

NEWARK POST

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FIREMEN'S CARNIVAL WEEK IN FULL SWAY

Big Parade on Monday Night—Grounds More Attractive Than Ever—Handkerchief And Card Presented by Mrs. Woodrow Wilson

Newark has placed herself on the map of Delaware, and her organizations enthusiastically advance the good work already begun. The firemen, by their annual carnivals are not only adding to the fire fighting equipment of the community, but are advertising and boosting Newark in a way to make the local Board of Trade think.

Fully five thousand people lined the streets of the town on Monday night in anticipation of the Firemen-Automobile parade, scheduled for 7:30 o'clock. The procession formed on East Main street, marching by way of Chapel and Choate to the western limits of town, thence to the Carnival grounds, at the corner of Delaware Avenue and Academy street.

The Aetna boys, headed by the Minnehaha Band, in their scarlet shirts and nobby caps added dash and brilliancy to the parade. They were repeatedly applauded along the line of march. The local company of boy scouts, headed by their scoutmaster Prof. T. F. Manns, and carrying the national and company flags comprised a popular division of the parade.

Fire companies from Elkton and Newport, both headed by their local bands and exhibiting all their apparatus add much to the enthusiasm of the evening. About fifty automobiles decorated with flags and carrying passengers in holiday mood made the parade the largest of its kind ever attempted in Newark. Owners of the cars, however, failed to compete for the prizes offered for the best decorated machine, so that the amount turned for this purpose remains in the Carnival treasury.

There was much general disappointment among the firemen over the failure to have the new automobile engine in the parade. This was due to no negligence on the part of the local men but resulted from delay in the delivery of several minor parts from the factory, which made it impossible for the builders to deliver the machine.

Many manufacturing firms with which the town has dealings have contributed toward the carnival's success. The Bell Telephone Co. had five machines in the parade with representatives on the grounds passing the ever welcome fans.

For once the old fire bell laid aside its warning tone and clanged a merry welcome to the marchers as they entered the Academy grounds, and the Carnival of 1913 swung into full sway. Great chains of electric lights had been festooned high over the heads of the crowd, around the field. The committees in charge of the various booths seem to have surpassed their former efforts by way of attaining pleasing results. Among the most attractive of these is the candy tent, which is set off with a border of scores of pink roses on a background of dark box wood. The children have been recognized this season as never before, and the witches and goblins, owls and black cats indicate that tent where are to be found articles stamped with the approval of Mother Goose and

MILK SUPPLY TESTED

Improving The Health Conditions Of The State

Dr. H. J. Watson, at the request of the State Board of Health has been engaged in a thorough test of the milk supply of the State of Delaware. This investigation will be continued even more rigidly in the future. Dr. Watson's statement follows:

After an extended inspection by orders of the State Board of Health the milk supply of Delaware was found to be in fair condition. Samples were taken from the supplies of almost all the towns throughout the state. Milford's supply was found to be the best while the condition of New Castle's supply the worst. Six of the seven samples from the New Castle supply were not up to the requirements. The number of bacteria per cubic centimeter in several samples of this supply was far above the Federal standard. One milkman's clothing would stand alone from dirt caked on his pants.

Several of the town supplies immediately introduced bottles and new wagons after the first inspection and a much better milk was being delivered before the second inspection.

The results of these inspections will be used to guide the prosecutions that will have to be made if there is not improvement in some of the supplies tested last year. Few dealers realize that 50 to 100 dollars fine for the adding of a small quantity of water, skimming of the milk, the preservation of milk with preservatives, dirty milk or milk showing too high a count of bacteria, hangs over their heads. Some milk-dealers are completely ignorant as to this fine and believe no law exists that could reach them in their tampering with the public milk supply.

Few of the citizens of our State realize the importance of the milk supply. The best food for the cultivation of bacteria is milk. It will grow any form of pathogenic organism luxuriantly. With the aid of the people who should demand cleaner clothes, cans, bottles, hands and milk from the milk man, the public supply would show a decided improvement at once.

The inspection this year will be more vigorous than the one conducted last year. Besides the chemical examination, the sanitary condition of the source of the supply will be undertaken and if not satisfactory shall be prohibited from serving.

Milk not under 12 per cent of milk solids; not under 3 per cent butter fat; a specific gravity between 1.029 and 1.033; not over 200,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter shall be expected and prosecutions will be made if the milk does not answer these tests. Preservatives in no form will be permitted to be used.

The high count of bacteria in this State is due to carelessness in milking and handling, lack of cooling, adding of water and not properly washing of the cans and bottles. The use of boiling water containing a small quantity of sal soda should be used on all utensils and bottles, and then rinsed with boiling water as pump water is liable to be polluted. Milk should be stored at not less than 50 degrees F.

In the pasteurization or sterilization of milk for infant feeding, the temperature should not exceed 155 degrees F. for at least 20 minutes.

With the hearty co-operation of the people by urging their milk man for a clean supply and a little inspection of your own, I believe with examinations made by the State Laboratory the milk must show a better record than it has held for many years.

The Summer School Choir held its first meeting yesterday afternoon. Twenty-three people attended. Meetings will be held every evening on oratory steps.

FINED FOR SPEEDING

First Prosecution Of Autoist For Violating Town Law

The race between two motor cars on West Main street beyond the B. and O. tracks on Thursday about 5 p. m., which startled West Enders, had its sequel in the office of Squire Lovett Monday morning when Reese Griffin, who works for Frank Fader, was arraigned on the charge of violating the town ordinance which prohibits a speed of more than twelve miles an hour and imposes a penalty of not less than \$10 nor more than \$25 for violating the law.

The complainant was Harlow H. Curtis, who testified that the two cars were making between 25 and 30 miles an hour. The defendant admitted that he was exceeding the speed limit and Squire Lovett fined him \$10 and costs but suspended the fine pending young Griffin's good behavior with his car, remarking that if Griffin were again convicted of violating the law he would collect the \$10 for the first offense and fine him \$25 for the second. High speeding in the town must be stopped, the squire said, and he was glad that some one had at last in the proper way brought about a prosecution and conviction.

The other auto racing with Griffin was a Connecticut car and got out of the state, unfortunately, before it could be caught.

Happily no children were playing in the street at the time so there was no fatality to be reported. But it is only a question of time when some person will be killed if reckless driving of motor cars in Newark is not stopped and it is the duty of every law respecting citizen to see to it that it is stopped by lodging formal complaint with Squire Lovett against any one who breaks the law. The Squire will do the rest and do it right. Let the good work go on.

Fire Engine Contributions

Nehtatum	
Curtis & Bro., Inc.	\$150
Board of Trustees,	
Delaware College	100
American Vulcanized	
Fibre Co.	100
Ernest Frazer	50
E. B. Frazer	25
Geo. W. Griffin	25
Trustees of Academy	25
Edward L. Richards	25
J. A. McKelvey	25
Jacob Thomas Co.	25
I. O. O. F.	20
W. C. Curtis	10
G. Fader	10
H. N. Reed	10
T. F. Armstrong	10
Cash	10
Dr. Lee Porter	5
Anchor Packing Co.	5
Dr. G. A. Harter	5
S. M. Donnell	5
Miss L. Evans	5
Mrs. J. P. Wright	5
G. G. Kerr	1

Rumors Of New Bank

Rumors were circulated this week that a new National Bank was to be started in Newark. Following this was the report that the probable site would be the quarters now occupied by the Newark Trust and Safe Deposit Company.

Mr. S. J. Wright, president of the Trust Company, when questioned concerning the matter refused to say anything further than he had been approached by the probable promoters asking for terms of lease of the present quarters. He refused to give further information.

Superintendent Carroll of Kent county, spent today at the Delaware College Summer School for Teachers. Mr. Carroll was present at chapel and addressed words of appreciation and encouragement to the teachers.

OFFICIAL REPORT OF SUMMER SCHOOL

Busy Days At Delaware—Complete List of Teachers Enrolled

The Summer School for Teachers at Delaware College opened on June 24th for its five weeks' session ending July 25. Most of the students registered on Monday, thus facilitating greatly the work of the opening day. All of the teachers co-operated heartily with Dr. Harter, the Director of the School, and Dr. Wagner, the Commissioner of Education, and by the close of the day all classes were organized, students were comfortably housed in the town, and the school was in complete running order.

Statistics as to the work of the school even so early as the beginning of the second week show that the establishment of the School will be amply justified. One hundred and fifty-three students are registered in the thirteen courses which are offered by the Summer School Faculty. No student is allowed to take more than four subjects, unless the fifth subject chosen be Drawing or Primary Methods. The number of students in each course and the names of the instructors follow:

Agriculture—Professors Hayward, Manns, Grantham, McCue, and Button, 81; Algebra, Professor Short, 9; Plane Geometry, Professor Short, 9; Arithmetic, Professor Short and Mr. Preston, 49; Drawing, Mr. Davis, 78; English Classics, Dr. Sypherd, 15; English Composition, Dr. Sypherd, 25; Geography, Mr. Ross, 51; Grammar, Mr. Dutton, 76; History and Civics, Mr. Ross, 81; Physiology, Dr. Reed, 15; Primary Methods, Miss Devine, 89; Psychology and School Management, Dr. Cameron and Dr. Wagner, 59. Of the 153 students, 11 only came from Wilmington, 47 from rural New Castle county, 36 from Kent County, 50 from Sussex county, 8 from Maryland, and 1 from Pennsylvania. 32 of these students are men, 121 women. 49 are teachers in the elementary or grammar grades of the public schools; 4 in the high schools; 44 in the public schools of Delaware. 84 are graduates of high schools or other preparatory schools; 2 have attended college for one year or more.

In the carrying on of the work of the school, the following instructors and lecturers give the whole or a part of their time: President Harter, Professor Short, Dr. Sypherd, Professor Hayward, Professor McCue, Professor Grantham, Professor Manns, Dr. Reed, Mr. Dutton, and Mr. Preston, representing Delaware College; Dr. Cameron, from the West Chester Normal School; Mr. Ross, from Friends' School, Wilmington; Mr. Davis and Miss Devine from the Wilmington High School; Professor Button, from Maryland; Dr. Wagner, Commissioner of Education; Professor Twitmyer, President State Board of Education; Superintendents Spaid, Carroll, and Hardesty. Dr. Wagner has taken up his residence in Newark during the Summer School session, and by his energetic efforts is contributing largely in many ways to the success of the School.

For the present week, are planned, in addition to the regular work an evening lecture by Dr. Cameron and a Faculty reception to the students. Other general lectures and social gatherings will be held throughout the session of five weeks.

The complete list of students follows:

Wilmington—Elsie Eekman, Alice R. Harvey, Lida Lloyd, Alice K. Mason, Kathleen Moore, Sara Newman, Annie Newmon, Ethel Wilson, Margaret Kelly, Sarah McKeown, Ellen Ritchie.

New Castle County—Nevada Arieles, Helen Burkley, Isadora Bradley, Ethel Campbell, Kathryn Clark, Alice Collins, Margaret Cook, Cecilia Corbit, Mary Cornelius, Ellen Crow, Elsie Davis, Julia W. Ellison, Alice D. Evans, Arthur G. Heinel, James M. Heinel, Olive Heiser, Leila Horbener, Roland Herdman, Elwood Hoffecker, Mary T. Hoffecker, Mabel E. Hope, Arthur S. Homelin, Jr., Helen S. Jaquette, Louise S. Johnson, Mary Lynam, Julia M. McMullin, A. M. Mackey, Frank Mackey, Agnes P. Medill, Mary Moss, Wilson O'Daniel, Emilie Pennington, Angie B. Perkins, Lillian Proud, Jennie Raub, Edith A. Robinson, Nora L. Robinson, Sylvia Safranek, Elizabeth A. Staats, Mary L. Stelle, Martha Strahorn, Louisa Swayne, Esther Taubenhans, J. J. Taubenhans, A. Bailey Thomas, Virginia F. Warren, T. M. Whiteman.

Kent—Myrtle Hanson, Ralph Hollis, Marguerite Jackson, Otis P. Jefferson, Mary I. Johnson, Beulah Jones, Anna Lister, Anna McKnett, Mary T. Mabrey, Henry P. Money, Fannie D. Morris, Agnes Musgrove, Evelyn E. Reed, Olive Reed, Pearl Roland, Elizabeth Shepard, Hester A. Sperry, Lulu Stanton, Bertha Tatum, Margaret Watt, Mayre Langree, Arta Baker, L. M. Bennett, Mamie Beswick, Lillian Carson, Leland Clements, Frances Cook, Bessie E. Davis, Emilie Dietrich, Grace Dill, Margaret Drysdale, Cecile Duna, Mabel Emory, Lillian Frazier, Flora E. Green, Lillian Hammond.

