

# The Newark Post

VOLUME XXIII

NEWARK, DELAWARE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1932

NUMBER 29

## Newark's Electric Rate Could Be Cut 50 Per Cent--But?

### TRICK SEEN IN REPUBLICAN DELEGATE ALLOCATING DISPUTE

Action of Old New Castle County Committee Seen Aimed at Governor Buck

An attempt to cripple the campaign of Governor C. Douglass Buck for re-election, on the Republican ticket is seen in a resolution of the New Castle County Committee adopted last Tuesday with regard to the allocation of delegates from this county to the Republican State Convention.

If the resolution stands, Republicans in Christiana Hundred, which is known to be strong for Governor Buck, would be represented by only one delegate, elected at an out-of-the-way polling place in that hundred.

The Republican party in Delaware is governed by a State Committee, which, it is contended, is limited to designating the number of delegates to the convention and to fixing the number to be allowed the convention districts.

If this contention is well-founded, it is pointed out, the 38 delegates from rural New Castle County can be assigned to districts arbitrarily. However, it seems to be the purpose of the State committee to have each district ward represented by at least one delegate. Distribution of the delegates is vested in the County Committee.

The present County Committee was elected in April but has never organized. The Hundred Committees elected at the same time, however, have been organized. When the new County Committee was elected, the old one ceased to exist and the rules it adopted cannot be applied to the next primary because they have not been adopted by the new committee. Therefore, the provision for delegates and other arrangements contained in the primary call of the State committee would stand. This would provide for allocation of delegates as in previous primaries.

The old County Committee, which, it is felt, no longer legally exists, disputed the authority of the State Committee in the situation.

### Betterton Yacht Club Regatta August 27 Will Attract Many Entries from This Section

Delaware river yachtsmen are expected to join with Chesapeake Bay fleets in swelling the array of craft in the Betterton, Md., harbor, August 27, when the second annual regatta of the Better Yacht Club will be held. Invitations have gone out to over a score of boats including organizations along the Delaware, many of whose boats seek a harbor at Betterton during the summer months.

The Miles River Yacht Club, Chesapeake Bay Yacht Club, Elk River, Md., North East, Havre de Grace, Chesapeake Bay Yacht Club of Kenton and others in Maryland are expected to send entries and spectators to the regatta. The regatta will be held on the 27th and 28th of August. The regatta will be held on the 27th and 28th of August. The regatta will be held on the 27th and 28th of August.

Last year hundreds lined the banks and most week the resort management anticipates a record attendance from the Delmarva Peninsula and large nearby cities, in addition to sportsmen and their guests, yachts and entries. Many hotel guests have already indicated they will remain at Betterton next week for the regatta and they include registrations from Washington, Baltimore, Wilmington and Philadelphia as well as from other Pennsylvania towns, New Jersey cities and Maryland and lower Delaware.

Commodore Howard Van Seiver of the Tri-State Yacht Club, a guest here during the summer, will take an active part in the management of the affair, as will officers of the Chester River Yacht Club. Events will start at 10 a. m. and conclude at 5 p. m., according to Commodore C. Franklin Storke, and will include races for International Star yachts, grilling skills, Chesapeake Bay log sailing canoes, cruisers, stock runabouts and on-board runabouts.

PAINTING BY G. W. GRIFFIN ON DISPLAY AT DENNISON'S GARAGE

A painting of the Welsh Tract Baptist Church is on display in the window of the Dennison Motor Co. Garage. This is one of a series of historical places and buildings that are being painted by G. W. Griffin for the Newark Public Schools.

FOREIGN STUDY GROUP ARRIVES IN GERMANY

The first German Foreign Study Group sponsored by the University of Delaware sailed from New York on July 20th and arrived at Hamburg on August 10th. After a pleasant and interesting visit in this city, the group went to Berlin where another day was spent sightseeing. From Berlin they proceeded to Munich where the students have entered upon their preliminary term work. On Tuesday, August 16th, the Mayor of Munich will entertain the members of the party at a reception.

DR. SWAN TO ATTEND CONVENTION AT DAVENPORT

The office of Dr. Swan will be closed for two weeks, or until September 6th, while the doctor is attending the Home Coming and Lyceum at his alma mater, the Palmer School of Chiropractic at Davenport, Iowa, where the past year's research work and latest ideas in the Chiropractic world will be given to the practitioners of this science in lectures and clinical demonstrations during the week. This is an annual event with the leading chiropractic colleges and the benefit derived from this short annual sojourn at the fountain head of chiropractic is of inestimable value to the Chiropractor. The doctor will return with much of the work he did while at school refreshed in his mind, as well as being able to give his patients the latest in chiropractic.

GARDEN CLUB MEETS FRIDAY

Members are urged to attend the meeting of the Newark Garden Club which will be held in the garden of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Daugherty, Friday evening, at seven o'clock, daylight saving time. Plans for the fall flower show will be discussed at this meeting.

### NEWARK'S LIGHT AND POWER RATE

#### EDITORIAL

The Newark Post, not pretending to be anything but Newark's home newspaper, has no ambition to fight the battles of Wilmington and the rest of New Castle County. But when the troubles of those localities are falsely confused with public issues in Newark, the Newark Post, as it always has in the past, intends to see that justice and truth prevail.

We feel it is our duty to correct certain erroneous impressions concerning electric power and light rates which another weekly published in this county has recently been attempting to circulate. That newspaper, after frankly admitting that some of its readers were so stupid that they believed the owners of the paper, themselves, had the power to fix light and power rates, proceeds to infer that rates in Newark are fixed by the Delaware Power and Light Company and are far too high.

As a matter of sheer fact, the Delaware Power and Light Company has nothing whatever to do with the rates charged for electric light and power in this town. Those rates are fixed by the Town Council, without influence from any other agency. The power is purchased wholesale from the Delaware Power and Light Company.

The Town Council then sells the power at retail to the citizens of Newark, charging rates which are not above average for rural communities and making a substantial profit on the transaction—almost 50 per cent. In 1931, on a power business of \$87,000, the Town of Newark made a profit of \$39,000, which anyone will admit is a good percentage for any transaction, commercial or civic.

Why, then, residents may ask, are not the rates lower in town? The answer is simple, to anyone who has canvassed the facts with a reasonable amount of intelligence: The profits made by the town on its electric power transactions are used to retire bonded indebtedness and for other public expenses. In 1931, the tax rate in Newark was \$1.10 on each \$100 of assessed valuation. Under this rate, the town collected \$31,000 out of \$33,000 owed it. Meanwhile, it made a profit of \$39,000 on the power transactions, or \$8000 more than it actually collected in taxes.

Now, if the town should sell to its citizens at cost the power which it purchases wholesale from the Delaware Power and Light Company, it is evident from the above figures that the tax rate would have to be more than doubled in order to meet the budget, which is now largely taken care of by the profits the Town makes from the sale of electric current.

There would be no advantage, then, in reducing the power rate in Newark. But there would be this disadvantage: When a commodity is obtained dirt cheap, it is human nature to waste it. By causing some of the town revenue to come in as payment for electric light bills, the Town puts a premium on thrift in the use of the current.

We have faith in the judgment of the Town Council in this arrangement. We feel that the Council's contract with the Delaware Power and Light Company is equitable for both parties and that, if it is possible to reduce this wholesale rate and still maintain fairness, the Town Council will do it. And, furthermore, when this is done, the benefits will be passed on to the citizens of Newark, either in the form of reduced electric light rates or reduced taxes.

The Newark Post has not been and shall never be allied either directly or indirectly with any power interests, nor have we any other interest in advancing the cause of power companies. But justice is justice and applies to a public utility as well as it does to the individual human being who goes about his business in this community, exercising his inalienable rights to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. If the Delaware Power and Light Company has been fair to Newark, we can see no reason for not admitting it just because the Delaware Power and Light Company happens to be a public utility!

(Continued on Page 5.)

### NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

We would appreciate all subscribers notifying this office immediately upon changing their address. This will avoid any delay in getting The Post to you and will save us a great deal of inconvenience as well as the Post Office.

### "THE PIRATES OF PENZANCE" TO BE GIVEN AT LONGWOOD

Operetta for Benefit of Delaware Unemployment Relief

ANOTHER double entertainment program has been announced for public enjoyment at Longwood Gardens, the estate of Mr. and Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont, near Kennett Square. This opportunity offers the presentation of the Gilbert & Sullivan operetta, "The Pirates of Penzance," by a Wilmington talent cast of 80, Frederick Wyatt, director, with staging in the Longwood Open-Air Theatre. The spotlight roles will be enacted by Miss Beth Meigs, Dr. T. Leigh Williams, Miss Janet Patterson, Miss Lois Kadel, Miss Marion Warner, Miss Jean McCaughan, Harry Hughes, Edmund Fuller and Gene Schmelling.

A display of the new electric water fountains will follow each stage performance, scheduled for August 31st and September 1st. The stage fountains, waterfall, quarry pool and curtains of water will also be shown.

In case of rain, the operetta will be staged in the conservatory.

Through the courtesy of Mr. and Mrs. Pierre S. du Pont the performances will be a benefit for the Delaware Unemployment Relief. William Winder Laird, Jr., and Miss Frances Swift Tatnall are in general charge of the affair.

### AETNA COMPANY TO TAKE PART IN STATE CONVENTION SHORTLY

Large Parade, With Many Visiting Delegations, Planned In Wilmington

The Aetna Fire Company of Newark will take part in the two-day convention of the Delaware State Firemen's Convention in Wilmington, September 21 and 22, the feature of which will be a large pageant in which at least 70 volunteer fire companies and 15 ladies auxiliaries will participate.

Plans for the pageant, which will be held on the second of the two days, were made yesterday at a meeting of the Convention Committee.

Nearly all of the 18 companies of this county, the hosts for the convention, have invited out-of-State fire companies to attend and take part in

the parade. The Chesapeake City and Chestertown, Md., companies will be the guests of the Mill Creek Company, of Marshallton, and will parade, accompanied by their auxiliaries, with a band and drum corps.

In addition to this, other companies from out-of-State which will attend are Berwyn, North Wales, Felton, Upper Darby, Colwyn and Chester, Hyland Park, Trenton, N. J., and Cape Charles, Va.

The convention sessions proper will be held in the du Pont-Biltmore Hotel beginning Wednesday, September 21. John N. Jordin, of Richardson Park, president of the State Association, will preside.

### HIJACKERS GET \$7000 LIQUOR LOAD NEAR HERE

Armed Thugs Hold Up Driver On Glasgow Road, Disappear

The story of how armed thugs hijacked a \$7,000 truck load of liquor on the Glasgow-Elkton road near here, was being pieced together yesterday and today.

The truck was driven off and has not been located. The driver who was held up, has also disappeared.

The hijacking occurred while the truck was passing through a wooded section two miles west of Glasgow. A car containing six armed men, pulled up alongside it and ordered the driver to stop and get down. Covering the driver with sawed off shotguns, they took him some distance down the road where they told him to enter the woods and gave him ten seconds to get out of sight.

While he fled into the woods, one of the thugs fired at him and he stumbled against a barbed wire fence,

severely cutting himself. Meanwhile, confederates of the hijackers drove the truck off in the direction of Elkton.

The driver, whose name was not learned, walked into Glasgow, where, it is said, he telephoned a Newark, N. J., number and informed some one of what had taken place.

After telephoning, he went to Wilmington, where it is believed he took a train for Newark, N. J. He said at the garage, that he thought the car containing the hijackers had trailed the truck all the way from Newark, N. J., and that he, himself, had been accompanied by an armed guard as far as Wilmington.

He also said he lost a gun and \$75 in the woods. The gun was found. He refused to report the incident to the police.

### SAYS VETS HAD DYNAMITE

Representative Johnson Declares He Can Prove It In Bonus Camp

Representative Royal C. Johnson, of South Dakota, said Tuesday night that at the proper time he would offer proof that "dynamite and caps, with guns and ammunition, were found in the bonus camp" at Washington.

Addressing an American Legion banquet at Lacrosse, Wis., Johnson, a Republican, a veteran himself, and former chairman of the House Veterans' Committee, blamed Communists for initiating and carrying out the siege on the Nation's Capital that resulted in rioting, bloodshed and death. Johnson, who left his seat in the House to enter the Army as an en-

listed man 14 years ago, said that with the facts before him, President Hoover could "do nothing else but call out the troops" to quell the riots that resulted in injuries to Washington police and death to two bonus marchers.

"The men responsible for the deaths," he continued, "are not some of the decent service men with this bonus army, but the Senators, Congressmen and others who incited and encouraged it when, if they knew anything, they knew Congress was not going to pass the full payment of the adjusted service certificates."

Dr. Rhodes, Friends to Attend Convention

Dr. George W. Rhodes, Dr. Wise of Dover, and Dr. Bosley, of Wilmington, will attend a convention of the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy in Toronto.

Dr. Rhodes, with his two companions, expect to be gone at least a week and will leave by train this Saturday evening.

MUSHROOM HOUSE BURNS IN ELKTON

At one o'clock Monday morning Elkton firemen were called to the mushroom house of Thomas McIntire, on Mackall street, which was practically destroyed by fire of unknown origin, as the building was not in use at this season of the year. The loss is estimated at \$8,000, partly covered by insurance.

Restaurant Opens Under New Manager

The restaurant on the Elkton Road, opposite the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad station here, which has been closed, has been reopened by Thomas J. Boines, of Wilmington, the owner of the building.

The restaurant has been attractively decorated and has been newly equipped with the most modern utensils. The food to be served will be the best that can be obtained, the manager stated, and the prices will be among the lowest in town.

DR. MUSSELMAN TO TAKE VACATION

Dr. P. K. Musselman will leave next week for a week's vacation in the Pocono Mountains.

While he is away, Dr. Musselman's office here will be closed. Dr. Musselman is one of Newark's most popular dentists and has a wide circle of friends here as well as elsewhere.

HELEN HARRIS HELD FOR MURDER

Helen Harris, 36-year-old colored woman of Frenchtown, is in Elkton jail on a charge of having murdered Leroy Robert Harris, 28 years old, also colored, but no relation to the accused.

The dead man, who lived in Havre de Grace, was visiting the home of his father-in-law, Walter Quomony, at Frenchtown, Sunday evening about dusk, when an argument over money owed the woman by James Quomony, his brother-in-law, took place. James Quomony, Caesar Depree and Harris were standing in the front yard, when the woman came running out of her house and struck Harris in the chest. When the others went to him they found he had been stabbed, the knife striking the heart and causing almost instant death.

