New York to Albany, visited the office of THE POST on Monday afternoon.

Miss Jones is an enthusiastic little woman of charming personality, intensely interested in the "cause" for which she is working. Her visit to this locality was for the purpose of perfecting arrangements for a walk from New York to Washington, by which the enthusiasts will be able to visit dozens of towns along the way, scattering their ideas and influence broadcast over the land.

The walking party is to start from Connecticut about the first of February. These first five women will be joined by six others in New York City. As the distance decreases other workers will join the procession. It is hoped to muster five volunteers from Delaware. From three to four thousand persons will participate in the suffrage pageant in Washington.

Miss Jones engaged rooms at the Deer Park Hotel, for the party during the time they will spend in Newark. The itinerary which she is arranging is to depend largely upon the hotel accommodations along the route. Some days it may be necessary to make much longer walks in order to reach comfortable quarters for the night.

One member of the party will travel by rail, and join the pedestrians every evening. This person unfatigued from the more strenuous method of travel, will speak at the popular meetings which will be held in the evenings.

OBITUARY

HARRIET PAGE.

Harriett Page, aged 68 years, died at the home of her son-in-law, Albert Robinson, on Friday, January 10th, from the effects of a stroke.

Services were held at the late residence on Saturday evening. Interment on Sunday at Johnstown, Md. One son, Lewis Page, of New York City, survives.

PHILIP C. WHITAKER.

Philip C. Whitaker, aged 67 years, died at his home, Delaware Avenue, last Friday. Mr. Whitaker has been in poor health since he suffered from a stroke of paralysis, about a year ago.

Services conducted by Rev. H. B. Phelps were held on Sunday. Interment Head of Christiana Cemetery.

A wife, and one sister, Mrs. Geo. Kierski of New York, survive.

GEORGE H. HUBER.

George H. Huber, aged 54 years, well-known in this locality where he had made his summer home for the last five years, died at his home in Wilmington last Friday, after a short illness.

Mr. Huber spent the Saturday previous to his death in Newark working on the proposition of a building which he expected to erect in the near future. Pneumonia developed with its usual rapidity, causing death within a few days.

Mr. Huber owned and conducted the largest baking establishment in the city of Wilmington. He was a Delawarean by birth and had spent all his life in Wilmington.

Funeral services were held in St. Stephen's Lutheran church, of which the deceased was a member, on Monday.

A wife, Julia Huber, and four children, George F., Charles, Emily and Katherine, survive.

CATHERINE B. MAJOR.

Catherine B. Major, eldest daughter of Mary and the late James B. Radcliffe died at the home of her mother near Strickersville, on Tuesday, January 15th.

Mrs. Major left her home in Newark on Friday, to stay with her mother, who was ill. She visited the town on Saturday.

That evening she was suffering with a severe cold which developed into the fatal disease.

Services will be held on Saturday at 1 p. m. Interment in Head of Christiana Cemetery.

THE PART THE CHURCH MUST PLAY

(Printed from the North American at the request of a local reader.)

GOD HAS MADE THIS WORLD, NOT FOR A FEW PRIVILEGED CLASSES, RICH AND STRONG AND WISE, BUT FOR ALL HIS CHILDREN; AND HIS KINGDOM WILL NOT COME UNTIL ALL HIS CHILDREN HAVE SOMETHING LIKE A FAIR CHANCE TO MAKE OF THEMSELVES WHAT THEY CAN IN THE WORLD, AND TO HAVE SOME SHARE IN ITS JOYS AND IN ITS PROSPERITY.

AND I AM SETTING MYSELF WITH CLEARER AND CLEARER VISION AS THE YEARS GO BY TO DO WHAT LITTLE I CAN TO MAKE THIS A WORLD OF UNIVERSAL HUMANITY. I CARE LESS ABOUT PREPARING MEN FOR HEAVEN HEREAFTER, AND MORE FOR BRINGING HEAVEN TO EARTH; LESS ABOUT SINGING "HEAVEN IS MY HOME," AND MORE ABOUT TURNING HOME INTO HEAVEN.

The foregoing quotation from the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, the venerable editor of the Outlook, was offered to our readers yesterday on our first page because we regarded it as very pertinent to the great movement for social and industrial justice which is now commanding the attention of the people of the nation.

We have no apology to make for again presenting it to the consideration of our readers, this time as a text for an editorial. It suggests that the churches have a part to play in the great work of readjusting our new and complex civilization to the requirements of humanity. And many recent developments have shown that the churches have begun to understand how important it is to their own future as forces in the community life that they endeavor to apply the Christian spirit to abating the very un-Christian evils which the social body is suffering.

When a small group of enthusiasts set out last year to bring men of the nation into closer touch with the churches, they had in mind a "Forward" movement. But it is unlikely that any one of them, or all of them combined, foresaw that to which it was to lead them. And yet they have not deviated one hair's breadth from the principles laid down by the founder of Christianity nearly 1900 years ago. But it has been borne in on them that those eternal principles have an application to the complex social conditions of to-day quite as forcible as to the individual lives of the simple age of the Nazarene.

In a certain southern city a social survey revealed that fully one-half of the properties of the red-light district were owned by a prominent churchman. When this was brought to his attention he fumed, characterized the men in the "Forward movement" as "impertinent meddlers," but was expelled from the church, stigmatized as if he had been the keeper of one of these dens of vice, as he really was the keeper of all of them.

Similar experiences were met with in other cities. In a western town it was found that one of the most prominent churchmen and a large contributor to the Y. M. C. A. was the owner of the most notorious resort in the vice district. His defense was that he didn't run it. All that he did was to take the inordinate profits on his investment in the real estate. His defense was the conventional one of every holder of a vested interest hurtful to the public welfare.

In Martinsburg, W. Va., the Men and Religion Forward Movement resulted in a social survey, which made the following recommendations:

1 A SYSTEMATIC STUDY OF CONDITIONS THAT ARE INJURIOUS TO THE HEALTH AND MORALS OF THE PEOPLE OF MARTINSBURG.

2 IMMEDIATE PLANS FOR THE INSTALLATION OF A MODERN UNDERGROUND SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

3 COMPULSORY REGISTRATION OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASE; QUARANTINE OF DIPTHERIA, TYPHOID FEVER, SMALLPOX AND OTHER DANGEROUS CONTAGIOUS DISEASES; A HEALTH DEPARTMENT, WITH FINANCIAL APPROPRIATION TO MAKE IT EFFECTIVE.

4 PROPER INSTRUCTION IN SEX HYGIENE.

5 PROTECTION OF THE MILK SUPPLY.

6 ELIMINATION OF THE COMMON DRINKING CUP.

7 CAMPAIGN AGAINST FLIES AND MOSQUITOES.

8 USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS AS RECREATION CENTERS AT NIGHT AND DURING VACATION MONTHS.

9 A SYSTEM OF PARKS AND PLAYGROUNDS.

10 PROVISION FOR INDUSTRIAL AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM.

11 ORGANIZATION OF A SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTE, TO MEET SUNDAY AFTERNOON AT 3 O'CLOCK IN THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION BUILDING.

It doesn't sound much like a Moody and Sankey revival, does it? And yet there is not an item in that program that is not for the protection of the weak, for the saving of human life, for alleviating human suffering. There is nothing in it that is not founded on the belief in the brotherhood of man. There is nothing in it that is not an answer to the question, "Who is my neighbor?" It is the application of the parable of the Good Samaritan to a modern community beset by dangers, rather than to a single individual who had fallen among thieves.

We have, on a previous occasion, quoted from David Lloyd-George, chancellor of the exchequer of Great Britain, the most advanced statesman in Europe, who in a speech at Cardiff told the churches of Wales what they could do to promote the great movement for social welfare of the masses. His words are particularly applicable to the conditions in this country now. He said in part:

"I assure you that I am not here to-day to advance the cause of any party. I am not here to put in a plea, direct or indirect, for any political program. I am here rather to help rouse a spirit that will compel every party in turn to deal with those social evils, and that seems to me to be the great sphere of influence of the churches—not to support particular parties, not to advocate particular measures of reform, but to create an atmosphere in which it will be impossible for anybody to remain a ruler of the realm unless he deals with these social problems.

Our foreign policy is outside party influence because it involves our national honor. So do slums. So do public houses. After all, it is as deep a stain upon the national flag that its folds should wave over slum-bred and half-starved children, or ill-paid, ill-fed, ill-housed working men and women, as if it were to wave over defeat in a stricken field.

The first thing we have got to do is to create a temper, a spirit, an atmosphere, that will compel men of all parties to deal with these problems, whichever party is in power for the time being.

Poverty is not the fault of providence, which provides abundance. Poverty, misery, wretchedness, do not exist in the land because the land is sterile and bare and does not provide enough for all. There are millions of men, women and children in this, the richest country in the world, who, through no fault of their own, go through life sodden in poverty, wretchedness and despair. * * * * *

What is the function of the church in reference to social evils? The function of the church is not to engage in party brawls. It is not to urge or to advocate any specific measures. It is to create an atmosphere in which the rulers of this country, whether in the legislature or the municipalities, not only can engage in reforming these dire evils, but in which it will be impossible for them not to do so.

How? First, by rousing the national conscience to a knowledge of the existence of these evils, and afterward to a sense of its responsibities for dealing with them. The second way is by inculcating the necessary spirit of self-sacrifice, without which it is impossible for any man or for any nation to deal with gigantic problems of this kind. The churches must insist on the truth being known and on the truth being told about these social wrongs.

Let us get to the real, terrible, human, living facts writhing and seething below. Let us tear from this pit of wretchedness its flimsy covering of phrases so as to reveal that mass of human agony. With the help and sympathy of those able to help, let us say it is the business of the churches to insist upon the facts being known, upon every man realizing his own responsibility, upon every man realizing that he has got to sacrifice in order to help.

You cannot touch any evil in this country without finding that there are interests that have struck their roots deep into it, and are flourishing even upon its very putrescence. Attack it, and you bring upon yourself not unpopularity—that is not what you have to face. You have to face a very hailstorm of abuse, insult, calumny. Help the men who are fighting.

The church cannot stand by with folded, pleated hands while millions are in despair. The church certainly cannot say, "Am I my brother's keeper?"

That is a call to the churches of this nation, as well as those of Great Britain. It does not ask for a change of faith. It does not urge the adoption of any new principles. It asks only that the old ones, those that were preached in Galilee nineteen centuries ago, be applied to the gigantic problems of modern civilization.

And there could be no stronger proof of the divine inspiration of those principles, first preached to simple shepherds and fishermen and farmers so long ago, that they are today as forceful and as necessary to the conditions of this time as if they had been expressly spoken for the twentieth century, with its intricate and multifarious relations of life.

What the spirit of the new day asks is that the churches give their aid in strengthening humanity in the upward struggle by putting behind it the force of those ancient principles of which the church has been the divinely appointed custodians.

Del. R. R. Elects Directors

Directors and stockholders of the Delaware Railroad Company in annual meeting in Wilmington last Thursday submitted the sixty-first annual report of the Company. The gross earnings for 1912 show a decrease of $15,879.9? over those of 1911.

Directors were elected as wollows: John P. Green, George V. Massey, Samuel Bancroft, Jr., William H. Swift, William W. Lodbell, Walter O. Hoffecker, William T. Watson, James J. Ross, Thomas Curry, William T. Records, Murray Vandiver, Dr. B. W. Goldsborough, Henry Tatnall, Nicholas R. Johnson, and John Hunn.

