College Calendar

**Fall Term.**
*September 9-10*
Entrance Examinations at the College beginning at 10 a. m., Tuesday, the 9th.

*September 11*
Thursday, Classes organized, College Work begins, 8.35 a. m.

*December 15-19*
First Term Examinations.

*December 19*
Friday, First Term ends.

**Winter Vacation.**
*Winter Term, 1903.*
*January 13*
Tuesday, Second Term begins, 8.35 a. m.

*March 17*
Meeting of the Board of Trustees, 11 a. m.

*March 23-27*
Second Term Examinations.

*March 27*
Friday, Second Term ends.

**Spring Vacation.**

**Spring Term.**
*April 6*
Monday, Third Term begins, 8.35 a. m.

*June 8-12*
Annual Examinations.

*June 12*
Friday, Oratorical Contest.

*June 14*
Sunday, Sermon before the Young Men's Christian Association, 11 a. m.
Baccalaureate Sermon, 8.15 p. m.

*June 15*
Monday, Class Day Exercises, 3 p. m.
Anniversary of the Delta Phi Literary Society, 8.15 p. m.

*June 16*
Tuesday, Meeting of the Board of Trustees, 11 a. m.
Anniversary of the Athenæan Literary Society, 8.15 p. m.

*June 17*
Wednesday, Commencement Exercises. Meeting of the Alumni. Exhibition Drill. Farewell Ball, 8.30 p. m.
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GEO. A. HARTER, M.A., Ph.D., President of the College, ex-officio.

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THE FACULTY.
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Captain Twenty-first Infantry, Commandant of Cadets.

C. O. HOUGHTEN,
Assistant Professor of Zoology.

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Professor of Agriculture and Biology.

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HAROLD W. BROWN, B.S.,
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LEE O. WILLIS, B.M.E.,
Instructor in Shop Work.

JOSEPH F. BREWSTER, B.A.,
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FREDERICK D. CHESTER, M.S.,
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CHARLES P. CLOSE, M.S.,
Lecturer in Horticulture.

ARTHUR T. NEALE, M.A., Ph.D.,
Lecturer in Agriculture.

CHARLES L. PENNY, M.A.,
Lecturer in Agricultural Chemistry.

H. B. EVES, D.V.M.,
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FREDERICK H. ROBINSON,
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A Glimpse of Our History

DELAWARE COLLEGE is situated at Newark, a quiet, well-ordered, and hospitable village of fifteen hundred inhabitants in the northwestern part of the State. Newark is connected with Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore and Washington by the Pennsylvania, and Baltimore and Ohio railroads, and there are few points in Delaware or in the Peninsular counties of Maryland distant from the village more than four hours by rail. The region about Newark is one of the most healthful and beautiful on the Atlantic slope. The site of the College, near the center of the town, is one of unusual charm. The village has a supply of excellent water and is lighted by electricity.

Delaware College was chartered in 1833 by Act of the Delaware Legislature, and the doors of the College were first opened to students in May of the following year. The College had been doing for a quarter of a century an important work, not only for Delaware, but as well for neighboring parts of Pennsylvania and Maryland, when by a succession of misfortunes, she was forced in the spring of 1859 to close her doors.

Eleven years later the College was resuscitated, having meanwhile been designated by Act of the Delaware Legislature as beneficiary under the Act of Congress apportioning to each of the several States large areas of public lands to form the basis of endowments for Colleges especially devoted to the teaching of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, and Military Tactics. This Act of Congress, commonly known as the "Morrill Bill," from its originator, Senator Morrill, of Vermont, declares that the Colleges made beneficiary under its provisions shall have as their leading object, "without excluding other scientific and classical studies and including Military Tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts * * * * * in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." In consideration of the designation and establishment of Delaware College as the institution to be provided by the State of Delaware in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress in question, "a joint and equal interest in the grounds, buildings, libraries and vested funds of the College proper" was conveyed to the State of Delaware, and equal representation upon the Board of Trustees was given the State.
The full Board of Trustees consists of fifteen members, representing the original Board, and fifteen members on the part of the State appointed by the Governor, five from each of the three counties. The Governor of the State and the President of the College are members ex-officio.