Sheriff Buckworth, State's Attorney Rollins and other officers got busy on the case, arrested the woman, who is known as "Big Helen," found the butcher knife used by her, and rounded witnesses.

Coroner R. Rodney Frazer held an inquest Tuesday evening at Perryville, the jury recommending that the accused be held for the Grand Jury.

## County Extension Department Suggests August as Clean-up Month for the Farmstead

In the slack period of August farmers of New Castle county could well use their spare time to advantage in cleaning up the farmstead, repairing buildings and fences and touching up the bare unpainted buildings with paint for greater protection and better appearance is the suggestion made by the County Agricultural Extension Department in Newark.

The repair of buildings and fences on the farm would take a little time and the result in better looks and longer life as well as greater protection for humans as well as livestock should be ample pay for the job.

In the rush of work during the spring or summer after a piece of repair work is neglected until more time is available, this is often the case during hay harvest or threshing time when the operator cannot take time to make a permanent repair, but does a temporary job expecting to fix it later. Now is the time to fix these temporary places in the fence, or on a barn door or in the barn yard.

Putting a fence around the yard with an attractive gate often creates a more pleasant appearance when one drives up to the farm house and it often saves a lot of energy and worry when the horses and cows get through a gate that was unintentionally or accidentally left open.

Fence rows that have grown up during the year can be brambled out at

this season. A mower will do much of this work which is often done with a scythe. Hedges should be trimmed back and if no good as stock fences, pulled out now and post and wire fences erected. Construction of this kind often keeps the hired men busy when other farm work is in a lull period.

Old broken down machinery which is often left in an unsightly place should be piled in one place back of the barn to be sold to the junk dealer if no good for other purposes.

Lanes leading into the farm are often unkempt at this time of the year. Driveways could be sanded or gravelled now and the entrance fence posts painted or straightened up with a new wire fence or a strand of barbed wire.

Mail boxes which often reflect the character of the owner could be painted and a new post put up. The name of the farmer as well as his town and R. F. D. or farm name cause the visitors to the place to believe that the farmer is up-to-date and a wide-awake business man.

All of these things and many others could be done now, concludes the County Agent Ed Willim, who has suggested these things since his farm experience has shown him that these little repairs always have to be done each year and August is a good month to do them.

## Cull Poultry Flock to Get Rid of Non-Layers

In the poultryman's plans for the coming season culling the flock to get rid of the non-layers should be given prompt attention, says New Castle County Agricultural Agent Ed Willim, Jr., of Newark. How to find these non-layers in the flock is easily learned and when practiced, it can be used to lower the costs of producing eggs since a non-layer eats as much as a layer.

While culling should be practiced at all times, continues the Farm Agent, the months of July, August and September are usually the months when most farm flock owners and poultrymen are able to easily discover the ones which are not laying and which should be sold from the flock to reduce the total amount of feed necessary for feeding the flock.

The poultryman should have a guide or plan to follow in doing this work. A simplified scheme is presented here, not only for continuous culling all of the time but one which can be followed during the annual August getting rid of non-layers.

Take out of the flock, suggests Mr. Willim, all of the hens that stop laying and molt before August and all old hens. Cripples and hens with broken down abdomens and the sick quiet inactive hens that spend much time on the roosts. Also discard the large, coarse-headed hens with sunken eyes and the large coarse hens with feathers extremely heavy for the breed.

Remove all late hatched immature pullets and those that are early hatched but much undersized and all naked slow-feathering cockerels or pullets. The persistent sitters should be removed as well as all hens with solid, fat abdomens or hens that have

bad habits such as feather pullers and egg eaters.

On the other side of the culling chart or guide should be found the characteristics of good hens which should be kept in the flock.

Poultrymen should keep strong, healthy, vigorous hens with short, neat heads and strong beaks. Likewise the hens with large, bright eyes and active appearance should be retained in the flock along with the noisy, happy friendly hen.

The hens with dusty, worn feathers especially worn tail feathers, but having a bright, healthy look at this season of the year are usually the ones that molt late and those that molt rapidly which are characteristics of the good layers. The vigorous hens with the faded beaks and shanks along with the hens having thin pelvic bones spread wide apart are good hens which should be kept in the flock.

The head of the hen like that of humans often portrays the characteristics of the individual, continues Mr. Willim. A person culling a flock should look to the head of the chicken to read her ability as a layer and a money maker. The face should be full with bright, intelligent, friendly and expressive eyes, indicating a sensitive and nervous organization. The skull should be wide, flat and deep. Thick, prominent jaws, narrow skulls, heavy wrinkled or shallow face, small or sunken eyes or over-hanging eyebrows are all undesirable features.

Get rid of the hens which are not built for laying or doing it over a long period of time, concludes the Agent, and the farmer and commercial poultryman will lower his feed costs to properly feed the remaining good layers in the flock.

## Vegetable Canning Easy Today

From almost every house you pass these days comes the odor of cooking berries or steaming vegetables, says Mrs. Kate H. Daugherty, County Home Demonstration Agent. Women are busy—busy storing away vitamins, minerals, calories and flavors in jars for the winter days. Even with the reassurance they may have from the political parties that times will be better after election, women are running no risks. They want to be sure of food for their families.

There are many lovely gardens this summer. In these gardens grow both wax and crisp green string beans, health giving spinach, and chard, calcium rich carrots, young tender beets, well-liked peas and ears of green corn. Perhaps some gardeners have been even more ambitious but whatever it is—it can be kept safe for food in jars or cans. Since there is more than enough food right now, the wish comes almost instinctively not to let it waste but to save it for the day when Jack Frost is king. Home canned jars of food are not only a sure source of good food but they are a real convenience, for the food is all ready to serve. What if unexpected guests do arrive? What matter if the housewife is delayed long at a meeting? What if the day has been extra busy? There are jars of food for every need already for any emergency.

In the hot pack method the food is heated in a small quantity of water until it boils. This shrinks the food, makes packing easier, and drives out any air which might be enclosed. The boiling hot food is then packed into jars and sterilized or processed immediately. With this method as well as with the steamer or pressure cooker the jars are partially sealed during the sterilizing period and completely sealed when removed from the canner.

Mrs. Daugherty says that this will, no doubt, be one of the greatest canning years ever known. City and town women are catching the spirit of canning. The rural homemaker has always been a great canner. One woman tells of canning 700 jars of fruits, vegetables, and meats last year. She says, "I plan to fill all those jars

again this year. Then I need not fear that my family will not have enough good healthful food this winter."

## Gladioli Demand Sufficient Food

Show Flowers of Late Summer Thrive on a Little Extra Care

Gladioli are the show flowers of late summer. To grow really fine specimens requires little extra care. It is so easy to succeed with gladioli that even experienced gardeners are likely to neglect them. An important part of the treatment for maximum results is to supply adequate plant food.

Choose a well-drained soil and prepare it to a depth of at least ten inches. Apply a complete plant food in the trench into which the bulbs are to be set at the rate of two pounds per 100 feet of row. Mix the plant food thoroughly with the soil in the trench. Always use good bulbs.

Plant the bulbs four to seven inches deep, the deeper plantings being made on sandy soils. Deeper plantings bloom later than shallow plantings, but are not so susceptible to damage during dry periods.

When the plants reach a height of six inches, apply plant food at the rate of two pounds per 100 feet of row on both sides of the row prior to a necessary cultivation.

When cutting the flower spikes from the gladioli, do not remove more of the foliage than is absolutely necessary, since the foliage is necessary to manufacture foods which go to build next year's bulbs.

In the fall dig the corms before they freeze. Clean and dry them in the open air and store at a temperature of about 40 degrees Fahrenheit. In handling avoid bruising the bulbs.

"Huh! the fellow she's engaged to is only a copper."

"Yes, but she says he's as good as gold."

The hair bleacher says all he wants is a fair test.

## APPLETON

Miss Edith Zebley has returned from a visit to Rehoboth, N. J.

Miss Lillian Brown is spending a week in Rehoboth.

Mr. Joseph W. Zebley, Jr., spent two weeks recently at Camp Ritchie, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster Lenderman were week-end visitors with Mr. and Mrs. Norman Burke.

Mr. Seruch T. Kimble, Sr., and Seruch T. Jr., are spending a few days in New Jersey, this week.

Miss Georgianna Kimble will sail on August 20 for France. Miss Kimble is a member of the foreign study class from Smith College, and will spend her junior year, with fifty Smith students, studying in Paris.

Mrs. Margaret Burke, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Burke.

Miss Emily E. Moore, of North East, Md., was a recent guest at the home of Mrs. Fred Marten.

A number of friends of Mr. Hosen R. Smith spent an evening last week with him, in celebration of his birthday anniversary.

Appleton Grange held a peach festival on Mr. Fred Marten's lawn last Tuesday evening. Mr. Marten is Master of the Grange. Everybody had a delightful time.

## STRICKERSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Howard H. Pyle, of Philadelphia, Pa., spent the week-end with their aunt, Mrs. Eva J. Singles.

Mrs. Walter Buckley, of Philadelphia, Pa., was a recent guest of Mrs. George Jones and Mrs. R. Anson Garrett.

Miss Dora J. Singles, Miss Mary Ella Lee, and Master Andy Lee are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Condon, Washington, D. C.

Miss Irene Singles is a delegate to the Epworth League Convention at Ursinus College, Collegeville, Pa., this week. Mrs. Norris E. Pratt and Miss Nannie Cox are the other two delegates from Kembleville.

Master Jack and Billie Alfred are numbered among the sick. They had their tonsils removed last Monday in a Wilmington hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. LaRue Vansant are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, August 4.

## STANTON

The Epworth League of Stanton M. E. Church attended services at Brandywine Summit Camp, Monday evening, it being League Night.

Stanton won the banner for most present, there being 38 in the group. Boulden's bus conveyed them to camp. Friday night will be Rainbow Night, and all Leaguers are invited to be present.

The President of Stanton League, Blanche C. Mahan, and her cabinet, are planning for several good plays and pantomimes this fall.

Miss Grace Ellison was home over the week-end from her summer cottage at Rehoboth Beach.

Miss Lillian Mahan is visiting Miss Elizabeth Talley, of Hockessin.

The Girls Friendly of St. James P. E. Church held a beach party, Tuesday evening.

## Sick

Mrs. Lillie Wright is improving.

Mrs. E. S. Cochran, of near Stanton, has been very ill.

Mrs. Mary Naylor is better and able to be out.

Mrs. Alfred Lucas is suffering with an infected foot.

## ELK MILLS

Mrs. James Riggs who was quite ill, is somewhat improved.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Manns are receiving congratulations on the birth of a child.

Mr. Wilson T. Wright, who purchased the Carter Estate house and store on the corner of Wrights avenue, is making extensive repairs and moving the postoffice into the store building.

Mrs. Emma Davis has returned from visiting relatives in Philadelphia. Mr. Ernest Charshes and family visited friends in Baltimore over the week-end.

Master R. Eugene Herbener and sisters, Nancy and Claire Herbener, are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Miller.

Mrs. Thomas W. Kay is with her mother, who is quite ill in North East. The two churches of Elk Mills have united their services, and are meeting in the L. D. S. Church, and having a good attendance.

Mrs. M. F. Miller, who has been visiting T. Price in North East, has returned to the home of her son, E. S. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Reed, of Newark, visited Mr. and Mrs. J. Ford, Sunday.

When a man flatters a woman, she should search him for the purpose of discovering what he has up his sleeve.

ACCIDENTS happen—emergencies arise—When they do, the telephone will bring help without delay.

Can you afford to be without a telephone in your home? You can have one for less than a dime a day.

Emergencies

## To Save You MONEY

4 new types of BARGAIN TICKETS

Sold in either direction between NEWARK and PHILADELPHIA, or between any two stations on your local suburban line. Ask your Ticket Agent to show you how much these New Low-Cost Tickets will save you.

**1—3-DAY TICKET**  
A reduction of 1/3 under regular fare! On sale daily—good to return within three days. Tickets sold Friday will be good to return until Monday. Ideal for any short trip lasting up to three days, or over the week-end. Example of low-cost round trip fare between Newark and Philadelphia—\$1.90.

**2—12-TRIP WEEKLY TICKET**  
Individual Ticket for use within the calendar week. Good from Monday to Sunday only. Example of low-cost from Newark to Philadelphia, approximately 41c per trip.

**3—20-TRIP TICKET**  
Individual Ticket good for 30 days. Example of low-cost from Newark to Philadelphia, approximately 60c per trip.

**4—50-TRIP TICKET**  
Individual Ticket good for six months—will now be sold between any two stations on your local suburban line.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

## Six Cardinal Principles to Guide Motor Car Drivers Explained

According to the Delaware Safety Council, there are but six cardinal principles to guide the motor car driver. Most people who learn to drive a car properly are guided unconsciously by the set rules.

Very few, however, have ever taken the trouble to analyze the situation and accurately segregate for themselves these six rules of motor operation.

If citing these rules causes you to argue the point and to attempt to determine other fundamental principles, then they will have served a good purpose.

1. Keep your attention concentrated on driving.

A driver should know what's happening about him. Keep in Mind that trouble can happen on either side of your car, as well as in front and rear.

2. Follow as straight a course as possible.

Pass no car or object and make no turn without giving all of the cars near you clear signals of your intention. Don't pull out from a parked position into the road without making sure that no car is approaching dangerously close from your rear.

Have a clear vision on all four sides. Don't pass other cars near the crest of a grade or on curves, for you have no way of telling what is just over the hill or just around the corner.

3. See to it that you leave a safe braking distance between yourself and the car ahead.

If a car behind you runs too close, give him a stop signal with your hand and he will drop back. Keep him there. Watch yourself while running

down grade and make it a point at all times to maintain this liberal braking distance.

4. Use hand signals to supplement automatic brake lights.

When you plan to stop be sure to let the man behind you know your intention before you apply the brake; give hand signal. Should it become necessary to stop suddenly, don't forget to signal anyway, whether or not you have time to follow the above instructions.

5. Have your car under perfect control when approaching cross streets or intersections.

Be prepared to stop—quickly. Do this and you will keep away from many accidents for which you are not responsible but which might involve you.

6. Give any driver or pedestrian the right of way who insists on it.

Many serious crashes are caused by drivers attempting to force what they think are their rights over other drivers or pedestrians.

The foregoing six points, if observed by all drivers, would greatly lessen the number of accidents. They are all simple, practical principles, and no one can ever consider himself a real driver until he handles his car in accordance with these few simple rules.