Bar The Fit From College

I suspect we are likely to underestimate the number of naturally fit men, now barred out of college by the traditional requirements, who could readily enough prepare themselves to enter with quite as promising an equipment as that possessed by the regular high school candidates. They are to be found in every walk of life. Some are on farms, many are teaching rural schools, others are clerking in banks and commercial offices or working at trades. These promising men should not merely be welcomed. They should be sought out. All colleges and especially those connected with state universities should bear torches in the search. It is a phase of conservation which transcends in importance the conservation of the forests, the water powers and the coal. Why should there not be "state surveys" for this higher object, something after the plan proposed by Jefferson for the discovery of geniuses in Virginia?

Not all naturally brilliant youth will desire to enter the professions, and this is well, for they are needed in the other walks of life and will ever be found in goodly numbers, as now, in business, in the trades, on the farms. Those preferring these occupations ought to prepare for them at the vocational schools or in other effectual ways. The college course would be open to them for the purpose, but they would be expected to pursue it under the severe intellectual regimen prescribed for those looking forward to the professions.—Joseph Schafer in the American Review of Reviews.

Poultry Enthusiast Puts Purpose In A School

In order to show what a club can do in a small school a particular case in a very small Western country school will be cited. A poultry enthusiast who lived close to a small school, which was taught by a city girl, was much interested in its success. He believed that agriculture in some branch should be placed on a respectable footing in every school.

One evening six of the oldest children were invited to his home, accompanied by the teacher. They all had a jolly time and ended the fun by agreeing to build a poultry house in the schoolyard, provided the farmer would furnish the lumber and superintend the work. Since three of this small crowd were girls, the boys did all the work, and placed the house in the front schoolyard, not far from the schoolroom door.

When the house was built each child brought a hen from home and placed it in the house. Each took turns feeding and keeping records for a week. At the end of six weeks the children became jealous of each other's ability to feed hens and so they suggested holding an egg-laying contest at their several homes. This seemed agreeable and a club was formed. Each member was to select six hens from the home flock and feed them for one month as he or she desired, making reports of all income and expense.

Rivalry was keen and the people in the community became interested. The township trustee and the county superintendent looked in that direction and wondered what was going on. All the children came to school every day, for they dared not miss anything during such exciting times. Prizes had been offered to the winners, and reports of the work had to be written and handed in to the teacher.

The final day was a great one, and that night all the neighborhood was to come out. The schoolhouse had no lights, so the farmers brought lamps and lanterns and lit up the room in great shape. The reports of the club members were made and speeches were given by an agricultural instructor and by local men. The township trustee and the county superintendent both visited the school on that day. How proud the children were of their school!

The club members had learned reading when they studied methods of feeding hens, they learned mathematics when they figured profit or loss, and composition and writing were both necessary in the preparation of the reports. Thus the contest fulfilled some of the requirememst of the school curriculum.

What is the object of education? Certainly it must be to teach the child how to be a valuable man or woman. These children learned what dry studies never teach, and the respect for education that they acquired caused them to look forward to college careers with the hope of developing into successful farmers. The teacher was taken at the end of the term at almost twice the salary, because she had become a better instructor. American schools need more of this kind of education; it bring results. Children should be educated with interesting and concrete things, and be shown how practical and valuable school work can be made.—*Ex.*

$16,000,000 Graft A Year

Police graft in New York city reaches the staggering total of $16,000,000 a year.

So says Jack Rose, the man whose testimony sent Lieutenant Becker and the four gunmen to the electric chair.

In his series of articles on his "Life in the Underworld," now appearing in the Sunday North American, the noted gambler and former confidant of criminals has told the secrets of shoplifting and described the astounding trade of assassination for hire as practiced in New York.

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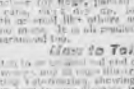

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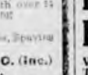

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DELAWARE'S WORK FOR THE BLIND

Helen Keller with her unexampled accomplishments has revolutionized ideals and set new standards in our work for the blind. The heroic endeavor of this one brave life has pierced the darkness of thousands of lives, to bring them once more into a land of hope and cheer.

The report of the Delaware Commission for the blind reflects a similar spirit and the determination to open wide, for these unfortunate brothers, the doors of usefulness. Enough progress has been made during the year 1912 to serve as an incentive to greater effort during the new year. The blind are being shown how it is possible to rise superior to hopeless helplessness, and the public is being educated to the value of their products.

The following paragraphs clipped from the report show some of the things that have been accomplished and the greater good the Commission hopes to do:

The great kindly interest of the public has been shown in the response to our plea for the workshop for the blind, over one half of the amount asked has already been subscribed and the properties for our little plant have been taken over by the attorneys of the Wilmington Trust Company, trustees for this commission. They include the two buildings at 305 and 307 West Eighth street and a lot of ground 60 by 90 feet. These buildings, one of them the present home of the commission and six of its blind proteges and the adjoining residence will be thrown into one commercial establishment for the blind with floor space to operate 25 men and living accommodations for half that number who may have no other home. A mortgage of five thousand dollars will remain on the property which it is earnestly hoped the further benevolence of our good friends will enable us to lift at an early date. Under a special appropriation for the purpose the commission has completed a census of all defectives of the state, the blind, the deaf and the feeble minded. These statistics which will be reported to the general assembly at the present session show facts which it is hoped will bear fruit in the amelioration of much misery of our less fortunate fellow citizens. Of the 209 blind population of the state this record shows that at least ten per cent are adults, of agile bodies and healthy minds, ambitious and industrious and anxious to achieve a self-supporting livelihood. Of these about twenty have eagerly seized the opportunities which the commission has already been able to offer, to earn something towards their livelihood. It is hoped with increased facilities and more thorough introduction, work will be offered so that any blind man or woman with the ambition to rise above their handicap, will find sufficient employment to enjoy inestimable happiness of self-support.

The output of our industrial department was 902 yards of carpet, 505 small rugs, 32 large whole floor rugs, 336 dozen brooms, 53 baskets and 755 chairs recaned. Our sales for these products amounted to $3,422. Our payroll to the blind workers has been $2,180.51. Besides this many of our clients do work and receive pay from outside customers which does not come through the hands of the commission. Some of our departments have enjoyed more than half their full capacity and many blind men who are capable of earning a substantial livelihood are dependent on friends or family for a part of their living from lack of work. The circulation of embossed books, to be read with the fingers has been 612. A Christmas present to the blind of 50 volumes from one of their kind friends relieved the exhausted condition of the library which had been completely read by five or six ravenous readers. In the near future a field officer will be employed to take the place of the home teacher which has been vacant for some months. This officer will continue the work of searching out the improvable cases and getting the children in school and exploiting the products of their industries. Most of our departments have been almost self-supporting that is the sales have nearly covered the material and labor, and it is hoped with the advantage of reduced rent by the acquisition of our own home we will be able to do much for the welfare of the blind on the moderate resources of the city and state, and make our enterprise a de facto industrial establishment.

Great Safety Movement Inaugurated by "Pennsy"

What will probably be the greatest railroad safety movement ever inaugurated is that which the Pennsylvania Railroad, co-operating with other lines in the Eastern territory, is just starting. The Pennsylvania has for some time been exerting efforts to increase the safety of travel and employment on its railroad; in fact, this Road was the pioneer in safety work for the protection of passengers, employes and trespassers.

As one illustration of the interest taken by railroad employes in the safety movement, it was pointed out yesterday that over thirteen hundred people attended a Pennsylvania Railroad safety rally in Trenton, New Jersey, early in December. Lectures illustrated with photographs, lantern slides and tables of statistics were given by members of the railroad's safety committee.

With the view that a campaign for safety can only be made effective if the general public as well as railroad employes become interested, the Pennsylvania is organizing open "Safety First" meetings to be held in Altoona, Wilmington, Williamsport, Pittsburgh, Washington and other division points and has invited all the railroads running into those cities to co-operate.

Definite arrangements are being made for the meetings in Altoona and Harrisburg, and it is expected that in addition to the practical talks to be given by employes of the different railroads, and by J. C. Richards, Chairman of the General Safety Committee of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, there will be short addresses by some of the railroad executives.

A circular advertising the Altoona meeting says: "You will be entertained—that's worth something. You will gain information for your own protection—that's worth more. For the convenience of employes desiring to attend this meeting, special trains will be run, or additional facilities provided on regular trains. The purpose of this meeting is to advance the cause of safety. Do your part."

Panama-Pacific Stamps

The new special issue of the Panama-Pacific postage stamps are now on sale and in use on letters.

The one-cent stamp is green in color, and oblong in shape, and contains in the center an oval portrait of Balboa, the Spanish explorer and discoverer of the Pacific Ocean. In a horizontal panel under the portrait is "Balboa, 1513" while above the portrait is "U. S. Postage, San Francisco, 1915." In the lower corners are the numerals "1" and between them is the word "Cent".

The two-cent stamp is similar in shape, size and design, and is of red color. It contains a picture representing the Gatun Locks of the Panama Canal. A merchant steamer is going in at one end of the locks and a warship at the other.

The five-cent stamp is blue, and represents the Golden Gate of the harbor of San Francisco.

The ten-cent stamp is yellow, and contains a picture of the discovery of San Francisco Bay.

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JANUARY 15, 1913

HOME COMING AT DOVER

The suggestion by the Delaware Leader of a Home Coming Week at Dover is a good one and it comes at a most opportune time. Although our capital city has always done herself proud in extending hospitality, she has never been so well equipped as at this time. And too, the whole State is in a state of excitement, almost persuaded to start a campaign for a better Delaware. Wilmington is simply outreaching herself and no doubt would welcome such an opportunity to be presented to her rural neighbors and would become better acquainted. This, to our mind has always been the real ... of the State. If we could ... get together and ... the more of the needs of different communities, more effective work toward the whole State's development, could be accomplished. Such a gathering as suggested by our contemporary would most certainly lead to a healthier understanding. Wilmington could make no better move than to enter into this and present her wishes to the rural folk who stand ready to lend support, if they really were made to feel that it was to the interest of the whole State to do so. Without reason, we admit, but many citizens of the State feel a reluctance in supporting claims made by Wilmington, because they feel that the city maintains an attitude of aloofness.

The suggestion made by The Leader, which we give here, would do much to change this feeling.

"Would it not be a good idea for the State of Delaware to have a Home Coming Week in our capital and let every county and every town in Delaware be represented? Would that have a tendency to bring about a more brotherly and friendly feeling? If so, let every newspaper in Delaware advocate it and every son of Delaware talk about it and "whoop it up" as the boys say. If this article should appeal to the people of Dover, let them take the initiative and get their committees from all over the State. There should be no trouble in getting men of ability to serve, for there are many who have the interest of the State at heart and would be glad to join in bringing about a celebration of this kind. The "Leader" will be glad to assist in any way possible to bring about anything that will be of benefit to our State or any town in our State whether it be in New Castle, Kent or Sussex."

We wish to add our endorsement to this suggestion and offer any aid that is within our power.

And too, would it not be a good time for the newspaper men to effect a Publishers' or Editorial Association? An attempt was made a few years ago and invitations were sent out to meet at the College Farm on Farmers' Day, but without results.

Such organizations have proved of worth and benefit. Here in this small state, campaigns for good could be waged much more effectively by concerted action by all the newspapers.

Of course, every paper has its peculiar local conditions which must rightfully receive most prominent attention. But there are question affecting State-wide interests, that could better be brought before the people, if such an organization were in actual existence.

Far too many of us rural editors feel that we are shamefully negligent of our duty unless we discuss politics in every issue and often with local narrowness. When as a matter of fact the real work of a newspaper is only partly done when the political issues of the day are presented with our personal views attached. Our work should hvae a wider scope and in this way an Editorial Association could be conducive of something truly worth while in discussing subjects of State-wide interest.

PEOPLES' COLUMN

WHIPPING POST
Conner Makes Second Defense

Editor of The Post:

It seems that my feeble shafts have penetrated the armor of the Sage of Iron Hill, and, judging from his reply, the "tingling" is within his own epidermis. I am not conscious of any "tingling" before or since. My only feeling is of regret that one, who champions what he regards as a worthy cause, should descend to such fallacious argument, and shall I say, bitterness.