Sussex—Maud Hickman, Grace Hubbard, M. Pauline Huey, Frances R. Hummel, Tilghman Johnson, Sadie Jones, Laura E. Ring, Bertha Leates, Samuel L. Leates, Virginia Lyons, Caleb L. McCabe, Jr., Vernon McCabe, Nellie G. McIlwaine, Clara T. Meares, Elva V. Mitchell, Florence Phillips, Walter C. Phillips, Maisie E. Pollett, Nellie Prendergill, Lena Prettyman, J. G. Roberts, Spence Rodney, Sallie M. Russell, Mabel Spence, Anna V. Smith, Etta Smith, W. V. Steen, Florence Tague, Florence Timmons, G. R. Truitt, Effa L. Walls, Otis West, Raymond W. White, Carrie Aydelott, Blanche Baker, Lee S. Baker, Nollie Bennett, Helen Benson, Maud Blackstone, Martha L. Bryan, Beatrice Carlisle, Hannah M. Clarkson, Martin Daisey, Micha Davidson, Mary Davis, Elsie Derriekson, J. H. Dobson, Sadie W. Evans, Margaret Francis, Vaughn Hastings.

Maryland—Annie Arrants, Victoria G. Janney, Ananda Prettyman, Isabel A. Scott, Hettie Shack, Estelle Sweetman, Florence Wilson, Elizabeth White.

Pennsylvania—Ruth Crothers.

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Kent—Myrtle Hanson, Ralph Hollis, Marguerite Jackson, Otis P. Jefferson, Mary I. Johnson, Beulah Jones, Anna Lister, Anna McKnett, Mary T. Mabrey, Henry P. Money, Fannie D. Morris, Agnes Musgrove, Evelyn E. Reed, Olive Reed, Pearl Roland, Elizabeth Shepard, Hester A. Sperry, Lulu Stanton, Bertha Tatum, Margaret Watt, Mayre Langree, Arta Baker, L. M. Bennett, Mamie Beswick, Lillian Carson, Leland Clements, Frances Cook, Bessie E. Davis, Emilie Dietrich, Grace Dill, Margaret Drysdale, Cecile Duna, Mabel Emory, Lillian Frazier, Flora E. Green, Lillian Hammond.

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OBITUARY

SARAH J. WILSON.

Sarah J. Wilson, widow of the late Alexander Wilson, died on Wednesday, July 2, at her home, Wilson Station, after a lingering illness.

Funeral services will be held from the late residence on Saturday at 10:30 o'clock. Interment in Welsh Tract Burying Ground.

Two sons, John Wilson of Wilson Station and William R. Wilson of Wilmington, survive.

CARNIVAL—SEE THE FIREWORKS—JULY 4

FARM OBSERVATIONS

WHEAT.

Practically all the wheat in this vicinity has been cut. Judging from the reports coming from the farmers, the crop is considered short. Some go so far as to say, the worst crop for years. No threshing has been reported and it is too early to make any dire predictions.

Virgil Gray out near Ogletown is said to have the showiest crop in this section and promises a good yield. Aside from this report, the general opinion expressed is short crop for this section of New Castle.

This office would appreciate report of yields from say 50 farmers, that we may strike a general average and make public the various reports.

HAY.

Little hay has been cut and the crop promises fair. The recent rains have done much for timothy and during the last two weeks, prospects have brightened considerably. Although the yield will not be as heavy as last year, it will be normal.

George Campbell out on Elkton Road has the star field yet reported. From a field of 6 acres it is predicted that he will get 32 tons.

CORN.

Corn is growing nicely and to date no misfortunes are reported. Rain would be a great benefit. Corn is a little later than usual but with ordinary season a normal crop can be expected.

POTATOES.

Potatoes looking good with no reports of blight. Star field is a Lumbrook with John Richards, the artist. Gray and Holloway may be heard from in the late crops.

HARVEST HANDS.

As usual, reports of difficulty in getting harvest labor.

TOMATOES.

Dry weather is perhaps affecting tomatoes more than any growing crop. No blight nor pests are reported but the plants are small. Those who phosphate heavily say they fear burning unless rain comes in a few days.

ALFALFA.

Read article on Alfalfa by Prof. Grantham.

Let's work up a small piece of ground and try this new crop. Our soil is adaptable to this crop. A little more care is required. Down state farmers have been experimenting with it and are about to make a go with it.

Delaware College Experiment Station has issued the following:

The high feeding value of alfalfa together with its large yielding capacity, should interest every owner of live stock in this forage crop. That alfalfa can be grown successfully in this locality has been demonstrated beyond a doubt during the past three years. Co-operative experiments in every country and upon all types of soil show that when the proper attention is given to the cultural requirements of alfalfa, good yields can be obtained. The failures which have attended the efforts of farmers in trying to grow the crop are attributed in nearly every case, to careless seeding or to lack of the proper soil treatment. Some growers have been disappointed, in growing alfalfa, to find that the stand would run out in two or three years. They have found that grass would finally come in and crowd out the alfalfa. It is a mistake to think that a perfect stand of alfalfa can be maintained for a number of years on the average Delaware soil. Yet this should not deter the farmer from growing the crop, even if he should be able to cut the crop for only two years, as the increased fertility of the soil will give larger crops following the alfalfa. This is particularly true of corn and wheat. It appears that alfalfa can be handled most profitably when promptly rotated with other crops. The extra expense of preparing the soil and seeding alfalfa will be offset by the increased yields of succeeding crops, which will require but little or no fertilizers.

Kind of Soil.—Alfalfa can be grown with fair success on all types of Delaware soil, providing the soil is well drained and properly treated. The sandy loam soils which are the predominant type in this state are capable of producing excellent yields of alfalfa. The stiffer soils will grow alfalfa equally well, but more careful attention is necessary in seeding. The richest soil on the farm should be selected for alfalfa, as the young plant requires an abundance of plant food to become well established. It is useless to attempt to grow alfalfa on land where crimson clover or red clover fails to withstand the winters.

Preparation of Soil.—The preparation of the soil for alfalfa should be made with reference to securing a firm, moist, seed-bed, free from weeds. This end may be attained through the use of a culti-

vated crop, like early potatoes, which may be removed in time for alfalfa. After the potatoes are dug the land may be easily put in shape by plowing. When an early crop does not precede alfalfa, it is well to plow the land in spring, work it down thoroughly, and harrow at intervals of a week, or after each rain, until seeding time. This method firms the land of weeds and serves to retain moisture. In any case land intended for alfalfa should be plowed several weeks before seeding. The early potato crop leaves the soil in a splendid condition for alfalfa, as considerable fertilizers are used on the potatoes.

Lime.—All soils in this locality require lime for the best development of alfalfa. It is useless to attempt to grow the crop without lime. Any form of lime may be used. At least one ton of burned, prepared or hydrated lime should be applied. Ground limestone, unburned, should be applied in double the quantity of prepared lime, or at the rate of two tons per acre. The ground limestone is as effective in sweetening the soil as the burned forms of lime, but acts a little more slowly. Ground or burned oyster shells will serve the purpose also. If the prepared lime is used, apply to the soil a week or ten days before seeding and harrow into the soil thoroughly.

Fertilizers. Stable manure is one of the best fertilizers for alfalfa, but should be plowed under in the spring before seeding in August. The application of stable manure at the time of seeding is likely to result in a weedy stand. Where red clover or crimson clover seed has been turned down in the spring, a mixture of 500 pounds of acid phosphate and 100 pounds of muriate of potash per acre is recommended for fairly fertile land. After early potatoes one-half the above quantity is sufficient. Where no stable manure or soil has been turned under recently, a fertilizer containing some nitrogen will be necessary. A 2-5-7 fertilizer applied at the rate of 600 to 800 pounds per acre will give good results. In most cases, if the soil has been thoroughly prepared, no nitrogen need be used in starting alfalfa. Fertilizers should be applied immediately before seeding.

Inoculation.—Inoculation is absolutely necessary for successful results with alfalfa. The lime prepares the soil for the development of the bacteria, which forms the nodules on the roots of the plant. These bacteria aid the plant in securing its nitrogen from the air. Nearly all soils require inoculation, as the bacteria common to alfalfa are not found on other cultivated crops. Inoculation may be accomplished in two ways: First, by means of soil taken from a field where alfalfa has been successfully grown. Two or three hundred pounds is sufficient to inoculate an acre. Even distribution is facilitated by mixing the inoculated soil with an equal quantity of other soil in order to increase the bulk. The mixture may then be applied with a fertilizer distributor. It is important to harrow the land immediately after the inoculated soil has been applied, so that the sunlight may not injure the bacteria. The inoculated soil should be applied just before sowing. Second, inoculation may be introduced by the use of cultures, prepared commercially or by the United States Department of Agriculture. Generally they will be furnished by the department free of charge together with directions for use. These cultures are applied in a solution to the seed, which is sown at once.

The Seed.—Care should be taken in the selection of alfalfa seed. Pure seed of strong vitality is essential. Good seed is indicated by its plumpness and greenish-yellow color. Rosty or dull brownish seed is likely to be too old for the best germination. Dodder seed is a common impurity. The dodder is a parasitic plant that twines about clovers and alfalfa, feeding on their juices and finally killing the plants. Samples of seed suspected of low germination or impurities should be sent to the Department of Agronomy for examination.

Time of Seeding.—In Delaware alfalfa should be sown from the 10th to the 20th of August. During a normal season the alfalfa will make from 6 to 10 inches growth before frost, which will insure the plants passing the winter in good condition. Spring seeding cannot be recommended. Be careful to see that the soil has plenty of moisture at the depth of one inch at the time of seeding. If the soil has been properly managed during the summer, as described above, moisture conditions will be satisfactory. It is best to sow after a shower of rain. If the land is somewhat dry at the surface when seeding, follow with a roller.

Rate of Seeding.—The usual rate of seeding alfalfa is 20 pounds per acre. In order to secure a perfect stand the seed may be divided into two portions, and the land sown in two directions. A wheelbarrow or a hand sower may be used. Cover the seed by harrowing in lightly immediately after sowing. The grass seedling compartment of a wheat drill may be used, in which case it will not be necessary to harrow in to seed.

After Treatment.—If sown as directed above the alfalfa will make a good growth before winter, but should not be

cut the first fall unless very rank. It is better to leave some growth to serve as a protection during the winter. The first cutting, which will come off about the 1st of June, will be the heaviest, and hence cuttings may be expected at intervals of 5 or 6 weeks during the summer. The time of the cutting will depend largely on the rainfall and weather conditions. It is not wise when alfalfa leaves begin to turn yellow the crop should be clipped and removed. The degree of maturity for cutting is indicated by an occasional purple blossom or by the appearance of hairs at the base of the main stem near the ground. Failure to cut the alfalfa promptly tends to retard the growth of the plants for later cuttings.

Top dressing the alfalfa with stable manure during the fall after the first year will often serve to stimulate the growth.

A. E. Grantham, Agronomist, Delaware Experiment Station, June 26, 1913.

Here and There

Falling from the roof of his barber shop at Providence one day last week, Joseph Miller was severely injured.

Three men, one of whom she recognized, forced Mrs. Roy Fowler, wife of a fisherman of the Milford section, to give up at her home one morning last week, \$225 which he had earned this season. Officers had to go to Frederica, seven miles away, to get warrants from the nearest magistrate, and in the meantime the guilty parties escaped.

The "Willing Workers" of Red Church, Fair Hill, cleared upwards of \$90 from their recent Flower Social.

The Court of Appeals of Maryland has reversed the order of the Orphans' Court of Cecil county, dismissing the petition of Dr. A. C. Crothers of Havre de Grace, that Emerson R. and Omar D. Crothers of Elkton, executors of the late Governor A. L. Crothers, be re-

quired to produce all papers, vouchers, etc., left by him as executor of his brother, Charles C. Crothers, showing the condition of the latter's estate which was never settled in the Orphans' Court. Dr. Crothers alleged that a legacy of \$4000 from his brother, Charles C. Crothers has never been paid or accounted for. E. R. and O. D. Crothers in their answer allege that Austin L. Crothers had fully distributed the estate of C. C. Crothers and that to pay the latter's legacies he had drawn upon his own resources. The Orphans' Court will consider the case anew.

The National Bank of Chesapeake City has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 1/2 per cent, payable during this month. Its surplus fund is now \$12,000, fifty per cent of its capital.

Purnell J. Lynch, a former active Democrat of lower New Castle county, who twice ran, but unsuccessfully, for Sheriff, died at his home at Mt. Pleasant, near Middletown, on Wednesday, of acute indigestion, aged 89 years. Within three years he had three close calls for his life, falling off a load of hay, escaping with a broken collar bone, when his horse was struck and killed by a train, and with severe hurts when another train frightened another of his horses. Interment was made on Friday in St. George's Cemetery.

Wilmington's master barbers have formed an organization and granted the demands of their journeymen for shorter hours and a new schedule of prices, thus averting the strike threatened for July 1.

Charles M. Hammond of the Milford section, expects to clear \$1500 from his crop of cabbage this year. He has already shipped 600 crates to Philadelphia for which he received from \$2.25 to \$2.65 per crate.

Lower Delaware's white potato crop is reported as likely to be the largest in years.

What is Ahead of You?