Don't let anyone tell you this is a theory. Just open your eyes when you are on the road and you will find that by far the greater number of narrow escapes and actual smash-ups that you see are caused by some driver running contrarywise to these principles.

## "There Is No Place Like Home"

The old song, "There Is No Place Like Home," was made to add to one's love for home but if accidents occur as often in the home this year as last year it will be much better to eat and sleep in the park. Statistics obtained by the Delaware Safety Council indicate that the homes are more dangerous than offices or factories since there are more people killed in the home than in industry.

Of the thirty thousand home fatalities, falls caused 40 per cent; burns, scalds and explosions 26 per cent; suffocation, poison and others were responsible for the rest in about equal proportions. The majority of accidents that happen in the homes are caused by one of two things—carelessness or ignorance.

The following illustrations may serve to prove that the great majority of home accidents are caused by carelessness. A rather peculiar accident was caused by a mother, when asked by her little girl to get her a cracker.

For safe keeping, she put the needle she was using on the front of her waist, then kneeling down by the child said, "Now give mother a good hug for the cracker." The needle ran into the child's abdomen and for a time was lost. A week later a serious operation was performed in order to save the child.

In another case a mother was hopelessly crippled because a ten year old boy left a drum stick on the stairs. The mother stepped on it and fell the entire length of the flight, causing an injury to the spine from which she never recovered.

In another instance a baby died because the parents, listening to all the neighbors, sent for three different physicians in as many hours, giving a dose of medicine prescribed by each

one. The medicine all happened to be the same thing and the baby had an overdose.

A young woman died recently as the result of a curious accident. A small hole in her shoe was caught by loose nail in the floor, throwing her with great violence through a window, cutting an artery. She died from loss of blood before she was rescued.

A pan of boiling cereal pushed too near the edge of the stove was tipped over her head by a toddler whose mischievous hands could just reach it, consequently the child has only one eye to go through life with.

A baby received a fractured skull when the high chair in which he was sitting was knocked over by another child running past him.

Accidents can be prevented by studying the experience of others and by teaching children and adults alike to be careful of others as they would have others be careful of them.

## Rockery Is Easy In All Gardens

Moss and Lichen-Covered Stones Set Off Plants to Best Advantage

You no doubt envy the man who has a beautiful and picturesque rockery. Here is a real chance for gardening as well as artistic abilities to roam. The shape and form, as well as the size of your rockery, is entirely up to your own imagination and the space available.

Weather-beaten rock is the best, as newly quarried stone will not set off the plants to their best advantage. Moss and lichen covered rock is the ideal construction material. Select a place away from large trees to insure

against drip and the taking away of too much moisture.

The rock should be so placed that the slanting side is toward the plants, so that all rain may be induced to run into the plants (instead of away). The rocks should be deeply and firmly bedded and the crevices filled with soil. The plants should be firmly planted in such a manner as to receive plenty of light and air.

No part of the garden is so interesting as the rockery and the material for its construction is abundant. There are multitudes of sedum, creeping phloxes, arabis, armoria, lychnis, neuchera, English primrose, nepeta, potentilla, geranium, alpine asters, aubretia, lobelia, columbines, ornithogalum, Campanula carpatica, statice, helianthemum or rock rose (this is evergreen), camellia, erinus, edelweiss, linum, tunica, anemone, lavender, thalictrum, ranunculus, violets and untold others.

Evergreen vines and creepers have their place also. Among these are: euonymus radicans, both green and variegated; euonymus Colorado, which turns a deep scarlet in the winter. The periwinkle with its green foliage and blue flowers is not to be despised. With such a range to choose from no one need deplore the nonexistence of his or her rockery.

## Water and Plant Food Essential For Lawns

Must Be Strengthened For Contest With Sun

It is just a matter of weeks before lawns will be subjected to the extreme heat of the midsummer sun. That means many lawns will become sunburned, even killed, because they have not sufficient vigor to withstand this trying period.

If you expect your lawn to remain beautiful all through the summer you will have to get it ready for its contest with "Old Sol."

Just as exercise and food are needed by the trainer of an athlete to accomplish a given purpose, so you must use water, plant food and mowing in getting your lawn in vigorous condition. An application of complete plant food at the rate of two pounds (one quart) per 100 square feet is the thing you should attend to.

After applying it evenly soak it down. Water will materially aid in encouraging the roots to grow deep if the lawn is thoroughly soaked once or twice a week.

Does a double crosswalk mean that one good turn deserves another?

A soft answer isn't so sure to turn away wrath when the other is "hard-boiled."

## Delaware Bus Company

Wilmington-Newark Line

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY  
(Subject to Delays and Changes Without Notice)

Leaving Front and French Streets, Wilmington

Leave Wilmington	Arrive Newark
6:00 A. M.	6:35 A. M.
7:00 A. M.	7:35 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
9:10 A. M.	10:05 A. M.
10:10 A. M.	11:05 A. M.
11:10 A. M.	12:05 P. M.
12:10 P. M.	1:05 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	2:05 P. M.
2:10 P. M.	3:05 P. M.
3:10 P. M.	4:05 P. M.
4:10 P. M.	5:05 P. M.
5:10 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	7:05 P. M.
7:10 P. M.	8:05 P. M.
8:10 P. M.	9:05 P. M.
9:10 P. M.	10:05 P. M.
10:10 P. M.	11:05 P. M.
11:10 P. M.	12:05 A. M.

Note: (A) runs Saturdays only.

Leaving Newark, Deer Park Hotel

Leave Newark	Arrive Wilmington
6:05 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
7:05 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
8:05 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
9:15 A. M.	10:10 A. M.
10:15 A. M.	11:10 A. M.
11:15 A. M.	12:10 P. M.
12:15 P. M.	1:10 P. M.
1:15 P. M.	2:10 P. M.
2:15 P. M.	3:10 P. M.
3:15 P. M.	4:10 P. M.
4:15 P. M.	5:10 P. M.
5:15 P. M.	6:10 P. M.
6:15 P. M.	7:10 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	8:10 P. M.
8:15 P. M.	9:10 P. M.
9:15 P. M.	10:10 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	11:10 P. M.
11:15 P. M.	12:05 A. M.
12:05 A. M.	12:50 A. M.

Note: (A) runs Saturdays only.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE

Leaving Front and French Streets, Wilmington: 6:10 A. M. and every hour until 11:10 P. M.  
Leaving Newark, Deer Park Hotel: 7:15 P. M. and every hour until 10:15 P. M., then 11:30 P. M., 12:00 A. M.

Sunday schedule operated on legal holidays.

Special Service

Special Buses may be chartered by Churches, Societies, Sight Seeing and Picnic Parties or for any special occasion.

For information apply at office of the Company.  
Your patronage is solicited and will be very much appreciated.

DELAWARE BUS COMPANY



# The Newark Post

Founded January 26, 1910, by the late Everett C. Johnson

Issued Every Thursday at the Shop Called Kells  
Newark, Delaware  
By The Post Publishing Company.

Entered as second-class matter at Newark, Delaware,  
under Act of March 3, 1879.  
Make all checks to The Newark Post.

Telephones, 92 and 93  
The Subscription price of this paper is \$1.50 per year in advance.  
Single copies 4 cents.

We want and invite communications, but they must be signed by the  
writer's name—not for publication, but for our information and protection.

AUGUST 18, 1932

## Frank H. Shakespeare's Views on Taxation

To Editor of The Post:

Dear Sir:

In lien with President Hoover's acceptance speech on the subject of taxes, the following is offered as a general policy of taxation which is basically sound, economic, and just.

### No Profits Should Mean No Taxes

Modern levys of taxes demand the payment of money; therefore, these levys should be based on the flow of money,—not on assessed valuations, nor by graduated rates on incomes after arbitrarily fixed exemptions.

Taxation without compensation of income sufficient to afford the payment of taxes is unbusinesslike, unjust, inhumane and in the last analysis nonsensical and absurd.

Why charge taxes on people who have not the revenue with which to pay?

If a workman, a farmer, a merchant or private industry, or a corporation has to spend all the moneys received in order to live and "carry on," how can they pay taxes?

The so-called income taxes should be levied by a flat rate on the net revenue received after the payments of living expenses. If there is no money left in hand there is nothing to pay with.

Corporation income taxes are justly and properly based on net revenue received after paying all "living expenses" such as rents, maintenance charges, labor, and other "carry on" expenditures.

Personal income taxes permit an arbitrarily fixed exemption, thus recognizing the justice of deducting living or "carry on" expenses. Some people spend more money for living expenses than others. A man who spends one thousand dollars (\$1000) in a community helps business more than the man who spends five hundred dollars (\$500). The man who reasonably spends a large part of his income helps prosperity and is a better citizen than the man who stints and hoards up his money. This difference should be recognized.

Personal income taxes should exempt all living and "carry on" expenses,—but not expenditures made for investments or to produce potential revenue,—that is the same justice for individuals that is now given to corporations.

Farm land and other real estate is taxed on fixed valuations or assessments, and these taxes are not dependent on revenue or income. This method of levying taxes is a relic of ancient feudal times. It is not based on the flow of money and is therefore unsound and uneconomic, this can be seen by a study of the vast amount of agricultural distress during the present depression.

No system of taxation should ever take away property that is a person's means of livelihood.

The business man pays no taxes when he has no profits. Why should the farmer or other real estate owners keep on paying taxes when he has not profits or income with which to pay. Such taxation is really a capital levy.

If real estate produces income or profit, it can and should pay a tax on the income or profit. But a home is different, it is a prime necessity of life, it is needed to "carry on" and should be treated like a church or other sanctuary. When the home produces no income it should pay no taxes,—but if sold at a profit it should pay a tax on the profit. Such taxation follows the flow of money. It is sound, just and humane.

Taxation on the next income of individuals, corporations, and producing real estate should be held to a very reasonable and flat rate, the balance necessary being raised by means of a general sales tax. Here again we would have taxation following the flow of money, and at the same time the rate of taxation need be very small. People who cannot afford to spend would not be compelled to pay taxes with money they do not have. The general sales tax acts as a balance wheel on expenditures,—it is sensible, just, humane and business-like.

Frank H. Shakespeare,  
Second District, Dover, Delaware.

### Think It Over

The public is now being regaled with the news that \$10,000,000 will have to be raised to conduct the Hoover-Roosevelt battle for the presidency. In 1928 the two parties spent a total of \$16,500,000.

When the politicians of both parties are telling how much money it will take to care for the needy people this winter, it looks like an economic crime to raise \$10,000,000 to be spent by the two parties largely in blackguarding opposing candidates.

Let both parties, if they are sincere in their advertised desires to help the needy, donate their millions of campaign funds for relief work this winter. And let the people vote in a normal manner for their political choice, free from the high-pressure influence of a \$10,000,000 slush fund.

## BACK AT SCHOOL

I wish to announce to my patients and the public in general that my Chiropractic office at Newark will be closed from August 19th until September 6th, while I am attending the Annual Home Coming and Chiropractic Convention at Davenport, Iowa. I hope to enjoy the stay there and partake of the educational feast that our alma mater has prepared for its many practitioners. I will return refreshed in mind and body and be able to inform you on the latest developments in our science and to continue to give you the best service possible. In the meantime I wish you well.

**T. M. SWAN**

49 W. Main St. Newark, Delaware

Phone 429

Office Hours: Daily 11 to 1 and 2 to 5. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday Evenings, 7 to 9

## "Humorgraphs"

By Thos. E. Pickerill

Our idea of an unpatriotic Democrat is one that hopes the depression will be over by November 8.

If the Hoover-Garner battle keeps up maybe we can slip Roosevelt and Curtis in while they're not looking.

Prohibition and the automobile have just about divided honors on being what's wrong with the country.

Today's simile: As unfortunate as a Congressman's relatives.

A depression may come and a depression may go, but talk about it seems to go on forever.

If love goes out at the window when poverty comes in at the door the divorce courts will be overworked next year.

When Horace Greeley advised young men to go west he didn't even imagine that California someday would compel a wife to pay alimony and support money to her husband.

"Many a man has to settle down before he can settle up," said Uncle Elmer this morning as he turned off his radio when the advertising started.

You can fill in your own number of days the Republicans have yet to pull us out of the depression.

Members of the bonus army are now veterans of two wars.

### THE ECLIPSE

On the afternoon of the last day in August residents of a portion of the New England states will see one of the most remarkable of all natural phenomena: The total eclipse of the sun.

About two o'clock it will begin to

get dusk, a perfect twilight for a short time, then total darkness.

Both domestic and wild birds, fowls and animals will prepare for night. Small children will get drowsy. Frequently bands of religious zealots make preparations for the termination of life.

Frequently the wind rises to a near-gale and, of course, the temperature falls several degrees.

The shadow of the sun forms perfect crescents on the ground. The stars come out, Mercury and Venus will be especially bright.

Rainbow colors, as well as the Aurora Borealis, will be visible. The last rays of sunlight bring out the craters and canyons of the moon.

Then the Corona of the Sun, made more wonderful by the flames of red hydrogen gas leaping from the sun behind the shadow of the moon.

Then the reappearance of the sun and full daylight.

For the guidance of those of our readers who wish to drive to the area of total shadow, we have asked Texaco National Road Reports to prepare routing suggestions and a mileage map which will appear in this paper in the near future. Be sure to watch for it.

## Playing With Dynamite

Making political capital out of serious business like the B. E. F. evacuation at Washington is dangerous business. The attempt that has been made to make the people of the United States think that Cossack tactics were used, both in orders and in their execution, to drive the unfortunate bonus seekers out of their camps, is worse than unfortunate; it deserves condemnation.

The law and the lawless never meet without complaint that the law is brutal. Even the peaceful crowd on the street resents the mounted policeman who wheels his horse and drives the crowd back with a "flank" attack. The order of the law has to be sharp and sometimes rough in dealing with the crowd which, recklessly or deliberately, defies it.

There can be two opinions as to evacuation of the bonus seekers' camps on Pennsylvania avenue and at Anacostia. One can believe that the troops, under the circumstances, with defiant campers and outsiders who were worse, were rough. But it is not easy to believe that a troop of United States cavalrymen rode down women and children, slashed right and left with their sabres, used gas bombs indiscriminately and used the torch to complete their work of destruction. The enlisted men in the United States Service, Army, Navy, Marine Corps and their various branches, are not brutes. Most of us have sufficient acquaintanceship among them to know that.