The different types of reformers of which I spoke, were conspicuously present in the momentous year which has just ended, but I did not intend to apply the them personally or particularly. If one ... that he assumes them to himself, I can only express regret. Perhaps I have committed lese majeste, and should be hanged, drawn and quartered. But only those of wealth were so punished, and I am neither rich nor a friend of the rich.

Since the sole and only reason I commented on the article in question was because of the fallacy of its conclusion, I will confine myself principally to that phase. Mr. Washburn says I am illogical and he asks for logic. I reply that it is he who is illogical, and I will supply logic.

Admitting for the sake of argument (which I distinctly do not) that his premise is correct that wealthy men escape the whipping post, let us supply the logic. In a nutshell, his contention is: Wealthy men escape the whipping post; therefore, abolish the whipping post. Let us extend the reasoning to other forms of punishment. Wealthy men escape prison sentences; therefore, abolish the jails; wealthy men escape execution, therefore abolish execution. In this manner and by this logic we could soon do away with all punishment.

The fallacy of the argument lies in the confounding of cause and effect. If you should be struck on the head by a stone, or would you blame the stone, or the one who threw it. The post stands ready to receive all who are sentenced to it, rich and poor alike. The Sheriff will apply the lash indiscriminately. Where, then, lies the fault, if the contention be true? Distinctly not in the manner of punishment, the whipping post, any more than any other form of punishment, but farther back, at the time of sentence, either in the defect of law, or the subserviency of courts. Why blame it on the whipping post? Why not work on the other side of the question and reform the law or courts so that wealthy as well as poor shall receive their punishment?

Mr. Washburn asks me to name some wealthy man who has been whipped. This is not material, nor is it necessary, for (for argument's sake,) I have agreed they are not. But on what basis does he make the assertion? Has he examined the court records of Delaware (we don't care what the Romans did), or has he simply assumed this as a figment of the imagination? He dwells on the fact that I have admitted that the wealthy escape. I made no such assertion. Invariably I used the phrase "*If* the wealthy escape." I can not recall the name of anyone, rich or poor, who has been whipped. Perhaps others can, and until I have proof, I prefer to believe in the integrity of the courts, and to assume that they treat rich and poor alike.

The reason Delaware is so "comparatively calm and peaceful" is because of the deterring effect of the whipping post.

Mr. Washburn says I argue "with the fervor characteristic of my class." This is the most unkind cut of all. I am neither rich nor are my friends wealthy, but, at least, I am above arraying the poor against the rich. By the way, what is a demagogue, anyway? The proper ground on which to attack the whipping post is on its so-called inhumanity.

"With the fervor characteristic of his class" Governor Pennewill only a few days ago commended the whipping post. Evidently he had not read the articles in The Post. *Sic transit gloria mundi.*

Newark, Del. *W. H. Conner.*

End This Trespassing

So many persons have been killed and injured and so much damage has been done by trespassing on the railroad lines in this State that the incoming Legislature should pass a law to put an end to it. There is no valid reason why any person should trespass upon the right of way of a railroad, and yet there are thousands of persons who seem to regard a right of way as a common public thoroughfare. Because of that and of the absence of an adequate trespass law, scores of men, women and children have been killed and maimed in our three counties in past years, and scores of others will be killed and maimed unless remedial legislation be enacted.

The campaign of education that is being conducted by the Pennsylvania and other railroad companies is all right as far as it goes. The trouble is that there are hundreds of persons who refuse to be educated and the trespass continues. Every little while we read in the newspapers of men, women and children being run down by trains and killed or crippled for life. In practically all instances investigation reveals that trespassing was at the bottom of the accident. The companies may pursue their educational campaign as far as they desire to do so; civic organizations may enlist themselves in that behalf, and moral suasion may be exhausted. Despite all that, unless adequate punishment be provided many persons will persist in taking their lives in their hands by using the rights of way as ordinary thoroughfares.

In the last Legislature the Senate, by unanimous vote, passed an anti-trespass bill. It was lost in the House. This session there should be affirmative action by both houses ... to the end that Delaware ... and this part toward reducing ... frightful mortality and injury that grow out of such trespass. When those who are inclined to indulge in such trespass realize that it will be followed by arrest, conviction and punishment, they will abandon a practice that has to its discredit a mortality list that shocks all who read it.

—Evening Journal.

The Value Of The Trust Co.

The time-honored proverb that "truth is stranger than fiction" is perhaps nowhere illustrated in so forcible a way as in the cold, dry records of probate courts of this or any other section of the country. The pathetic and ofttimes tragic circumstances with their inseparable proof of the frailty and uncertainity of human life, which these court files contain, rarely come to the knowledge of the public. There are stories of the looting of estates, of mismanagement of estates, ruinous speculation with the belongings of widows and helpless children. Almost invariably such records point a moral. They show that when a man dies and leaves all his property to be managed by some "trusted adviser" or "family counsellor" without providing any other safe agency, that very frequently such confidence has been illplaced and that such trusts have been betrayed. It is possible that the maker of the will could not have foreseen such happenings.

In former days, before the arrival of the so-called "modern trust company," the dying man had no other alternative than to call in his most trusted friend to preserve his estate in behalf of surviving members of his family. But the modern institution, known as the trust company, has changed all this because of the fact that as a corporation it "lives on forever;" because it is the most responsible agency and because it is especially equipped to handle the affairs of estates most economically and wisely.

Although trust companies have "come into their own" only with the last ten or fifteen years, there is much food for thought when it is stated that the trust companies of the United States now manage estates and handle trust for the living and the dead, amounting in value to seven billion two hundred millions of dollars. This does not begin to include the amount of trusts which they have in their custody. If one should include the $5,490,000,000 banking resources reported by 1,586 trust companies on June 30th last, the $7,200,000,000 individual trusts and the $25,000,000,000 given as the face value of mortgages executed by corporations as security for bonds and stocks and conveyed to trust companies in addition to securities deposited as pledge for the redemption of collateral trust bonds, the grand total reaches the staggering figure of thirty-seven billions of dollars. How vast is this responsibility, carried by trust companies, can be understood when it is stated that the entire estimated wealth of the United States is $120,000,000,000.

In their work as executor or trustee under will and as administrator of estates, the trust company has come to be generally known as "the corporation with a soul." Eminent economists and students have also styled it "the most modern mechanism of American finance." Still others, with some degree of aptness, have called the trust company "the department store of finance." But it is a remarkable fact that comparatively few people, including business men and those who are concerned with serious thoughts as to how they shall make due provision for their families after their demise, understand the workings of the modern trust company. To many people it means simply the same as "bank." The facts, however, are that the trust company owes its success and great influence mostly to the valuable services which it able to render the living and in behalf of the dead. As executor and trustee under wills it faithfully carries out the wishes of the dead in a way that no individual steward-ship is able to perform. It is because these institutions manage estates and individual trusts worth over seven billions of dollars without the loss of a single dollar that men of large or small means in this and other communities begin to realize that it is a "corporation with a soul," and that it offers absolute assurance that testamentary instructions will be carried out. As administrator of an estate the trust company is simply called upon to preserve the value of an estate and execute the wishes of the deceased. As executor it is charged with the responsibility of exercising its own judgement in managing property or funds. As trustee, it is frequently called upon to take care of special trusts devoted to educational, charitable or religious purposes. Special trusts are created for wayward sons so as to prevent them from "running through their inheritance." There are special "spendthrift trusts," where trust companies are obliged to keep principal safely invested and hand over income or interest to the beneficiary in certain instalments. There are instances where trust companies prevent daughters from making hasty or ill-advised marriages with men who are after "dots." Often the trust company attends to the education of beneficiaries under wills. In fact, there are thousands of different ... of the services which trust companies render in their daily routine which shows that they are truly possessed of "souls" and come into personal touch with widows and legatees. They cannot run away with trust funds, they cannot go on vacations when wanted, they cannot speculate with such funds or tangle up accounts. Instead of one man to manage an estate, there is a corps of officers and a responsible board of directors. Every transaction in connection with estate management is subject to approval by officers and directors. As trust companies become more generally known, the probate records will contain less evidence of defalcation, waste and litigation.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
PERSONAL PROPERTY
Thursday, February 20, 1913
MRS. LOUISA MORRISON.
Near MILFORD X ROADS

WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME

"Why Girls Leave Home," one of the most sensational plays before the public to-day. The climaxes and situations are startling, the comedy sprinkled all through the play making it interesting from start to the finish. This is a play that made fifty thousand dollars for its managers the first season. There is a good moral lesson to learn from it, and a play that every one should see. Mr. Tempest has secured the rights to produce this play, and promises to give a production equal to the original cast. Secure your seats in time to see this great play. The Mt. Carmel Daily News says that it is one of the best plays that has been produced in that city for some time.

Adv.

WILSON
Funeral
Director
Prompt and personal attention
Tent At Cemetery
Appointments the Best
PICTURE FRAMING
Upholstering and Repairing

Want Advertisements

For Sale, For Rent, Lost and Found

Phone your want ad. Call 93 D. & A.

Any little Want, For Sale or any Short Notice that does not need a display advertisement just put it in this Column. It will bring results.

No questionable advertisement received by the POST

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Farm of 70 acres. 3 miles from Newark. House, barn stabling 4 horses 7 cows. Price right. A bargain.
Address, S. care of NEWARK POST

FOR RENT—Brick house on Prospect Ave. 8 rooms and bath. Electric lighted. Apply
1-15.f H. M. CAMPBELL, EST.

FOR SALE—Building Lots near Curtis Paper Mills. Apply,
J. FRANK ELLIOTT,
Phone 208A Newark, Del.

FOR RENT—The dwelling now occupied by the Omega Alpha Fraternity. Large house, in elegant repair. Steam heat throughout. Fine barn and wagon house, large garden. Rent moderate. Possession given 25th of March, 1913. For further particulars address
JNO. R. CHAPMAN,
1-1.f Newark.

FOR RENT—On Maple Ave. Several Cheap Houses. Apply to
SQUIRE LOVETT

FOR RENT—4 rooms communicating—hot water heat, bath adjoining—second floor.
Apply J., Newark Post.

PERSONAL PROPERTY

FOR SALE—PHOSPHATE.
Farmers Standard Phosphate—the kind that grows the crop.
ARMOUR
TIDEWATER HYDRATED LIME. Let me quote you prices. James M. Pennington, Newark, Del.

FOR SALE—1 bay mare, weight about 950. Fairly good road horse ... single or double. Apply
12-4.f An. Thomas, ...

FOUND—last Monday an ... watch in good condition. Owner may receive same by calling at this office.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—1 Runabout, practically new, built to order this season. A ... Bargain to quick buyer. Apply,
7-17.tf Guy Chillas, Rosevile

HAY FOR SALE—Twenty five tons of hay. Straight timothy or clover mixed. Exceptionally clean.
Apply Everett C. Johnson
Phone 93 or 65X Newark
10-9.tf

WILL EXCHANGE 5 passenger 35 horse-power family touring car. In excellent condition. Value $300, for best offer in farm produce, young cow, gasoline engine or anything that I can use. Apply by mail
Engineer, Box 2...
Route 2 Porter,
1-1.f Delaware

WILL EXCHANGE upright piano. Value $300, for auto or best offer. Apply by mail
Engineer, Box 2...
Route No. 2 Porter,
1-1.f Delaware

ALL PERSONS are forbidden trespassing on my property, under strict penalty of the law.
11-20f Mrs. M. J. Murray
Newark

ALL PERSONS are forbidden trespassing on my premises under penalty of the law.
S. K. Chambers & Bro.,
11-13.tf West Grove, Pa.