In 1888, by Act of the Delaware Legislature, the Delaware College Agricultural Experiment Station was established in connection with the College under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved March 2d, 1887, commonly known as the "Hatch Bill," appropriating $15,000 annually for the purpose of "acquiring and diffusing among the people of the United States useful and practical information on subjects connected with agriculture and to promote scientific investigation and experiment respecting the principles and applications of Agricultural Science under direction of the College or Colleges established in each of the States and Territories" in accordance with the provisions of the "Morrill Bill."

Delaware College is beneficiary also under a further Act of Congress, known as the "New Morrill Bill," approved August 20th, 1890, which appropriated for the year then current $15,000 to each State for the "Land Grant Colleges" and provided for the increase of the appropriation by $1,000 each year until it should reach $25,000 a year. Delaware College receives annually four-fifths of this appropriation, one-fifth, in accordance with the provisions of the bill, being applied to the maintenance and support of the College at Dover for the education of colored students.

The appropriations provided for in this Act are to be applied "to instruction in Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts, the English Language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural and economic sciences with special reference to their applications in the industries of life, and to the facilities for such instruction."

Stimulated by the increased income provided by this last Act, Delaware College has, within the past few years, enlarged her corps of instructors and greatly increased her equipment of apparatus and appliances, so that she is now vastly better able than ever before in her whole history to perform her appointed duty.

The buildings of the College, situated in an ample and beautiful campus, shaded by trees as old as the institution itself, consist of the recently improved Dormitory, a large brick structure originally the sole College building for all purposes, and still occupied, not only for lodgings,
INTERIOR OF MACHINE SHOP.
but also for laboratories, the old library, the literary societies and recitation rooms; Recitation Hall, a handsome brick building erected by the State in 1891; the Wood-working and Machine Shop, where are housed machinery and apparatus for a thorough practical course of instruction in the mechanic arts; and the Gymnasium and Drill Hall, which is amply equipped for in-door physical exercise.

The Experiment Station occupies a building on the College grounds, which contains offices, libraries and laboratories of the station workers. The Station has also a green-house, with laboratory adjoining, in the rear campus, and several buildings used for storage and other purposes in the conduct of the various lines of experimental work.

A considerable part of the rear campus is occupied as an athletic field, which affords excellent facilities for out-door sports and games.

The College buildings are heated by steam and are supplied with water by the town water works.

The sum of $25,000, appropriated by the Delaware Legislature in the year 1901 for building and repairs at Delaware College, was expended mainly in repairing and enlarging the Dormitory. The building was replastered throughout, and the floors were made secure by the introduction of new timbers. The sleeping rooms were made comfortable and attractive, and the Oratory was remodeled and redecorated so that it is now one of the handsomest auditoriums in the State. New fronts, corresponding in style with the doric portico of the main entrance, were placed on the wings, and at right angles to the wings and parallel to the main structure were built three-story extensions. These improvements have increased the number of sleeping rooms, and furnished handsome apartments for recitation rooms and laboratories.

Tuition is free to all students from the State of Delaware, and the College thus constitutes a part of our system of free public instruction. She places within reach of the young men of the State a thorough collegiate training with no other cost than that of living and the provision of necessary books, and a few inconsiderable fees to cover expenses incurred by the institution. Her work is laid out upon broad lines, and the culture of liberal learning and the practical usefulness of the applied sciences are equally emphasized in her scheme of education. While, in pursuance of the special aims of her organization, stress is laid upon those departments which build up good citizenship and useful manhood, the place so wisely provided in the foundation of the “Land Grant” Colleges is given to the refining graces and amenities of the older learning,