A recent summary of testimony by newspaper correspondents at Washington is revealing. There has been much newspaper criticism. Yet the counts of the indictment are not against general orders for the evacuation, or against general conduct of the job. Individual troopers are alleged to have done this or done that, and there is no opportunity for rebuttal, as to circumstances and cause. In mere numerical ratio, the majority of the Washington correspondents express the opinion that there was unnecessary violence. But a considerable minority, including prominent correspondents who are not engaged in friendly service of the Administration, declare their judgment that the American troopers handled themselves well, in comparison with mob control and repression as it has been witnessed on other occasions.

And now comes Congressman Royal Johnson, of South Dakota, ex-service man himself, notable friend of the service men and advocate of legislation for their benefit, declaring before the American Legion at La Crosse, Wis., that there was sound and sufficient reason for the orders of evacuation, that the menacing lawlessness in the camp had been convincingly evidenced, that the call to the troops was proper and necessary.

American Government is not brutal, arbitrarily repressing the people in their rights. Police power, under that government, is not exercised to trample down the individual or deny him his freedom. The law in the United States is not lawless. And those who seek to provoke prejudice and stir up the public mind to angry resentment against government are a menace to the very powers of law and order which guarantee and safeguard popular rights.—Evening Bulletin.

## Schools—A Menace!

More than half of our schools ought to be torn down!

That is the conclusion reached by T. Alfred Fleming in an article in the Ladies' Home Journal—not because our schools are remiss in their educational duties, but because an extremely high percentage of them are fire-traps.

That will come as a shock to most parents. But, according to Mr. Fleming, we still send millions of our children to institutions that are worse than the little Ohio grammar school where 176 lives were snuffed out in one of the most tragically unnecessary disasters in history. A survey of several thousand schools in different parts of the country a few years ago condemned 37 per cent of them as fire-traps. And, according to the National Fire Protection Association, this proportion is much too low—90 per cent is nearer to the mark. Another survey, of 41 schools in an average city, demonstrated that only six of them were actually fire safe. In the rest the investigators found excessive storage of gasoline, steam pipes touching wooden floor beams, doors opening inward, cartons of paper towels stored in the boiler room, and so on—all the little faults, resulting from carelessness and ignorance, that are responsible for thousands of deaths each year.

If there is one place where fire prevention should be rigorously enforced, it is in the school. Every building should be protected to the maximum possible degree—every child and instructor should be drilled in the proper action to take in case a fire breaks out. Mr. Fleming's remarks should awaken us to a hazard that cannot be countenanced in a civilized nation.

P. S. du Pont  
Estate

## LONGWOOD Open-Air THEATRE

AUG. 31st and SEPT. 1st 8:30 P. M., D. S. T.  
Tickets at Rhodes'

Gilbert & Sullivan OPERETTA

"The Pirates of Penzance"

Cast of 80 15 pc. Orchestra  
WILMINGTON TALENT  
Frederick Wyatt, Director  
STAGE AMPLIFICATION

In case of rain, the Operetta will be given in the Conservatory

Display: NEW FOUNTAINS

More Than One-Eighth Mile Square in Area!

WATERFALL - QUARRY POND

STAGE FOUNTAINS

CURTAINS OF WATER

A \$1.00 GEM

Micromatic

RAZOR AND 5 BLADES

and a

35c TUBE OF  
PALMOLIVE OR COLGATES  
SHAVING CREAM

a \$1.35 value for 49c

\*\*\*

Rhodes Drug Store

Newark, Delaware

## DR. L. A. STEARNS MAKES

### REPORT ON MOSQUITO SURVEY

Information Being Collected to Help in Elimination of Breeding Areas Throughout Del-Mar-Va Peninsula

Dr. L. A. Stearns, Entomologist, University of Delaware, has advised the Del-Mar-Va Eastern Shore Association that the state-wide mosquito survey in Delaware as well as the community survey at Rehoboth Beach, have been progressing well and that the traps have caught thousands of mosquitoes and some twenty-four different species are now represented with those originating in salt marsh areas predominating.

In behalf of the Eastern Shore of Maryland and Virginia counties the Del-Mar-Va Association has similar information which makes it appear that when the project throughout the entire Peninsula is completed on October 1st, the departments will be well informed as to the details of the program which they must deal with in eliminating the mosquito breeding areas throughout the Peninsula.

In connection with the actual mosquito control work several extremely interesting articles have been prepared and are obtainable at the Del-Mar-Va Association headquarters covering the following subjects:

"Mosquito and Agriculture," by C. A. McCue, Dean and Director of the Delaware Experimental Station.

"Mosquito Traps for Survey Purposes," by Dr. Ernest N. Cory, State Entomologist, College Park, Md.

"Life Histories and Habits of Different Types of Mosquitoes," by Dr. J. L. Webb, Bureau of Entomologist, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

"Repellants for Mosquitoes," by Dr. W. J. Schoene, Entomologist, Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.

"Oil for Mosquito Control," by Dr. Jos. M. Ginsburg, Biochemist in Entomology, New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station.

"Cleaning Stream and Lake Margins in Mosquito Control," by Dr. G. H. Bradley, Bureau of Entomology, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

"Drainage and Diking in Mosquito Control. Principles Involved. Machinery and Cost," by Dr. Frank W. Miller, Associate Entomologist, New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station.

"Mosquito Breeding and Sewage Treatment," by Dr. Wm. Rudolph, Chief, Department Sewage Research, New Jersey Experimental Station.

"Malaria Fever in Maryland," by Dr. C. H. Halliday, Epidemiologist, Maryland Department of Health.

Following is a brief article on the species of mosquitoes occurring on the Eastern Shore, and relative importance as far as known and the necessity for the survey which has been made. This has been prepared by Dr. Donald McCreary.

"By most of the inhabitants of the Eastern Shore mosquitoes are divided into two classes, the ones that bite and the ones that do not. People who are annoyed and made miserable by this pest are not primarily concerned with the species that is causing the discomfort. Their sole hope is that whatever mosquito it is will cease its attack.

"The Entomologist, however, is of necessity interested in the various kinds of mosquitoes that inhabit this section of the country. Inasmuch as investigators in New Jersey have thoroughly studied the mosquito problem of that state their findings can be used for predicting, approxi-

mately, what mosquitoes will be found on the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula. In all probably a dozen species of mosquito importance occur here. These may be divided into several more or less well defined groups.

"The first group to be considered are the salt marsh mosquitoes. These are several species in this group that cause intense discomfort both along the seashore and many miles inland. They breed in untold numbers in the salt meadows and, in fact, in almost any situation where brackish water is found. Numerous generations each year combined with the ability to fly long distances make this a highly important group.

"The swamp mosquito group is composed of two important species and certain others that are only occasionally present in sufficient numbers to cause annoyance. The draining of fresh water swamps is the best known method of eliminating the mosquitoes comprising this group.

"The woodland pool mosquito is not especially troublesome to man except when he builds habitations near their breeding places. The species of this group, with a single exception, have only one generation each year. Oiling the breeding place will ordinarily give relief from their attack. The one species with several generations would necessitate, however, a different control measure.

"The malarial group includes those species which are troublesome in New Jersey. Undoubtedly the same will hold true for the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula. Inasmuch as their flight range is but slightly over a mile, they present a more or less local problem. Brackish and unpolluted water furnish the breeding conditions necessary for the development of these species.

"The house mosquito group constitutes a problem localized in character. They breed in rain barrels, water-filled cans and in practically any standing water near human habitations. Since they are not especially swift fliers, a community can, by intelligent cooperation, control them satisfactorily.

"From this brief summary of the kinds of mosquitoes that are likely to be found on the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula, the necessity of a thorough survey to determine the existing species becomes apparent. Furthermore, it is evident that any control measure undertaken without definite information as to the species involved would be a waste of effort. Many instances have occurred in which a community has spent a considerable sum of money in the elimination of all breeding places in and nearby the town yet have experienced annoyance due to immense numbers of mosquitoes which originated in marsh areas miles away. A survey would have shown the futility of the project. If, on the contrary, a survey of an inland town shows the mosquito problem to be purely local in character, the community may be reasonably assured of eliminating its mosquito nuisance.

"A survey is, therefore, the logical preliminary step toward the elimination of the horde of blood-thirsty mosquitoes that infect the Del-Mar-Va Peninsula. It will provide the necessary information to work out an intelligent plan of campaign which will result eventually in freedom from mosquito attack."

Victor Williams of August 18, 1932, Mrs. J.

Miss Miriam Avenue, has received motor trip to Clay, Yellowstone Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. and son Wall Viola, Del., as Ed. Todd.

Dr. A. J. Stearns, abdominal clinic, Rochester, N. Y., expects to arrive in a few days.

Mrs. Charles from the Delaware convalescing at End of town.

Mrs. Crawford of near Glasgow after spending Mrs. P. J. Inman.

Miss Celestia, has returned several days. Mrs. E. Glasgow.

A swimming Mrs. Ray John Ambler; Mr. son and son, family, Mr. Gr. Byerly, of New Centerville, Pa. Byerly after swimming pool.

Mr. Percy Richmond, Va. home of C. E.

Mr. Ralph E. with his cousin Byerly.

Mr. and Mrs. son were visited mother on Sunday.

Miss Mildred a week with Joe Byerly.

Dr. and Mrs. going trip by Iowa, Dr. Sw. course in child home after Se. Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Washington, I. Daugherty.

Miss Shelby Worrall returned week's vacation.

Little Miss has been the parents, Mr. and during the summer the home of Delaware.

Mrs. V. G. daughter, Mrs. cottage in Rehoboth.

H. Wallis Major H. W. A. Pa., is visiting Anderson, at Kennely.

Miss Rebecca H. Wallis A. guests at the home and family, of on Sunday.

Miss Edna M. for a week, I. Sheets and son. Mrs. Sheets, W. Miss Janet D. Newark.

Misses Mad Johnston, Iva Ston, Mary E. ark, and Elizabeth, spent Atlantic City, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilmington, and Mrs. S. H. return after a summer.

ST

FRIDAY

MONDAY

WEDNESDAY

ALL SEAS

PERSONALS

Victor Willis is spending the month of August at Rehoboth, with his sister, Mrs. J. B. Decker.

Miss Miriam Biddle, of Prospect Heights, has returned from a six weeks motor trip to California, Salt Lake City, Yellowstone National Park and Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. W. Cristadoro and son Walter spent Saturday at Villa, Del., as guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Todd.

Dr. A. J. Strickland, who underwent an abdominal operation at the Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn., is convalescing at his home on West Main street. He expects to be attending his practice in a few days.

Mrs. Charles L. Penny has returned from the Delaware Hospital and is convalescing at her home in the West End of town.

Mrs. Crawford Wilson and children, of near Glasgow, have returned home after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Inman, of Darby, Pa.

Miss Celesta Wilson, of Wilmington, has returned home after spending several days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Wilson, of near Glasgow.

A swimming party consisting of Mrs. Ray Johnson and daughters, of Ambler; Mr. and Mrs. Ray Edman and son, Mrs. Ray Lewis and family, Mr. Grover Whiteman and Joe Byerly, of Newark recently enjoyed a cantaloupe feast at the home of Mr. Byerly after returning from the swimming pool.

Mr. Percy Owens and family, of Richmond, Va., were visitors at the home of C. E. Pettit on Sunday.

Mr. Ralph Edmondson spent Sunday with his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Byerly.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Deery and son were visitors at the home of her mother on Sunday.

Miss Mildred Johnson is spending a week with her grandmother, Mrs. J. Byerly.

Dr. and Mrs. Swan are on a wedding trip by motor to Davenport, Iowa. Dr. Swan is taking a review course in chiropractic, and will be at home after September 6th, at 49 W. Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Eric Englund, of Washington, D. C., spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Daugherty.

Miss Shelby Rice and Miss Elizabeth Worrall returned on Sunday from a week's vacation in Rehoboth.

Little Miss Nancy Carmine, who has been the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Forrest, during the summer, has returned to the home of her parents in Laurel, Delaware.

Mrs. V. G. Willis is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Decker, at her cottage in Rehoboth.

H. Wallis Anderson, Jr., son of Major H. W. Anderson, of Harrisburg, Pa., is visiting his aunt, Miss Rebecca Anderson, at the home of John T. Kinnely.

Miss Rebecca Anderson and nephew H. Wallis Anderson, were dinner guests at the home of Edwin Guthrie and family, of Milford Cross Roads, on Sunday.

Miss Edna Moore had as her guest for a week, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Sheets and son, of Huntingdon, Pa. Mrs. Sheets will be remembered as Miss Janet D'Endaffier, formerly of Newark.

Misses Madeline Johnston, Ella Johnston, Iva Eastburn, Ruth Johnston, Mary E. Johnston, all of Newark, and Elizabeth Dickey, of Wilmington, spent last Saturday at Atlantic City, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Margerum, of Wilmington, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Rumer. Isabelle Margerum returned home with her parents after a visit with little Audrey Rumer.

Little Miss Mary Lindell has returned to her home after a six weeks' visit with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. William Dickinson, at Summit Bridge.

Marie Pemberton is spending a vacation with her cousin Miss Catherine Shellender.

Miss Ethel Strickland, of Elkton, has returned home after a visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Strickland, of Park Place, and her aunt, Mrs. Harry H. Cleaves.

Mrs. Catherine Steel has returned home after a visit with Mrs. Ernest Wright, at Rehoboth.

Dr. Charles Dunlevy and Mr. Richard Cooch are on a motor trip to Canada.

Mr. Robert J. Crow is visiting his son James, of Washington, D. C. They are spending a couple of weeks at Mr. James Crow's cottage, at Calvert Beach, near Washington.

Miss Kathryn Hubert has returned home after a visit with her aunt and uncle at their cottage, in the Poconos.

Miss Elsie Wright, of Orchard Road, is spending a vacation at the Belhaven, Rehoboth.

Bill Richardson, son of Mrs. Orville Little, who underwent an operation at the Wilmington General Hospital two weeks ago, has returned home and is rapidly improving.

Mr. William Northrop was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Bonham, at their cottage at Rehoboth.

Miss Evelyn Houghton and Miss Grace Bredemeier spent the past week with friends in Atlantic City, N. J.

Mrs. George R. Scott, of West Chester, Pa., spent a few days at the home of Mrs. Hannah Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Plank and son Robert, of West Chester, spent Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Hannah Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Taylor and Mrs. John Collison of Wilmington, and Mrs. Lou Bachman of Philadelphia, spent Tuesday at the home of Mrs. Hannah Smith.