TWO BOYS for light, clean work. Apply E. LECHLER,
1-15.4t Jedel's Factory

The Orange Crop

Is Reported Killed in California, but we are still selling Sweet Juicy Oranges at the same old prices. We have home grown Spinach and Celery—Spinach 20 cts. 1-2 Peck, Celery 2 for 5 cts.

Fine Baldwin Apples and Sweet Potatoes 20 cts. 1-2 Peck. Other Seasonable Fruits and Vegetables at Lowest Prices—Everything Guaranteed Fresh and Sound.—No Soft Oranges or Bananas Given Out Here.

PHONE 87 L W. H. COOK

SAVE TIME EXPENSE WORRY

Do Your Shopping at

D. H. STASSFORT'S
THE DEPENDABLE JEWELER
715 Market Street - - WILMINGTON, DEL.

Send for our fine illustrated catalog
IT'S FREE

GOODS DELIVERED FREE

Send us your Watch and Jewelry Repairing at OUR EXPENSE

Prompt and Safe Delivery Guaranteed

As The Crow Flies

¶ Somehow or other the crow always knows where he is going, and has a good idea of getting something when he gets to the end of his journey.
¶ Its a good idea to follow the example of the crow, and to go where you will get something.
¶ The man who goes to a good bank gets something. He gets safety for his money, he is paid a liberal rate of interest, he gets assistance, he gets goodwill, he gets the opportunity of paying by check and of remitting money safely and becomes acquainted with the ways of business.
¶ All these advantages come to any man who is a customer of any bank in the United States.
¶ All these advantages and many more advantages come to the customers of the NEWARK TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY; for this bank, in addition to every privilege and convenience afforded by the ordinary banks, extends to its customers extraordinary conveniences.
¶ Follow the example of the crow and come to the NEWARK TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY where you will get something.

WE PAY 4 % INTEREST ON SAVINGS

Newark Trust and Safe Deposit Company

NEWARK, - DELAWARE

WEDDINGS

McCARNS.

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the home of Christiana Manse Tuesday evening, the contracting parties being Andrew Alexander Campbell of Providence, Md., and Miss Gertrude Alice McCarns of Lewisville, Pa. The bride and groom were accompanied by Misses Clara and Alice McCarns and Mr. Hendrickson.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell will reside on a farm near Providence.

WORRALL-COMLY.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph K. Worrall, near Newark, last Wednesday evening, January eighth, when their daughter, Adel Fell became the wife of Frank Comly.

The house was tastefully decorated with greens and potted plants. The strains of the Wedding March from Lohengrin, played by Miss Margaret Collins, the bridal party assembled under a bower of green and white, where the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. Geoghegan.

Among the guests present were the following: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Worrall, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] 2.30 P. M. Comly, Miss Elsie M. Comly 4.30 P. M. Comly, Miss Edna May [illegible] 8.00 P. M. Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Geoghegan, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fell, Mr. and Mrs. Fell, Miss Madeline Fell, Mr. and Mrs. Walker L. Fell, Edith, [illegible] and Kennedy Fell, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Buckingham, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Crossan, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Collins, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Crossan, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Stephens, Evelyn and Paul Hitchens, Clifford Buckingham, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. K. Strahorn, Mr. and Mrs. Emerson Whiteman, Mr. and Mrs. George Murray, Miss Emma Whiteman, Mrs. Florence Hendrickson, Miss Sarah Worrall, Mr. Henry Whiteman, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Whiteman, Ermont Johnson, Mary Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hobson, Harlan Hobson, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Davis, Clarence, Raymond and Gladys Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McClary, Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Maskle Johnston, Ruth and Paul Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Vought, Lynam McCallister, Irene Hendrickson, Laura Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. David R. Woodburn, Alice B. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Lewis, Mrs. Kate Vansant, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Frey, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Cook, Elizabeth, George, and Wallace Cook, Mrs. Ellen V. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Albin Buckingham, Joseph Buckingham, Mr. and Mrs. Miles Little, Harvey J. Moore, Elizabeth Buckingham, Elizabeth Moore, Clarence Little, Emma Little, Sara J. Little, Frances Hendrickson, Mr. and Mrs. William Weber, M. Elizabeth Weber, Herbert Little, Henry Geoghegan, Harold Little, Warren Buckingham, Paul Murray, Raymond Buckingham, Mabel S. Davis, Thomas H. Vansant, Nellie Vansant, Lee Lewis, Edward Vansant, Joseph Singles, Wayland Fellows, Sara Davis, Mary Little, Emma Hild, Alma [illegible].

...sionary Society Holds Interesting Meeting

The regular monthly meeting of the W. H. M. S. of the M. E. church met with Mrs. J. B. Cross Thursday afternoon, January [illegible]. The President, Mrs. E. V. Vaughn, presided. On account of illness in her family, the secretary, Mrs. W. Brown was absent, the first time in over a year. Mrs. H. McNeal was appointed secretary pro tem. The devotional exercises were conducted by Mrs. G. T. [illegible], after which interesting papers and talks were given by the following members, relating to the subject for study of the next six months, which is "Mormonism, Islam of America":

"Shadow Sketches of Early Settlers," Mrs. H. B. Wright;

"Experiences in Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, Mrs. E. V. Vaughn;

"Early Days in Utah, Mrs. M. D. [illegible];

"Islam," Mrs. Elliott.

After a short business session, the reports from the various committees had been read, the meeting adjourned for the social hour, when refreshments were served by the hostess.

The next meeting will be held the third Thursday in February.

...ture In The High School

Hon. M. McCullough, Esq., of Dover, former State Senator, will address the students of Newark High School on Friday afternoon, January 17th, at 2 o'clock. Mr. McCullough is a great and forcible speaker, and the patrons and friends of the school are invited to be present to hear him. There will also be a short literary and musical program.

Midwinter Carnival

The third midwinter Carnival given under the auspices of St. John's Catholic Church, Newark, will be held in the Newark Opera House, Friday evening, January 24th. A progressive euchre and dance are features of the program. All tickets are numbered, and several beautiful prizes will be given to the fortunate holders of the lucky numbers. Numerous prizes will also be distributed among the winners at euchre.

Tickets of admission are fifty cents.

Issues Cards For Reception

Mrs. H. L. Bonham has issued cards for a reception on Saturday, January twenty-fifth, from three to five.

Entertains S. S. Class

Mrs. Ruth Rhodes entertained her Sunday School class last Friday evening from seven to nine, at her home, West Main street. The children spent a happy evening playing the various games which the hostess had planned for them.

Farewell Surprise Party

[illegible] P. Morty of the friends of Wednesbeth Little gave her a surprise last Saturday evening at her home near Ebenezer. Miss Little left yesterday for an extended visit with her aunt, Mrs. George Kirkpatrick, Carthage, Illinois and her friends planned this pleasant surprise by way of paying their adieus and extending best wishes for a happy visit.

Sigma Phi Epsilon Dance

Quite the prettiest dance of the season was that given by the Sigma Phi Epsilon fraternity on Friday evening, January 10th.

The Opera House, where it was given, was very artistically decorated—the main feature being a large red heart (the fraternity emblem) with Sigma Phi Epsilon upon it, surrounded by smaller hearts in purple (representing the fraternity colors) inside of which were electric light bulbs which were suspended from the balcony. When the "extras" were danced all lights save these were extinguished—giving a beautiful sunset glow effect and producing a picture akin to Fairyland—with the belles and beaux "tripping the light fantastic" to the strains of Straubach's delightful music.

The patronesses were: Mrs. Pilling, Mrs. S. J. Wright, Mrs. Tiffany, Mrs. Pilling Wright, Mrs. Levis and Mrs. Penny. Supper was served at 11.30 p. m. and dancing continued until the "wee sma' hours," when reluctant "good-nights" were said. Some of those present were the Misses Bowen, Frazer, Pilling, Marion and Ethel Campbell, Wright, McNeal, Davis, Katherine and Olive Heiser, Burrows, Carswell, Newman and Levis; Messrs. Clark, Sloan, Jolls, Beck, Hurlock, Aires, Carswell, Hawkey, Littleton, Adams, Connolee, Houchin, McCafferty, Groves, and Cranston; Prof. and Mrs. McCue, and Prof. Tiffany.

"Dindiguls" Entertainment

The "Dindiguls" will give an entertainment in the lecture room of the Presbyterian Church on Friday evening, February fourteenth. Further particulars will be given in a letter issue.

Swindler Visits Newark

A man going by the name of E. J. Martin, worked an old game successfully in Newark, last week, collecting a considerable amount of easy money. Martin, who is an unusually large man weighing nearly 225 pounds, came here early in the week, registering at a local hotel under the above name and as from Philadelphia. He stated, however, that he was representing a Chicago firm and asked many questions about the farming community, giving the impression that his business was with the grangers.

On Thursday evening the local authorities got several complaints about a lottery being conducted and Martin was supposed to be connected with it. Officer Shellender and Mayor Hossinger visited Martin at the hotel, but Martin claimed that his business was legitimate. He was told that he would have to have a license to sell any merchandise and promised to go to Magistrate Lovett's office and take out one the next morning. During the night, however, he slipped out of the hotel and has not been seen since.

Since then more has been learned about the lottery game that the visitor was conducting. Tickets were sold for $2 each. The purchasers were told that the holder of the lucky ticket would be entitled to a large amount of merchandise from the Chicago firm. No one got any merchandise or anything else in return for the money. It is supposed that a large number of tickets were sold. Martin also owed a board bill when he left. The police of Wilmington and other cities have been notified of the swindle.

Sewer Commission Working On Bill-

(continued from page 1)

cations for voting at such an election?

It is my judgment that if a Commission is best under the local conditions the powers of this Commission should be restricted to executive and that Council should be given all legislative powers as it now has under the Charter. That the Legislature should authorize the town to borrow, say $60,000 or as much of it as may be needed to build the system of sewers and disposal adopted by the Sewer Commission and approved by the Council. That these bonds should be issued in two series. One series of an amount sufficient to pay the cost of constructing the main outfall sewer and disposal plant, and to be say 20 30-year bonds, and the other series of an amount sufficient to pay the cost of building the lateral branch sewers and appurtenances, and be 1-2-3-4-5 year bonds. The first series to be paid from a sinking fund created annually by a special levy upon persons and property, and the second series to be paid from a sinking fund created by the collection of sewer assessments.

If you [illegible] know how much the two parts of the system would cost you could issue the bonds in one series making the lowest numbered bonds become due in 1, 2, 3, 4 and five years until they were taken up by the sewer assessments collected and the other numbered bonds be made due in 20 or 30 years as determined upon. I am of the opinion that it would be best to formulate your plans, estimate and bill, call a public meeting after due notice in the papers, having this call issued by regular resolution of Council, present this subject to such public meeting and have a vote taken and recorded at such meeting. If it is in favor of building the system, then have the Legislature authorize the borrowing of the money without submitting the question to a regular or special election. Assuming that the outfall sewers are those built through private property upon which no assessments would lie and are built for the sole purpose of carrying off the sewage collected by those sewers built in the streets and for which assessments would lie, and assuming that the estimates of the Cities Waste Disposal Co. are correct, the division of the cost would be about as follows:

3008 ft. of 8 in terra cotta sewer @ .57	$ 1714.56
672 ft. of 8 in. C. I. sewer @ 1.10	739.20
570 ft. of 10 in. terra cotta sewer @ .86	520.20
570 ft. 12 in. terra cotta @ .72	410.40
800 ft. 12 in. cost iron @ 1.50	1200.00
450 cub. yds. of work @ $3.00	1350.00
18 manholes @ $45.00	810.00
Concrete piers	585.00
10% for Engineering and contingencies	732.94
Cost of sewage disposal plant	6687.00
Amount to be paid for from general taxes not including cost of rights-of-way	$14794.30
Total estimated cost	$44898.00
Cost to be apportioned against property	$30148.70

The rights-of-way and the cost of land for disposal plant are not included in the above. The cost of these are entirely problematical but $5,000 should be estimated at least for these items.