It depends upon your education—its extent and kind. A Commercial or Stenographic course at

Goldsey College

will take you out of the ranks of unskilled workers, fit you for well-paid, pleasant employment and start you on the straight road to promotion. Graduates assisted to positions.

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Goldsey College - Wilmington, Del.



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Agent
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Will make the season of 1913 on my farm near Ebenezer Church, in Mill Creek Hundred.

He is a beautiful black and cannot be excelled. He stands 16 hands high and weighs 1600 lbs.

Come and see him and some of his gets.

JOSEPH HIGGINS,
Phone 41-2 Hockessin
Newark, Del

June 1-14

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McCall's Magazine will help you dress stylishly as a modern woman by keeping you posted on the latest fashions in clothes and hats. It has new fashions in every issue. Also valuable information on all home and personal matters. Only 50c a year, including a free pattern. Subscribe today or send for free sample copy. McCall Patterns will enable you to make in your own home, with your own hands, clothing for yourself and children which will be perfect in style and fit. Price—much higher than if made. Send for free Pattern Catalogue. We will give you five patterns for getting subscriptions among your friends. Send for free Premium Catalogue and Cash Price Offer. THE McCALL COMPANY, 229 N. 2ND ST. N. Y. N. Y.

S. SECURITY T

TRUST & SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
SIXTH AND MARKET STS.
Wilmington, Del.

Prompt & Efficient Service

Latest and Best Methods

—in—

Banking

Administration of Estates

Management of Real Estate

Storage of Valuables

S CAPITAL... \$500,000

SURPLUS... \$500,000

D

Call or Phone your order D. & A.

UPHOLSTERING

Your Fall Upholstering Carefully Attended To

Goods Called For and Delivered

A GOOD STORAGE ROOM BACK OF MY OFFICE

PRICES REASONABLE

R. T. JONES

PHONE 22-A

NEWARK'S

LEADING

Meat Market

Charles P. Steele

Dealer In

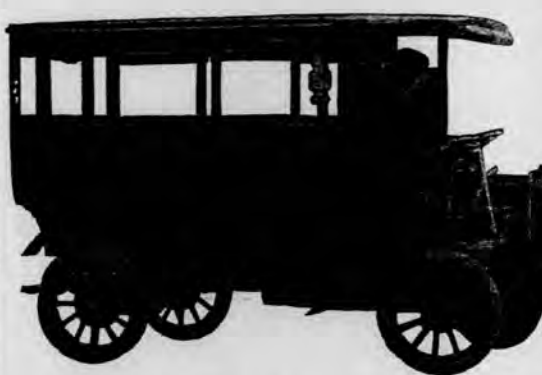
FRESH AND SALT

MEATS

Home Dressed Meats a Specialty

Main Street Opposite College

Call or Phone your order D. & A.

Auto Parties
Light Livery
Best Cab Service

Chas. W. Strahom

KEEPING WELL INSTEAD
OF GETTING WELL

Prominent scientists declare that a TEASPOONFUL OF GRAPE JUICE will kill all the typhoid germs in a glassful of water.

Grape Juice is a food, the nearest thing to milk. Its elements gluten and grape sugar make flesh and muscle. Grape Juice supplies a perfectly pure water, sweetened and flavored by nature herself. An excellent tonic served as a delicious and refreshing drink.

On your next trip down town, when tired and fatigued, try a glass of

Welch's Grape Juice
"The National Drink"

AT
RHODES' DRUG STORE

See Book of Recipes for Delicious Desserts

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S. Slack, 2b.
Ash, rf.
Walters, c.
Ward, lf.

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Mote, 3rd.
Fossett, cf.
Crawe, c.
J. Cann, ss.
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Bedford, rf.
Lloyd, cf.

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A dividend
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of the Dover
July 1st.

BASE BALL NEWS-- GAMES OF THE WEEK

PENN-MAR LEAGUE

Standing of the clubs:	
*Providence	6 0 1.00
Newark	3 2 .600
Bay View	3 3 .500
Iron Hill	3 3 .500
*Appleton	2 5 .286
Strickersville	1 5 .167

*Appleton-Providence game disputed.

Results of Saturday's games: Providence, 13, Appleton, 9; Bay View, 8, Newark, 2; Iron Hill, 5, Strickersville, 0.

Schedule for Saturday, Appleton at Iron Hill; Bay View at Providence; Strickersville at Newark.

Iron Hill with Ward's good pitching and all around work of his team mates easily defeated Strickersville.

IRON HILL

R. H. O. A. E.	
Booth, ss	1 2 3 2 0
Dierker, lf	1 0 0 0 0
Day, 3rd	0 1 2 1 0
J. Slack, cf	1 2 0 0 0
Chicago, 1b	1 2 7 2 0
S. Slack, 2b	1 2 3 1 0
Ash, rf	1 2 1 1 0
Ward, c	0 8 2 1
Ward, p	0 3 5 0

Total 5 12 27 13 1

STRICKERSVILLE

R. H. O. A. E.	
Biddle, 3rd	0 1 5 3 0
Mote, 3rd	0 1 0 2 2
Fosselt, cf	0 2 2 0 0
Crowe, c	0 0 5 1 0
J. Cann, ss	0 0 2 1 1
Draper, p	0 0 1 3 0
Cann, 1b	0 0 7 0 0
Bedford, rf	0 0 0 1 0
Lloyd, cf	0 0 2 1 1

Total 0 4 22 12 4

Iron Hill 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

Strickersville 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Bay View scored enough runs in the first inning to defeat Newark.

Newark could not solve Russell's curves when hits made runs.

BAY VIEW

R. H. O. A. E.	
Armour, lf	1 1 2 0 0
Cameron, 1b	1 1 7 0 1
A. Armour, 2b	2 3 2 1 1

Brickley, c	1 1 11 5 2
Reynolds, 3b	2 2 2 1 1
Goodnow, ss	1 2 2 1 0
Biddle, cf	0 0 1 0 0
Fox, rf	0 0 0 0 0
Russell, p	0 0 0 2 0

Total 8 10 17 10 5

NEWARK

R. H. O. A. E.	
Fulton, cf	0 0 0 0 1
Ferguson, lf	2 2 2 0 0
Seaton, 2b	0 1 1 2 0
Herdman, 3d	0 2 0 5 0
Murray, ss	0 0 1 2 2
Gilfillan, 1b	0 0 13 0 0
Whirlow, rf	0 1 0 0 0
E. Dawson, c	0 0 1 0 0
Dawson, c	0 1 8 1 1
Lovett, p	0 2 1 2 1

Total 2 9 27 13 5

Bay View 4 0 1 0 0 0 2 1-8

Newark 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0-2

In a poorly played and free hitting contest Providence defeated Appleton 13 to 9. Appleton protested the game, claiming Jackson was not eligible to play with Providence.

PROVIDENCE

R. H. O. A. E.	
Lindsay, 3b	3 2 1 4 2
Spence, lf	2 3 3 0 0
Seabrook, rf	2 3 1 0 2
Seabrook, ss	1 2 0 1 1
Spence, c	0 1 11 0 1
Lynch, 1b	0 1 4 0 1
Hill, 2b	2 1 5 3 2
Jackson, p	1 1 0 2 0
Shelender, cf	2 1 2 0 1

Total 13 15 27 12 10

APPLETON

R. H. O. A. E.	
Willis, ss	1 4 1 4 2
Creswell, 1b	1 1 9 1 0
Brown, 2b	1 2 0 3 1
Kimble, cf	1 1 2 0 0
Creswell, 3b	0 1 4 2 1
Crowe, lf	0 1 1 0 1
Willis, c	1 3 6 2 1
Peterson, cf	2 3 2 0 0
Willis, p	2 3 2 4 0

Total 9 19 27 16 6

Providence 1 5 0 0 5 0 0 1-13

Appleton 2 0 0 1 0 1 0 5-9

HERE AND THERE

Oxford Spring Fair instead of yielding a profit incurred a deficit of \$101.

The contract has been awarded for a \$5,000 addition to Avondale Public School.

The effects of the new Delaware marriage law are well shown by records of licenses issued in Wilmington—111 from June 1 to June 28 as against 416 for the like period last year.

Charles Bennett of Wilmington, Henry K. Wheatley of Dover, and Wilbert Rowley of Leipsic, who stood highest at the examination at Dover last week, have been appointed State Wardens by the Game and Fish Commission.

that with an annual outlay of \$1,000 for the support of its prisoners confined at Greenbank and in Georgetown jail, the cost of a county prison could be met within 30 years, if the prisoners were employed at work for the county.

The American Snuff Company will remove its plant long located at Yorklyn, near Wilmington, to Memphis, Tennessee. Four of its old hands, Patrick Tuohy, Sylvester Murray, Martin and Michael Halloran, employed for 46, 41, 39 and 38 years, have been pensioned and will remove to Memphis.

Blackberries appeared in Lewes last week, ten days earlier than usual, and were selling at 8 cents per quart.

No bids were received by the Levy Court last week for the advertised issue of \$300,000 New Castle county 4 1-2 per cent bonds.

After July 1 the Wilmington Customs Office will be merged with that of Philadelphia.

The Episcopal, Methodist, Presbyterian and Baptist congregations of New Castle will have a joint field day at Ocean Beach Park on the Fourth.

Hallmen, chambermaids, and other help at the Hotel DuPont, it is reported, have made a demand for food similar to that served to guests.

Oats upwards of six feet in height were cut by Frank Butt of the Georgetown section.

Middletown's tax rate has been fixed at \$1.25, an increase of 25 cents.

A dividend of 10 per cent, the first since its erection several years ago, has been declared on the stock of the Dover Opera House, payable July 1st.

Lewes Town Commissioners have ordered the closing of all places of business promptly at midnight.

Rev. J. R. Bickling, former pastor of Cherry Hill, Md., M. E. Church, for several years past in charge of Eastlake Church, Wilmington, has been transferred by Bishop Berry to Centerville, Md., succeeding Rev. C. W. Prettyman, transferred to Smyrna.

The 176-acre Lee farm in Quaker Neck has been sold to James B. Newman for \$10,155.

This year's plum crop in lower Delaware is reported quite light compared with yields of previous years.

The State Anti-Tuberculosis Commission is urging a consumptives' hospital for colored patients at Farnhurst.

Lower Delaware farmers have made large plantings of cucumbers this year.

Selbyville took first rank in shipment of strawberries this year with a record of 425 carloads.

A site for Milton's new waterworks has been obtained and construction will begin upon the transfer of the property.

Donato Dalberto, a trackwalker, while avoiding a freight at Holly Oak Station, near Wilmington, one night last week, was struck and killed by a fast express.

Seaford residents will urge Senator Saulsbury to secure an appropriation for a Federal building in that town.

Ladies of St. Paul's congregation, Delaware City, cleared \$46 from their recent social.

David L. Hudson of 416 East Third street, Wilmington, was revived by physicians, after several hours treatment at Delaware Hospital on Sunday, when he had quenched his "thirst" with iodine for lack of another "bracer." His mouth and throat were badly burned by the liquid.

Cecil county's tax rate for the coming year has been fixed at \$1.05 on the \$100, a cut of 20 cents from last year's rate.

George R. Ewing of the Fair Hill section, will seek nomination for County Commissioner for the short term at the coming Democratic primaries in Cecil.

Job England, a well-known farmer of upper Cecil, died of apoplexy, at his home at Calvert on Wednesday, aged 80 years. His wife, three sons and two daughters survive him.

Our Ad. Directory

Newark's Leading Business Houses

THE PLACE TO BUY

AUCTIONEER
H. R. Smith.

BANKS
Newark Trust & Safe Deposit Co.
Newark National Bank.

COAL
H. Warner McNeal
E. L. Richards.

CANDY
Newark Candy Kitchen.

DAIRY FEEDS
E. L. Richards.

DANCING
Newark Opera House.

DRY GOODS
J. R. Chapman.
H. M. Campbell, Est.

DRUG STORE
G. W. Rhodes.

GREEN GROCERS
W. H. Cook.

GROCERS
J. R. Chapman.
H. M. Campbell, Est.

HARDWARE
T. A. Potts.

LIVERY
C. W. Strahorn.
Alfred Stiltz.

LUMBER
E. L. Richards.
H. W. McNeal.

MEAT MARKET
C. P. Steele.

MOVING PICTURES
Newark Opera House.

PHOSPHATES
E. L. Richards.

PLUMBING
Daniel Stoll.

PRINTING
Newark Post.

RAILROADS
Pennsylvania.
Baltimore & Ohio.

SHOES
L. Handloff.

TAILOR
Sol. Wilson.

UNDERTAKERS
E. C. Wilson.
R. T. Jones.

UPHOLSTERING
R. T. Jones.

If you can't get it in Newark buy in
WILMINGTON

BANK
Security Trust & Safe Deposit Co.

CLOTHING STORE
Mullin's
Wright's.

FARMERS' SUPPLIES
White Bros.

TELEPHONE.
Diamond State.