Mrs. Susie Quill and Mrs. Catherine Gallagher, of Wilmington, and Mrs. Edwin Gallagher, of Philadelphia, spent Thursday at the home of Mrs. Hannah Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Miles, of Elkton, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miles.

Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Nickerson, of Wollaston avenue, spent the week-end in Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

Mrs. Charles McCann, of Chester, is spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. Nickerson, of Wollaston avenue.

Mrs. Robert Campbell and Miss Edna Campbell are spending this week at Asbury Park, N. J.

Miss Elizabeth Phillips has returned home after spending five weeks with her aunt in Philadelphia. Mrs. Phillips spent the past week-end in Philadelphia with her sister.

Mrs. Kate Henley Daugherty, of Orchard Road, will entertain the members of the Womansans Home Demonstration Club and the Three-in-One Homemakers Club at a garden party this afternoon from two to four.

Miss Edda Reynolds has returned to her home after a visit with her brother, at Baltimore, Md.

Miss Frances Hullen will leave on Friday for a visit with a college friend in Connecticut.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Eastman are spending their vacation in Hartford, Conn., and other points in the New England States.

Mrs. George Townsend, Mrs. William E. Holton, Mrs. James H. Hutchison and Mrs. Robert Lewis motored to Rehoboth Thursday and spent the day with Mrs. Ernest Wright.

Mrs. Gurney Dayett and two children, of Baltimore, stopped over Thursday night with Mrs. Dayett's father, Mr. George Ferguson, on their way to Atlantic City.

BARACA CLASS

Presbyterian Sunday School  
NEWARK, DEL.

Sunday, August 21

9:45 A. M.

Lesson Topic

Becoming Aware  
of God

Junior Barker has returned home after a three weeks visit with his grandmother, at Albany, N. Y. Mr. and Mrs. Harold Baker motored to the Bear Mountain Bridge to meet their son and bring him home.

Mr. and Mrs. John McCabe spent several days this week in New York.

Mr. Galen Raub, of Lancaster, Pa., will spend this week-end as the guest of Mrs. Jos. Hossinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Loomis, of Glenridge, N. J., spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Heiser.

Mrs. Agnes Brayshaw and grandson, James Rodney Brayshaw, have been visiting relatives in Baltimore.

Miss Minnie Brown is on a visit to friends in Seaford and other points in the Southern part of the State.

Miss Anne Hossinger has returned from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Charles West, at Pittsburgh.

Miss Hannah Lindell is spending this week at Atlantic City, N. J.

Harold Plummer is spending a month's vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Plummer. He will return to his studies at Jefferson College about September 18th.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris N. Wright had as their week-end guests at their cottage at Rehoboth, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Dallett and children, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred W. Armstrong, of Wilmington.

Miss Marilee Kennard and Miss Rosalind Ernest are visiting in Chestertown and Centerville, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Malone and family, of Harrisburg, Pa., formerly of Kells avenue, visited friends here this week.

Jane Ann Lovett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lovett, of Orchard Road, and Mary Elizabeth Barker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Barker, of Kells avenue, were operated on for the removal of their tonsils on Tuesday, at the Homeopathic Hospital, Wilmington.

Miss Jennie Barton, of Concord, N. H., and Miss Alice Barton, of Manchester, N. H., have returned to their homes after a visit with their sister, Mrs. Harold Barker.

Mrs. Ada Bradley, who is in the Homeopathic Hospital, is reported improving.

DR. T. M. SWAN WEDS  
MISS CLARA LINA SMITH

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Smith, 427 South Harrison street, Wilmington, announce the marriage of their daughter, Clara Lina, and Dr. Thos. M. Swan of Newark. The wedding took place on Saturday, August 13th. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Park W. Huntington, at the parsonage of St. Stephen's Lutheran Church, Wilmington.

The bride was attended by Miss Elizabeth Feustel, as maid of honor, and Mr. Richard Smith, brother of the bride, was best man.

Many a slick burglar finally gets caught in a steel trap.

NEWARK'S LIGHT AND POWER RATE

(Continued from Page 1.)

It is a common practice of demagogic newspapers and politicians, when they can find no genuine and worthy causes to champion, they inevitably pounce upon the public utilities. It is a matter of common knowledge, of course, that utility practices have frequently been malefic, that utilities have often been mired to the neck in graft. But that is no reason for denying credit to a utility that has proven itself fair in its dealings. After all, a public utility like any other enterprise, is entitled to a profit.

Electric power and light rates have been the source of much nonsense in recent years. One hears persons complaining that rates in former years were based on \$1.10 and \$1.20 minimums, while the usual minimum now is about \$2.40. They do not stop to consider that in former years, only a comparatively small amount of electricity was used for lighting purposes only. Nowadays every home is equipped with one or more of the following electrical appliances, which use as a rule about three times as much current as was used formerly: Electric refrigerators, irons, vacuum cleaners, washing machines, toasters, stoves, heaters, coffee pots, radios, violet ray machines and even moving picture projectors!

Then there is that other type of idiocy on which the Newark Post has already commented. We refer to the ridiculous proposal of residents in the suburbs of Wilmington that street lights, sewers and water be installed in their localities at the expense of anyone but themselves. Living in the suburbs, these people want all the conveniences of the city at the lowest city rates. Apparently they cannot understand that it costs money to erect and maintain power lines to rural communities, and that the rates must therefore be higher in these communities than in the great metropolitan districts, where every advantage of wholesale production is possible.

Revision of the electric rates in Newark would not be warranted at this time. We urge the taxpayers of Newark not to be swayed by misrepresentation of the truth and, before they consider any needless action, they exercise that saving sanity which has not been displayed in other quarters.

Within the past month the price of hogs has advanced 60 per cent. Oil is up 200 per cent over its quotation this time last year. Bradstreet's reports that its weekly food index "continued its upward trend of the last several weeks." There has been a distinct advance in cotton and some improvement in sugar, coffee and some other commodities. Congress is bound to adjourn soon. Why not look on the bright side of things!

FIRST  
NATION-WIDE  
SALE

Discontinued styles of  
**ENNA JETTICK**  
SHOES FOR WOMEN

While they last  
**\$3.45 and \$3.95**

Regular Styles  
**\$5.00 and \$6.00**  
SIZES 1 to 12 - AAAAA to EEE

"You need no longer be told that you have an expensive foot"

**M. PILNICK**  
Newark's Leading Shoe Store  
**NEWARK, DELAWARE**



Phone 228

FULL LINE OF  
**FLOWER POTS**  
All Sizes

Prepare now for Fall Transplanting  
Also Crocks, 1, 2, 5, 10 Gal. sizes  
**THOMAS A. POTTS**  
NEWARK, DEL.

ROY HILL'S TEAM RIGHT UP  
AMONG THE WINNERS

Special to The Newark Post.

Our lively little college town of Newark is baseball conscious. 'Tis a fact, and has been a fact ever since Newark was granted a berth in the Del-Mar League. Of course, there was interest in the great national pastime even before the team entered the league, but now the interest is greater than ever. Five times as many fans turn out for the games now than did before entry into the circuit.

At the present time, the town team is fighting right up among the leaders for second half honors. Roy Hill, pilot of the Newark team, has assembled a

combination that is hard for any team to beat, what with those two Chalmers boys, "Shorty" and "Slim," "Bony" Jackson, Jaquette, Robinson, Cole and all the rest.

Newark has two stiff games scheduled for the coming week-end, their foes being Five Points, who defeated Cranston Heights in 14 hectic innings last Sunday. The two teams will clash on Frazer Field Saturday, while on Sunday, Newark will play Five Points on a diamond yet to be selected.

Many Newark followers expect to enjoy the Del-Mar League moonlight river ride Wednesday, August 24.

**RESTAURANT**  
**Re-Opened**

Mr. Thomas J. Boines, of Wilmington, owner of the building opposite the B. and O. Station, recently vacated, has reopened the restaurant and invites your patronage. The restaurant has been newly equipped and the food served will be the best money can buy. The prices, we believe, are the lowest in town.

**STATE THEATRE**

Western Electric  
SOUND SYSTEM

NEWARK, DELAWARE

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AUGUST 19 AND 20—

**"Make Me a Star"**

With STUART ERWIN AND JOAN BLONDELL

With Other Attractions

Added Western Saturday Only

"SPIRIT OF THE WEST" with HOOT GIBSON

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, AUGUST 22 AND 23—

**"Winner Take All"**

With JAMES CAGNEY AND MARIAN NIXON

Added Other Attractions

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, AUGUST 24 AND 25—

**"Bachelor's Affairs"**

With ADOLPH MENJOU

Added Other Attractions

ALL SEATS 30c; CHILDREN 10c—Except Saturdays and Holidays

## AT THE CROSS ROAD

By Edwin Marshall Hadley Author of "Sinister Shadows"

This article should be read, and read carefully, by every loyal American citizen.—Ed.

Around a table three men were sitting. Two of them were Jews. The third was a Georgian.

Outside the door stood the guards. Around the building with monotonous regularity marched other semi-savage guards. The building itself, grim and forbidding, was such a one as might have housed innumerable dungeons, dark holes, and mysteries. It gave one the sensation produced by the abnormal.

Nowhere was mirth on the lips or the joy of living in the hearts. A sinister air of doom pervaded the place and hung like a cloud of melancholy over the surroundings.

Yet, it was not a room that contained prisoners.

The three men sitting around the table could come and go as they wished. The power of the old Autocracy of Russia was a gentle and benevolent thing compared with the savage and beastly dictatorship exercised by the three uncouth dictators from the gutter. Their word was law unto 140 millions of people, ninety per cent of whom were ignorant peasants whose imaginations never traveled beyond the four corners of their little fields.

The three gangsters had squirmed and "muscle" and massacred their way into power. They constituted the triumvirate that had made a madhouse of what was once Russia. Their names? The Georgian was Josef Vissarionovich Dzhugashvili alias Koba alias Nischiradse alias Tschischikov alias Ivanovitch alias Josef Etalin. The two Jews were Rosenfeld alias Kamenev and Apfelbaum alias Zinoviev.

These three under the fictitious names of Stalin, Kamenev, and Zinoviev are known as the triumvirate, and not one of them is a genuine Russian. Russia means nothing to them other than being a criminals' hangout where they can plan their deeds in comparative safety and broaden their criminal fields of operation against every nation of the world.

Never in the history of this world has a more fiendish attempt been made to wreck civilization than is the attempt now being made by the gangland leaders of Soviet Russia, the land of free love and organized atheism—the land that has substituted the rule of the barnyard for the marriage code. The scum has come to the top in Red Russia as scum has a way of doing when civilization is not on guard.

This ruthless monster of anarchy has poured millions and millions of dollars into our country to debauch, bribe, and influence our people by the most clever campaign of propaganda the world has ever seen.

This arch enemy of civilization flaunts its insolent challenge to our churches, our schools, our industries, our farms, our press, and our homes.

The time has passed for soft words and arguments. We must stop talking and start doing. The crisis is too immediate for further delay. Civilization has been challenged. Everything we hold dear and precious has been attacked. Why do we wait until it is too late?

Never in the history of the world has such a desperate gang wielded such power. These three plotters control red Russia, the communist party and the Third Internationale. In thinking of Red Russia, the Third Internationale, and the communist party, the reader must always bear in mind that there is no party other than the communist party in Russia and that the communist party absolutely dictates the policy not only of the Third Internationale but of all Red Russia itself.

Zinoviev, in speaking of the communist party, calls it "the lever which is to overthrow the whole world."

The table around which these arch criminals sat was piled high with reports of the Tcheka, the dreaded secret police. From every country in the world had the spies of Russia gathered into a short report of that country, explanations of communistic activities instigated by the conspirators in Moscow. We will leave the gloating conspirators in the room reading the reports of their spies while we take a general survey of the results of this monstrous thing, communism-socialism, that hangs like a poisonous gas over civilization today. The communist party, though comparatively small in numbers, controls 140 millions of Russians by fear and murder. The present head of the Tcheka (the secret police), Menjinsky, has said, in reference to other nations:

"As long as there are idiots to take our signature seriously, and to put their trust in it, we must promise everything that is being asked, and as much as one likes, if we can only get something tangible in exchange."

Let the American readers understand that this statement of the Tcheka head is the basis of all Soviet thought. According to their own admission their word is worthless, yet there are civilized nations that recognize this monster that boasts that its word is worthless. In some countries Red Russia has been given the hand of fellowship by the socialist leaders who are in red sympathy with the Russian movement. In England the Socialist Prime Minister, MacDonald, made it possible for the Red Russian conspirators to return to the Red Embassy in London after a sensational expulsion in disgrace only a few months previous. Ramsay MacDonald was an administrative chairman of the Socialistische Arbeiter Internationale, the high authority of the international Socialists.

During the World War, MacDonald was appointed to the "Committee for acting and creating thirteen 'soviets' in England," when his homeland was at war. And now he is Prime Minister of mighty England, with its wonderful history of great men of the past.

In 1922 he is quoted as saying in "Potted Biographies," "I have been an unswerving hopeful regarding the Moscow government. We can now take it under our wing and clothe it in the furs of apology."

The Socialist party crept into power in England on account of the apathy of the English electorate. The day is coming when an awakened electorate will correct its error, but only after such incalculable damage has been done that will require years for recovery.

Will an alert America prevent a duplication of England's ghastly socialist experiment in our own land?

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

Here in the United States are firms that barter with the outlaws of Red Russia and let their greed for the dollar outweigh their loyalty to country. The time will come when the names of such concerns will be held in loathsome contempt by their fellow countrymen. Giving "aid and comfort to the enemy" is a charge no firm, however large, can weather. The thirty pieces of silver that changed hands when Christ was betrayed have become busy internationalists these days.

A Red Russia concern was formed in New York, May 27, 1924. It is a consolidation of the Arcos-American Inc. and the Products Exchange Corporation with headquarters in Moscow and is owned by the Soviet government. It is incorporated for three million dollars. Its liabilities are nearly 27 millions. Its name is the Amtorg Trading Co. and, to all intents and purposes, it is the unofficial embassy of a country not recognized by the U. S. A., yet through this medium it is possible to fill the Amtorg offices with aliens and spies. In the last five years this one red organization has brought 1506 of their workers into the U. S. A.

The avowed purpose of Red Russia is the destruction of other nations.

Why are these enemy aliens not deported? They have no rights here.

Why are they permitted to seduce our industrial mental weaklings with their red contracts?