There is no cost estimated in the above for building sewers outside of Town limits except those north of the Town limits and shown in solid red lines in the plan.

Discipline In Reading

Professor W. O. Sypherd, English department of Delaware College, lectured before the students of Wilmington High School on Monday morning, discussing "Discipline in Reading." Dr. Sypherd made an appeal for the attainment of culture through the self-imposed task of becoming acquainted with some of the best things in the world's literature. Even though the reading of these book may be at first an unpleasant task, the thing after all that gives mental and physical stamina is doing successfully that which is difficult.

Close Home For Winter

Mrs. and the Misses Wilson have closed their home, "Oaklands" for the winter, Mrs. Wilson and Miss Martha Wilson having gone to New London, to remain until spring, and Misses Lillie and Alice Wilson to Washington, D. C. where they will be until after the Inauguration.

High School Teachers Meet

The Association of Principals and High Teachers of Delaware will hold their last meeting of this school year on Saturday, January 18th, in the Dover High School at 10.30 a. m. and 1.30 p. m. School Courses, Systems, Teachers' Certificates, etc, will be discussed and considered with the view of resulting in specific recommendations. Principal R. F. Friedel of the Newark High School will attend the meeting.

Bridge Party

Mrs. Armstrong of Cooche's Bridge, entertained informally at bridge on Thursday afternoon. There were two tables and after the play the guests were ushered into the dining room where a bounteous repast, on a beautifully set table awaited them. A most delightful afternoon was enjoyed by those present.

PLEASANT HILL

The members of Wa Wa Tribe, No. 45, I. O. R. M., are making great preparations for a Fair which they will hold in their hall at Union, January 23, 24 and 25.

Mr. Lee Lewis of Newark has returned home after spending a few days with his uncle, J. T. Moore and family.

Mr. D. Taylor Eastburn of Mt. Cuba, spent the week-end with Mr. Warren Buckingham.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Lamborn and daughter Helen were the Sunday guests of Mr. Alban Buckingham and family.

Mrs. David R. Eastburn and son Rodney of Red Mills, spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Moore.

Miss Emma Welsh of Mount Cuba, was recently entertained at the home of the Misses Lora and Elizabeth Little.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Barrington of near Newark, spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Chambers.

Mr. William Little and family were entertained on Sunday at the home of Mr. John Mitchell and family of Stanton.

AROUND HOCKESSIN

The new officers of Hockessin Grange were installed in the meeting room, Odd Fellows' Hall last Monday evening. An oyster supper was served following the exercises. The new officers are as follows:

Stephen Armstrong, Worthy Master; Frank Yearsley, Overseer; Mrs. Ida Woodward, Secretary; Miss Mary Springer, Chaplain; Mrs. Laura Yearsley, Lady assistant Steward; Warren Flinn, Assistant Steward; Mr. Fisher, Gate-Keeper; Samuel Dennison, Lecturer.

The officers of Harmony Grange were installed Monday, January 6, following which an oyster supper was served. Many of the old officers had been re-elected.

There was a large attendance at the regular meeting last Monday Many of the members are attending the Corn Show in session in the duPont Building, Wilmington, this week, the Grange being among the exhibitors of fine corn. The literary program included a reading by Annie Klair; recitation, "Kentucky Belle," by Laura Walker; a humorous reading "Modern Education" by Frank Klair. Lena Naudain read an interesting grange paper and the evening closing with singing.

Thomas Ewart has sold his farm known as the Thomas Baldwin property, to Warner Lewis, of "The Cedars" for the sum of $4800. The stock and farm implements were sold at private sale to the same purchaser for $1200. Mr. Lewis will take possession at once.

William Collins, who has been ill for the last six weeks, is convalescent.

Personals

Mr. and Mrs. John Walker are spending the present week in New York.

Mrs. J. W. Parrish is visiting relatives in Newport News, Va.

Mrs. Charles Close of College Park, Md., is the guest of friends in Newark.

Mrs. J. B. Miller is spending some time with relatives in Haddonfield, N. J.

Cards have been received from Manuel Panaretos, who sailed from New York for Greece last Saturday, where he will join the army of his native land.

Mrs. Penrose Wilson will entertain the bridge club at her residence on Main street, Friday afternoon, at 2.30.

Tests At Iron Hill Mine Most Promising

Mr. Scott, assayer, is busy carrying forward tests and experiments at the old ore pits near Iron Hill, the results of which are very promising.

From twenty five pounds of concentrates (the soil taken from the surface of the dump) 2 3-4 pwt. of gold and platinum (approximately $4.00 worth) were extracted, which is a much larger proportion than Mr. Scott had anticipated. He is encountering much scepticism as to the value of his find, since people are slow to grasp the idea of such valuable metals in the East. This attitude of the public however, in no way affects Mr. Scott's enthusiasm.

KEMBLESVILLE

Miss Helen L. Willard of Avondale, spent Sunday with her parents.

Lester Curry, who has been confined to his home for some time on account of sickness, is somewhat improved.

The Sewing Circle met with Mrs. A. L. Batting on Friday afternoon last.

Mrs. Jas. Shellender of Newark and Mrs. Jennie S[illegible] of Oxford, were over-Sunday [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McMillan, Jr.

A great many people of this vicinity are suffering with severe colds, due to the disagreeable weather.

Mrs. Addie L. Miller died at her home on Sunday, January 5th, after a lingering illness, and was buried in Kemblesville Cemetery on Thursday.

There will be a dance in Willard's Hall, Thursday evening of this week.

NEW OPENING

First Class Shoe Repairing

It makes no difference what condition the shoes are in, I can fix them up as good as new for little money.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE

339 MAIN STREET

NEWARK, :. DELAWARE

(In Pemberton's Store Bldg.)

SAMUEL FIXMAN, Proprietor.

FELTON, SELBY & CO. PAINTS

Sold by T. A. POTTS.

RHODES PHARMACY

¶ No Household should be without Hot Water bottles and those necessaries for the sick room.

¶ At this season of the year we do not know just what minute they will be needed.

¶ I have a full line of these goods at prices in keeping with Guaranteed Goods.

¶ Don't overlook this safe investment. Have them on hand when emergency arises.

¶ Stop in and look them over.

George W. Rhodes, P. D.

NEWARK, :. DELAWARE

SEED TIME

is now at hand. Why send to a distance for your seed supplies? We can supply you with

BURPEE'S SEEDS

whose reputation for reliability is proven at harvest time.

Those wanting the very best in CANNED GOODS should try the famous

WAYSIDE INN BRAND

We are the sole agents for this line of goods in Newark, and also for their well known

JERSEY CREAM COFFEE

at 30 cents a pound. People wanting only the best in coffee will be satisfied with this brand after a trial.

Also a full line of General Merchandise.

Yellow Trading Stamps Given.

H. M. Campbell, Est.

THE PROGRESS OF LIBERTY

From a speech by Senator Ashurst of Arizona, in the United States Senate, quoted from the Congressional Record, we take the following:

Mr. President, many statesmen, publicists, and editors frequently make the observation that we are now living in an era of widespread dissatisfaction, unrest, and searching criticism. It is fortunate for our country that their observations are not wholly inaccurate and the complaint not wholly unfounded, for smug contentment is a corrosive effluent, deadly to the progress, advancement, and happiness of a nation. A people free from the exigencies of life lose their keen incentive to improvement; moreover the present conditions of unrest are only waves from the ocean of the great democratic movement which ultimately will reach all the shores of the world.

From the very dawn of history, from the beginning of the human family down to the present time, the tendency of the human race has been toward liberty—mankind reaching out for freedom and immeasurably attaining it.

Civilizations were built up in ancient times, notably in Rome and Greece, and it is a singular fact that in the civilizations of those ancient times it occurred to but few of the greatest men and profoundest thinkers that all people had equal natural rights. The fight of mankind for liberty and advancement in one respect has been peculiar. No one [illegible] time, so far as we [illegible] the real [illegible] at [illegible] ment ever [illegible] Society. It was arrested. [illegible] gether and [illegible] years after the discovery of [illegible] began the Shakespearean age, a period during which liberty, progress, and civilization made forward strides; and when Shakespeare's works were published it was ascertained that his writings, in addition to delighting and glorifying the intellectual world, also evoked remarkably strong patriotic and liberty loving sentiments. For instance, in the play of Julius Cæsar, he made one of his characters to say:

"So every bondman in his own hand bears the power to cancel his captivity."

Years later the noble rhetoric and inescapable logic of John Milton and the bitter satires of Jonahtan Swift, in his newspaper called the Examiner, published in 1710, forced the abolition of the censorship over the press, which was another step in securing a larger liberty for the people. The past 150 years, however, has been an age during which liberty has advanced to a greater degree than in any other equal number of years in the world's history.

In 1775 the population of the American Colonies numbered approximately 3,000,000 and was principally composed of the descendants of those persons who had emigrated hither to enjoy freedom of conscience, thought, and worship. They lived along that strip of land which fringes the Atlantic coast, stretching from Florida to Maine. In their veins was the blood of the Saarsfields and the Calverts, of John Hampden, who arraigned his King for the unconstitutional exactions of ship money; the blood of the Irish, whose ardent zeal for and affectionate attachment to liberty and freedom and whose loyalty and devotion to free government no power can ever crush; the blood of the stubborn Britisher; the Huguenots, the sturdy Scotch, Welsh, Dutch, Scandinavians, the German, and last, but by no means least, the Jew, who has contributed to the progress, glory, and strength of every civilization.

These various families of men, transplanted to this new soil, and welded together by events and years, became the bravest race that ever lived. Their spirit evolved the Declaration of Independence, written by Thomas Jefferson, that contemplative lover of mankind; and on the committee with him were Roger Sherman, John Adams, R. R. Livingston, and Dr. Benjamin Franklin, whose capacious brain could contain both lightning rods and constitutions.

These brave people cried out, "A curse upon the rule of kingly government and a blessing upon the [illegible] newborn Republic," [illegible] their bayonets wrote an [illegible] charter of American liberty on the backs of the fleeing soldiers of Gen. John Burgoyne and Lord Cornwallis. England then caught somewhat the spirit of liberty and "made good the declaration of her great Lord Mansfield that 'no slave could breathe her free air,' and thus in all her world-encircling possessions, from the Pillars of Hercules to the Indus, the fetters dropped from the limbs of every English bondman whose ear could catch the music of her drum beats," so the present contest of the people in behalf of a larger measure of freedom is not a spasm. It is not a pulsation nor a leap nor a jerk nor a sudden start. It is simply part and parcel of the resistless advance of progress which can not be stopped or stayed. The movement is seemingly more pronounced at this particular time, because the facilities for communication afforded by the telephone, the telegraph, and the newspapers are easier than they have ever been before, the facilities for acquiring knowledge are greater, and for the further reason that men who sternly stand for national progress in times of peace are now recognized to be patriots as truly as those who upon the battle field fight for national safety.

In criticising or discussing a "reactionary," a "stationary," or a "standpatter," it is unjust and unfair to apply opprobrious epithets to him. He is simply unfortunate, for he has either misread or failed to read the history of the world. Almost everything that has ever been proposed for the benefit of the people or for their increased liberty has been stubbornly opposed by reactionaries. Every world-important invention, whether it be a ponderous engine or an ingenious electrical contrivance, was ridiculed and opposed. Every discovery in science has been ridiculed by the reactionary. "Galileo was denounced and imprisoned for asserting, in accordance with the theory of Copernicus, that the sun was the center of the planetary system and the center of the planetary system and that the earth had a diurnal motion of rotation. In both science and government many people prefer to remain static and undisturbed and many naturally resent any interference with their settled beliefs. They look with suspicion upon innovations, new suggestions, and ideas as, in their opinion will interfere in any manner with their present interests."