Up-to-Date
LIVERY
Finest Turn-Outs In
Town

Hauling & Carting
At Your Service At All Hours

A. L. STILTZ

**Auto & Bicycles
TIRES REPAIRED**

BICYCLES REPAIRED, SOLD AND
HIRED

J. A. SULLIVAN
202 South Chapel Street



Your Kitchen

is worthy of as much care and attention as your bathroom. It should be equipped with the best sanitary devices in order to make it as clean, healthful, and comfortable as possible.

Porcelain enameled plumbing fixtures make the kitchen as dainty and neat as a modern bathroom. You can secure a "Standard" enameled sink from us, in a size and style to suit your kitchen exactly, and the price will suit you too.

DANIEL STOLL
COR. MAIN ST., AND SOUTH COLLEGE AVE
Newark, Delaware

Headquarters for HARDWARE AND FARMER'S SUPPLIES

There are other Hardware and Supply Stores in Delaware but the
Headquarters are at
FRONT AND ORANGE STREETS
WILMINGTON, - DELAWARE

White Brothers

Anything and Everything that's worth
while in Hardware For Sale Here

THE NEWARK POST

Newark, Delaware

Published Every Wednesday by Everett C. Johnson

Address all communications to THE NEWARK POST.

Make all checks in THE NEWARK POST. Telephone, Delaware and Atlantic 93.

We want and write communications, but they must be signed by the writer's name—not for publication, but for our information and protection.

Entered as second-class matter at Newark, Del., under Act of March 3, 1879. The subscription price of this paper is \$1.00 per year in advance.

JULY 2, 1913

GETTYSBURG

Time, place and event—of such is History made. By thoughts and deeds of the world's masters are they projected into prominence. Between the lines, we read cause and effect, interpret philosophy of Nations and formulate the Science of progress. Indeed dates, names and facts by very force of association with strong characters bring out to the imagination of the student, by mere recital the story of civilization.

Fourth of July, consecrated to the liberty of men and ideas, brings to us the story and spirit of the Revolution. No vital were its thoughts, so far reaching its influence that today, it is not alone our proud birthright but typically significant the world over, as the synonym for freedom.

Not less prominent is the place. The one word Bethlehem, insignificant in itself, after two thousand years, represents all that is worth while in civilization. From there, even today, comes the inspiration of "Peace on Earth and good will toward men."

Again the names of battlefields prompt always, to the student, interesting speculation. Here were the thoughts and ideals of men and nations crystallized into realities. Truth, drenched with blood, walks always, from the field of battle toward a newer and better day.

Words! Think of Thermopole!

Words, think of of Runemede!

Words, think of Toulon, of Wagran, of Moscow, Words, think of Waterloo! The defeat of Waterloo—do you see the picture when Right had its Revolution but not its Ambition. Words, think of Bunker Hill, of Long Island, of Valley Forge, of Trenton, and of Yorktown.

Words—just a moment. Recall the world's history. Bethlehem, Erfurt, Waterloo—Gettysburg.

Gettysburg—no longer local but associated with mankind.

Gettysburg—happy the thought. Brothers and foes met there fifty years ago. The God of Battles held the balance of power. Today Brothers but not foes meet and the Spirit of Bethlehem steals down the ages and pervades the twilight thought of our national life.

Submerged by the stress and speed of Commercialism, we are prone to forget, if indeed we can realize, its import. But this we know that out yonder on the Field of Gettysburg History is erecting one of civilization's milestones. Lincoln's words at its dedication, vital in force, carry a message to us today. Let us indeed then do consecrate ourselves that these dead shall not have died in vain and from out of tragedy create a world's masterpiece. Then truly this will be a Government of the people by the people and for the people, and shall not perish from the earth.

WIRES UNDERGROUND

"All wires underground" is the slogan of every Town Beautifier. We have called attention to the fact that while the streets are torn up during the installation of the Sewer is a most opportune time to rid our streets of unsightly poles and overhanging wires. Trees on Main street are the pride of many of our citizens and the source of favorable comment of visitors. With overhead wires they are periodically mangled by men who have no knowledge of tree trimming and little respect for their beauty.

We feel sure that our public utilities who use our streets without franchise would be glad to co-operate with Council and to their part toward making this effective and pleasing change. It is hoped that our Councilmen will not overlook this little detail which would mean so much in the appearance of the town and enter immediately into communication with companies involved and request that they make immediate preparation for the change. All the time possible should be given to the companies with the least embarrassment possible.

Here is an opportunity for civic betterment without the usual attending tax increase.

The Post, we believe, is only expressing the general opinion in advocating this improvement. Let us not forget it.

HATS OFF TO THE FIREMEN

Hats off to the Man or Men who do things! That's the proper attitude for Newark toward the Firemen.

We remember distinctly three years ago when the first Carnival was held that some of our Skeptics (Newark has a few—but getting fewer) said it couldn't be done. Some of them got all "hot up" and devoted considerable energy in condemning the scheme. As usual in a place up-to-date or becoming so, while these unseeing good natured, and confirmed ill natured folk said it couldn't be done, the Firemen went ahead and did it. In fact they got done first. Their success was so great that every doubter claimed residence "in Missouri" and had to be shown.

Well, last year, the cold water brigade got to work again and if their brand of water was effective as a fire extinguisher, The Post extinguisher would never advocate an Engine for Newark.

And as usual with dreamer enthusiasts the old Carnival overstepped the mark and became seriously known as a County affair.

This year—same thing. There is certainly one thing to admire about a Doubter—he never knows when he is licked. But thanks to such men as the Firemen a Doubter is always in for his licking.

This year, they feared the boys would lose what had already been made and "don't have a parade for it will be a failure." Reminds one of the Summer School predictions, doesn't it?

Well, what we are trying to say is this, and seriously too: These Carnivals have been a success and the men who conceived the idea and carried it into execution are worthy of commendation from every resident in Newark.

Before it is ever too late, let the foolish virgins light up and the Knockers get in the Band Wagon. Join the Parade. For with such a few of you, it will be awfully lonesome.

OBSERVE THE SPEED LIMIT

Our comment on auto speeding can be told in very few words—Stop it. Nor should we confine our complaints to any price car. The 60 and 90 horse cars are as flagrant violators of the law as the ever popular Ford.

In seeing to it that these violators are brought to recognize right of life and ordinary taxpayers, is a duty that should be exercised by every resident of Newark. Unpleasant perhaps it is but none the less a duty, to report any violation of the speed ordinance of this town. These violations, fortunately so far of no serious consequences, are not confined to the young drivers nor the joy riders, but far too often are indulged in by prominent citizens, who would stand aghast at similar speed by a rural team. Men to whom we point as models for our boys are setting poor examples for respect for law and order, saying nothing for the recognition of rights of others.

Speed is in the blood, its our life here in America and nothing so causes a disrespect for law as to own an automobile, and get the Speed mania. The most serious man coming into possession of a high speed car often jeers at criticism and treats with scant respect those who call him to task.

That Newark has not had a serious accident is a marvel of good luck, certainly not due to careful driving. As we have said before, the car has the same right on the road as the horse. But we grant it not a whit more.

Newark has masters of the wheel that are subjects of favorable comment for miles around. aFrmers have noted their consideration and when meeting them on the road grant gracefully every favor possible. Those so-called Rubes who resent rights of the auto have been piqued into an unreasonable opposition by some Alec or perhaps some thoughtless professional driver.

Unless the Automobile Association take some thought and action, drastic laws will be put on the statute books by some rural Legislature that will fix the regulation of the gearing of the cars sold in the State, thus forcibly and effectively limiting the speed.

"Twenty-seven minutes from Wilmington and one minute from

College to old Depot" are boasts unworthy of good citizens. That is the opinion of a cranky farmer editor, who in this one particular has serious and loyal support.

Repeated warnings went to avail nothing. They are needed at. We now advocate strict obedience to the law and pledging loyal support, urge officials to remedy this evil—without respect to car or prominence of driver.

PEOPLES' COLUMN

Do To Others Likewise

Reese Griffin was brought before Squire Lovett on Monday morning charged with driving an automobile beyond the prescribed speed limit. Without going into the reasons given for a violation of the law, it is sufficient for justice and this article that he acknowledge the truth of the charge and was fined. We approve of the course taken to safeguard the lives of people on the streets, but there are several other citizens who, if they do not take warning from this incident, should by reason of their prominence and well known speed proclivities, be arrested and fined, and thus furnish a more forcible example of what is going to happen to those who drive their cars too rapidly. Last year Council went to the expense of having sign boards erected on the outskirts of the town, calling for a slowing down to 12 miles per hour. It would seem to have been a useless expense, for they are evidently taken as a joke, as some person has written below the printed command words to the effect "Not much," only less polite and more forcible. One young man is quoted as saying he had made the distance to the Old Depot in one minute. If a man were habitually to drive a horse through the streets of our town at a fifteen miles per hour gait, he would probably be considered a menace to the safety of all persons abroad, and be made to come to a sane pace. An automobile going at the same rate of speed is even more dangerous, because capable of greater damage, and less likely to attract the attention of pedestrians.

During Commencement week at Delaware College our streets and South College Avenue were simply converted into speedways, both by visitors and by many of our own drivers. Owners of cars must sooner or later willingly or unwillingly be made to appreciate the feelings and the rights of those who walk and drive, throwing clouds of dust in their faces, causing them to scramble to sidewalks and hedges, frightening horses, arousing feelings of anger and resentment that will eventually culminate in drastic legislation. It is not pleasant for one resident to bring a charge of recklessness against another, for reasons many and plain. Neither should it be necessary in this delightful old town, of which we are all so justly proud, and where society is so amalgamated by ties of business, of friendships and of blood. Newark should not be regarded merely as a community, but as a community of interests which it truly is, and whose influences reach into every home within its borders.

You car owners and drivers, be obedient to the law from motives of consideration, fairness and good citizenship, and it will be an easy matter to compel birds of passage to honor that same law, or incidentally swell Council revenues. Especially observe Mr. Daniel Thompson and Dr. Murray, and do likewise.

Public Lecture in Center Hall

The following announcement has been received at this office: On Thursday evening, July 10th, there will be a public lecture at Center Hall on The X Ray, Radium and Ozone for Cancer Tuberculosis and Skin Diseases by Dr. Thomas L. Eldridge of Philadelphia.

Signed by one of our readers.

TO ARCHITECTS

The Commission, for the erection of the Woman's College Affiliated with Delaware College will receive competitive plans for two fire-proof buildings to cost not more than \$150,000; one a Residence Hall, two stories, to contain reception rooms, kitchen, dining-hall, bedrooms, offices, etc., for the accommodation of fifty students; and a modern Science Laboratory, three stories, to contain, chapel, offices, laboratories, recitation rooms, etc., for the accommodation of one hundred students.

One thousand dollars will be awarded in cash by the Commission for the five best plans submitted: Three hundred dollars for the first plan; two hundred-fifty dollars for the second plan; one hundred dollars for the third plan; one hundred-fifty dollars for the fourth plan, and one hundred dollars for the fifth plan accepted by the Commission. The plans accepted shall be the property of the Commission.

All plans must be in the hands of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon, Monday July 7, 1913.

GEORGE W. TWITMYER, Secretary Affiliated College Commission Wilmington, Delaware.

SALED PROPOSALS—BIDS WILL be received by the Levy Court of New Castle County, at the County Engineer's Office, Court House, Wilmington, Delaware, up to 12 o'clock, noon, on July 4, 1913, for two ten-ton Road Rollers, driven by either gasoline or steam. Said proposals must be made to Benjamin A. Linton, President of the Levy Court of New Castle County, and each shall give a guarantee of good workmanship and performance for one year from purchase of same.

Newark, Delaware, June 25, 1913.

To our Depositors and Customers:

We take pleasure in announcing to you that the arrangement proposed, in our letter to you of May 1st, 1913, by which the Farmers' Trust Company, of Newark, was to purchase and take over all of the Capital Stock, property and assets of The National Bank of Newark, was finally completed on June 24th 1913, and that every share of the Capital Stock of The National Bank of Newark was represented and voted for the plan.

The new Company now owns all of the property and assets of the Bank, and will continue its business under the management of the following officers and Directors:

OFFICERS

J. Wilkins Cough, President, Alfred A. Curtis, Vice-President, Joseph H. Hossinger, Secretary, Henry Edwin Vinsinger, Treasurer

DIRECTORS

J. Wilkins Cough, Alfred A. Curtis, Samuel M. Donnell, Nathan M. Motherall, Crawford Bankin, Ernest Frazer, Joseph H. Hossinger, Eben B. Frazer, Daniel Thompson.

There will be no necessity for making any alterations in the checks now used by you, as the checks on The National Bank of Newark will be honored, in their present form, by the Farmers' Trust Company, of Newark.

We believe that under the present arrangement our facilities for promptly transacting any business intrusted to us have been greatly increased, and desire to thank you for your patronage in the past, and hope for a long continuance of our pleasant relations.