## The Home and That Boy of Yours

By F. R. CHELEY

### BOY TRAINING AN EDUCATIONAL PROCESS

BOSTWICK, the famous and successful animal trainer, tells us that before he attempts to get into operation any plan of training for a wild animal, he spends days, and sometimes weeks, studying the animal to discover his strengths and his weaknesses, his likes and his dislikes and the probable way he will react to the plan under consideration. If that is good psychology for an animal trainer, it is likewise good psychology for a parent educator.

Alert parents should constantly be alive to what a boy is learning out of every experience, for it is the things he "learns" which make or break him.

There are very large educational values in play but they are often quite completely overlooked or ignored. All the vast range of boy hobbies have the very essence of education in them, for they involve innumerable self-initiated projects which, if carried through, bring desirable learnings. Gang life and social participation have tremendous educational values when wisely directed. Little excursions and travel trips of every kind which bring new experience, are fraught with educational values of the most desirable sort when deliberately planned. Books and reading may be made exceedingly educational or merely time killers, it depends so much on the attitude of the parents.

And what a thrill there is in being conscious that your own skill as a teacher is sufficient to bring about obvious and desirable results. So often the whole field of boy interest and activity falls to give to a boy the development that it ought because no one was thinking of the training values—good boy training is an educational process.

In this connection, progressive parents will find much that is very helpful, by following the Progressive Education Magazine and the official magazine of the National Parent-Teacher association. When parents come to think of themselves as teachers along with the public school teachers, and study to perfect a teaching technique, there will not be so many boy failures.

(© 1932, Western Newspaper Union.)

"Help me," the Red Russians shout, "help me build my railroads, my industries, my army, my navy, my propaganda agencies so that I will become sufficiently powerful to crush you." Red Russia is sharpening its claws. It has the biggest standing army in the world today.

Already this Communistic Amtorg has established a credit of eighty millions of dollars here in our country through American banks.

How much of your money, Mr. Patriot, has gone into this monstrous thing without your knowledge? Patriotic Americans should not deposit their money with a bank that traffics with this enemy.

Recently these enemies of civilization with their convict labor and the conscripted men have flooded the American market with coal, lumber, wood pulp, manganese, and benzene, most of the material having been stolen from former owners. Their laboring men, threatened by the guns of their guards, are treated as serfs and work for a pittance. The regimented enslaved peasants are herded in barracks in the fields like animals. Half starved, they are denied full rations because the red rulers seek to break the markets of the world by exporting the very commodities Russia's starving people need. The red rulers are dumping these commodities upon our shores in competition with free American labor hoping that they will cause more unemployment here because the crafty and unscrupulous communists know that the greater the number of the unemployed in America, the more fertile field they will have for their propaganda. Our papers are filled with their dastardly attacks on our wheat markets. Our American farmers are the helpless victims of Red Russia's recent attack. Yet we sit with our hands folded and permit the working of their audacious plans for our destruction. Have we substituted wishbones for backbones? Will the American laboring men submit to this life-threatening competition? Will American working men sit idly by while Soviet Russia works out her plans to throw them out of their jobs? The Amtorg Trading Co. in New York is the organization that handles the American end of their plans, and this communist organization has the effrontery to tell the American people that if we are not more lenient with them they will stop their trading. Who wants their trade anyway? Do they think for one minute that America will sell its birthright for their filthy stolen kopeks? Does this jungle monster think we are blind to the ultimate? Maybe it has a reason to think so when they see how easy it is to bribe some of our greedy, shortsighted industrialists with their filthy contracts.

We have a certain manufacturer in this country who has made a colossal fortune due to his genius for mass production. His reputation along these lines is world wide. He is master of this one thing. Of history and its lessons he knows practically nothing. Recently he sold thousands of tractors to the Soviets who seek to destroy the nation that made his great fortune possible.

In speaking of the tractors, Stalin, the red master of Soviet-land said in a speech:

"These tractors will be 50,000 bomb shells exploding the remnants of the old bourgeois world."

For once, we must agree with a statement of this enemy—these tractors are high explosive "bomb shells" and the tragedy of it is, that they were furnished the enemy by an American manufacturer living in our great land of opportunity where a poor boy in twenty-five years can amass one of the greatest fortunes of the world.

Always has the decadence of a nation swiftly followed the apathy and the false toleration of the citizen.

We are told in America that we have nothing to fear on account of the communist-socialist movement, that there are only a small number in our legislative halls, in our universities, in our pulpits, and in our daily press interested in the fallacies of this theory.

We have pedagogic Reds in this country who go out of their way to assure the reading public that we have nothing to be alarmed about because the communist party is comparatively small. Not all Reds carry cards in the communist party. Why are these Red writers so eager to assure the reading public that the number is so small?

A cancer occupies only a small portion of the human body. Is it harmless because it is small? They wish to tell us the numbers are small so that America will not counteract their teaching which they know America will not tolerate if she is informed. They strive to keep America asleep so that the pedagogic Reds can seize control of our schools and corrupt the next generation. Therefore, they endeavor to belittle their own cause.

Regarding small numbers, it required only six individuals out of every 10,000 inhabitants of Russia to turn that unfortunate country into a bedlam. There are more Reds in the United States today than in Russia when the Anarchists massacred their way into power. Yet, we are told not to be alarmed. All through history we find that the organized minority always conquers the unorganized majority. The Reds of today have learned their lesson from history. They realize that a small compact group is a real power, consequently they have no hesitancy in broadcasting the fact that their numbers are comparatively small; in fact, they encourage such an idea.

(Continued on Page 7.)

## Never Before...

Have These Famous Yukon Club Beverages Sold at...

## Such Low Prices!

**YUKON CLUB**  
Pale Dry & Golden  
**Ginger Ales**  
also Lime Rickey and Sparkling Water  
SPECIAL WEEK-END PRICES AT...  
**3 bots 20c** No bottle deposit  
HOSTESS PACKAGE 6 bots 39c  
**Yukon Club 3 big 25c** Plus bottle deposit  
**Ginger Ale**  
Now you can get three big bottles for the price of two—  
Last Year's Price - 2 bots 25c

## THIS BREW "HITS THE SPOT!"

### Arrow Special 6 bots 25c

Plus Deposits (Case of 24 - 95c)

Salada Tea 2 1/2 lbs 22c Mixed or Orange Pekoe 1/2 lb 15c  
Nectar Tea 2 1/2 lbs 15c India Ceylon 1/2 lb 15c  
Kellogg's Pep 2 pks 19c

Hershey's Cocoa 1-lb can 10c  
Fancy Red Salmon 1-lb can 15c  
Budweiser Malt Syrup 3-lb can 49c

These Special Prices for Iced Coffee Week Ends Saturday Night... Take Advantage of the Saving!  
**8 O'Clock 1b 19c**  
**Red Circle 1b 20c**  
**Bokar Coffee 1b 25c**

Lucky Strike, Chesterfield  
**Cigarettes**  
**\*4 tins \$1.08**  
tin of 50 27c  
\* EQUAL TO A CARTON OF 200 CIGARETTES (Selling at \$1.25)

Borden's Cheese 2 1/2 lbs 25c  
Quaker Maid Beans 6 cans 25c  
Ritter Tomato Juice 3 12-oz bots 22c

Pillsbury's Cake Flour 12-lb bag 21c  
Priscilla BUTTER COOKIES 2-lb 15c  
String Beans 3 cans 25c

## Gold Medal Flour 12-lb bag 35c

Whole wheat flakes with all the bran!

## Wheaties - 2 pks 19c

## Sliced Bread loaf 4c

... At the lowest price in years!

## GOLD DUST large pkg 17c

WASHING POWDER

Octagon Soap - 5 cakes 15c  
Lux Toilet Soap 4 cakes 25c  
Young's Soap Chips 3 pks 25c

Yellow Laundry Soap 3 1-lb 10c  
EASY SOAP Chips - 2 lbs 15c  
Domestic Oil Sardines 1-lb 5c

## FREE-STONE PEACHES - 4-quart basket 15c

1/2-Bushel Basket approx. 50c Bushel Basket approx. 99c

## MASON JARS PINTS - doz 69c QUARTS - doz 79c

Spices Whole or Ground 3 pks 15c  
Jar Caps Porcelain 1/2 doz 25c  
Rubber Rings 2 pkgs 12 9c

White Vinegar gal jug 35c  
Cider Vinegar 1/2 gal jug 39c  
Certo Sure-Jell 8-oz bot 29c  
Pure Paraffine Wax 1-lb 49c

## Potatoes basket 15c

## Cantaloupes basket 15c

## Extra Large Melons 19c

### CHOICE QUALITY MEATS at A & P MARKETS!

## FANCY MILK-FED—Up to 4 1/2 pound Stewing Chickens - lb 21c

## Prime Ribs Grain-Fed Beef lb 25c

Loins of Pork Whole or Half lb 17c  
Large Smoked Hams Whole or Half lb 15c  
Shoulder Lamb Chops lb 23c

Beef Liver (Sliced) lb 15c Boiled Ham (Sliced) 1/2-lb 18c  
White American Cheese 1-lb 7c

## Fresh Caught Bluefish medium or large lb 15c

DEEP SEA SCALLOPS lb 19c  
FRESH CAUGHT ATLANTIC HALIBUT (Sliced) lb 23c  
SKINLESS FILLETS GENUINE HADDOCK - lb 14c

## THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO

These prices effective in A. & P. Store in Newark, August 18th, 1938.

Thursday, August 18, 1932

THE NEWARK POST, NEWARK, DELAWARE

7

# IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

## Lesson for August 21

LESSON TEXT—Exodus 32.  
GOLDEN TEXT—And the Lord spoke unto Moses thus, as a man speaketh unto his friend.—Exodus 33:11.  
PRIMARY TOPIC—The Tent of Meeting.  
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—TALKING WITH GOD.  
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Exodus 32:1-35.

### I. The Divine Command to Possess the Land (vs. 1-5).

1. The abiding purpose (v. 1). They were to go up and possess the land despite the fact that the calf-worship had broken the bond between them and their God. God spoke of them as the people whom Moses brought up out of Egypt, as his own people. They had not shown any true penitence for that awful sin. Therefore God could not claim them as his own.

2. Divine aid promised (v. 2). Though their sin made it impossible for God to go with them, still he agreed to help them by sending an angel before them to drive out their enemies.

3. The threatened withdrawal of the divine presence (vs. 3, 5). God said, "I will not go up in the midst of thee, for thou art a stiff-necked people, lest I possible thee in the way." The presence of God in the midst of a sinning and unrepentant people would mean death unto them. The mercy of God is often strikingly shown by his withdrawal from his people.

4. The effect upon the people (vs. 4, 6).

a. "When the people heard these evil tidings they mourned." They knew that no angel could make up for the great loss of the personal presence of God. They called it "evil tidings." Surely no tidings are so evil as those which tell of the withdrawal of the divine presence.

b. They stripped themselves of their ornaments, showing that the articles which indicated gladness and joy could not be consecrated worn when God had departed. We must be stripped of all that pertains to self and carnal pleasures if we would be clothed with the divine blessing.

II. The Tent of Meeting (vs. 7-11).

1. It was pitched outside of the camp (v. 7). As a token of the sacred fellowship, the symbol of God's dwelling place, the tent of meeting was placed without the camp.

2. Moses in communion with God (vs. 8-10). Because Moses had not transgressed God's law, he still had fellowship with God. The visible sign to the people that God honored Moses was the descent of the "cloudy pillar" as Moses entered the tent of meeting.

3. Moses the friend of God (v. 11). This is one of the most beautiful expressions of personal fellowship to be found in all the Bible, if not in all literature. Friendship implies mutual confidence and sympathy, a disposition to share each other's secrets.

4. Joshua as home in the Tabernacle (v. 11). Joshua was not involved in the rebellion of the people. Because of his fidelity and in recognition of his broken fellowship, he was privileged to abide in the tent.

III. Moses' Prayer (vs. 12-23).

Moses' mind was somewhat perturbed, therefore he came to the Lord for the solution of his problem. God had said that he would send an angel to carry out his covenant obligation concerning the people in the possession of the land. Moses desired fuller knowledge of this angel so that he might act intelligently with reference to the matter. He asked for three things:

1. Fuller knowledge (vs. 12-14). In order to lead the people, he needed to know more fully his God. Intelligent and acceptable service is only possible as one knows God. God graciously responded to this request. "My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest."

2. "If thy presence go not with me, carry us not up hence" (vs. 15-17). Moses was convinced that no substitute could take God's place even though that one were an angel. He argued that it would be better to perish in the wilderness than attempt to go into Canaan without God. God's presence today is necessary in order to convince the world that he has called us.

3. "Show me thy glory" (vs. 18-23). Moses wanted a new vision of God for his new task. To this request God responded by giving assurance that he would make his goodness to pass by Moses. God's supreme glory is his holiness.

## SOME WISE SAYINGS

Where pride abides, deceit derides.  
Prayer and self-sufficiency never  
Sins hands.

The Christian life is not camping,  
but journeying.

Any man who steps out to do a real  
and definite work for God will be op-  
posed—the devil will see to that—  
Pulpit.

# AT THE CROSS ROAD

(Continued from Page 6.)

In the meanwhile communists and socialists have honey-combed many of our institutions of learning. The red flag of Anarchy floated over one of our great universities in Chicago for several hours, May 1, 1930. If American fathers and mothers investigated conditions in many of our institutions of learning they would find deplorable facts that would cause them to wonder just how valuable some of these higher institutions of learning have become as far as certain of their tainted instructors are concerned. And a very significant fact is the one that the radical professors seem to be immune to dismissal. If American fathers and mothers do not wake up to the menace and drive radicalism out of our educational institutions before it is too late, the time may come when the woes of Russia may find an echo in the woes of the U. S. A.

Here is one little instance showing how these things can go on for years without the world recognizing the danger. Sixty-two years ago the Russian Red Conspirator, Bakunin, stated:

"Brethren, I come to announce unto you a new gospel which must penetrate to the very ends of the world. . . . The old world must be destroyed and replaced by a new one. . . . The Lie must be stamped out, and give way to Truth. . . . The first lie is God; the second lie is Right. . . . and when you have freed your minds from the fear of a God, and from that childish respect for the fiction of Right, then all the remaining chains that bind you, and which are called science, civilization, property, marriage, morality, and justice, will snap asunder like threads. . . . Let your own happiness be your only law. . . . Our first work must be destruction and annihilation of everything as it now exists; you must accustom yourself to destroy everything, the good with the bad; for if but an atom of this old world remains, the new will never be created."