Hence their tendency to remain in the old ruts, violently oppose improvements or changes, and denounce inventors as cranks and progressives as demagogues. The stubborn opposition of the standpatter and reactionary in invention and government passes all understanding, and the singularly [illegible] feature of it is that many of these inventions and reforms [illegible] government and economics have been opposed by truly great men.

Chancellor Livingston, one of the learned men of the State of New York, ridiculed the idea of a railroad in the United States, and stated it was his belief that if a moving body as heavy as a train of cars should ever get started the momentum would be so great that it would fly several miles beyond its destination before it could be stopped, and that no sensible person would risk his life by flying through the air at the rate of 12 or 15 miles per hour.

Daniel Webster, the expounder of the Constitution, expressed the gravest doubts as to the advisability of railroads, and said in public speech that the frost on the rails would prevent the train moving or prevent the train from being stopped if it ever got started. Every useful thing has been opposed in its day and generation.

Lloyd-George, one of the strongest statesmen of the day, in supporting his bill, noted that the public-school system when first inaugurated in America created a widespread protest from taxpayers similar to the present protests in England against the insurance bill.

The struggle for social justice for the people who perform physical labor has been even greater and more stubbornly resisted. As late as the year 1800 men were severely punished in England for organizing guilds or labor-unions, and the condition of the working class was little better than that of slaves. It was not until 1875, in England, that the laws against the trades-unions were repealed. In the early days of our own Government nearly all the work was performed either by slaves or indentured servants, and wages amounted to an average of $1 per day. Heartless writers referred to the laboring classes as the living machines which wealth posses."

When Eli Moore, the first member of a labor union to be elected to the Congress of the United States, was about to take his seat in the Twenty-fourth Congress there was a movement set on foot to try to prevent his being seated. Contumely, scorn, and derision were heaped upon him by the reactionaries of that day, who believed that the liberties of the Republic were in danger because a member of the labor union had been elected to Congress. But the stubborn courage of Eli Moore, his superlative eloquence, biting sarcasm, and wonderfully piercing analysis convinced the Nation that no mistake had been made in sending a member of a labor union to Congress, and so strikingly did this journeyman printer, this organizer of labor unions, this so-called "agitator" and "demagogue" distinguish himself for patriotism, learning, and ability, that he became a confidential advisor of the administration of President James K. Polk. I mention these circumstances so that those who are supporting this contest in behalf of a larger human liberty will not become discouraged, but will become encouraged, when they reflect how much more intensely heated was the opposition to these reforms in the days gone by. He is wasting his time who believes he can stop or stay these forward movements in their progress. The movement, especially in behalf of those who perform physical labor, for a greater share of freedom, for the right to enjoy a part of the creation of their hands and of their own toil, will inevitably live, for it is as broad based as the world itself and as deep as humanity.

Independent voting is now a protest against the machine politician in public affairs, and the great power of the people has written itself in much advanced legislation in the past few years, for we have restricted illegal combinations of capital and we are now engaged in the struggle to conserve the natural rights of men and women.

There is a growing sentiment against private ownership of public utilities, and the people demand the right to elect United States Senators by popular vote. Markets and the mere piling up of yellow metal are beginning to be a secondary consideration. There is something more in the world than food and raiment. "Man can not live by bread alone." Hence natural justice demands that the labor of men and women shall be rewarded not only with sufficient food, clothing, and shelter, but also with independence, books, paintings, music, and flowers; with leisure time to spend with the family; with leisure time within which to cultivate the idealistic, æsthetic, and spiritual side of life; for, as R. D. Owen once said, "There is a corner even in our workaday souls where the ideal lurks."

So, Mr. President, when we contemplate the infinite affluence and opulence of our nation, and then remember that the eyes of millions of our countrymen "are sad with wakefulness and tears" because of the oppressions and hidden injustices caused by an improper and an unequal distribution of this wealth, when we see giant trusts, grasping combinations, and enmillioned monopoly madly and wildly struggling for more millions we must admit that the noblest service in which the public man may engage, the most courageous service the patriot may perform, and the most useful work which the humanitarian may do is to try to apply a remedy. This reform is a part, and a part only, of the great work yet to be done to insure complete liberty to all persons. That this evil will be abolished in the fullness of time let no one doubt, for Liberty has made her difficult but glorious way over thrones and tyrants, over injustice, over monarchs, and monopolies.

Mrs. McKelvey Entertains

Mrs. James A. McKelvey entertained the members of a Wilmington Sewing Circle at her home, the Deer Park Hotel, one day recently.

Among the guests were: Mrs. Wm. H. Foard, Mrs. Robert Foard, Mrs. Meredith Samuel, Mrs. Frank Massey, Mrs. G. W. Francis, Mrs. Frank Turner, Mrs. W. A. Layfield, Mrs. William Rossa, Mrs. Elsie Lee, Mrs. William Hance and Mrs. William J. Jester.

Educational

Of the million dollars spent by the city of Stockholm, Sweden, for its school system last year, $5,800 was for domestic science, $17,500 for school lunches, $5,400 for school physicians, and $2,400 for the dental clinic.

Dr. George Kerschensteiner, the German vocational expert, is impressed by the success of the American public schools in the task of assimilating immigrants. "What the great cities have been doing in transforming immigrants from all parts of the world into thinking citizens," he declares, "seems to me from my personal observations in the country itself, to be unexampled in the history of education of civilized nations."

Farms for Sale

During the last three months several people have stopped at this office making inquiries of farms for sale. We wish to call the attention of our readers to the lists of Farms for Sale in our Advertising columns this week.

The Real Estate Advertisers in THE POST are all bona fide and are worthy of serious consideration if you are looking for a farm

AUCTIONEER
HOSEA R. SMITH
Newark, Delaware.
Your patronage solicited

DR. E. J. BRADLEY, JR.,
DENTIST
532 Main Street, Newark
D. & A. PHONE 217

NEWARK'S
LEADING
Meat Market
Charles P. Steele
Dealer In
FRESH AND SALT
MEATS
Home Dressed Meats a Specialty
Main Street Opposite College
Call or Phone your order D. & A. 44

THE MEN WHO HAVE MADE

A Life Study of the Horse are agreed that Clipping is Most Beneficial and Humane. Contrary to the old fashioned view, Leading Veterinarians Throughout The World Emphasize the Importance of Clipping a Horse's Hair in Early Spring

DO YOU REALIZE that nearly NINE out of every TEN Cases of Coughs, Colds and Pneumonia are ascribed to the Need of Clipping.

TESTS HAVE DEVELOPED THIS FACT

It's not natural you say.
Remember the tamed horse lives under artificial conditions, in a different environment from his wild brother.
The best horsemen you know Clip--
The best looking horses you see are Clipped.

ISN'T THAT A GOOD REASON

A Clipped Horse will do more work for you next Spring.
I have on SALE the Stewart Horse Clipping and Sheep Shearing Machine.

DO YOUR OWN CLIPPING

The money you spend in one season Will buy a Good Clipper.

COME IN AND INVESTIGATE

THOMAS A. POTTS

Heavy Hauling & Carting
All Work Carefully Done
Light Livery Attached. Phone 142
HEISER'S STABLE
WILMER E. RENSHAW

BUY
A KODAK
A BROWNIE
A PREMO
A PAIR OF "SHUR ON" EYE GLASSES
A RADIOPLICAN
with the money that you got for Christmas. The amount can be applied to give you great value.
Frost Bros.
828 MARKET ST.
WILMINGTON
(In Garrick Theatre Bldg)

SAMUEL MILLER
MERCHANT TAILOR
NEWARK, DELAWARE
Next door West of The National Bank of Newark D. & A. Telephone No. 167A
I make TO MEASURE clothes for Ladies' and Gentlemen at reasonable prices, fit and workmanship guaranteed.
I also have on hand for sale, ready made Clothing for men.
I also do Cleaning, Scouring, Dyeing, Repairing and Pressing.

Trust Department
SPECIAL OFFERS
FIRE INSURANCE
SPECIAL RATES—STANDARD STOCK COMPANIES
NO ASSESSMENTS LICENCED IN DELAWARE
Make inquires Get the Best
NO CHARGE FOR POLICY
FIDELITY BONDS
American Surity of N. Y. Fidelity Deposit Co. Baltimore, Md.
FOR SALE AND RENT
FOR SALE
FARMS
SPECIAL
15 Acre Farm, New Buildings, at Newark Depot, P. B. & W. R. R., Small Fruits—A Desirable Home. Easy terms.
DWELLINGS FOR SALE—
12-Rooms, and Other Buildings, [illegible] Front on Main Street, Price $5,800.
LOTS FOR SALE—
Both sides Depot Road. Terms [illegible] Prices to suit Purchaser.
Business Stand, Main St.
FOR RENT
Newark Trust and Safe Deposit Co.

DIRECTORY

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

[illegible]—J. H. Hossinger
[illegible] District—Robert B. Morrison, Joseph Lutton.
Middle District—H. Fader, W. H. Barton.
[illegible] District—E. B. Frazer, E. C. Wilson.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. B. Herdman
Meeting of Council—1st. Monday night of every month.

Newark Postoffice

MAILS DUE

From points South and [illegible]	7.03 A. M.
	10.39 A. M.
	3.30 P. M.
From points North and [illegible]	7.00 A. M.
	8.45 A. M.
	9.30 A. M.
	11.30 A. M.
	5.15 P. M.
From Kemblesville and Strickersville	7.45 A. M.
	4.15 P. M.
From Avondale	11.45 A. M.
	6.30 P. M.
From Landenberg and Cooch's Bridge	11.45 A. M.
	01.30 A. M.
	6.00 P. M.

MAILS CLOSE

For points South and West:	8 A. M.
	10.55 A. M.
	8.00 P. M.
For points North, East and West	8.45 A. M.
	9.00 A. M.
	9.45 A. M.
	2.30 P. M.
	4.30 P. M.
	8.00 P. M.
For Kemblesville and Strickersville	9.30 A. M.
	6.00 P. M.
RURAL FREE DELIVERY	8.00 A. M.
	2.30 P. M.

BOARD OF TRADE

President—D. C. Rose.
Vice President—Jacob Thomas.
Treasurer—Edward W. Cooch.
Secretary—W. H. Taylor

COMMITTEES

[illegible]	*Financial*
S. M. Kollock	Jacob Thomas
W. Griffin	E. L. Richards
A. Short	T. F. Armstrong
W. McNeal	E. W. Cooch
[illegible]	*Educational*
T. Wilson	G. A. Harter
M. Motherall	Dr. Walt Steele
L. K. Bowen	
[illegible]	*Transportation*
M. Thompson	J. W. Brown
H. Hossinger	C. B. Evans
Joseph Dean	

Legislative Membership
J. P. Armstrong — P. M. Sherwood
H. B. Wright — John Pilling
Wm. H. Taylor

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President—Edward L. Richards.
Secretary and Treasurer—Dr. J. S. Gilfillan.
Robert Gallaher, George F. Ferguson, J. David Jaquette.

NEWARK TOWN LIBRARY

The Library will be opened:

Monday		3 to 5.45 P. M.
Tuesday		9 to 12 M.
Friday		3 to 5.45 P. M.
Saturday	9 to 12 M.	7 to 9 P. M.

BANKS

NATIONAL BANK. Meeting of Directors every *Tuesday* morning.
NEWARK TRUST CO. Meeting of Directors every *Wednesday* evening at 8 o'clock.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

Secretary—W. H. Taylor.
Meeting first *Tuesday* night of each month.