ALFRED A. CURTIS,

J. Wilkins Cough, President, Alfred A. Curtis, Vice-President, H. Edwin Vinsinger, Treasurer.

Estate of Edward Wilson, deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration, cum testamento annexo upon the Estate of Edward Wilson, late of White Clay Creek Hundred, deceased, were duly granted unto Edward Clifford Wilson and Waldo C. Wilson on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1913 and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make payment to the Administrators C. T. A. without delay, and all persons having demands against the deceased are required to exhibit and present the same duly probated to the said Administrators C. T. A. on or before the 15th day of March, A. D. 1914, or abide by the law in this behalf.

CHARLES B. EVANS, Esq., Atty. EDWARD CLIFFORD WILSON, WALDO C. WILSON, Administrators, C. T. A.

NOTICE

The assessment of the Town of Newark for the present year 1913 has been posted at George W. Rhodes' Drug Store on Main street. The Council of said Town will hold a Court of Appeals in Council Room of Town Building on Academy street on Monday, June 23rd, 1913, from One to Six O'clock P. M. when they shall hear and determine appeals from the said assessment and make corrections or additions to the same.

A rebate of 5 per cent will be allowed on 1913 taxes paid before August 1st, 1913.

S. B. HERDMAN, Secretary and Treasurer Per order of Council.

Want Advertisements

For Sale, For Rent, Lost and Found

Phone your want ad. Call 93 D. & A.

Any Little Want, For Sale or any Short Notice that does not need a display advertisement just put it in this Column. It will bring results.

No questionable advertisement received by the POST

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Building Lots near Curtis Paper Mills. Apply J. FRANK ELLIOTT, Newark, Del. Phone 208A

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. Near the College. Apply EMMA V. DULING, 17 Elkton Ave.

FOR SALE—Three acres timothy hay standing, first class hay. Apply DANIEL KENNEDY, Elkton Road.

FARM FOR SALE—156 acres in White Clay Creek Hundred, 10 miles from Wilmington, in sight of Church and School House. ROBERT ARMSTRONG, Newark, Del.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Woman assistant to book keeper. Considerable experience required. URTIS & SMO, Inc. Newark, Del. 6-222

WANTED—Boys and girls at A. Jodel's factory, clean work and fair wages. Apply at factory to 5-141

LOST—Waterman fountain pen, with pocket fixture, on Main street between bank and public school. Return to this office. 6-41

WANTED—Chicken and pigs. Apply to T. O. Newkirk Post

FOUND—Pocket book. Owner can get same by applying to

7-222

FOR SALE—One thousand, one thousand moving machine, one Dering moving machine, and twenty six acres of hay standing, all items in firm class condition. Apply to CHARLES W. WHITE, Newark, Del. Route 3, Box 1

LOST—Gold watch chain, \$5 gold piece dated 1881 for 60¢. Return to the office and receive a liberal reward. 7-222

WANTED—A white girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. A. C. BANTHAM, Delaware Ave.

7-222

FIREWORKS

We Have the Largest and Cheapest Stock of Fireworks in Town, and Ours Have Always Been of the Best Quality, Be sure and buy from us.

A Full Line of FRUITS and VEGETABLES For the Fourth

GREEN AND YELLOW STAMPS

W. H. COOK

Phone 87L

A BUSY HOME

J is for Jaw, The home of the Teeth; Here they have their many troubles For which is needed quick relief.



Neglect of the Teeth Sooner or Later Results in Many Aches and Pains—A Jaw Full of Troubles. A Very Little Time and Money Spent on the Teeth Now Will Save Much Expense and Trouble With Them LATER ON.

DR. DUNLEVY, Dentist, MAIN STREET, PHONE 161, NEWARK, DELAWARE Next Rhodes Drug Store

SAVE TIME EXPENSE WORRY

Do Your Shopping at

D. H. STASSFORTH'S THE DEPENDABLE JEWELER

715 Market Street - WILMINGTON, DEL.

Send for our fine illustrated catalog IT'S FREE

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Safe Deposit Service

FIRE-PROOF—BURGLAR-PROOF—MOB-PROOF

The Boxes to be Installed in Our New Safe Deposit Vault are here on Exhibition—We Invite You to Make an Early Inspection and Secure Your Choice.

4 % PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Newark Trust and Safe Deposit Company

NEWARK, - DELAWARE

PERSONALS

Mrs. H. S. Goldey of Wilmington is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Short.

Mrs. Beulah Thompson and children of St. Clair, N. J., are visiting Mrs. John Pilling.

Mrs. Oscar Mote and daughter Frances of College Park, Md., are the guests of Miss Belle Mote.

Miss Grace Merriek of Philadelphia is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Merriek.

Miss Elizabeth Smithson had as her guests for Commencement her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Smithson, and niece, Miss Carolyn Smithson of Port Deposit, Md.

Mr. George W. Alleorn left Friday for Boston where he has accepted a position as book-keeper.

Miss Margaret Crossan of Newark spent Saturday and Sunday with Lydia Gregg of Strickersville.

Miss Clara Duling was the guest of Miss Anna Heavellow last week.

Misses Gertrude Edmanson and Anna Heavellow were the week-end guests of Mrs. John Frist of Newark.

Many residents of Newark and vicinity attended the Carnival held at Newport last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gullaher returned on Monday after a trip including Pittsburgh, Chicago and points of interest in the Carolinas.

Sportsmen Plan Matinee

Lovers of horseflesh will be glad to hear of the Matinee Races on the Fourth at the Pender Stock Farm just south of the P. B. & W. R. R., Newark. In spite of the fact that the plan was made known only yesterday it can be well assured that the news will be circulated among our local whips and that a good crowd will be present. There will be four classes of races, entries free for all, which means publicity records for some of our rural horses.

Aside from these try outs, there will be some real racing by professionals. Dr. Murray, proprietor of the farm, with Charles Lafferty and his superintendent Clarke McCarns have the affair in hand and a good afternoon's sport can be promised.

Land and horseflesh will be provided and every convenience offered to the guests of the day. It is generally hoped that this is only a beginning of a series of races. Newark and vicinity has always been famed for its fine horses and crack drivers and this race will only maintain that record. In recent years, however, our racing has been confined mostly to our winter carnivals on the speedway. This innovation may be the incentive to revive interest in the sport.

Superintendent Spaid Resigns

Prof. A. R. Spaid, for ten years past Superintendent of Schools for New Castle County has tendered his resignation to Governor Miller to take effect September 1. He states that his salary, \$1200 per annum is not sufficient for the support of his family. He was an aspirant and was strongly supported for the new post of State Commissioner of Education for which Governor Miller selected Dr. Chas. A. Wagner of West Chester, Pa.

Mr. Spaid has been loyally supported by the teachers of New Castle county, and the news of his resignation is received with much regret.

Negro Criminal In Hiding

The community was stirred last Sunday when reports of the presence in the neighborhood of the notorious criminal George Dutton, reached town. Five men immediately started for the woods where the negro had been seen but were unable to locate him.

Dutton was seen again on Monday and the police station in Wilmington was immediately notified. Detective Sergeant Wardle, State Detective McCoy and Police Officer King visited Newark and made a thorough search of the neighborhood but were unsuccessful. It is believed by many that Dutton is in the neighborhood, being shielded by friends.

Horse Found After Day's Search

A colt driven by Rudolph Gregg of Coventown broke from the driver's hold as he was helping a friend from the carriage, running at terrific speed last Thursday evening. Mr. Gregg was returning from the festival at Flint Hill when the runaway occurred. He borrowed a team from Harry LeSage and the two men started in search of the frightened animal. After driving all day it was located at Kelton, Pa. Although the carriage had been upset the shafts and wagon were intact, and only one spoke was broken from the wheel.

Visiting Friends In Illinois

Miss Lora H. Little who is a graduate of N. H. S. Class of 1909, is spending her vacation with her aunt, Mrs. G. W. Kirkpatrick and other friends in Illinois. Miss Little has spent four years of successful teaching, the last two at Union District 31. She has accepted Fair View School for the next term, much to the regret and disappointment of the parents and pupils of Union where she made many warm friends.

SOCIAL NOTES

Lieut. Eugene Armstrong, 13th U. S. Cavalry, who has been stationed at West Point, N. Y., is making his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Armstrong of Cooch's Bridge, a visit.

Miss Schofield of Pocomoke City is the guest of Mrs. L. H. Cooch.

Mrs. Tyson and her two children of Pottsville, Pa., is visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. W. Pilling.

Mrs. Osborn of Philadelphia, whose delightful voice has been enjoyed by many Newarkers, has arrived at "Oaklands" for the summer.

Mrs. Whittingham was the guest of Mrs. Whitaker last week, at her beautiful home near Port Deposit, Md.

Mrs. John Jex and son, who spend the winters in New York, are here as usual, for the summer.

Mrs. L. H. Cooch entertained at bridge and 500 on Monday afternoon. A fancy dish was won by Mrs. W. H. Evans at bridge, and Miss Alice Evans won a pretty cup and saucer at 500. Those enjoying Mrs. Cooch's hospitality were: Mrs. Whittingham, Mrs. J. P. Wilson, Miss Lena Evans, Mrs. C. B. Evans, Mrs. Osborn, Mrs. Jex, Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. E. W. Cooch, Mrs. J. W. Pilling and her niece, Mrs. Tyson, the Misses Pilling, Miss Schofield and Miss Eleanor Duffy.

New Gospel For New Day

(From recent address by ex-Congressman Landis.)

"But as to the era ahead of us: I do not believe it is to be marked so much by the accumulation of wealth as by the performance of splendid deeds by those who possess wealth. During the next third of a century the man or woman 'who has and who holds' will not amount to much in this country. It will be an era of deeds, Science and the church, reinforced and largely directed by what may be called 'Business,' are going to show results in the refinement of our civilization, by the minimizing of poverty, to an astonishing degree. The nation, the state, and the municipality will join. Humanity's 'overhead charges' will be cut down and humanity's efficiency will be increased.

"I honestly believe that in 1950 those who are living will marvel as greatly over the fact that in 1913 the sale of whiskey was indiscriminately legalized by the nation, the state, and the municipality as we who live in 1913 marvel that fifty years ago human slavery was recognized as a legal institution by the constitution of the United States. . . . The Gospel of the clean kitchen and home-made bread will be preached. The ministers in the country churches who want to hold their jobs will supplement their course in the theological seminary by a course in some agricultural college and thus be able to show the relation between good living and good farming—to be able to talk 'rotation of crops,' nitrogen and potash and show that in proportion as man lives a good life and conserves the fertility of the soil, and raises bumper crops, he serves his fellowmen and wins the approbation of Providence.

"If I were asked at what period of the world's history I would have preferred to live, I would answer 'Now, right now.' If I were asked where I would have preferred to live, I would say, 'Right here in the United States.' Here and now. There is more offering in the way of joy and comfort, and hope, and less to cause anxiety right here and right now than ever before."

The Origin Of "Old Glory"

Captain Stephen Driver was without doubt the first man to christen our flag "Old Glory." He was born at Salem, Massachusetts, March 17, 1803. When about to sail from that port in command of the brig "Charles Doggett," in the year 1831, he was presented with a large American flag. As it was sent aloft, and broke out to the air, Captain Driver christened the beautiful emblem "Old Glory" and this was the name he evermore used for it. His flag shared with the Captain the perils and adventures of the deep, and on his retirement from the sea it was taken by him to Nashville, Tennessee, where he made his home, and where he died in 1886.

The Captain was a most pronounced

"Union Man," and his outspoken fondness for the flag made him widely known as "Old Glory Driver." When the Civil War broke out every Confederate in town felt a special call to get hold of that particular flag. The Captain's home and grounds were repeatedly searched in vain. They knew it was there but find it they could not. The old Captain told them they should see it when it again floated over the city. In order to keep it safe until that longed-for time, the Captain with his own hands quilted "Old Glory" into a comforter, and made it his bedfellow. On February 25, 1862, the Federal troops took possession of Nashville, and, true to his promise, Captain Driver took the flag to the Capitol and it was soon waving over the city. As he saw it once more in the air, the old man exclaimed, "Now that Old Glory is up there, gentlemen, I am ready to die." In his happiness the Captain gave another flag, which he had secreted in the same way, to the Sixth Ohio Regiment, with the hope that they would raise it over every cotton state capital. In 1882 the Captain gave his beloved flag to his niece, Mrs. Cook, with directions for her to do with it as she thought best after his death. She afterward presented it to its present caretakers, the Essex Institute of Salem, Massachusetts. So after all its voyages and vicissitudes, the original "Old Glory" is today safe in the very harbor from which it first sailed away eighty-two years ago.

The Best Newspaper For The Whole Family

We have no hesitancy in recommending the "Sunday Record" as ideal for home reading. No newspaper that comes to our office has more or better news—it is always clean and wholesome.

In the wide range of its feature article we can always find many that concern us and our locality.

Niagara Falls

Personally-Conducted Excursion

June 27, July 11, 25, August 8, 22, September 5, 19, October 3, 1913

LIKE A TRIP ABROAD

Round \$10.60 Trip

FROM NEWARK

SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches, running via the Picturesque Susquehanna Valley Route

Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS. Stop-off at Buffalo within limit and at Harrisburg for ten days, not exceeding final limit, allowed returning.