The recent attack of Red Russia against Religion will be recalled by the reader. In the light of this new attack we read Bakunin's statement of sixty-two years ago with the realization that we have wasted time in taking preventive measures. This menace is not remote. It is here now. America is at the cross road today. The verdict cannot be delayed. Each man and woman in America must give his and her attention to this condition if we are going to avoid the duplication of what has taken place in Russia. Red Russia is an example of Socialism and Communism put into practice. The Socialists, themselves, say so. Why do we hesitate? Have we no thought of tomorrow? We have a great country. Is it worth fighting for. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." We may lose that liberty if we do not exert ourselves. We may lose that liberty and have imposed upon us the greatest Autocracy the world has ever seen; the autocracy of the mob, the autocracy of red rulers. We must keep firmly in our minds, "A thousand years scarce serve to form a state. An hour may lay it in the dust."

In the Kremlin in Moscow, behind glass, lies the odoriferous and medicined body of Lenin. Before this embalmed follower of Karl Marx pass, in endless processions, the duped victims of this arch conspirator, this maitre d'hotel who died a raving maniac.

From this pestilential casket comes the poison gas arising from the disintegration of the insane brain that made a madhouse of carnage of Red Russia and today threatens the peace of every nation on earth. Those who seek to keep our country blind to this danger exclaim "What pessimism!" Are physicians considered pessimists when they advise treatment for the incipient cancer?

There may be some excuse for an indifference that is due to lack of correct information, but there is no excuse for a continued indifference when facts are furnished.

The ostrich that hides its head in a sand hole at the approach of danger is not a model of wisdom. Unwarranted pessimism may be the result of an unsettled stomach. By the same token an unwarranted optimism is the result of an unsettled head.

Wherever in the world there are revolutionary disturbances, there at that spot will be found the spies of Red Russia, either the instigators or the abettors of the agitation and bloodshed.

It is the duty of every loyal American to help drive this arch enemy of civilization from our shores. Red Russia is our avowed enemy. Its propaganda guns are trained upon our institutions. Its money is poured into our country to corrupt our weaklings.

Red Russia has fomented bloodshed and anarchy in China and India and Egypt and Arabia. It worked its will upon Mexico until an awakened Mexico expelled its emissaries. The structure of Germany rocks on a foundation shaken by the Socialist-Communist group in her reichstag.

Red Russia's influence is at the bottom of England's ghastly Socialist experiment under her MacDonalds, Snowdens, Webbs, Shaws and their sympathizers. The Red's crafty intrigue has upset South America. Behind the scenes in the disturbances in every nation upon Earth crouches the outlaw nation.

The Red bandit leader Stalin in instructing his executive committee in Moscow recently stated:

"The present development of bolshevist action in the United States has been prepared at Moscow with the greatest care. . . . The revolutionary crisis has not yet arrived in the United States, but there are already numerous indications which lead us to believe that it is near. . . . The Third Internationale has enabled the Communist Party of America to reach a stage where it can actively prepare the masses for future revolution."

In God's name why do we Americans permit the working of its conspiracies in this country? Have we lost the sturdy stamina of our forefathers?

My earnest prayer is that an alert and awakened America will drive this menace from our schools, our Senate, our press, our settlement centers, or wherever it is found. Let us say to Red Russia's advocates in this country, "If you think so much of Red Russia—go there and try to live but while you live here surrounded by the blessings of civilization we will not permit you to turn upon us its vicious and savage poison gas of propaganda. Red Russia must stop its bloody treacheries. We will not permit this outlaw to continue its revolutionary intrigues in our land."

This article is a reprint of a leaflet published by the American Commission, The American League of Delaware, Victor E. Devereaux, Chairman.

## Farm Electrification Marches Forward

A recent survey of farm electrification showed that 11.1 per cent of American farms are now served by electric light and power companies. When individual farm plants are included, the percentage of electrified farms reaches between 15 and 16.

The 11.1 per cent represents, in number, 698,786 electrified farms, as compared with 177,561 served with power in 1923. Michigan heads the list of states showing an increase in electrified farms, with Illinois second.

These are interesting figures, when it is considered that much of the extension of the movement has taken place at a time when agriculture was not blessed with prosperity, and that now one out of nine American farmers has at his beck and call an unlimited supply of reasonably-priced mechanical power.

As a matter of fact, the farm electrification movement is producing results that few of us realize. It has made possible better standards of production at a lower cost. It has made great changes in the domestic and social life of the farm by bringing to it the advantages of the city home, as far as convenience and comfort are concerned, plus the peculiar advantages possessed only by the rural dweller. Electrified farming really does mean a new agricultural era.



# Facts for Farm Folks

## SUPPLY GREEN FEED IN SUMMER TO POULTRY

It is profitable to feed green feed to all poultry during the summer, because it can be secured so readily and easily. For growing birds rape, clover, lawn clippings, swiss chard, oats or rye can be utilized.

Some poultrymen find it pays to plant rape in rows around the poultry yard and let it grow about eight inches high before cutting it, and then by keeping it four or five inches from the ground all the time, it readily grows again after being cut. But if the rape is cut close to the ground, especially during dry weather, it will not respond and will die out. One of the troubles with rape for laying birds, however, is that it may cast a greenish color to the whites of a few of the eggs.

Swiss chard and rye planted in the spring have proven to be two very popular green feeds for summer in the poultry plant. According to Prof. Graham, of Ontario College, winter rye planted in the spring will con-

tinually stool throughout the summer and will not grow very rank and will keep more succulent than the winter rye planted in the fall.

Too much green feed for laying birds may have a tendency to affect the quality of the albumen, but for growing birds there is very little chance that much harm can be done by overfeeding of green feeds, unless they are limited on other feeds, such as grain and mash.

Some poultrymen also are beginning to allow their growing chicks to go in their sweet corn or field corn fields after it has become about one foot high. This gives the growing chicks a chance to get shade as well as green feed and does no serious harm to the corn as long as the birds are not large enough to jump up and eat the sweet corn ears later on in the season. When trouble of this kind starts the birds could easily be taken out of the field.

At least the birds should be allowed some sort of green feed that will help to keep the digestive system in good condition.

## Cool Salads Spur Summer Appetite

"Crispness and coolness are the essentials of a summer time menu," says Inez S. Wilson, home economist, "and one of the best ways of inserting that coolness and crispness into the menu is by the use of salad." Salads, thoroughly chilled, and garnished with crisp lettuce, watercress or endive are capable of putting the edge on the unsharpened appetite that is so often found when the mercury mounts higher.

Here are some salad suggestions.  
**Sweetbread and Cucumber Salad**  
1 cup sweetbreads, parboiled and cubed  
1/2 cup cucumber, diced  
1/2 cup finely cut celery  
Salt and pepper  
Cream dressing  
Lettuce

Parboil sweetbreads for 20 minutes in water to which 1 tablespoon vinegar has been added for each quart. Plunge them into cold water, drain, and place in refrigerator to chill until needed. Mix sweetbreads, celery and cucumber. Season with salt and pepper, add a cream dressing and chill. Arrange on lettuce or in cucumber cups and sprinkle with paprika.

**Cream Dressing**  
1/2 cup whipping cream  
3 tablespoons vinegar  
1/2 teaspoon salt  
Few grains pepper

Beat cream until stiff, using an egg beater. Add salt, pepper, and vinegar slowly, continue to beat until thick.

**Pork and Fruit Combination Salad**  
1 cup cold roast pork, diced fine  
2 teaspoons gelatine  
1/2 cup stock or fruit juice  
1/2 cup mayonnaise  
1 tablespoon tarragon vinegar  
1/2 cup grapefruit pulp  
1/2 cup canned pineapple, cubed  
Soak gelatine in stock or fruit juice and dissolve over hot water. Add the vinegar and add slowly to mayonnaise, beating thoroughly. Mix the meat and fruit and combine. Pack in ring mold or individual molds, and chill. Unmold on bed of watercress or endive.

## There's Sandwich for Every Occasion

"There's a sandwich for every occasion," says Inez S. Wilson, home economist. The range of sandwiches from the man-sized club sandwich down to the dainty little sandwich for the bridge luncheon or the garden tea party is wide and varied. "Nor are the possibilities exhausted for finding new kinds of sandwiches," continues Miss Wilson. New combinations for sandwich fillings are being used all the time and they depend largely upon what the refrigerator contains. A little roast pork, beef, or lamb, a few slices of bacon, a few olives, a bit of celery, some crisp lettuce leaves, and green peppers—these are the makings of delicious sandwiches.

**Salad Sandwich Filling**  
Cold roast meat, diced  
2 tablespoons peanut butter  
Salad dressing  
1/2 cup finely ground raw carrots  
Salt  
Lettuce

Mix the peanut butter with enough salad dressing to make a creamy paste. Add to this the salted carrots and diced roast meat, either beef, lamb or pork.

**Chopped Sausage and Olive Sandwiches**  
1/2 cup summer sausage, cut fine  
1/2 cup olives, chopped fine  
Crisp lettuce leaves  
1/2 cup mayonnaise dressing  
Thin slices white or rye bread  
Mix the sausage, olives and mayonnaise. Spread the mixture between thin slices of buttered bread, placing a lettuce leaf between the bread and the mixture.

## Ideas On Meat for the Budget That Is Lower

In these days of reduced budgets, it is often necessary to make the dollars have more cents, but according to the National Live Stock and Meat Board, meat prices have dropped so low that it is an easy matter to keep the meat costs within the food budget. To support this argument, the National Live Stock and Meat Board listed a number of cuts which can be bought for 15 cents a pound or less, and some of them much less. Among the low-cost cuts are chuck and rump roasts, plate, neck, flank, ground meat and stew of beef; spareribs, shoulder, sausage, liver, heart, and bacon ends of pork; stew, breast, liver, and heart of lamb; and the shoulder, breast, shanks, and stew of veal. These are economy cuts, yet with a little care in cooking they can be made into dishes that every member of the household will enjoy.

The ways of preparing these economy cuts are many. Here are some:

**Braised Lamb Neck Slices**  
Neck slices of lamb  
1 cup tomato juice  
1 small onion, sliced  
1 tablespoon bacon drippings  
1 tablespoon flour  
Salt and pepper

Brown neck slices of lamb in hot bacon drippings after having seasoned them with salt and dredged them with flour. Add the tomatoes, onion, and seasonings. Place in a covered baking dish, cover tightly, and bake slowly until the meat is very tender.

**Stuffed Shoulder of Veal**  
Shoulder of veal  
2 cups soft bread crumbs  
Salt and pepper  
1/2 cup butter melted in  
1/2 cup boiling water  
Powdered sage or poultry seasoning

Have the bone removed from the shoulder of veal. Fill the cavity with a dressing, sew up and truss into shape. Rub with salt and pepper and lay strips of bacon across the top. Sear in a hot oven (500° F.) for 15 to 20 minutes and at the end of this time, reduce the temperature rapidly to 260° F. Cover the roaster and continue cooking until the roast is done, allowing 20 minutes per pound.

**Panbroiled Meat Patties**  
1 1/2 pounds ground steak  
2 tablespoons minced onion  
1 tablespoon chopped parsley  
1/2 cup bread crumbs  
1/2 cup milk  
Bacon slices  
Salt and pepper  
Mix all ingredients well and shape into small round cakes, handling as little as possible. Wrap a slice of bacon around each cake, and fasten with a toothpick. Panbroil the patties in a heavy skillet until the bacon is brown and the meat is cooked through. This takes about 10 minutes.

## AMERICAN MOVIES CUT RUM BILL IN GREAT BRITAIN

Let's Have More Movies in America

After all the harsh things said about the movies, listen to Sir Harold Bowden, chairman of the English Olympic committee:

"Hollywood motion pictures are so popular with millions of the British public that they have substantially reduced the consumption of liquor."

Sir Harold addressed the first international recreational congress which is being held in connection with the forthcoming Olympic games.

He said the growth of sports programs for the masses in Great Britain is furthering the spread of temperance.

## WHEAT A GREAT FOOD ALL SHOULD BE WELL

If Only They Will Eat Enough Of This Healthy Staple

Special to The Newark Post.  
Congressman John W. Summers of Washington State, who is a physician as well as an extensive wheat grower, during the course of a recent address in the House, extolled the virtues of unground wheat as a ration. He said it was a simple, invigorating ration of whole wheat that vitalized the soldiers of ancient Rome, giving them the stamina to conquer the world. Dr. Summers declares that before the outer covering of bran is removed wheat contains the following properties:

"Iron, for rich blood and rosy cheeks; fluorine, for clear vision and bright eyes, but especially for the armor plate enamel that protects the teeth from decay; calcium, for sound teeth and good digestion, together with strong bones; silicon, for the nerves and luxurious hair; phosphorus, that repairs and builds nerve tissue; potassium, that keeps the tissues young and elastic; sodium, destroys poisons and is absolutely essential to health; magnesium, which combines with phosphorus, silicon and fluorine to develop teeth and bones; sulphur, that works with silicon to make fine hair and nails that will not break; iodine, that defends the body against disease; manganese, that works with iron to keep the healthy red in the blood and to burn up poisons dangerous to the body; chlorine, that helps to make up the gastric juice, without which there can be no 'good digestion'; oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen, and carbon, which make breathing. These sixteen elements that make for the joy of living are all found in wheat."

Asserting that properly cooked whole wheat makes a dinner fit for a king, Dr. Summers says that with bulging wheat bins, there is no reason why any of the people of this country should go hungry.

CROCHETERS experienced on infants' hand-made booties, sacques and caps. Write CHAS. METZ, 11 N. Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

## LOST

LOST—Silver fox fur, between Newark and Christiansa, week of August 8th. Reward if returned to MRS. JENNIE L. HAYES, 8,18,2t. Bethany Beach, Del.

## WANTED

MEN WANTED to sell our Food Products direct to homes in Newark and county districts, on a straight commission basis. Bond and References required, and should have a car. Good chance for a hustler. For further information apply to GRAND UNION TEA COMPANY, 24 South Queen Street, Lancaster, Pa. 7,28,5t

## FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Garage. Rent \$3.00 per month. Apply 8,4,3t 79 Cleveland Ave.

FOR RENT—Bachelor or housekeeping apartment on Quality Hill, three rooms and bath. Heat, screens, shades, General Electric refrigerator and garage, if desired. MRS. EDW. W. COOCH, Cooch's Bridge, Del. Phone Newark 397 R 3.