LODGE MEETINGS

OPERA HOUSE
Monday—Knights of Pythias, or K. of P., 7.30 P. M.
Tuesday—Imp. Order of Red Men, 7.30 P. M.
Wednesday—Heptasophs, or S. W. M., 7.30 P. M.
Thursday—Ladies' Circle, S. W. M., 7.30 P. M.
Friday—Modern Woodmen of America, No. 10170, 7.30 P. M.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL
Monday—Jr. Order American Mechanics, 7.30 P. M.
Wednesday—1st and 3rd of every month, White Clay Camp, No. 5, Woodmen of the World.
Thursday—I. O. O. F., 7.30 P. M.
Saturday—Knights of Golden Eagle, 7.30 P. M.

FIRE ALARMS

In case of fire call the following numbers in succession:

27 D
99 A
33 D
172
31 D

By order of
Fire Chief WILSON.

Why should you kick when Fate ordains you pay for what you get.
Sometimes you pay when life begins, sometimes when you are grown.
Sometimes you reap the idle weeds your ancestors have sown.
Sometimes you pay by losing just when you think you win,
If you don't PAY-AS-YOU-ENTER, then you always PAY-WITHIN,
But pay you must, somehow, some time, for all you are, or do,
If you did not pay on entering life, you'll pay before you're through;
You'll pay for every thought and deed, you'll pay for every sin,
If you don't PAY-AS-YOU-ENTER, then you always PAY-WITHIN.

—Exchange.

Want Ads for Farmers

Only a comparatively few readers of newspapers realize the benefit of the Want Ad Department. It is a cheap form of advertising odds and ends. For the farmer it is always a paying proposition. Suppose you have a cow, few pigs that you would be willing to sell. Put it in the Want Column and rest assured you will get the customers. Then again, a farmer often sees where he could handle a heifer or colt during the winter. With a little extra forage, he has on hand, he can by feeding it make a dollar or so without any extra work. But he has not the time to hunt them up. Run in an Ad something like this:—

WANTED—Calves. Would buy 3 or 4 calves, if price is right.—

You will get an answer There isn't a farmer in this community but what could have an Ad in our Want Department at a profit to him.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS

King Cold will be here one of these days; why not get ready for him? We have a big line of $20 suits and overcoats now at $15. Almost every kind and style for men and young men.

Sizes 34 to 46 Chest.

DON'T BUY

a new suit or overcoat until you look over our line.
COMPARE STYLES
COMPARE PRICES
and you know when they come from Sixth and Market they are right.

$7.50 SUITS

Business suits in every style, 34 to 44 chest. Suits worth $10 and $12. Full winter weights and standard qualities.

Come in and look them over.

Biggest Because Best — MULLIN'S — Clothing Hats Shoes
6th AND MARKET
WILMINGTON

Richard's Bulletin

¶ Nineteen Hundred Twelve has been a good year for us and we wish to thank the people of Newark and vicinity for their generous patronage.

¶ We are going ahead with our preparations for Nineteen Hundred Thirteen, believing that it, too, will be a prosperous one for Newark and that, with our other merchants we will enjoy all the success to which our properly used efforts entitle us.

¶ We extend to every one, our very best wishes.

Edward L. Richards

ENROLLMENT OF BILLS

Legislature Contemplates A Change In Method

[illegible] of the first changes to be effected by the new Legislature assembled in [illegible], will be a decision concerning the enrollment of bills.

Under the method that has been followed for years, each bill, no matter whether it be half a page or one hundred typewritten pages, must be written [illegible] by hand, and follow to the [illegible], comma or dotted "i" the exact [illegible] of the original bill. During the legislative rush the enrolling clerk of each house is unable personally to engross the bills and must engage assistants.

That this method is cumbrous has been [illegible] for several sessions. It was suggested that each bill enacted be printed and preserved in that form, but this [illegible] regarded as too expensive.

[illegible], president pro tem [illegible], Senator Ewing and Representative Cooper, who have served in other [illegible] of the Legislature, have considered the matter and it is probable that a [illegible] system will be tried.

According to the plan the original bill [illegible] or pasted to linen backing [illegible] to prevent separation of the typewritten bill and the backing, and the bill is filed away in that form after being signed by all the officers required by [illegible] to sign it, instead of being enrolled by hand. The enrolling clerk under such a system would become a filing clerk and it would be his duty to prepare and file away all bills in the manner that the Legislature would prescribe.

Farmers' Institutes

A series of farmers' institutes have been arranged by the citizens of Sussex county, to begin at Selbyville, January 27th. For the last two years these institutes have been well attended. Included in the interesting program which has been arranged, are illustrated lectures on the live stock industry by Professor H. Hayward of the Experiment Station.

Delaware Athletics

"Billy" Cann, Class of 1915, Delaware College was elected captain of the 1913 Football Team at an election held last Friday afternoon, thus breaking the deadlock which had been on since the football season closed.

The twelve players wearing the honor "D" elect the captain for the next season. In the several previous meetings held for this purpose the vote was always six for Cann and six for "Jimmie" Huston, quarterback and captain of the 1912 team. At the meeting on Friday Cann received five votes, Huston four and E. Loomis three.

The new captain is a brother of J. [illegible] Cann, an alumnus who was prominent in athletics during his college career. "Billy" made the varsity eleven his first year in college, playing end. Last season he played end, and later a backfield position.

The recent meeting of the sophomore and freshmen classes has attracetd so much attention that Coach McAvoy has decided to hold another in the near future for the college championship in wrestling, boxing, shot put and high jump. A novel way of selecting the contestants has also been decided on as the entire student body will vote on those to enter the different events.

The Journey Of Life

Life is strictly business in this old world below.
You have to pay for all you get, or do, or have, or know;
You have to pay for sickness, you have to pay for health,
You have to pay for poverty, for idleness, for wealth,
You have to pay for everything, there is no chance to shirk,
You have to pay for laziness, you have to pay for work,
You have to pay for knowledge, for ignorance, and yet

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO — LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE — BELL SYSTEM — AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

About Telephone Bills

It is the Company's duty to furnish satisfactory service. To do so it maintains carefully designed and equipped buildings, a well-built plant, and a trained force of painstaking employes.

This is the Company's duty when it becomes party to a telephone contract.

The other party is the subscriber. He also must fulfill his obligations, not the least of which is to pay for the service promptly as agreed.

By cooperating with us in this respect our subscribers are aiding in one of the many economies which, in the end, redound to their benefit in the service and the charges therefor. Every business man knows the increased cost of billing and collecting delayed accounts.

We do not discriminate. Every one is treated in the same fair manner. Every one is expected to pay promptly. Experience teaches that this undeviating course is the most satisfactory one to our subscribers.

BELL SYSTEM

HALLS' SAFE COMPANY
339 BROADWAY
....NEW YORK CITY....

THE BEST ON EARTH

We sell more safes in Delaware than all other firms combined.

THAT'S OUR ARGUMENT

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

The ROYAL
STANDARD
TYPEWRITER
—IS—
GUANANTEED!

THE NEW MODEL No. 5 ROYAL comes to you with the unconditional guarantee that it will do highest grade work for a longer time at less upkeep expense than machines usually listed at 33 1-3 per cent. higher in price.

THIS GUARANTEE IS ACTUALLY ATTACHED TO EVERY NEW MODEL ROYAL JUST AS YOU SEE IT IN THE ILLUSTRATION.

Back of this guarantee are the resources and experience of one of the largest and most important typewriter manufacturing concerns in the world. Do you think we would dare make such a guarantee if we did not know that the ROYAL has the simplicity and durability to outclass any other machine?

NEW MODEL

THE NEW No. 5 ROYAL (latest model of any typewriter on the market) has two-color ribbon, tabulator, back-spacer and all the worth-while features of the highest priced machines—yet sells for only $75.

ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE

Write at once for our handsome 32-page "ROYAL BOOK" and get the facts about the

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY
904 WALNUT STREET — PHILADELPHIA, PA.

At the Sign of the White Light

Absent Ones

Absence makes the heart grow fonder but the memory of the absent one becomes vague and dim. You long to picture in your mind just how "HE" or "SHE" would look, but there's a mysterious something which makes the mental picture impossible.

But if you had a photograph before you, then you could recall the forgotten face, yes, even the kind acts, the gentle words.

Wouldn't that "ONE" so far away appreciate your photograph too.

Why not call today at the NEW STUDIO over ED. HERBENERS Post Card and Music Shop, and look over the latest styles.

United Portrait & View Company

Some Specialties

SOUVENIRS of NEWARK
Talking Machines and Supplies
Edison, Columbia and Victor
Pictures Framed to Order
(Right on the Place while you wait)
Souvenir Post Cards and Local Views in great Variety.
Anything Photographed Anywhere, in any size or style at short notice.

ED. HERBENER'S
POST CARD AND MUSIC SHOP
Main St., Newark, Del.

AT THE SIGN OF THE WHITE LIGHT

CECIL COUNTY LETTER

Revival services have begun in Elkton M. E. Church, under direction of the pastor, Rev. E. P. Roberts.

Members of the several churches in Zion M. E. circuit have presented a purse of $46 to the pastor, Rev. W. H. Briggs.

The management of Leslie Camp Meeting is to be changed, placing it again under control of the National Association of Local Preachers.

Miss May Bookwalter of Ohio, well-known in this section as the director of the "Toy Shop" and like entertainments, is arranging for the production in Elkton Opera House on January 21-22 of a musical panorama, "In the Land of Green and Flowers," for the benefit of Union Hospital. The panorama includes "Cinderella," an operetta, with children figuring in drills and choruses.

Canners are reported early in the field, in several sections of the county, contracting with farmers for tomatoes, for the coming season, at $9 per ton.

The National Bank of North East has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent., and its surplus is now $13,368.51.

It is understood that Rev. George S. Smith of Cedarville, N. J., has accepted the call recently tendered him to the pastorate of Pencader Presbyterian Church, Glasgow.

Howard Redmile, a former well-known resident of Elk Mills, died on January 6th, in Philadelphia, aged 36 years.

The late J. Wesley Reynolds of Elkton, whose will has been filed in the Registar's office, left all his property, real and personal, to his daughter, Lydia A. Reynolds.

Ground has been broken at Elkton Ball Park, opposite the railroad station, by Sheriff J. W. Perkins, for a two story factory building 24 x 48 feet. As yet it is not known what will be the special product of the factory.

Company E of Elkton won second place among the several commands of the First Regiment, Maryland National Guard in rifle practice, at Saunders Range, with a percentage of 72.79. Company A of Frederick, won first place with a rating of 78.52, and Company F of Hyattsville, recently organized, was third with a ranking of 71.31. Company E qualified 6 experts, 2 sharpshooters and 34 marksmen. The experts had scores ranging fro m267 to 312, the sharpshooters 243 and 239, and the marksmen ranged from 125 down to 98. The matches were held last summer and the results have recently been made public.

"The Woman's Club of Elkton," designed for mutual improvement of its members and the uplift of the community, has been organized by a number of ladies of the town. Mrs. R. C. Lewis is President; Mrs. C. B. Finley, Sr., Vice-President; Miss Mary H. Jamar, Corresponding Secretary; and Mrs. C. C. Strickland, Treasurer. Mrs. E. W. Dawson was chosen Recording Secretary but pressure of other duties prevented her serving.

The Harford County Racing Commission has ruled that only the Pari-Mutual Method of betting shall be permitted on tracks under its control. This will put the bookmakers out of business at Havre de Grace, which will have its second meeting during the last two weeks of next April.

Saturday's Baltimore Sun contained a good likeness of Chief Judge Albert Constable of Elkton, who will take his seat on the bench of the Court of Appeals at Annapolis to-day.