Illustrated booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents, or Wm. Fiedler, Jr., Division Passenger Agent, N. E. Cor. Baltimore and Calvert Streets, Baltimore, Md.

Pennsylvania R. R.

A Personal Invitation

We desire to make this a PERSONAL INVITATION to you to come and inspect our line of Men's and Boy's Clothing, Furnishings, &c., for spring and summer wear.

Consider it a PERSONAL invitation quite as much as if we were taking you by the hand and talking face to face.

Our line of spring and summer goods is very complete and very attractive. Measured by stocks as offered in other large stores we believe you will be able to make comparisons in our favor.

Not alone is the assortment large, but every garment has been selected with the utmost care, and with due regard to the desire of the man who likes to dress well at a moderate cost.

We are showing a splendid line of Suits and Overcoats for boys—the kind that will please the boys as well as the parents. Come and see us.

WRIGHT'S

Clothing and Furnishings For Men and Boys Market and Eighth Sts. WILMINGTON

There are articles and illustrations from all the world, stories by the best authors, jokes, cartoons, fashion and household news—everything that goes to make "good" reading.

That's why we think the "Sunday Record" unsurpassed at any price, though it costs only three cents.

—Adv.

DELAWARE COLLEGE
NEWARK, DELAWARE

Entrance Examinations, Tuesday and Wednesday, September 9 and 10, 1913.

COLLEGE OPENS
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1913

GEO. A. HARTER,
President.

BALTIMORE & OHIO

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS TO

NIAGARA FALLS

\$10.60

ROUND TRIP FROM
NEWARK, DEL.

July 4, 18, August 1, 15 and 29, September 12, 26 and October 10

TICKETS GOOD 15 DAYS
LIBERAL STOP-OVERS
ON RETURN TRIP

CONSULT TICKET AGENT FOR FULL PARTICULARS

WILSON

Funeral Director

Prompt and personal attention
Tent At Cemetery

Appointments the Best
PICTURE FRAMING
Upholstering and Repairing

CLOCK, WATCH AND
JEWELRY REPAIRING

Watches and Clocks that need repairing should be brought in now
We promise most careful attention and the very lowest prices which such attention will justify

ANDREW J. SENTMAN

Upper Deandale NEWARK, DELAWARE

Kennard & Co.

Come to Wilmington

For years we have believed that the time would come when Wilmington's stores would be able to impress themselves on the buyers of the many towns throughout the state.

For ourselves we see a constantly increased patronage from those who formerly passed us by. With the railroads giving stop over privileges to Wilmington, with increased advertising and with a better understanding of each other gained by closer contact, we believe that the mutual advantage of shopping in Wilmington will be recognized.

One thing above all, we have always advanced in our out-of-town papers, and that is—Support your local merchants whenever you can, but if obliged to deal elsewhere come to Wilmington.

This store can serve you most acceptably in anything in the better and more distinctive lines of dry goods and ready-to-wear garments.

We make no charge for needed garment alterations.

Free delivery to all points.

Kennard & Co.

621-23 Market Street

WILMINGTON - - - DEL.

Newark, Del., June 24, 1913.

The National Bank of Newark, located at Newark, in the State of Delaware, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.

J. WILKINS COOCH, President.

HENRY EDWIN VINSINGER, Cashier.

The Farmers' Trust Company of Newark has succeeded The National Bank of Newark, having purchased the assets and assumed the liabilities of said The National Bank of Newark, and the business will be continued by the Farmers' Trust Company of Newark.

Any Person Desiring the Services of An Amanuensis or Bookkeeper, Permanent or Substitute, will Please Communicate With the Commercial Department of the Newark High School or with

MR. R. F. FRIEDEL

WARNING

It has come to our knowledge that some one is traveling round Newark and vicinity, claiming to represent the Millard F. Davis, Optical Department, taking orders and cash when he can.

WE HAVE NOT AND NEVER HAVE had anyone going from house to house or town to town, soliciting trade, representing us and anyone doing so is a fraud and imposter, besides violating THE OPTOMETRY LAW OF DELAWARE.

If the party is caught, he will be promptly prosecuted for misrepresentation.

We shall appreciate any further information given us.

MILLARD F. DAVIS

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

9-11 E. 2nd St., Market and 10th St., WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

DELAWARE'S PART IN BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG

The part that Delaware played in the Battle of Gettysburg is graphically told in "The History of the First Regiment of Delaware Volunteer Infantry," written by Rev. Thomas G. Murphy, chaplain of the regiment.

His chapter on this subject follows:

THE GREAT BATTLE.

On the 1st of July we bivouacked within three miles of Gettysburg, with orders to move at an early hour in the morning. Before it was quite light on the morning of the 2d, the Second Corps was again put in motion and marched to take position in the center of the line of battle. The corps was on the left of Cemetery Hill. The First Delaware had a position on the south side of the Emmitsburg road, and near a young apple orchard and group of trees to the left of Cemetery Hill. Opposite them on the north side of the turnpike was a large barn on which they charged, drove out the Rebel sharpshooters, and then burned it. Colonel Thomas A. Smyth commanded the Brigade and Lieutenant-Colonel E. P. Harris the Regiment. During the day our line fell back by order, and as they retired Captain M. W. B. Ellegood was mortally wounded and fell on the field. As the enemy's line passed over, a Rebel soldier seeing the captain not yet dead, raised his musket to bayonet him, but his commanding officer called on him to desist and threatened to run him thru if he ever knew him to injure a wounded or fallen foe.

Captain Ellegood was a conscientious soldier, and fought from a sense of duty. But few dreaded a battle more than he, none entered more promptly or fought better, when duty called him into action. Previous to the battle of Gettysburg he had escaped without the least injury, tho his clothing had often been pierced. Besides being a brave soldier he was a good Christian man. He knew from the first that his wound was mortal, and waited with patience and resignation for the end to come. When asked what was his hope for the future, he replied that he was all right—that his peace with God was made. He had not put off preparation for death to a dying day, but had long been a constant member of the Methodist Church.

BRAVE LIEUTENANT KILLED

Lieutenant William Smyth of Company A, having taken a captured flag to headquarters, was returning to his command when he was killed. He had not long been a commissioned officer, but he gave good promise of becoming one of the best in the Regiment.

During the engagement, another regiment was detailed as skirmishers who, not being well skilled in that duty, suffered severely. They were relieved by the First Delaware who, maneuvering so as to take advantage of any inequalities of the ground, sustained but little loss. The battle continued all day with great violence. Our lines wavered, swayed and trembled, and it seemed that they could bear no more. The Rebels were throwing their whole force against them. On the left, near Round Top Mountain, there were serious apprehensions that we could not hold our ground, and orders were given detailing certain medical officers to remain with the wounded if it should be necessary to fall back. The barn in which the surgeons were operating was struck by a solid shot, and another wounded a horse standing near. All apprehension was allayed by the arrival of another corps and reinforcements sent from the right. On this and the following day our position was good and the form of our line advantageous. We held the hills south and west of Gettysburg, including Cemetery Hill, our line being somewhat in the form of a semicircle, so that either the right or left could be quickly reinforced by the other. At the close of the day, the battle being over, one inquired of another as to the result of the fighting. Nothing seemed to have been gained or lost as to advantage, and we rested that night where and as we could, anxiously awaiting the result of the next day.

On the 3d the fighting commenced early, continued with great violence all day, and closed disastrously to our enemies. They had attacked our lines repeatedly in various, if not all points, and in every instance were repulsed. It was not generally known how decidedly the enemy were whipped till the morning of the 4th, when it was known that they were retreating and we began to bury their dead, gather in their wounded, and count the prisoners. The fruits of the battles on the 1st, 2d and 3d of July, 1863, at Gettysburg, were appalling. Although the official reports were compared, the numbers of killed,

wounded and prisoners were not greatly unequal, the fact of a decided Union victory was admitted on all hands, and, notwithstanding our losses and grief on account of them, all loyal hearts were cheered. On the morning of the 4th the pursuit of the retreating foe was commenced, and strong hopes were entertained that they could not recross the Potomac.

HEAVY RAIN STRENGTHENED HOPE

A heavy rain which fell, swelling the river, strengthened these hopes. They had re-crossed it after the battle of Antietam, but that, it was said, was the fault of the commanding general. They could not escape this time, it was confidently asserted. But they did recross, and that too, in the face of difficulties not less than they encountered in September, 1862.

The disappointment of the loyal people was intense, and many yet wonder why it was permitted, especially with former examples before us. There may be those who know, we do not. Some who excuse General Meade, exculpate General Meade. After the battle of Antietam General Meade's army rested till September 1st, and then moved on to Warrenton, where he was relieved and General Burnside succeeded him.

General Meade, after the battle of Gettysburg, followed the enemy to the neighborhood of Warrenton—and his army rested till September 1st. The First Delaware, with the Third Brigade, were encamped at Bristolburg, where we remained till September 18, when we marched to Elk Run. On August the 31st we marched to Harford Church, in the neighborhood of Falmouth, to support Kilpatrick's cavalry making a reconnaissance, and on the 3d returned to camp near Elkton.

On the third day of the battle the hospitals were removed to the rear. When we were nearly thru loading the ambulances and sending off those who could walk, there burst over and around the barn, in which our division wounded were, a terrible storm of shells.

Men who had seemed utterly unable to move aroused themselves, and crawled to some other place, as they supposed, of safety, or at least of less danger. Horsemen, footmen and wagons rushed wildly across the field, or down the road, under cover of the hill in the place of danger, rather than out of it. The confusion, haste and alarm of each one alarmed the rest, and altogether the scene was both amusing and frightful.

SHELLING ENDANGERED HOSPITAL

The shelling endangering the hospital, did not last long, and appeared to be the result of the concentrated fire upon our batteries on Cemetery Hill. Yet, for several hours the shells came howling over the hill and falling in the field. Before night all the wounded were removed to our new place on Rock Creek. All that night, and the day and night following, our ambulances were busy bringing in the wounded. When, finally, all were in, the little grove, containing some two or three acres, was literally filled with the victims of the demons—treason—rebellion—war.

Such a spirit, and such practices, could not be tolerated in a well regulated hospital, and an order was issued that nothing should be carried to the wounded of either party by their friends, and everything was deposited in the storehouse to be distributed indiscriminately by authorized persons. The only distinction discoverable on the part of the surgeons was that they attended to the worst cases first, whether they were Federal or Confederate, giving the preference to our own when the cases were equally urgent.

CHRISTIANS IN BOTH ARMIES

Some, in their intemperate zeal in a good cause, have denied that there could be found piety or religion in a Rebel, but I am not the only one who has remarked that there was found among the Confederates as large a proportion of Christian men as in our own army. It is the duty of every one to respect and honor those who righteously rule over us and to support the legal government under which he lives. But loyalty is not religion and the rebellion against a good constitutional government is sinful and incompatible with true piety, yet where and who is the Christian man thoroly loyal to his God? And if a man may be a Christian tho not sinless, or in all things obedient, may not another be a Christian tho a political heretic?

I had the opportunity of seeing and conversing with many Confed-

erate officers and men, many of them expressed their gratitude and surprise upon receiving the kindness which was shown them. It far exceeded what they expected. There were among them some stiff Rebels who stood up for "their rights" with boldness. In conversation with one of them he alluded to the emancipation proclamation and the enlistment of negro soldiers, and asked me if Delawareans were not ashamed of those measures. I told him we were not, that the some were opposed to them because they feared they were impolitic, as soon as they became a part of the settled policy of the government, they were generally concurred in, as we intended to give every means a fair trial for the entire overthrow of the rebellion. He replied that our professed object was to defend the Union and not to abolish slavery. So it is, said I. The proclamation is not directed against slavery but the rebellion, except so far as the former is sustained by the latter. Slavery was not abolished in loyal slave states, nor even in loyal portions of seceded states. If they had not formally enlisted negroes, they had done and were doing the same thing in effect, for they employed them to drive their teams, haul their cannons, and work on their fortifications, thus relieving their soldiers, and in that way reinforcing their army with fighting men.

FIGHT VS. ARGUMENT.

Our conversation had become quite earnest and animated. He at length said:

"You (at the North) are always arguing."

"What would you have?" I asked, "I thought you wanted to discuss these questions."

"No!" said he, with some impatience.

"What then?" I asked.

"Fight it out," said he.

"Agreed," I replied, "but remember we are as determined as you are to fight to a successful issue, and we have the men and guns."

I had been urging the uselessness and inhumanity of continuing the contest, and charged upon them the real authorship of war, which he did not deny. Some admitted it, and blamed South Carolina for it. Others even boasted that they fired the first gun and commenced the war.

By the first of August most of the division hospitals were broken up, and a general hospital established. Assistant Surgeon J. W. McEnlough and I, who had been detailed to remain with the wounded, were relieved and left to rejoin our Regiment at Bristolburg, Virginia.

Most of the Federal soldiers were, in a measure, protected from the rain, in shelter tents, which they brought with them, or had picked up by their comrades and friends for that purpose.