FOR RENT—4 rooms, private bath, very desirable location; will share a screened in porch. WM. HUGHINS, 24 Delaware Ave. 7,21,1f

FOR SALE or RENT—Brick house, 28 Center street, 6 rooms, bath, electricity, telephone, gas, hot water heat, front and back porches, double garage. Apply CHAS. F. WALTON, Phone 151-J-1. R. 1, Newark. 6,23,1f.

FOR RENT—House on Prospect Ave., 6 rooms and bath, heat, light, and all conveniences. Apply GEO. W. KRAFF, 16 Prospect Ave. 4,21,1f.

FOR RENT—Small house, electric and water. Apply L. HANDLOFF 2,25,1f.

FOR RENT—Apartment, with private bath; also rooms for light housekeeping, 155 E. Main street. Apply Phone 61-J. M. P. MALCOM, 11,12,1f. 340 S. College Ave.

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Sweet Cantaloupes. Phone 46-R-4. CHARLES A. LEASURE, Glasgow, Del. 8,18,2t.

FOR BABY CHICKS, place your order now for future delivery with MURRAY POULTRY FARM, 1,14,1f. R. 2, Newark, Del.

HIGHEST price paid for live stock. Call or write I. PLATT, Newark, Del. Phone 229.

WE HAVE a full line of Newtown Coal and Oil Brooders, also all sizes of The New Dandy Brooders. Be sure to look them over before buying. MURRAY POULTRY FARM, 1,14,1f Newark, Delaware.

## DISABLED VETERAN LIST INCREASES

Congress Opens Door So That Claims Have Grown by Leaps and Bounds; Double Total Wounded

The United States Government, through the Veterans' Administration, is one of the largest insurance companies in the world. The Veterans' Bureau handles a huge number of policies, the largest of which is for \$10,000.

How this business came into existence is one of the fascinating stories of the World War.

In 1914, when the European nations began to spring at each other's throat, the United States remained neutral and American sailing ships and sailor men continued to pursue their usual course. The rights of neutrals had always been respected and they supposed that the same rules would apply at that time.

But it wasn't long before it became apparent that a neutral had no rights on the high seas. Insurance companies began to cancel life insurance policies and there was a demand that some protection be afforded those who "went down to the sea in ships."

On September 2, 1914, Congress passed a bill establishing the Bureau of War Risk Insurance as a part of the Treasury Department. This provided for a limited amount of insurance for sailors written on the term plan. In case of death or disability, the man's family knew that something was going to come in on which they could live.

This bureau continued to function until the United States went to war, and then it was rapidly expanded, by an amendment passed on October 3, 1917, to embrace the members of all the armed forces of the United States. From a tottering child it grew into one of the giants of the Government.

Again matters went along with the Bureau constantly expanding and constantly overwhelmed with work. Men were killed and their dependents were placed on the Government payroll to receive the benefit of the insurance policies for a limited number of years, payments being made monthly, with an additional compensation from the Government for life.

Other men were brought back or invalided home, disabled and unable to work. They went on the payroll at a stated amount each month for the remainder of their lives. This continued until the state of war was finally declared to be over on July 2, 1921.

Tuberculosis and other diseases slow in materializing began to make

their appearance among the men who had served in the trenches and the aftermath of gas poisoning began to take its toll. Whenever a man could prove to the satisfaction of the Veterans' Bureau that his disability was traceable to the war, and nothing else, he was placed on the list of beneficiaries.

As the list grew, the Bureau tightened up on its requirements of proof of war origin and rumors began to be heard that deserving men were unable to get compensation.

Many of these applicants were legitimate war sufferers, many others were men who were simply trying to get on the payroll and be sure of an income for life. It was in trying to weed out these cases that the Bureau had clamped down so tightly it shut out some of the others.

Pretty soon the rumble began to be heard in Congress and it was not long before that body acted. An amendment to the bill was passed and this declared that any disability appearing before January 1, 1925, should be "presumed" to have occurred as a result of the war. Tuberculosis and meningitis were two things that were arbitrarily fixed as of war origin, others could be refuted by the Government on "proper evidence," which was hard to get.

Up climbed the list of beneficiaries. Instead of the Government facing a total of 220,116 wounded, the number shown on the official lists of the Surgeon Generals of the Army and Navy, it found itself confronted with a list that ultimately swelled to much larger numbers.

But even with this change there were men who could not get in and draw compensation. Again came the rumble and again Congress changed the law, this time on July 3, 1930.

Under the latest amendment any veteran who is disabled anywhere at any time in any way, regardless of war origin, may apply for compensation from the Government. Spanish War veterans who have attained the age of 65 are automatically qualified thereby for a pension.

The numbers climbed rapidly under the first amendment but under this they increased by leaps and bounds.

More than twice as many applicants have filed for compensation as are found on the lists of wounded in the war and it should be remembered that these had been taken care of before this amendment was passed.

Other changes were made at different times. Veterans who had lapsed their insurance and then became disabled were allowed to reinstate it; the Government hospitals were thrown open for free treatment for veterans. It was an orgy of spending of the taxpayers' money.

The National Economy League, with headquarters in New York and composed of men who fought overseas for the most part, has begun a movement looking to the further amendment of the laws and a cutting down of the list of beneficiaries, so as to eliminate all of those whose disabilities are not due to the war. It points the way to a saving of \$450,000,000 this fiscal year alone, and much more than that in years to come.—By Col. Charles R. Stark, Jr.

### WHEAT STOCKS IN DELAWARE ELEVATORS 20,000 BUSHELS

Special to The Newark Post. Stocks of wheat in interior mills and elevators of Delaware amounted to about 20,000 bushels on July 1, according to a recent report of Richard C. Ross, agricultural statistician for Delaware. This amount is double the stocks on hand a year ago, when 10,000 bushels were estimated to be on hand. Stocks on July 1, 1930, were estimated at 15,000 bushels.

United States stocks on July 1 were estimated at 41,817,000 bushels. Stocks on the same date last year were estimated to have been 30,252,000 bushels.

This report is intended to include wheat stocks in country elevators and in the smaller interior mills which are not included in the Department's reports on stock of wheat in 39 markets or the Bureau of the Census report on stocks in merchant mills and attached elevators. The estimate is based largely on reports from about 4,100 mills and elevators located over the entire country.

### TWO WASHINGTON LADS HELD FOR COURT

John Russell and Francis Davis, two Washington lads who on Monday night of last week looted the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Victor Davis, at Elkton, were given a hearing before Police Justice Manly Drennen, Friday and held under \$1500 bail for Court. Several stolen articles were recovered from the race, where the boys said they had thrown them.

### CARD OF THANKS

We wish to thank friends and neighbors for floral offerings and use of cars during our recent bereavement of husband and father.

Mrs. Frank Hill and Family.

### WHITE CLAY CREEK ALL STARS WIN EASILY

The White Clay Creek All Stars easily defeated Corner Ketch 12 to 1, in a five inning twilight game, Monday. Bud Jordan's fast curves bluffed the Ketchers and up to the last inning Corner Ketch was completely shut out.

### ENTERTAINS AT PARTY

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Phillips entertained a number of little guests in honor of their son, Tommy, on Monday, August the fifteenth, the occasion being Tommy's third birthday anniversary. A large birthday cake with three candles graced the table. Among the guests were Tommy Silk, Elizabeth Ann Tweed, Marjorie Jamison, Harlan Tweed, Pearl Tweed, Francis Tweed, Kenneth Beers, Jean Phillips and Pauline Ragan.

One-piece suits should come at union rates.

The undertaker's bill is one thing that is always dead certain.

Somehow modesty manages to parade in public frequently.

The man who acts little makes a big mistake.



Buy  
2  
and  
Save

Dennison  
Motor Co.

Newark, Delaware  
Phone 424

IF BOUGHT in pairs, our new guaranteed Goodrich Cavalier Tires cost you less than ever. And there's more mileage, more service in the Cavalier today than ever before.

\$4.65  
4.40-21

Size	Price
4.50-21	\$5.27
4.75-19	6.16
5.00-20	6.55
5.25-18	7.30



Goodrich  
Cavaliers

## Alfalfa Helps Farmers in Reducing the Cost of Producing Milk

That dairymen in New Castle county are firm believers in the value of alfalfa hay for their dairy cows is the conviction of County Agent Ed Willim, Jr., who has been advising the farmers of the upper county to grow more of this hay to reduce the amount of cash outlay for purchased dairy feed.

Mr. Willim's findings, based on the written statements of many dairymen who have voluntarily given their testimonials on the value of this roughage show that alfalfa does aid a farmer in reducing his cost of producing milk. These statements are presented here by Mr. Willim as they were sent in to him by letters from leading farmers in New Castle county.

F. Ed Hitchens, president of the New Castle County Guernsey Breeders Association, who lives near North Star School, gives his approval of alfalfa as follows: "I think my cows like alfalfa in preference to any other hay. With the first cutting which inclines to be coarse we find that by running it through the ensilage cutter and mixing it with corn, which lightens the corn, will increase production very rapidly. I, myself, would rather feed alfalfa than mixed hay. Five acres of a well-set field will feed twenty-five cows during the winter months. I have found that I can save fifty per cent of commercial feeds by having alfalfa."

Another farmer believes alfalfa to be a good crop according to the endorsement given by Paul W. Mitchell, President of the New Castle County Cow Testing Association and one of the sons of J. Howard Mitchell and Sons, also near Hockessin. Mr. Mitchell writes, "Our cows seem to prefer good alfalfa hay to any other that we can grow. We have close to 25 acres which we expect to cut four times this year. We hope to feed around 75 heads of Jerseys (about 45 to 50 milking) and four horses an appetizing amount this winter. We are now grinding alfalfa to mix to our dairy ration at the rate of about 300 lbs. per ton. This adds bulk and makes other feed go farther and at the same time keeps the milk flow up to par. We feel that by having plenty of alfalfa at hand to feed in our grain ration together, as roughage, we are able to save nearly half the amount of supplement 30 per cent feed that we would ordinarily have to buy."

Joseph R. Pierson, another dairyman near Hockessin, says: "I believe there is no hay like alfalfa because it will require only one half as much dairy feed for the same number of cows, and they like it so much better than any other hay. My four acres will feed my ten cows once a day for six months."

From near Marshallton, Irvin G. Klair sends his ideas about alfalfa when compared with other hay. His reply is, "In regard to growing and feeding alfalfa, I consider it good feed for all livestock, particularly cows. When compared with red clover at the best only two crops of clover can be cut off the land, while with alfalfa three crops a year for 4 to 6 years can be harvested from one seeding. We have 35 head of cattle and 16 acres of alfalfa. We could feed and harvest with a profit, a larger acreage."

"There is no doubt in my mind," says Horace Dennison on the Lime-

stone Road, near Harmony Grove, "that alfalfa is the best grass hay for roughage for dairy cows."

In the southern section of the county dairymen are equally loud in their praise of this roughage.

Mr. Eugene Deakins, of Townsend, writes as follows: "I think it safe to say that alfalfa is a very good dairy feed and I couldn't tell you how much dairy feed it saves me but it will have to save me practically all of the dairy feed I use at the present prices of the dairy product. To compare alfalfa with other hay I think I'll give you just as good but the objection to the latter is that you only have one cutting where with alfalfa two or more each year can be cut for several years."

"My cows sure do like alfalfa," comments Mr. Harry B. Seaman of Odessa. "There is no doubt about it, they will give more milk with considerably less dairy feed when regularly eating alfalfa than when fed on the best mixed hay."

"One of the first crops I want to be sure of having on the farm which I recently purchased near Middletown will be alfalfa for my cows. I am planning on enough permanent alfalfa to keep me in that kind of hay all the time." This is the statement of Ernest C. Whittingham, of Middletown, on the value of alfalfa.

For the farmers who are wondering when alfalfa should be seeded, I found says County Agent Willim, that the best stands are secured from seed made anytime now until August 15th. Try not to get it into the ground much later than this date since the frost of an early fall may kill the seedlings before they are sufficiently large enough to withstand the cold weather. Inoculate the seed and seed at the rate of 25 lbs. per acre. Seed following a rain if possible.

Your bottom dollar is not to be underrated.

### Candidate's Card

I wish to announce that I am a candidate for Representative from Precinct Hundred, New Castle County, and earnestly solicit the support of all Democrat and Independent voters.

A. W. Bradley,  
Porter, Delaware

JOHN M. LACEY  
Stanton Florist  
CUT FLOWERS and  
FUNERAL DESIGNS  
Phone (WIL.) 31485

Phone 1696 WE BUY  
PARTS FOR AUTOS AND  
TRUCKS  
PLOENER AUTO  
SALVAGE CO.  
WE SPECIALIZE IN TRUCKS  
Ploener, 520 So. Market St.  
Wilmington

SWIFT AS ELECTRICITY . . . CLEAN AS ELECTRIC LIGHT

NOW world's fastest electric cooking with ...



CALROD—the million-dollar high-speed heating element in the new General Electric Hotpoint Range—gives electric cooking remarkable speed and unsurpassed economy. Now you can have the cleanliness, safety and convenience of electric cooking for less than a penny per person per meal! Meats and vegetables are cooked in their own tasty juices. Little

or no water is required. The natural flavors and nourishing food elements are sealed in—not boiled away. Pots and pans, walls and curtains, stay spotlessly clean. Your kitchen keeps cool and healthfully free of fumes . . . Special demonstration today at our display rooms. By all means see Hotpoint before you buy any range. Easy terms can be arranged.

GENERAL ELECTRIC  
ELECTRIC Hotpoint RANGE

Delaware Light and Power Company

834 Market Street

Wilmington, Delaware

Phone 6211

Telephone Newark, 237-R-2, S. A. Slack, for information on Merchandise, or Electric and Gas Service Extensions.

Save \$9.50

FREE A complete set of HIGH VACUUM ATTACHMENTS with every

Grand Prize EUREKA VACUUM CLEANER De Luxe or Standard

LIBERAL ALLOWANCE FOR YOUR OLD CLEANER

For limited time Only Buy Now!

Only \$250 down  
Balance on easy payments

Everyone who buys right now—only during this limited sale—will receive a complete \$9.50 set of these new, marvelously convenient "high vacuum" attachments—absolutely free.

There is a tool for every modern cleaning requirement. Also special purpose attachments such as 20-foot extension cord, floor polisher, sanitor deodorant, etc.

New, Powerful, Moderately Priced

The magnificent new Standard and De Luxe models are the finest Eureka ever built. They remove all the dirt more quickly, thoroughly and easily. You will be amazed at their many new labor-saving improvements.

PHONE FOR FREE TRIAL

Delaware Power & Light Co.

834 MARKET ST.

WILMINGTON