Suit is about to be entered in the Cecil Circuit Court by residents of Port Deposit against the B. & O. R. R. and the American Bridge Company for damages totalling $40,000, caused by the flood of January 23, 1910. The plaintiffs claim that the damages were chiefly due to delay in removing false work of the bridge after its completion, and that permission to erect the bridge was coupled with responsibility for damages resulting from the defendants negligence.

Elkton High School team lost a game of basketball, played with the Friends' School team in Wilmington last Monday evening, by a score of 35 to 20.

The 100 acre Mount E. Kirk property, near Rising Sun, has been sold to Clarence Garvin for $5,000.

Mrs. Marjorie Hall, wife of J. M. Hall, and daughter of the late George M. Willis, of the Fourth district, died on December 29 in Los Angeles, Cal., where she and her husband had resided for twenty-five years past. Her husband, a sister, Mrs. Charles M. Purnell of Los Angeles, formerly of Elkton, and a brother, John T. Willis of Jackson, Mississippi, survive her.

Harry D. M. Howard, a former well-known Elktonian, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George W. Rowe, in Hampton, Va., aged 74 years. Mr. Howard was the son of the late Jacob C. Howard, and a brother of the late Clerk of the Court William P. Howard. He married a daughter of the late Samuel B. Foard, Sr., who died, leaving a daughter. In 1875 he married Mrs. Sarah Rowand Gilpin, widow of Thomas Gilpin of Elkton, who died in August last. A daughter, Miss Evelyn C. Howard (by his first wife), two daughters, Mrs. Rowe and Mrs. Norman C. Elliott of Passaic, N. J., and a son, Guy A. Howard of Hampton, children of his second wife, survive him. His funeral was held on Friday with interment in Elkton Cemetery on Saturday.

Mrs. Kate M. Davis, widow of John C. Davis of Elkton, died on Friday at her home near Clay's Shore, on Elk River, of heart trouble, aged 70 years. She was a native of England and left no children. Her funeral was held on Monday with interment in Elkton Cemetery.

Upwards of thirty residents of various sections of the county met in Council Hall, Elkton, last Monday and took steps to determine what, if any, action can hopefully be taken to persuade or compel the State Road Commission to allow Cecil County its just proportion of the Road Loan of 1912. The new road Commission refuses to make the allotment on the ground that the previous Commission spent much more than Cecil's allowance of the first Road Loan upon the sections of the State road built or building within the county's limits. The protesting citizens urge that the old commission had no authority to create a deficit and that the outlay of the money charged as such deficit. A committee representing the several districts of the county, of which Harvey H. Mackie of Blue Ball, and Warren J. Haines of Barksdale, are members, was appointed to consider the course to be taken. This committee later named a sub-committee—Henry L. Constable, who was chairman of the meeting, W. T. Warburton, Frederick T. Haines, Joshua Clayton, and W. H. Mackall, to look up the law upon the subject involved and report as to what rights and remedies the citizens of the county have in the premises.

Preferred stockholders of the Henry Deibert's Sons' Barge Building Company of Chesapeake City, whither the plant was moved from Elkton, have agreed to accept the offer of the Southern Transportation Company, which employs a large number of barges in traffic through the canal, to take over the yard and employ a largely increased force of hands. Elmore Deibert will be manager with Clarence Deibert, assistant, and Arthur Deibert book-keeper.

Pilottown, a small hamlet in the northeast corner of Cecil county, was the scene on Friday of a tragedy rarely, if ever, parallelled in the criminal annals of the country. The victim was Herbert H. Darsey, a popular farmer, 54 years of age, who lived near Conowingo, close by the Pennsylvania line, who was shot in the back while hauling a load of fodder, by Samuel Moore, a child not yet eight years old, who fired a single barrelled shotgun at him as he passed near the boy's home. The charge took effect in the farmer's back, near the base of the spine, causing paralysis from which he died early on Saturday morning. Coroner Dean of Elkton, held an inquest on Saturday afternoon at which it was learned that the boy had been given the gun by a relative at Christmas and had practiced with it almost daily. He managed to get more shells in Conowingo on Friday and went to hunt rabbits with his brother Charles, who is four years older. On their way to the woods they caught sight of Dorsey's team, and Sam said "I guess I'll take a shot at those horses." Charles just then heard a call from his home and left. As the farmer came up Sam called out, "I'm going to shoot you, Mr. Dorsey," and fired at him as he passed.

Dr. S. T. Roman was called to attend Dorsey but could do nothing for his relief. The two boys were brought to Elkton jail on Saturday evening by Sheriff Perkins, and Samuel will be given a hearing to-day before Justice J. M. Ash. He will, doubtless, be sent to the House of Refuge. His mother is dead, and his grandmother, who keeps house for his father, a laborer, has the care of him and his brother.

NEW CHARTER FOR STATE COLLEGE

Trustees And Board Of Education Hold Meeting

At a joint meeting of the Board of Trustees and State Board of Education, the following agreement was reached as the New Charter of Delaware College. A bill with these provisions will be presented to the General Assembly and all indications point to its adoption.

Section 1 That from and after the passage of this act, "The Trustees of Delaware College," as incorporated reincorporated and renewed by the several acts of the general assembly of the state of Delaware, be, and the same is hereby reincorporated and renewed, with perpetual existence as a corporation, for the purpose of carrying on, at Newark, Delaware, a college to give instruction in such subjects as will best promote the liberal and practical education of the youth of all classes in the several pursuits and professions of life.

Section 2 That said corporation shall perform the same duties and possess the same privileges and prerogatives heretofore enjoyed and exercised by it, subject to the amendments and provisions hereinafter contained.

Section 3 That the board of trustees of said college shall consist of 27 members, together with the governor of the state, the president of Delaware College, the master of the state grange, the president of the state board of education, and one member skilled in the mechanic arts who shall be appointed by the board of trustees, all of whom shall be members of the board, ex-officio. Seven of the said trustees shall be appointed by the governor, by and with the consent of a majority of the members elected by the Senate. Twenty of said trustees shall be elected by a majority of the whole board of trustees, as hereby constituted, not less than five of whom shall reside in each county in the state, and said election shall not be final until reported to the Senate at its next regular session, and confirmed by a majority of all the members elected thereto.

Section 4 The first seven vacancies occuring in the board of trustees as the same is constituted at the time of the passage of this act, by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by the governor, as herein provided, the succeeding vacancies occuring, as aforesaid, shall be filled by a majority of the whole board of trustees, as herein provided, and thereafter all vacancies occurring as aforesaid, in the number appointed by the governor, shall be filled by the governor, so that there shall, at all times be seven members of the board appointed by the governor and all other vacancies shall be filled by election by the board of trustees as herein provided.

Section 5 All accounts of the treasurer of the Delaware College shall be audited by the state auditor in the same manner as the accounts of other state officers.

Section 6 The president of the college shall each year not later than the first day of December make a report of all the activities of the College, instructional, administrative and financial, for the preceding year, to the board of trustees who shall transmit it to the governor, which reports shall be transmitted by the governor to the legislature at its next session.

Section 7 A college for the instruction and education of women, affiliated with Delaware College, shall be established and maintained by the trustees of Delaware College, whenever buildings, equipment and funds shall be provided by the legislature or otherwise, for the proper establishment and maintenance of said college.

Section 8 The board of trustees may organize a department of education, which shall be a part of the public school system of this state, and which shall have for its object the education of teachers for the public schools of this state.

The courses of study for this department shall be arranged by the trustees of Delaware College in cooperation with the State board of education and they shall conjointly adjust the courses of study of the High Schools of this state insofar as they are related to the terms of admission to this department of Delaware College.

Section 9 That whenever the trustees of Delaware College cannot agree with the owner or owners for the purchase of any land, with the improvements thereon, in New Castle county, deemed by the board of trustees of the trustees of Delaware College, necessary for the purpose of erecting any building or buildings to be used by and in connection with said college or for the enlargement of its grounds, or for any other purpose in connection with said college, or the agricultural experiment station connected therewith, to better carry out the purpose of said college the said the trustees of Delaware College may apply to the associate judge of the state of Delaware, resident in New Castle county, first giving to the other party, owner or owners, at least five days' notice, in writing of the intended application to the said resident judge and if said other party, owner or owners be unknown or without the state, then such notice shall be published five days prior to the intended application; and the said associate judge shall appoint five judicious and impartial freeholders to view the premises and assess the damages which the owner or owners will sustain by reason of the taking and using said lands. The said freeholders shall be sworn or affirmed before some judge, justice of the peace or notary public before entering on the premises, faithfully and impartially to perform the duties assigned them. They shall give ten days' notice, in writing, to the owner or owners of the premises, or to his, her or their guardian or guardians duly appointed according to law, if within the state, and the same notice to the president of the trustees of Delaware College, of the time of their meeting to view the premises; and the said commissioners shall certify their findings and award to both parties and to the said resident judge, but if either party is dissatisfied with the damages so assessed, such party may upon application to the prothonotary of the Superior Court of the state of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, within twenty days after such assessment, sue out a writ of ad quod dammum, requiring the sheriff in the usual form, to inquire of twelve impartial men of his baliwick of the damages as aforesaid, and their report shall be final; the said commissioners shall in assessing the damages as aforesaid, award the actual cash value, in their judgement, of the land so to be taken and used, as aforesaid; upon the finding of said commissioners, or of said jury. The trustees of Delaware College, upon paying the damages so assessed, shall become entitled to have, hold, use and enjoy the said land for the said purposes by them acquired forever; and in case any owner or owners of land necessary and taken for the purposes aforesaid shall be a minor or non-resident, or for any cause incapable of receiving, or unwilling or neglecting to receive said damages, the said the trustees of Delaware College may deposit the amount of the said damages to the credit of such owner or owners in the Farmers' Bank of the State of Delaware, located at Wilmington, Delaware, subject to his, her or their order, whereupon the said the trustees of Delaware College shall be entitled to have, hold, use and enjoy the said land described and condemned in said report, and acquired for the purpose aforesaid for or on account of which said damages shall have been so assessed; the expenses of the assessment by the said commissioners of the damages aforesaid shall be paid by the trustees of Delaware College, and the fees of the said Sheriff, prothonotary and all costs incurred in the execution of the writ of ad quod damnum shall be paid by the party making the application for said writ.

Section 10 That all acts, or parts of acts hereby superseded, or which or inconsistent herewith, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Study Class Formed

A Chautauqua Study Class has been formed by several ladies of the town, who will follow the home reading course for the year 1913. The closely related subjects that make up "European Year" are presented in four books and twelve magazines which introduce one to the art, the literature, travel and life on the continent. Among members of the class are: Mrs. E. V. Vaughn, Mrs. E. L. Richards, Mrs. L. B. Jacobs, Misses Edith Frederick, Louisa Swayne and Etta Wilson.

Boys' Helper Club

Boys of the Fifth Grade Grammar School have organized a Boys' Helpers Club, which will meet every Thursday afternoon. The following officers were elected: Alvin Kilmon, president; Leo Moore, vice-president; Harold Wivle, secretary; Raymond Reed, treasurer.

A committee, Joseph Mills, chairman, Earl Cunningham and Paul Steel, will find a story and appoint a reader for each afternoon.

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Not a Dull Moment in the Entire Show.

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We desire to make this a PERSONAL INVITATION to you to come and inspect our line of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Furnishings, &c., for fall and winter wear.

Consider it a PERSONAL invitation quite as much as if we were taking you by the hand and talking face to face.

Our line of fall and winter goods is very complete, and very attractive. Measured by stocks as offered in other large stores we believe you will be able to make comparisons in our favor.

Not alone is the assortment large, but every garment has been selected with the utmost care, and with due regard to the desire of the man who likes to dress well at a moderate cost.

We are showing a splendid line of Suits and Overcoats for boys—the kind that will please the boys as well as the parents.

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