But the Confederates were unsheltered. Men and officers were laid on the wet ground with nothing under or over them. They lay so close that in passing from one to another to try to do something for them, great care was necessary not to step on them, and their imploring calls for relief or shelter were distressing, for our supplies were limited.

The railroad communication from Baltimore was interrupted, and our wagon trains were far in the rear, lest they might be captured. The battle was a desperate one. Our men fought against superior numbers with a courage worthy of their cause; and the Confederates fought as if victory then and there would secure for them all they sought—foreign recognition, independence and the overthrow of the Federal Government. But the fourth of July witnessed them in full retreat to the Potomac, hotly pursued by our victorious army. Every available man was required to follow up the fleeing foe. Only a few of the medical officers were left with the wounded—too few but for the volunteer doctors and civilians who came promptly to our assistance.

STORES FOR WOUNDED.

We were gratified on Sunday morning the 5th, to find friends with stores for the wounded. Commissioners from the Christian Commission, and volunteer aid societies and individuals, some of whom had harnessed their teams and driven thirty or forty miles, were there with food and clothing. In a few days hundreds of co-workers came with ample provisions. The surgeons were busy many days and nights at the operating tables, whilst others were constantly employed dressing wounds, or ministering to the comfort of all who required their services. Among the most useful were married and single ladies, who, prompted by the goodness of their hearts, came from their comfortable homes to undergo the discomforts and toil of a field hospital to relieve the sufferers. Many a blessing was invoked on them for their kindness. Too much

praise can not be awarded to them for their aid and sympathy. If there were not so many who deserved to be praised for their services, I should like to name some who were like ministering angels in the tents of the wounded.

As soon as the railroads were repaired, those whose wounds permitted their removal were sent off to general hospitals, and thus more time was allowed to bad cases. The mortality, especially among the Confederates, was very great for several days after the battle. The surgeon in charge of our Division Hospital assigned to me the duty of burying the dead. An idea of the scarcity of assistance and of the mortality may be inferred from the fact that, altho every effort in our power was made to inter the dead, they accumulated and lay for days unburied. At length we were obliged to call in assistance from another Division Hospital. Until the army moved the chaplains of the various regiments remained with their wounded. We distributed the ground, and each chaplain gave his special attention to the wounded of his own regiment, and to those of other regiments having no chaplain being nearest to his own. By this systematic and working each for his own first and then for others, all were as far as practical, well cared for. There was not a wounded man of the First Delaware who was not provided for and made comfortable. The detail of citizens who came from Wilmington, rendered valuable aid. But to the Christian Commission, for kind and faithful nursing, the soldiers were especially indebted, for without their assistance and supplies it would not have been possible for us to give the necessary attention to the wounded. They, no doubt, saved many lives.

ALL SUFFERERS AIDED.

The Sanitary Commission poured out their stores of clothing and food as if they had the inexhaustible stock of the loyal North to draw from. Various aid societies, independent associations, and individuals were indefatigable among the wounded. The best spirit seemed to animate the great majority of those who came with their stores and willing hands to work for the sufferers.

Some of the Baltimoreans who came were among the most efficient and helpful. They worked for Federal and Confederate wounded without distinction. When ever, wherever and to whomsoever they could do anything to relieve suffering they were willing and prompt to do it. There were others whose sympathies were for the Confederates alone, and gave all they brought to them, and did nothing for others.

We had a corresponding class from Philadelphia, who declared they would not give a cup of tea to a Rebel to save his life. These formed a very small portion of the Philadelphiaans who were there, and in spirit were very different and contrary to the large delegation from that loyal city.

A number of residents of the town have organized the Elkton Realty Company with a capital of \$10,000, of which \$3,500 has been paid in, to promote the locating of industries.

Cool farmers report better yields as a rule from their late than from their early sowings of wheat.

CLEAN UP---PAINT UP



Use Only
GUARANTEED
Paint on your House

That's the Slogan
for up-to-date towns
Today

Clean Up---Paint Up Means Felton, Selby & Co.

The Reason I Sell **FS** Paint Is Because

It Means **QUALITY** with a Real Guarantee of
Durability. Not An Ordinary Good paint but
One That Holds Its Lustre and Wears Well.

If you Study the Paint Question, I am
sure to Get The Order. So All I Ask You To
Do is to Investigate and Inquire of Those Who
Have used the **QUALITY** and **DURABILITY**.

STOP IN AND LET US TALK IT OVER

In your Spring Clean-up, a little Enamel
for the Bath Room or Stains for the Floor will
Tone up the Whole House for Summer.

CLEAN UP---THEN PAINT UP

Here's the Paint at

THOMAS POTTS

NEWARK,

DELAWARE

The ROYAL STANDARD TYPEWRITER

—IS—

GUANANTEED!

THE NEW MODEL No. 5 ROYAL comes to you with the unconditional guarantee that it will do highest grade work for a longer time at less upkeep expense than machines usually listed at 33 1-3 per cent. higher in price.

THIS GUARANTEE IS ACTUALLY ATTACHED TO EVERY NEW MODEL ROYAL JUST AS YOU SEE IT IN THE ILLUSTRATION.

Back of this guarantee are the resources and experience of one of the largest and most important typewriter manufacturing concerns in the world. Do you think we would dare make such a guarantee if we did not know that the ROYAL has the simplicity and durability to outclass any other machine?

NEW MODEL

THE NEW No. 5 ROYAL (latest model of any typewriter on the market) has two-color ribbon, tabulator, back-spacer and all the worth-while features of the highest priced machines—yet sells for only \$75.

ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE

Write at once for our handsome 32-page "ROYAL BOOK" and get the facts about the

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY

904 WALNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA, PA.



MEMBERS
Mayor—J. H. Hoo
Eastern District—
Joseph Lutton.
Middle District—
Western District—
Wilson.
Secretary and Treas
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From Avondale

From Landenberg
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RURAL
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BOARD

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Vice President—
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Secretary—W. H.

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DIRECTORY

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

Mayor—J. H. Hossinger.
Warders—District—Robert B. Morrison, Joseph Lutton.
Middle District—G. Pader, W. H. Barton.
Western District—E. B. Frazer, E. C. Wilson.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. B. Herdman.
Meeting of Council—1st Monday night of every month.

Newark Postoffice

MAILS DUE
From points South and South-east
 7.00 a. m.
 10.30 a. m.
 3.30 p. m.
From points North and West
 7.00 a. m.
 8.45 a. m.
 9.30 a. m.
 11.30 a. m.
From Kemblesville and Strickersville
 7.45 a. m.
 4.15 p. m.
From Avondale
 11.45 a. m.
 6.30 p. m.
From Landenberg
 11.45 p. m.
From Cooch's Bridge
 8.35 a. m.
 6.00 p. m.

MAILS CLOSE
For points South and West
 8 a. m.
 10.55 a. m.
 4.30 p. m.
 8 p. m.
For points North, East and West
 8.45 a. m.
 9.00 a. m.
 9.45 a. m.
 2.30 p. m.
 4.30 p. m.
 8.00 p. m.
For Kemblesville and Strickersville
 9.45 a. m.
 6.00 p. m.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY
 8.00 a. m.
 3 p. m.

BOARD OF TRADE

President—D. C. Rose.
Vice-President—Jacob Thomas.
Treasurer—Edward W. Cooch.
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COMMITTEES

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 H. G. M. Kollock
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 C. A. Short
 H. W. McNeal
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 W. T. Wilson
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Lawlessness In West Virginia

Engrossed as we are in our various occupations, it would seem that the grave reports contained in the news columns within the past few days have not presented themselves in their proper guise to our American ideas of freedom. The startling disclosures in the West Virginia situation and the conviction of Editor Scott in New Jersey should cause every liberty-loving citizen, proud of his country and jealous of his inalienable rights under the Constitution to gasp in amazement and incredulity as he reads of the ruthless trampling upon two of the principal supports of liberty of the person, the right of trial by jury and the right of free speech.

In West Virginia, martial law had been declared, yet the regular State Courts remained open. A military commission simply stepped in and assumed coeval jurisdiction. The very essence of martial law pre-supposes a state of insurrection, and the establishment of military courts follows the suspension of the State courts. The action of the military commission was clearly an usurpation from beginning to end, and a flagrant violation of the Constitution. Not only is this evident from the language of the Constitution, but the law was laid down expressly by Justice Davis of the Supreme Court in *Milligan vs. U. S.* as follows:

"A citizen, not connected with the military service, and resident in a State where the courts are all open and in the proper exercise of their jurisdiction, cannot, even when the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus is suspended, be tried convicted or sentenced otherwise than by the ordinary courts of law."

Yet the members of this commission explain, that because martial law had been declared, they assumed the Constitution and its guarantees had been suspended, although the guarantee of trial by jury contained in the Constitution was intended for a state of war as well as a state of peace, and is equally binding at all times and places. And under this gross misinterpretation, with the State courts wide open and ready for business, they dispensed with legal forms, pronounced their decrees in secret session, and sentenced men, in some cases, to punishments far greater than prescribed in the statute law. And they crowned their baleful record by inventing new

Legislature
 J. P. Armstrong
 H. B. Wright
 Wm. H. Taylor
Membership
 P. M. Sherwood
 John Pilling

BOARD OF EDUCATION

President—Edward L. Richards.
Secretary and Treasurer—Dr. J. S. Gillilan.
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NEWARK TOWN LIBRARY

The Library will be opened:
Monday 3 to 5.45 p. m.
Tuesday 9 to 12 m.
Friday 3 to 5.45 p. m.
Saturday 9 to 12 m.
 7 to 9 p. m.

BANKS

NATIONAL BANK. Meeting of Directors every Tuesday morning.
NEWARK TRUST CO. Meeting of Directors every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
Secretary—W. H. Taylor.
 Meeting first Tuesday night of each month.

LODGE MEETINGS

OPERA HOUSE
Monday—Knights of Pythias, or K. of P., 7.30 p. m.
Tuesday—Improved Order of Red Men, 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday—Heptasophs, or S. W. M., 7.30 p. m.
Thursday—Ladies' Circle, S. W. M., 7.30 p. m.
Friday—Modern Woodmen of America, No. 10170, 7.30 p. m.

ODD FELLOWS' HALL

Monday—Jr. Order American Mechanics, 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday—1st and 3rd of every month, White Clay Camp, No. 5, Woodmen of the World.
Thursday—I. O. O. F., 7.30 p. m.
Saturday—Knights of Golden Eagle, 7.30 p. m.

FIRE ALARMS

In case of fire call the following numbers in succession:

27 D
 99 A
 33 D
 172
 31 D

By order of
 Fire Chief WILSON.

Farewell Surprise

A surprise and farewell party was given George W. Alleorn at home near Newark, Thursday evening, June 26, 13. A pleasant evening was spent in playing games. At a late hour the guests were invited to the dining room where refreshments were served.

Those present were as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Alleorn, Mrs. Heston Crossan, Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Longlake, Mrs. Flo. Brown, Misses Margaret Crossan, Nancy Gregson, Mary Mercer, Marguerite Crowe, Mary Mote, Essie Anderson, Lydia Gregg, Mazie Crossan, Myrtle Campbell, Mary Leag, Pearl Gregg, Violet McDowell.

Messrs. Griffith Moore, Harvey and George Crossan, Robert Gregson, Henry Mote, Paul Bedford, Marion Draper, Thomas Anderson, Frank Mackie, Will Fitzsimmons, Fred and Leo Wassmer, Harvey Longlake, Richard McDowell, Robert Edge, Ernest Spence, Elmer Minner, William Ellison, Ralph Jones, John Stoops, Ralph Freeman, Leon Cowden, Hamilton and Irving Crowe, James B. Frazer, Ralph H. Hill, Morris Minner, Sylvester Whirlow, Harry Lloyd, Harvey Fulton, Harlan Walker, Alfred Crowe, George Alleorn, Thomas Anderson, Leon Major, Heister Sanders, Reese Truitt, Raymond William, Harford White, Fred Jones, Ernest Kennedy.

EVERY WORKING DAY

this month we will save you a lot of money on men's and boys' clothing.

New Flannel Trousers, \$4 to \$5.

New Duck Trousers, \$1 to \$2.

New Khaki Trousers, \$1 to \$2.50.

Khaki Norfolk, \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Blue Serge Norfolk, \$6.

Norfolk and Trousers, \$12 to \$20.

Grey Homespun, \$12 to \$20.

Grey Suits, \$10 to \$25.

Straw Hats, \$1 to \$5.

Genuine Panamas, \$5 to \$10.

Summer Shirts, 50c to \$3.50.

Pure Silks, \$2.50 to \$5.

They are right in Style, Quality and Price when you get them here.

MULLIN'S
 6th AND MARKET
 WILMINGTON

Biggest Because Best
 Clothing Hats Shoes

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American
 A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$1 a year, four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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A Serious Obstacle to Good Telephone Service

Get the right number—don't guess.

Perhaps you occasionally get the wrong number when you make a telephone call. Do you blame the Telephone Company?

Now is there any chance that you were wrong?

Many mis-directed calls are due to the subscriber speaking indistinctly or calling the wrong number. Memory cannot always be trusted.

When calling, speak distinctly, giving each figure of the number with clear enunciation.

And—first, last and always—consult the current issue of the Bell Directory.

See if this doesn't help.

The Bell System



NOTES FROM McNEAL'S

PRICE OF ICE

10 pounds Daily, 56 cents per week
 15 to 50 " " 75 cents per 100 lbs.
 100 to 200 " " 65 " " "
 500 pounds @ 1 Delivery 60 " " "

Any one wishing to serve the town I will give the use of my Ice House on B. & O. and furnish Ice in car lots at 35¢ per 100 lbs. R. R. Wilmington.

H. WARNER McNEAL

Newark, Del. W. H. Comer.

FOR SUMMER FEEDING

We have Choice Western Oats, Cracked Corn, Hominy Meal, Hammond Dairy Feed, Choice Bran and Middlings—all bought in Car Load Lots and offered at lowest Prices. Hominy Meal is Good Feed for any stock and much cheaper than corn.

We offer Malt Sprouts at \$6 per ton below best winter's average selling price. They are a good buy for any one who can use them.

CERESOTA FLOUR—\$3.00 PER 1-2 BBL. SACK

That the Real Value of Baugh's Fertilizers is recognized by the farmers of this neighborhood is evidenced by the large trade that came to us last Spring with practically no solicitation. Their value and reliability is unquestioned. Why buy anything that comes along, to be hauled out of car, when for as little and often less, you can get Baugh's out of our warehouse, just when it suits you to haul.

Let us figure on your requirements—you will find it worth while.

Try SAL-VET, the the Great Stock Conditioner, recommended by Mr. L. H. Cooch and many others, and guaranteed to please.

Edw. L. Richards

Trust Department

SPECIAL OFFERS

FIRE INSURANCE

SPECIAL RATES—STANARD STOCK COMPANIES

NO ASSESSMENTS LICENCED IN DELAWARE

Make Inquires Get the Best

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY

FIDELITY BONDS

American Surety of N. Y. Fidelity Deposit Co. Baltimore, Md.

FOR SALE AND RENT

FOR SALE

DWELLINGS FOR SALE—12-Rooms, and Other Buildings, 90 ft. Front on Main Street, Price \$5,500.

LOTS FOR SALE—

Both sides Depot Road. Terms and Prices to suit Purchaser.

Business Stand, Main St.

SPECIAL

15 Acre Farm, New Buildings, at Newark Depot, P. B. & W. R. R., Small Fruits—A Desirable Home. Easy terms.

FOR RENT

Newark Trust and Safe Deposit Co.

The Automatic Vacuum Cleaner CAN'T BE BEAT

THE CLEANER FOR THE HOUSE WITHOUT ELECTRIC CURRENT

I will be pleased to demonstrate the Automatic to any one Interested. SHALL I CALL?

Address **H. A. DAYETT**
 LANDENBERG PENNSYLVANIA

CHAPMAN

SERVICE BASED ON
QUALITY AND ECONOMY

CHAPMAN



A Trial will Convince the
Most Skeptical of the True
Value We Offer in Shoes.
Women's and Children's
Buttressed Blucher
White, Tan and Black
Oxford and High Cut

We are headquarters for
LADIES' UNDERWEAR
Gowns V Shaped or Square
Neck Embroidery, Insertion,
Elaborately Trimmed or plain,
50¢ to \$1.00



THE P. N. CORSET
Every Pair Guaranteed to
Shape Fashionably, to
Fit Comfortably, and
Outwear Any Corset
of Any Other Make,
This is the Whole Story of
The P. N. Corset
Price, 50¢, 75¢, \$1 and \$1.50

**CORSET COVERS
AND
BRASSIERES**
Special Line Being
Offered This Week
15¢, 18¢, 25¢ and 50¢.



CHAPMAN'S

OPPOSITE B. & O. STATION
NEWARK, - - DELAWARE



\$2 PETTICOATS \$1
Klofitt Heatherbloom
White Petticoats Trimmed
with Embroidery & Lace
75¢, \$1.00 up to \$2.50
\$5 SILK PETTICOATS \$3.98
\$4 " " \$2.98



LADIES' VESTS
Comfortable Fit
Short,
Long and
No Sleeve
High, V, and Low
Neck
5¢ to 50¢

DRESS GOODS
VOILES 15¢ and 25¢ CORDROY 30¢ and 35¢
LINEN 25¢ and 50¢ DIAGONAL SERGE NAVY 15¢
Copenhagen Brown and Gray
Long Black and White Silk Gloss 25¢, 50¢ and \$1.00



Messalines All New Shades Ball Trimmings
Finishing Braids in Silk
All New Embroideries All New Lace
SPECIAL
Pure Linen Lace for Underwear 1 to 3 inches wide, 5¢ per yard
Beautiful Line of Curtain Draperies
Glass Buttons for Trimming
White Crochet and Pearl Buttons

CHAPMAN'S BRANCH
STILTZ BUILDING
NEWARK, - DELAWARE

VOTE FOR
WOMEN IF
THEY WEAR
CHAPMAN'S
SHOES



**LACE AND
LINEN COLLARS**

SILK HOSIERY
\$1.50 Kind for \$1.00
75¢ " " 50¢
Excellent Values in Cotton at
121-2¢, 15¢ and 25¢



SWISS AND HAMBURG
Embroideries,
Edge and
Bandings
5¢ to 50¢

**Don't Forget
OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT**
AGENTS FOR
Chase and Sanborns' Coffee, Mocha and Java
Also The Astor House and Montana
New Crop N. O. Molasses at 65¢ per Gallon
No. 2 and 3 Fat Mackerel, Try Them
Full Line of Dried Fruits, Can Goods, etc.
We Aim to Carry Only the BEST in This Line
AND GUARANTEE BOTTOM PRICES

CHAPMAN'S
OPPOSITE B. & O. STATION

CHAPMAN

Buy at Home

CHAPMAN

Here and There

Herbert Morgan has been chosen second Lieutenant of Company E, First Regiment M. N. G. of Elkton. He is a son of Major John A. Morgan, formerly Captain of the Company.

Many of the cattle grazing on the marsh land in Slaughter Neck, Sussex county, were bitten by a rabid dog some time ago and are now said to be affected with hydrophobia.

Judges Pennewill, Conrad and Wooley will preside at the September and Judges Pennewill, Boyce and Rice at the November term of New Castle county court.

Mrs. Henry Ridgely of Dover, has been chosen President and Mrs. J. Ernest Smith of Wilmington, Secretary-Treasurer of the new State Archives Commission and will begin work with the publication of the records of the War of 1812.

Recent heavy rains, it is reported, caused much of the newly cut wheat in Kent county to mold in the shock, and in many fields the stalks were beaten so flat as to render cutting very difficult.

All traces of Charles J. Pennock the aged tax collector and former Burgess of Kennett Square and well-known as State Ornithologist of Delaware, who disappeared several weeks ago, have been lost. It is stated that his official accounts show a shortage of \$2,000 in borough and school taxes and water rents, but, it is thought, to failing to make entries rather than to fraudulent intent. His relatives now have little if any hope of learning his fate.

KEMBLESVILLE

Mr. Wm. Boothin and mother visited friends and relatives in Harrisburg, Pa., the past week.

Mr. Clyde Baylis of Reading is spending a few days with his parents.

Miss Isabel Steele is visiting with the Misses Florence and Grace West.

Several from this vicinity contemplate taking in the sights at Gettysburg on the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Bunting of Appleton called on Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Pratt on Sunday.

Mr. C. T. Richards made a business trip to New York on Monday.

PLEASANT HILL

Lewis and Addie Lee of Strickersville, Pa., and Louisa Baldwin were Sunday guests of Miss Nellie Vansant.

Mr. Pressley Goughgan of Delaware City was a recent visitor of Mr. Frank V. Whiteman and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Cloud entertained on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Frank Eastburn of Red Mills and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Appleby of near New Castle.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Pyle and Mrs. Eli Crozier of Kennett Square, Pa., were recent guests at the home of Mr. Allan Buckingham and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stinson had as their Sunday guests Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Campbell and daughter Edna of Newark and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Eastburn and daughter Ira of Red Mills.

Thiff and Eleanor Whiteman of Washington, D. C., are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Harold and Elizabeth Little of Fairview were Sunday visitors at the home of John E. Buckingham.

Messrs. R. G. Buckingham, J. B. Moore, O. W. Eastburn, Henry Jacobs, members of Reynolds Post, No. 9, G. A. R., all of this vicinity, are attending the Fiftieth Anniversary of the battle at Gettysburg, Pa.

Mr. J. David Jaquette and family of Newark, spent Sunday at

the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Elliott.

Miss Ethel Prettyman is spending her vacation with her brother, Rev. Edgar Prettyman and family.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Dempsey of Marmad, Del., were Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. Ella Baldwin.

Wilson Favors Good Roads

President-elect Wilson in many public addresses has voiced his belief in the wisdom of national improvement of means of communication, and particularly of roads, to which he specifically referred in his address at the American Road congress at Atlantic City, on that occasion saying among other things:

"A nation is bound together by its means of communication; and its means of communication create its thought."

"We must more and more engage the government in providing the general facilities of the common life. There is no break in that any of our older understanding of the functions of government. We have never doubted that the government had the right to supply these facilities which private endeavor has never been expected to supply. Therefore we are not upon a new ground of theory; we are merely upon a new ground of tactics."

"The question of highways is one of the few great instrumentalities of our public and our communal life with which the government is of necessity connected. I see that we must do what we have been backward in doing as compared with other nations."

"I tell you frankly my interest in good roads is not merely an interest in the pleasure of riding in automobiles. It is not merely an interest in the much more important matter of affording farmers of this country and residents in villages means of ready access to such neighboring markets as they need for economic benefit, but it is also the interest in weaving as complicated and elaborate a net of neighborhood and state and national opinion together as it is possible to weave. It is of the most fundamental importance that the United States should think in big pieces, should think together, should think ultimately as a whole, and I feel in my enthusiasm for good roads something of the old opposition that there always has

been in me to any kind of sectional feeling."

"I believe that it is the proper function of the government to see to it that the extension of all the varied modern knowledge, about characteristics of different soils, ought to be so extended, so carried everywhere to the farmer as to build up by the aid of the government thing that feels us, and ought to continue to feel the world, and whenever you speak of that, whenever you increase what the United States is doing, you must immediately increase the facilities of the United States for handling what it has made after it has made it. You cannot rationally increase the prosperity of this country, without increasing the road facilities of this country."—Ex.

Check Ravages Of Insects

A young crow will eat twice its weight of earthworms a day. Think of what this means to the gardener, young or old! In the crop of a night hawk were found 500 mosquitoes. That bird did the duty of ten score mosquitos. Think of the discomfort, to say nothing of the disease, he prevented.

In view of these facts one is almost willing to accept the statement of a well-known French scientist, who has asserted that without birds to check the ravages of insect pests human life would vanish from this planet in the space of nine years. But for the vegetation, the insects would perish; but for the insects, the birds would perish, and but for the birds vegetation would be destroyed. Nature has, therefore, formed a delicate balance of power which cannot be disturbed without bringing great loss and unhappiness to the world.—Home Progress Magazine.

Not Licked Yet

In response to an inquiry, if we are licked in our campaign for a Free Library, we are compelled to reply, "Yes, but at it again."

At the convention of the Federated Clubs, held recently at Dover, the Newark New Century Club is reported as saying, "Tax burdens make Free Library inexpedient at present." We imply from this that the idea has the approval of the Club and when they set out to do it, it will be done.

Although it is not in reality, necessarily a Club question. The

State aid comes to the local Board of Education or the Public School district and a Free Library can be started any time the tax payers so decide. The increase in tax necessary to take advantage of this State aid is so small that, to make it an issue, is amusing.

We are no relation to a prophet if the New Century Club does not make this one of their issues in the near future.

To our anxious inquirer, we can only say, "Every thing comes to him who waits—if he works while he waits."

SQUIBS

Ethically, of course, in the violation of the speed law, the price of the car should not figure—in practice see "on sting the little fellow."

We may be young—enthusiastic—dreamers, but here's a practical question: Suppose you had a fire—just suppose—and the Fire Company saved your property, would you not feel cheap if you had to think, "I gave neither money or service toward the Engine?"

Remember this Carnival is to purchase equipment to protect YOUR property. Help them out.

DELAWARE COLLEGE SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

JUNE 23 TO JULY 25, 1913

For Catalogue and Other Information Write to
GEO. A. HARTER, President

PLANTS FOR SALE

A full line
SWEET POTATO SPROUTS
EGG PLANTS
Summer and Kraut
CABBAGE PLANTS
All Ready

THESE PLANTS ARE EXCEPTIONALLY FINE
THIS YEAR

PHONE 56X

THE CROSSWAYS

VOLUME

BOLD

Plan Frust

The vigilante, the night, a confronted by other handie most likely one of those tempted robl made to bres ing of the F Main street, of the Newa it was ipped officer.

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Ordinary Order

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